

# **Mobile Broadcast Services**

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# 1. Scope

This specification, together with the other specification comprising the Mobile Broadcast Services Enabler (BCAST 1.0), define a technological framework and specify globally interoperable technologies for the generation, management and distribution of mobile broadcast services over different broadcast distribution systems. The complete list of the specifications for BCAST 1.0 is defined in the Enabler Release Definition of BCAST 1.0 [BCAST10-ERELD]. This enabler suite includes specifications for the following functions: Service Guide; Service and Content protection; File and Stream distribution; Terminal Provisioning; Service Provisioning; Notifications; and; Service Interaction. In addition, a specification is provided for Roaming, Mobility and Charging. Adaptations to specific broadcast distribution systems (3GPP/MBMS, 3GPP2/BCMCS and "IP Datacast over DVB-H") are specified in the Adaptation Specification documents.

Overall, the scope of the BCAST 1.0 enabler is service layer technologies. Thus, all specifications address the protocol layers on top of the radio bearer level. Furthermore, a common nominator for all the BCAST 1.0 technologies is that they are based on Internet Protocol (IP) and technologies related to IP. This scoping applies to all features and functionalities specified in BCAST 1.0.

The following functions are included in this specification: Service Provisioning; Terminal Provisioning; Interaction, Personalization and Support for User-Based Profiles and Preferences; Security and Privacy; Charging; Mobility; Broadcast Roaming; Notification; and; Location Information. Further, this document provides mappings between the BCAST 1.0 interfaces as defined in BCAST Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture] and the various BCAST 1.0 Technical Specifications.

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# 3. Terminology and Conventions

## 3.1 Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

All sections and appendixes, except "Scope" and "Introduction", are normative, unless they are explicitly indicated to be informative.

## 3.2 Definitions

Broadcast Roaming	Broadcast Roaming is the ability of a user to receive broadcast services from a Mobile Broadcast Service Provider different from the Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider with which the user has a contractual relationship.
Broadcast Service	A Broadcast Service is a "content package" suitable for simultaneous distribution to many recipients (potentially) without knowing the recipient. Either each receiver has similar receiving devices or the content package includes information, which allows the client to process the content according to his current conditions.
	Examples of Broadcast Services are:
	<ul> <li>pure Broadcast Services:</li> <li>mobile TV</li> <li>mobile newspaper</li> <li>mobile file downloading (clips, games, SW upgrades, other applications, applications)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>combined broadcast/interactive Broadcast Services:</li> <li>mobile TV for file downloading with voting</li> <li>betting Broadcast Services</li> <li>auction Broadcast Services</li> <li>trading Broadcast Services</li> </ul>
<b>Broadcast Service Area</b>	The geographical or logical area in which a Broadcast Service is distributed.
CSIM	Acronym for 'cdma2000 Subscriber Identify Module', corresponding to an application defined in [3GPP2 C.S0065] residing on the UICC to register services provided by 3GPP2 mobile networks with the appropriate security.
Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider	The Mobile Broadcast Service Provider with which the user has a subscription. Typically a user has one Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. However, the user may also have no Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider or several Home Mobile Broadcast Service Providers
IRM (International Roaming MIN)	A form of MIN defined by IFAST (International Forum on ANSI-41 Standards Technology) towards facilitating international roaming by minimizing conflicts with the North American MIN.
ISIM	An IP Multimedia Services Identity Module is an application defined in [3GPP TS 31.103] and [3GPP2 C.S0069] residing in the memory of the UICC, providing IP service identification, authentication and ability to set up Multimedia IP Services.
Long-Term Key Message	Collection of keys and possibly, depending on the profile, other information like permissions and/or other attributes that are linked to items of content or services.
MIN (Mobile Identification Number)	MIN is a numeric ID that uniquely identifies a mobile defined by TIA standards for Cellular and PCS technologies. The MIN may be in the form of an IRM (International Roaming MIN). Note: the MIN may be in the form of the IRM.
Mobile Broadcast Service	Mobile Broadcast Services include a wide range of broadcast services, which jointly leverage both the unidirectional one-to-many broadcast paradigm and bi-directional unicast paradigm in a mobile environment, covering one-to-many services ranging from classical broadcast to mobile multicast. Typically, Mobile Broadcast Services deliver content suitable for simultaneous one-way distribution to a potentially large number of recipients without relying on specific addressing information of each recipient. Associated two-way interactive transactions having contextual relevance to the broadcast programs typically rely on established unicast delivery methods requiring specific recipient addressing information.

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Examples of Mobile Broadcast Services include the following:

- pure Broadcast Services:
  - o mobile TV
  - mobile newspaper
  - $\circ$  mobile file downloading

combined broadcast/interactive Broadcast Services:

- o mobile TV for file downloading with voting
- o Broadcast Services for betting
- o Broadcast Services for auction
- o Broadcast Services for trading

	o bloadcast services for trading
Mobile Broadcast Service Provider	Business entity that has a role of providing the Mobile Broadcast Services to the user. Mobile Broadcast Service Provider may operate any set of server side functionalities as outlined in Mobile Broadcast Services Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture]. Mobile Broadcast Service Provider may have a subscription with the user. Note: In this specification Mobile Broadcast Service Provider is not technical or architectural concept
Mobility	The ability to receive service independent of location or while moving. (from OMA Dictionary)
Purchase Item	A purchase item groups one or multiple services or pieces of content that an end-user can purchase or subscribe to as a whole [BCAST10-SG].
<b>Rights Issuer</b>	An entity that issues Rights Objects to OMA DRM Conformant Devices [DRMDRM-v2.0].
Rights Object	A collection of Permissions, Constraints, and other attributes which define under what circumstances access is granted to, and what usages are defined for, DRM Content. All OMA DRM Conformant Devices must adhere to the Rights Object associated with DRM Content [DRMDRM-v2.0].
R-UIM	Acronym for 'Removable User Identity Module', corresponding to a non-UICC platform based module as defined in [3GPP2 C.S0023] to register services provided by 3GPP2 mobile networks with the appropriate security.
Short-Term Key Message	Message delivered alongside a protected service, carrying key material to decrypt and optionally authenticate the service, and access rights to delivered content.
Smartcard	A non-UICC secure function platform which may contain the SIM or R-UIM module, or a UICC-based secure function platform which may contain one or more of the following applications: a 3GPP USIM, 3GPP2 CSIM or 3GPP/3GPP2 ISIM. Note that the set of applications/modules residing on the Smartcard are typically governed by the affiliation of the Smartcard to 3GPP or 3GPP2 specifications, as indicated by the definition below for "Smartcard Profile".
Smartcard Profile	Alias for a set of Smartcard-based technologies and mechanisms which provide key establishment and key management, as well as permission and token handling for the Service and Content Protection solution for BCAST Terminals. In particular, subscriber key establishment and both short and long term key management may be based on GBA mechanisms and a Smartcard with (U)SIM/ISIM as defined by 3GPP, or based on a pre-provisioned shared secret key and a Smartcard with R-UIM/CSIM/ISIM or a UIM as defined by 3GPP2.
	The Smartcard Profile is described in [BCAST10-ServContProt] Section 6.
User ID	A unique ID that can be used to identify the user in the BCAST service areas of both the Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider and the Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. An example is the 3GPP/3GPP2 IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identity) as specified in 3GPP TS 23.003 and 3GPP2 C.S0005 (for the case the Broadcast Service Provider is a cellular mobile operator).
Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider	Any other Mobile Broadcast Service Provider than the user's Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider.

### 3.3 Abbreviations

3GPP	3rd Generation Partnership Project
BCAST	Mobile Broadcast Services

BCMCS	Broadcast Multicast Service
BDS	Broadcast Distribution System
BSA	BCAST Service Application
BSD/A	BCAST service distribution/adaptation
BSDA	BCAST Service Distribution and Adaptation
BSM	BCAST Subscription Management
BSM	BCAST Subscription Management
BSP-C	Broadcast service provisioning Client Function
BSP-M	Broadcast service provisioning Management Function
CID	Content ID
DCF	DRM Content Format
DRM	Digital Rights Management
DVB	Digital Video Broadcast
DVB-H	Digital Video Broadcast – Handheld
DVB-T	Digital Video Broadcast – Terrestrial
EN	European Norm
ESG	Electronic Service Guide
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
FDT	File Delivery Table
FEC	Forward Error Correction
FLUTE	File Delivery over Unidirectional Transport
GZIP	GNU zip
HTTP	Hyper Text Transfer Protocol
HTTPS	Secure Hyper Text Transfer Protocol
IC	Interaction Channel
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMS	IP Multimedia Subsystem
INT	IP/MAC Notification Table
IP	Internet Protocol
IPDC	IP DataCast
IPsec	IP security
ISMACryp	Internet Streaming Media Alliance (ISMA) Encryption and Authentication
KMS	Key Management System
LTKM	Long-Term Key Message
MBMS	Multimedia Broadcast / Multicast Service
MIKEY	Multimedia Internet KEYing
MMS	Multimedia Messaging System
MPE	Multi-Protocol Encapsulation
MTD	Message Template Definition
OMA	Open Mobile Alliance

OSF	Open Security Framework
PSI/SI	Program Specific Information/Service Information
RI	Rights Issuer
RO	Rights Object
RTCP	Real Time Control Protocol
SDP	Session Description Protocol
SG	Service Guide
SG-C	Service Guide-Client
SG-D	Service Guide-Distribution
SGDU	Service Guide Delivery Unit
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SMIL	Synchronized Media Integration Language
SMS	Short Message Service
SRTP	Secure Real-time Transport Protocol
STKM	Short Term Key Message
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol
ТР-С	Terminal Provisioning Client Component
TP-M	Terminal Provisioning Management Component
TR	Technical Report
TS	Technical Specification
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
WAP	Wireless Application Protocol
XHTML	Extensible Hypertext Markup Language
XML	Extensible Markup Language

# 4. Introduction

The term "Mobile Broadcast Services" refers to a broad range of Broadcast Services, which jointly leverage the unidirectional one-to-many broadcast paradigm and the bi-directional unicast paradigm in a mobile environment, and covers one-to-many services ranging from classical broadcast to mobile multicast.

Building on mobile network systems, which provide bi-directional links, and digital broadcast systems, which provide unidirectional broadcast, Mobile Broadcast Services enable distribution of rich, interactive, and bandwidth consuming media content to large mobile audiences.

In general, the availability of both broadcast channel and interaction channel are assumed for the BCAST 1.0 enabler. However, both broadcast channel and interaction channel may be temporarily unavailable, for example due to lack of radio coverage. Further, devices without access to an interaction channel are possible within the BCAST architecture and specifications. However, such devices may have limited functionality. Optimizations for devices without interaction channel are optional to implement in devices with interaction channel and are optional to use (for details see the SCR tables). Parts of the enabler are adaptation specifications for IPDC over DVB-H [BCAST10-DVBH-IPDC-Adaptation], 3GPP MBMS [BCAST10-MBMS-Adaptation], and 3GPP2 BCMCS [BCAST10-BCMCS-Adaptation].

This specification is structured as follows. Chapter 5 starts by mapping the interfaces as defined in BCAST Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture] to the various BCAST 1.0 Technical Specifications. Further, chapter 5 specifies the following BCAST 1.0 functions: Service Provisioning; Terminal Provisioning; Interaction, Personalization and Support for User-Based Profiles and Preferences; Charging; Mobility; Broadcast Roaming; Notification; and; Location Information. Appendix D provides informative examples related to service interaction and Appendix E illustrates the roaming related flows.

It is assumed that in BCAST 1.0 the network will make use of the BDS resources in accordance with the capabilities of the BDS.

# 5. Mobile Broadcast Services

Mobile Broadcast Services Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture] defines the Mobile Broadcast Services Enabler as a set of service-enabling functions. Within the overall architecture, each function has a set of interfaces, each of which forms the basis for interoperability. Although the architecture as such is not normatively specified, the interfaces provide a useful tool to map the various parts of BCAST specifications to the context of the overall architecture. The following table outlines how different parts of the BCAST Enabler are specified in the Technical Specifications.

Function         Interface         Normative Specification		Normative Specification	
Service Guide	SG-1	Out of scope of BCAST 1.0	
	SG-2	Out of scope of BCAST 1.0	
	SG-4	Refer to [BCAST10-SG], section 5.3 and 5.6	
	SG-5	Refer to [BCAST10-SG], sections 5.3, 5.4.2 and 6.1.1	
	SG-6	Refer to [BCAST10-SG], sections 5.3, 5.4.3, 6.1.2 and 6.2	
	SG-B1	Refer to [BCAST10-SG], sections 5.3 and each BDS Adaptation Specification.	
File Distribution	FD-1	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 5.4.1	
	FD-2	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 5.4.1	
	FD-5	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 5.2	
	FD-6	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 5.3 and 5.5	
	FD-B1	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution] section 5.4.2 and each BDS Adaptation Specification.	
Stream Distribution	SD-1	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 6.4.1	
	SD-2	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 6.4.1	
	SD-5	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 6.2	
	SD-6	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution], section 6.3 and 6.5	
	SD-B1	Refer to [BCAST10-Distribution] section 6.4.2 and each BDS Adaptation Specification.	
Service Protection	SP-2	Uses SD-2 and FD-2	
	SP-4	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 13.1	
	SP-5-1	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 5.6.1.1, 5.6.2.1, 6.8.1.1, and 6.8.2.1	
	SP-5-2	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.5, 6.6, and 6.7	
	SP-7	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 5.3, 5.4, 6.5, and 6.6	
	SP-9	Out of scope (this is a terminal internal interface and is not standardized within OMA BCAST)	
Content Protection	CP-2	Uses SD-2 and FD-2	
	CP-4	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] section 13.2	
	CP-5-1	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] sections 5.6.1.2, 5.6.2.2, 6.8.1.2, and 6.8.2.2	
	CP-5-2	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] sections 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 6.5, 6.6, and 6.7	
	CP-7	Refer to [BCAST10-ServContProt] sections 5.3, 5.4, 6.5, and 6.6	
	СР-9	Out of scope of BCAST 1.0 (this is a terminal internal interface and is not standardized within OMA BCAST)	
Service Interaction	SI-8	Refer to this specification, section 5.3	
Service Provisioning	PR-7	Refer to this specification, section 5.1	
	PR-8	Out of scope (this interface is for out-of-band subscription)	
Notification	NT-1	Refer to this specification, section 5.14	

	NT-3	Refer to this specification, section 5.14
	NT-4	Refer to this specification, section 5.14
	NT-5	Refer to this specification, section 5.14
	NT-6	Refer to this specification, section 5.14
Terminal Provisioning	minal Provisioning TP-4 Refer to this specification, section 5.2	
	TP-5	Refer to this specification, section 5.2
	TP-7	Refer to this specification, section 5.2

 Table 1: BCAST functions, Interfaces and Specifications

In addition to specific functions, the BCAST Enabler defines such horizontal, or universal, features as support for Mobility, Roaming and Charging. These aspects are in the scope of this specification.

### 5.1 Service Provisioning

BCAST Terminal SHALL support Service Provisioning messages if it supports the interaction channel and if it supports service and/or content protection as defined in [BCAST10-ServContProt]. This section specifies the messages used in Service Provisioning function over interface SPR-7, between Broadcast Service Provisioning Client (BPR-C) in the Terminal and Broadcast Service Provisioning Management (BPR-M) in the BSM. The Service Provisioning function supports the following operations:

- Requesting pricing information related to PurchaseItem declared in Service Guide
- Requesting / subscribing to service related to a PurchaseItem
- Renewing a subscription related to already requested PurchaseItem
- Cancelling a subscription related to already requested PurchaseItem
- Requesting a token or LTKM
- Inquiring the status of an account
- Subscription and unsubscription to user-specific notifications

To archive the above operations, the Service Provisioning function works with Service Guide function, Service Protection function, and Content Protection function. The linkage to Service Guide is through the use of PurchaseItem fragment which provides the identifiers (PurchaseItemID) used in the messages of Service Provisioning function. The linkage to Service and Content Protection function is through service request and subscription management messages, which requires the functionality of Service Protection Function and Content Protection Function.

This section has two sub-sections, one for BCAST general Service Provisioning message and one for Service Provisioning message based on Smartcard profile. BCAST General Provisioning messages supports the various kinds of Service Protection Function and Content Protection Function with the sub-elements and Smartcard service provisioning message are specified for Terminal supporting Smartcard profile.

The following two tables specify under which conditions each message is mandatory or optional to support for the general Service Provisioning message and Smartcard Service Provisioning message respectively.

Message Section Broadcast Service Provision	ioning Broadcast Service Provisioning
---	---------------------------------------

		Client (BPR-C)	Management(BPR-M)
Pricing Information Request	5.1.5.1.1	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Pricing Information Response	5.1.5.1.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Request	5.1.5.2.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Response	5.1.5.2.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Completion	5.1.5.2.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Request	5.1.5.3.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Response	5.1.5.3.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Completion	5.1.5.3.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Unsubscribe Request	5.1.5.4.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Unsubscribe Response	5.1.5.4.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Token Purchase Request	5.1.5.5.1	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Token Purchase Response	5.1.5.5.2	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Token Purchase Completion	5.1.5.5.3	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Account Inquiry Request	5.1.5.6.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Account Inquiry Response	5.1.5.6.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY

 Table 2: Summary General Service Provisioning messages

Message	Section	Broadcast Service Provisioning Client (BPR-C)	Broadcast Service Provisioning Management(BPR-M)
Pricing Information Request	5.1.6.1.1	OPTIONAL	OPTIONAL
Pricing Information Response	5.1.6.1.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Request	5.1.6.2.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Response	5.1.6.2.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Service Completion	5.1.6.2.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Request	5.1.6.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Response	5.1.6.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Completion	5.1.6.3	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Unsubscribe Request	5.1.6.4.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Unsubscribe Response	5.1.6.4.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Token/LTKM Request	5.1.6.5.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Token/LTKM Response	5.1.6.5.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Account Inquiry Request	5.1.6.6.1	MANDATORY	MANDATORY
Account Inquiry Response	5.1.6.6.2	MANDATORY	MANDATORY

 Table 3: Summary Smartcard Service Provisioning messages

### 5.1.1 Transport Protocol for Service Provisioning Messages

Service Provisioning operations are executed by exchanging the Service Provisioning messages over interface SPR-7. All the Service Provisioning messages specified in the tables in the following sections and instantiated as XML documents.

All request and reply messages defined below contain a *requestID* field which MAY be used by a terminal to map a reply message to the corresponding request message. For this purpose, the network SHALL copy the requestID from a request message into to the corresponding reply message.

The URL towards which the service provisioning messages are directed is signaled through the PurchaseChannel fragment in SG as PurchaseURL [BCAST10-SG].

#### 5.1.1.1 Transport Protocol for General Service Provisioning Messages

The BPR-M in the BSM SHALL support HTTP POST as a delivery method to exchange Service Provisioning messages over SPR-7.

The BPR-M in the BSM MAY support HTTPS POST as a delivery method to exchange Service Provisioning messages over SPR-7, where HTTPS SHALL be based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246].

The BPR-C in the Terminal SHALL support HTTP POST and MAY support HTTPS POST as a delivery method to exchange Service Provisioning messages over SPR-7, where HTTPS SHALL be based on .SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246].

For proper operation of Service Provisioning function, the terminal needs to know the URL for HTTP or HTTPS sessions. This is supported by 'purchaseURL' element contained in the PurchaseChannel fragment of Service Guide.

#### 5.1.1.2 Transport Protocol for Smartcard Service Provisioning Messages

Most of the messages used for the Smartcard Profile are specified in [3GPP TS 33.246]. The remaining Service Provisioning messages are specified in the tables in the following sections and are instantiated as XML documents.

For the Smartcard Profile using (U)SIM or (R-)UIM/CSIM, the BPR-M in the BSM SHALL support HTTP POST and SHALL support HTTP digest authentication as per [3GPP TS 33.246] or [3GPP2 X.S0022-A], respectively, as a delivery method to exchange Service Provisioning messages over SPR-7.

For the Smartcard Profile using (U)SIM or (R-)UIM/CSIM, the BRP-C in the Terminal SHALL support HTTP POST and SHALL support HTTP digest authentication as per [3GPP TS 33.246] or [3GPP2 X.S0022-A], respectively.

For proper operation of Service Provisioning function, the terminal needs to know the URL for HTTP sessions. This is enabled by the 'PurchaseURL' element contained in the PurchaseChannel fragment of the Service Guide.

### 5.1.2 HTTP Binding

#### 5.1.2.1 HTTP Binding for General Service Provisioning Message

Request messages are sent as HTTP content of type "application/vnd.oma.bcast.sprov+xml". Responses are always sent as part of the "200 OK" response to the original request. The content type is "application/vnd.oma.bcast.sprov+xml"

#### 5.1.2.2 HTTP Binding for Smartcard Service Provisioning Messages

HTTP Binding rule specified in [3GPP TS 33.246] SHALL be applied. If error is occurred on the procedure, HTTP response message SHALL have the error code defined in [3GPP TS 33.246]. If General Provisioning Messages are used, the same HTTP binding rule defined in the previous section will be applied.

#### 5.1.3 Authentication

#### 5.1.3.1 Message Authentication for General Service Provisioning Messages

For the general Service Provisioning messages, message authentication SHALL be provided using HTTPS that SHALL be based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246].

#### 5.1.3.2 Subscriber Authentication for Smartcard Profile Service Provisioning Messages

Subscriber authentication for the Smartcard Profile SHALL be provided using HTTP digest as explained in [3GPP TS 33.246] or [3GPP2 X.S0022-A].

### 5.1.4 Use of Global Status Codes for Service Provisioning Messages

Table 2 proposes example values from Table 1 for the transaction messages that require the use of Global Status Codes. The values shown below are for informative purposes and the full range of values of Table 1 are applicable to all messages if deemed required.

TS-BCAST_Services	5.1.5.1.2 Pricing Information Response	000, 001, 002, 003, 007, 008, 011, 013, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 023
	5.1.6.2.2 Service Response	000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 011, 013, 014, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019 020, 021, 023
	5.1.5.3.2 Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Response	000, 001, 002, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 010, 011, 013, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024,
	5.1.5.4.2 Unsubscribe Response	000, 001, 002, 007, 008, 010, 011, 013, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023
	5.1.5.5.2 Token Purchase Response	000, 001, 002, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 011, 013, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024
	5.1.5.6.2 Account Inquiry Response	000, 001, 002, 004, 005, 007, 008, 011, 013, 014, 015, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 023
	5.7.2.3. Roaming Authorization Response	000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 010, 011, 013, 014, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024, 025, 026
	5.7.2.5 RoamingServiceResponse	000, 001, 002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 010, 011, 013, 014, 015, 016, 017, 018, 019, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024, 025, 026

Table 4: Cross Reference Table (Informative)

### 5.1.5 General Service Provisioning Messages

This section shows the General Service Provisioning Messages and those messages supporting the Service Provisioning function of Terminal having DRM profile capability. The XML schema for these messages is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries].

#### 5.1.5.1 Pricing Information Request Messages

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the pricing information of a particular purchase item or items. It is used in the following situations:

- the Service Guide announces Purchase Data elements associated with the Purchase Item, but does not announce any price for some or all of them, or
- the user wishes to discover whether a different price or additional purchase options are available for his or her subscriber ID.

The response message returns information about the price and subscription options for each purchase item, and optionally the full Service Guide fragments that describe them.

#### Name Type Category Cardinality Description Data Type PricingInfo Е Pricing Information Request Message. Request Contains the following attributes: requestID Contains the following elements: UserID DeviceID PurchaseItemID requestID А 0 0..1 Identifier for the Price Information request unsignedInt message. UserID E1 0 0..N The user identity known to the BSM. string Note: For roaming case, this element is mandatory otherwise this element is optional. Contains the following attributes: type М 1 Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values type А unsignedByt are: e 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 - IMSI2 - URI3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 - MIN6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use DeviceID E1 0 0..N A unique device identification known to the string BSM. Contains the following attributes: type type А Μ 1 Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed unsignedByt values are e 0 – DVB Device ID 1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI) [3GPP TS 23.003] 2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use Purchase Identifier of the Purchase Item for which the E1 Μ 1..N Item user wants to know the price. Contains the following attribute: globalIDRef globalIDRef Μ 1 The ID of the Purchase Item. A purchase item is anyURI А identified by the GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment. PurchaseDa E2 0 Identifier the PurchaseData fragments for which 0..N taReference the user wishes to know the price. If this element is omitted, the user is asking for the price of all the Purchase Data fragments

#### 5.1.5.1.1 Pricing Information Request

				associated with the Purchase Item, and available to the particular user.	
idRef	А	М	1	Identification of the 'PurchaseData' fragment in question.	anyURI

#### Table 5: Structure of Pricing Information Request in General Service Provisioning Message

#### 5.1.5.1.2 Pricing Information Response

If the price information request is accepted by BSM, then the message from BSM contains following data:

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
PricingInfoRes ponse	Е			Pricing Information Response Contains the following attributes: requestID globalStatusCode Contains the following elements:	
				PurchaseItemPrice PurchaseDataFragment	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Pricing Information request message	unsignedInt
global Status Code	Α	М	1	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in the section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
PurchaseItem	E1	М	1N	Describes the price information of a PurchaseItem. It is possible to provide one or more price of PurchaseItem by currency. Contains the following attribute: globalIDRef itemwiseStatusCode Contains the following element: PurchaseDataReference	
globalIDRef	A	М	1	Identifier of the Purchase Item for which a price was requested. A purchase item is identified by the GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment.	anyURI
itemwise Status Code	А	0	01	Specifies an error code of each PurchaseItems using GlobalStatusCode defined in the section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
PurchaseData Reference	E2	М	1N	Describes the Price and subscription options available for this user. Contains the following attribute: idRef Contains the following elements: Price SubscriptionPeriod	
idRef	А	М	1	Identifier of this Purchase Data, to be used by the terminal when referencing to the purchase	anyURI

				data in a subsequent service request message.	
Price	E3	М	1N	Price information of Purchase Item that a user wants to know the price.	double
				Contains the following attribute: validTo	
				currency	
validTo	A	0	01	The last moment when this price information is valid. If not given, the validity is assumed to end in undefined time in the future. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
				The validity indicated by this attribute SHALL be equal to or be within the range of the fragment validity of the associated 'PurchaseData' fragment.	
currency	А	0	01	Specifies the currency codes defined in ISO 4217 international currency codes. If not given, value of price is amount of Tokens.	string
SubscriptionPe riod	E3	0	01	Specifies the subscription period for the option represented by this PurchaseData. If the Purchase Item represents a bundle of services, the SubscriptionPeriod SHALL be returned. Otherwise it MAY be omitted.	duration
TermsOfUse	E1	0	01	Element that declares there are Terms of Use associated with the 'PurchaseItem' this 'Pricing Information Response' relates to.	
				Contains the textual presentation of Terms of Use or a reference to Terms of Use representation through 'PreviewData', and information whether user consent is required for the Terms of Use.	
				Multiple occurrences of 'TermsOfUse' are allowed within this message, but for any two such occurrences values for elements "Country" and "Language" SHALL NOT be same at the	
				same time.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				type	
				id userConsentRequired	
				Contains the following sub-elements:	
				Country	
				Language	
				PreviewDataIDRef	
				TermsOfUseText	
type	А	М	1	The way the terminal SHALL interpret the Terms of Use:	unsignedByt e
				1 – Display before purchasing or subscribing. If 'TermsOfUse' element of type '1' is present, terminal SHALL render the Terms of Use prior to initiating purchase or subscription request related PurchaseItem associated with this	

				<ul> <li>message.</li> <li>2 – Display before playout.</li> <li>If 'TermsOfUse' element of type '2' is present, terminal SHALL present the Terms of Use prior to playing out content or service associated this message.</li> </ul>	
id	А	М	1	The URI uniquely identifying the Terms of Use.	anyURI
userConsentRe quired	A	Μ	1	Signals whether user consent for these Terms of Use is needed. true: User consent is required for these Terms of Use and needs to be confirmed in the subscription / purchase request message related to the PurchaseItem associated with this message. false: User consent is not required for the Terms of Use.	boolean
Country	E2	М	1N	List of countries for which the Terms of Use is applicable. Each value is a three character string according to ISO 3166-1 alpha-3	string
Language	E2	М	1	Language in which the Terms of Use is given. Value is a three character string according to ISO 639-2 alpha standard for language codes.	string
PreviewDataID Ref	E2	0	0N	Reference to the PreviewData fragment which carries the representation of legal text. If this element is not present, the 'TermsOfUseText' SHALL be present.	anyURI
TermsOfUseTe xt	E2	0	01	Terms of Use text to be rendered. If 'PreviewDataIDRef' element is present under the 'TermsOfUse' this element SHALL NOT be present.	string
PurchaseDataF ragment	E1	0	0N	Service guide fragments containing information for the requested Purchase Data fragments. The format is specified in [BCAST10-SG]	Complex Type

Table 6: Structure of Pricing Information Response in General Service Provisioning Message

#### 5.1.5.2 Service Request Message

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the subscription to, or purchase of, the associated purchase item(s), and is applicable to both the DRM Profile and Smartcard Profile. This message is used strictly for the subscription/purchase of purchase item(s) which is(are) not associated with token-based payment. The Smartcard Profile also uses this message to submit a request for a SEK/PEK associated with a specific Key Validity period (range of STKM Time Stamp values), when the SEK/PEK required to enable play-back of protected recording is not available on the Smartcard (see Section 6.9.1 of [BCAST10-ServContProf]).

Note that for the Smartcard Profile, (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminals shall not release the Packet Data Protocol (PDP) context [3GPP TS 23.060] used by the "Service Request" until a "De-registration" procedure has been performed. This is to ensure that the BSM is aware of the correct terminal IP address for the purpose of performing LTKM deliveries. The network may initiate the release of terminal PDP contexts, as defined in [3GPP TS 23.060], in the case that there is a limit on the number of active PDP contexts that it can maintain.

#### 5.1.5.2.1 Service Request

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the subscription to, or purchase of, the associated purchase item. If the price is specified in the request message and it differs from the price calculated by the BSM for one or more of the purchase items included in the request, the BSM SHALL respond with Pricing Information Response message (5.1.5.1.2). Also, if the price is not specified for one or more of the purchase items in the request message, the BSM SHALL respond with Pricing Information Response message (5.1.5.1.2). Otherwise, the BSM SHALL respond with Service Response message (5.1.5.2.2).

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
ServiceReq uest	E			Service Request Message to subscribe or purchase PurchaseItem Contains the following attributes: requestID	
				Contains the following elements: UserID DeviceID ServiceEncryptionProtocol PurchaseItem	
				DrmProfileSpecificPart SmartcardProfileSpecificPart Note: The Service Request message MAY contain either the DrmProfileSpecificPart or SmartcardProfileSpecificPart, but not both. Furthermore, in the case of the Smartcard Profile, the 'SmartcardProfileSpecificPart' SHALL be omitted if the message is used for the purpose of subscription or purchase, and SHALL be included if the message is used to request delivery of SEK(s)/PEK(s).	
requestID	Α	0	01	Identifier for the Service request message.	unsignedInt
UserID	E1	0	0N	The user identity known to the BSM. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM. This element SHALL be included when the device supports the DRM profile. In this case, the device shall not allow the user to modify the DeviceID. Contains the following attributes:	string

				type	
type	А	М	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are	unsignedByt e
				0 – DVB Device ID	
				1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI)[3GPP TS 23.003]	
				2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072]	
				3-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
ServiceEncr yptionProto col	E1	0	01	Lists each service encryption protocol supported by the device, including the mandatory ones. Defined values: "ipsec", "srtp", and "ISMACryp". The device is allowed to include more identifiers, however depending on the protocols supported by the network they may be ignored. Note: This element is only included in the message if a service is to be delivered over Interaction channel.	string
Purchase Item	E1	М	1N	Contains the list and price of items the user wants to order and the list of services the user	
				wants to subscribe notification.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				globalIDRef	
				Contains the following elements:	
				PurchaseDataReference	
				Service	
globalIDRef	A	М	1	The identifier of the Purchase Item. The Purchase Item identifier is advertised in the PurchaseItem fragment of the Service Guide as GlobalPurchaseItemID and is inserted in this message in the same format.	anyURI
PurchaseDa	E2	0	01	Contains the price information.	
taReference				This specifies the PurchaseData fragment in the Service Guide which is to be used for this subscription.	
				Contains the following attribute	
				idRef	
				Contains the following Element:	
				Price	
idRef	А	М	1	References the identifiers of PurchaseData Fragment advertised in Service Guide.	anyURI
Price	E3	0	01	The price of the Purchase Item known to the user from Service Guide. If PurchaseData in the Service Guide contains multiple price entries by currency, this element should be specified to indicate to the BSM the entry desired by the user. Price is expressed in fractional units (e.g. Cents).	double
				Contains the following attribute:	
011MK 01 01	٨	0	0.1	currency	atrina
currency	Α	0	01	Specifies the currency codes defined in ISO 4217 international currency codes.	string

UserConsen tAnswer	E2	0	01	Signals whether user agreed to the Terms of Use as represented by id of the related TermsOfUse element.	boolean
				true: User agrees the terms of the Terms of Use.	
				false:User disagrees the terms oftheTerms of Use.	
				If this element is not present the interpretation is that the user has not read or understood the Terms of Use.	
id	A	М	1	The URI uniquely identifying the Terms of Use this 'UserConsentAnswer' relates to.	anyURI
Service	E2	0	0N	Reference of the Service. This element is only used for subscribing service-specific Notification	
				Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef notification	
				Note: This element is only used for the purpose of subscribing to service-specific Notification. In addition, this element should not be confused with the MBMS User Service ID (the latter is the equivalent MBMS designation for the concatenation of the attributes 'PurchaseItemID.@gobalIDRef' and 'PurchaseData.@idRef' in BCAST.	
globalIDRef	Α	М	1	Unique ID of the Service, as represented by the GlobalServiceID. It is used to identify the Service.	anyURI
notification	A	М	1	Subscription to receive Notification Message related to the Service over Interaction Channel. If notification=true, it means Notification over Interaction Channel is subscribed. If notification=false, it means Notification over Interaction Channel should not be delivered.	boolean
DrmProfile SpecificPart	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection DRM-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for DRM Profile, and is not applicable to the Smartcard Profile. Contains the following attributes: rightsIssuerURI Contains the following element: BroadcastMode	
rightsIssuer URI	А	0	01	ID of the rights issuer associated with the BSM.	anyURI
Broadcast Mode	E2	0	01	Indicates whether or not the device supports the optional broadcast mode of operation for rights acquisition, in addition to the interactive mode of operation.	boolean
SmartcardP rofileSpecifi	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection Smartcard Profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to	

cPart				support for the Smartcard Profile, and is not applicable to the DRM Profile. Contains the following elements: ProtectionKeyID Note: This message is used to submit a request for SEK(s) or PEK(s) associated with a specific range of TEK values, due to unavailability of that key in the BCAST Terminal, necessary to enable play-back of protected recording.	
ProtectionK eyID	E2	М	1N	The 7-byte long concatenation of KeyDomainID and SEK/PEK ID corresponding to the content for which the SEK(s) or PEK(s) is requested. Contains the following attributes: timestampMin timestampMax	unsignedLo ng
timestamp Min	А	0	01	The lower bound of the range of STKM timestamp values (4 bytes) for which the SEK or PEK is requested.	hexBinary
timestamp Max	А	0	01	The upper bound of the range of STKM timestamp values (4 bytes) for which the SEK or PEK is requested.	hexBinary

#### Table 7: Structure of Service Request in General Service Provisioning Message

#### 5.1.5.2.2 Service Response

This message is sent to the terminal from the BSM in response to the request for subscription to the Service Request message. This message is applicable to both the DRM Profile and Smartcard Profile.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
ServiceResp onse	Е			Service Response Message	
				Contains the following attributes: requestID globalStatusCode adaptationMode Contains the following elements:	
				PurchaseItem DrmProfileSpecificPart	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Service request message.	unsignedInt
global Status Code	А	М	1	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
adaptation Mode	А	0	01	Informs the terminal of the operational adaptation mode: Generic or BDS-specific adaptation false– indicates Generic adaptation mode true – indicates BDS-specific adaptation mode	boolean

				Note: this attribute SHALL be present only if the 'globalStatusCode' indicates "Success", and the underlying BDS is BCMCS.	
PurchaseIte m	El	М	1N	Describes the results of the request message of subscribing to or purchasing the PurchaseItem. For the DRM Profile, if subscription or purchase is successful, rightsValidityEndTime of PurchaseItem will be present. For either the DRM Profile or Smartcard Profile, in the case of subscription/purchase failure, itemWiseStatusCode will be present to indicate the reason why the request is not accepted by BSM. Contains the following attributes: globalDRef itemwiseStatusCode	
globalIDRef	Α	М	1	The ID of the Purchase Item. A purchase item is identified by the GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment.	anyURI
itemwiseSta tusCode	А	0	01	Specifies an error code of each PurchaseItems using GlobalStatusCode defined in the section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
DrmProfile SpecificPart	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection DRM-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for DRM Profile, and is not applicable to the Smartcard Profile. Contains the following attributes: rightsValidityEndTime Contains the following elements: Trigger	
rights Validity EndTime	A	0	01	The last time and date of validity of the Long- Term Key Message, after which it has to be renewed. This attribute will be present when BSM accept the request message. This field is expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps. Note: this element is validated if RO is broadcasted. Otherwise, this element is not necessary.	unsignedInt
Trigger	E2	0	01	ROAP RO Acquisition Trigger**. The device is expected to use the trigger to initiate one or more Long-Term Key Message acquisitions.	RoapTrigger

#### Table 8: Structure of Service Response in General Service Provisioning Message

\*\* These (ROAP Messages) are DRM profile specific

#### 5.1.5.2.3 Service Completion

Service Completion Message MAY be sent by a terminal after it receives Service Response Message and then retrieves Long Term Key Message. The network SHALL reply with a HTTP 200 OK response message when this message is received.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
ServiceCom pletion	E			Service Completion Message for terminal to send the result receiving Long Term Key Message. Contains the following attribute: requestID Contains the following element:	
				LTKMessageID	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Service request message.	unsignedInt
LTK MessageID	E1	М	1N	A list containing the IDs of one or more Long- Term Key Messages received by the device. Note: RO ID will be used for DRM profile and MIKEY message ID will be used for Smartcard Profile.	string

Table 9: Structure of Service Completion in General Service Provisioning Message

#### 5.1.5.3 Subscription Renewal Messages

#### 5.1.5.3.1 Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Request

Subscription Long-term Key Renewal request message is sent if a user wants to renew a certain Purchase Item or group of purchase items.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
LTKRenew alRequest	Е			Subscription Long Term Key Renewal Request Message Contains the following attributes: requestID	
				Contains the following elements: UserID DeviceID PurchaseItemID	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the Subscription long term Key renewal request message.	unsignedInt
UserID	E1	0	0N	The user identity known to the BSM. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e

		1			
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM. This element SHALL be included when the device supports the DRM profile. In this case, the device shall not allow the user to modify the DeviceID Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are 0 – DVB Device ID 1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI)[3GPP TS 23.003] 2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
Purchase Item	E1	М	1N	A list of Purchase Items that the user wants to renew. Contains the following attribute: globalIDRef	
globalIDRef	A	М	1	GlobalPurchaseItemID to identify this PurchaseItem, found in the PurchaseItem fragment.	anyURI
UserConsen tAnswer	E2	0	01	Signals whether user agreed to the Terms of Use as represented by id of the related TermsOfUse element.true:User agrees the terms of the Terms of Use.false:User disagrees the terms of the Terms of Use.If this element is not present the interpretation is that the user has not read or understood the Terms of Use.	boolean
id	А	М	1	The URI uniquely identifying the Terms of Use this 'UserConsentAnswer' relates to.	anyURI

Table 10: Structure of Subscription Long Term Key renewal request in General Service Provisioning Message

#### 5.1.5.3.2 Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Response

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
LTKRenew	Е			Subscription Long Term Key Renewal	
alResponse				Response Message	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				globalStatusCode	
				Contains the following elements:	
				PurchaseItem	
				DrmProfileSpecificPart	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Subscription	unsignedInt
				request message.	
global	А	М	1	The overall outcome of the request, according to	unsignedByt
Status					

Code				the return codes defined in section 5.11.	e
PurchaseIte m	E1	M	1N	Describes the results of the request message of Subscription LTK Renewal. If renewal is successful, LTKValidityEndTime of PurchaseItem will be present. If not, ItemWiseStatusCode will be present to show user the reason why the request is not accepted by BSM. Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef ItkValidityEndTime itemwiseStatusCode Contains the following sub-element: PurchaseDataReference	
globalIDRef	A	М	1	The ID of the Purchase Item to which the validity end time is related. A purchase item is identified by the GlobalPurchaseItemID found	anyURI
ltkValidityE ndTime	A	0	01	in the PurchaseItem fragment. The last time and date of validity of the Long- Term Key Message, after which it has to be renewed again. This attribute will be present when BSM accept the request message. This field is expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
itemwiseSta	A	0	01	Note: the information on this element can be provided in RO.Specifies an error code of each PurchaseItems	unsignedByt
tusCode				using GlobalStatusCode defined in the section 5.11.	e
PurchaseDa taReference	E2	M	1	Describes the PurchaseData associated with the subscription to the Purchase. The device MAY use this information to update its internal subscription information concerning the user. Contains the following attributes: idRef Contains the following sub-element: Price	
idRef	А	М	1	The id of the Purchase Data fragment that is being referred to.	anyURI
Price	E3	0	0N	The price currently associated for the use to the subscription, possibly in multiple currencies. Contains the following attribute: currency	double
currency	A	0	01	Specifies the currency codes defined in ISO 4217 international currency codes. If not given, value of price is amount of Tokens.	string
DrmProfile SpecificPart	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection DRM-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for DRM Profile. Contains the following elements: Trigger	
Trigger	E2	0	01	ROAP RO Acquisition Trigger**. If the	RoapTrigger

	subscription renewal failed because the device was unregistered, the response MAY include a ROAP Registration Trigger**. In that case, the device is expected to use the trigger to initiate a registration and repeat the subscription renewal once it is registered.	
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#### Table 11: Structure of Subscription Long Term Key renewal response in General Service Provisioning Message

\*\* These (ROAP Messages) are DRM profile specific

#### 5.1.5.3.3 Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Completion

This message, sent by the terminal to the BSM, represents an acknowledgment of the terminal's receipt of the Subscription Renewal Response. The network SHALL reply with a HTTP 200 OK response message when this message is received.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
LTKRenew alCompletio n	Е			Subscription Long-Term Key Renewal Completion Message Contains the following attributes: requestID Contains the following elements:	
				LongTermKeyID	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Service request message.	unsignedInt
LongTerm KeyID	E1	М	1N	A list containing the IDs of one or more Long- Term Key Messages received by the device.	string

Table 12: Structure of Subscription Long Term Key renewal completion in General Service Provisioning Message

#### 5.1.5.4 Unsubscription Messages

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request cancellation of the existing subscription to the purchase item as identified by the 'globalIDRef attribute' of PurchaseItem or the notification as identified by the 'globalIDRef attribute' of Service.

When the device unsubscribing supports the smartcard profile, some additional actions need to occur upon successful completion of the unsubscribe procedure. The device SHALL remove the purchaseItemIDs from which it has unsubscribed from subsequent MBMS user registration or deregistration messages to the BSM. The BSM MAY also invalidate SEKs associated with the relevant purchase ID on the unsubscribing device which are not used by any other purchase items to which the device is subscribed. The BSM invalidates SEKs/PEKs by sending an LTKM with invalid Key Validity data, i.e. the lower bound is greater than the upper bound, where the bounds define the allowed range of either TEK IDs or TimeStamp values.

#### 5.1.5.4.1 Unsubscribe Request

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Unsubscrib	Е			Unsubscribe Request Message	
eRequest				Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				keepSubscription	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	

				DeviceID	
				PurchaseItem	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the Unsubscribe request message.	unsignedInt
keepSubscri ption	A	0	01	Keep current subscription of PurchaseItem. When the user wants to unsubscribe from notification only but keep the subscription to PurchaseItem, this field is set to true. If this element is not present or value is false, it means both PurchaseItem and its relevant notification will be unsubscribed.	boolean
UserID	E1	0	0N	The user identity known to the BSM. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM. Note: If User has multiple devices, then this element indicates a device or a group of devices that user want to unsubscribe. contains the following attribute: type	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are 0 – DVB Device ID 1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI)[3GPP TS 23.003] 2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
Purchase Item	E1	М	1N	Specifies identifier of the Purchase Item the user wants to unsubscribe from. Also, contains ServiceID to unsubscribe service-specific notification. Contains the following attribute: globalIDRef Contains the following element: Service	
globalIDRef	A	М	1	Identifier of PurchaseItem. GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment will be used.	anyURI
Service	E2	0	0N	This element is only used for unsubscribing service-specific Notification. See section	

				5.14.4.2.1 Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef notification	
globalIDRef	А	М	1	GlobalServiceID to identify Service	anyURI
notification	А	М	1	Un-subscription to receive Notification Message over Interaction Channel. If Notification=true, it means Notification over Interaction Channel is unsubscribed. If Notification=false or element is not present, it means there is no change in current status of subscription for notification over Interaction Channel.	boolean

Table 13: Structure of Unsubscribe Request	in General Service Provisioning Message

#### 5.1.5.4.2 Unsubscribe Response

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
UnsubscribeRe sponse	E			Unsubscribe Response Message Contains the following attributes: requestID globalStatusCode Contains the following elements: PurchaseItem	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Unsubscribe request message.	unsignedInt
global Status Code	Α	М	1	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
Purchase Item	E1	М	1N	The ID of the Purchase Item to which the message is related. Contains the following attribute: globalIDRef itemwiseStatusCode	
globalIDRef	A	М	1	Identifier of PurchaseItem. GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment will be used.	anyURI
itemwiseStatus Code	A	М	1	Indicates the results of the Unsubscribe Request message. If Value is successful, it means relevant PurchaseItem is unsubscribed. GlobalStatusCode specified in section 5.11 will be used for this code.	unsignedByt e

Table 14: Structure of Unsubscribe Response in General Service Provisioning Message

### 5.1.5.5 Token Purchase Request Messages

#### 5.1.5.5.1 Token Purchase Request

This message is sent by the terminal to the BSM to request the purchase of tokens, or credits, to enable future consumption of broadcast services/content. The quantity of which is identified by the requested token amount. This message is applicable to both the DRM Profile and Smartcard Profile.

Note that for the Smartcard Profile, (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminals shall not release the Packet Data Protocol (PDP) context [3GPP TS 23.060] used by the "Token Purchase Request" until a "De-registration" procedure has been performed. This is to ensure that the BSM is aware of the correct terminal IP address for the purpose of performing token deliveries. The network may initiate the release of terminal PDP contexts, as defined in [3GPP TS 23.060], in the case that there is a limit on the number of active PDP contexts that it can maintain.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
TokenPurcha seRequest	Е			Token Purchase Request Message Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				DeviceID	
				PermissionsIssuerURI	
				TokenRequest	
				SmartcardProfileSpecificPart	
requestID	А	Ο	01	Identifier for the Token Purchase request message.	unsignedInt
UserID	E1	0	0N	The user identity known to the BSM.	string
				Contains the following attributes:	
				type	
type	А	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are:	unsignedByt e
				0 – username defined in [RFC 2865]	-
				1 – IMSI	
				2 – URI	
				3 – IMPI	
				4 – MSISDN	
				5 – MIN	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM.	string
				contains the following attribute:	
				type	
type	А	М	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are	unsignedByt e
				0 – DVB Device ID	
				1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI) [3GPP TS 23.003]	
				2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID) [3GPP2	
				C.S0072]	
				3-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
PermissionsI	E1	0	01	The identification of the Permissions Issuer	anyURI
ssuerURI				depending on the Profile.	
				For the DRM Profile, this element is	
				MANDATORY. It identifies the Rights Issuer	

				from which the BSM can retrieve the ROAP Trigger**. For the Smartcard Profile, this element is OPTIONAL. It identifies the Permissions Issuer, if different from the BSM, which grants tokens for both live rendering and play-back requests. Contains the following attribute: type	
type	А	М	1	The type of the Permissions Issuer identified by the PermissionsIssuerURI. Allowed values are: false – DRM Profile	boolean
TokensReque sted	E1	0	01	true – Smartcard Profile Purchase request for tokens Contains the following attributes: type amount chargingType	
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of tokens requested Allowed values are: 0 - unspecified 1 - tokens for the DRM Profile 2 - time tokens, service purse 3 - time tokens, user purse 4 - play tokens, user purse 5 - play tokens, user purse 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use Note: type 0 tokens are applicable only to DRM Profile, whereas types 1-4 (time and play) tokens are applicable only to Smartcard Profile. Time tokens are deducted according to length of time of content consumption (i.e. PPT) whereas play tokens are deducted based on number of plays of content (i.e. PPV). For a definition of user purse and service purse, see Sections 6.6.2.2 and 66.5 of [BCAST10- ServContProt].	unsignedByt e
amount	A	M	1	Specifies the amount of tokens requested. For type 0, this value corresponds to the number of tokens requested For type 1, this value corresponds to the requested number of time-based tokens, valid for either direct rendering or play-back of protected recording, applicable to a specific program, or any one or more program(s) under a specific service. For type 2, this value corresponds to the requested number of time-based tokens, valid for either direct rendering or play-back of protected recording, applicable to <del>for</del> any one or more program(s), service(s), or combination	unsignedInt

	1	T			
charging Type	A	M	1	thereof, accessible to the user. For type 3, this value corresponds to the requested number of instance-based tokens, valid for either direct rendering or play-back of protected recording, applicable to a specific program, or to any one or more program(s) under a specific service. For type 4, this value corresponds to the requested number of instance-based tokens, valid for either direct rendering or play-back of protected recording, applicable to any one or more program(s), service(s), or combination thereof, accessible to the user. The type of charging (pre-paid or post-paid) the user wishes to use. The BSM will verify that the requested charging type is available for this user. The following values are defined:	unsignedByt e
				<ul> <li>0 - undefined</li> <li>1 - prepaid</li> <li>2 - postpaid</li> <li>3-127 - reserved for future use</li> <li>128-255 - reserved for proprietary use</li> </ul>	
SmartcardPr ofileSpecificP art	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection Smartcard Profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for the Smartcard Profile, and is not applicable to the DRM Profile. Contains the following element:	
PurchaseIte m	E2	M	-1N	PurchaseItem Identifier of the content(s); or service(s), or purchase item(s) to which the type of tokens in the token purchase request corresponds. This is given by the globalPurchaseItemID as defined in [BCAST10-SG]. Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef purchaseDataIDRef purchaseUnitNum Note: PurchaseItemID SHALL be present if the SmartcardProfileSpecificPart is present.	
globalIDRef	А	М	1	Identifier of PurchaseItem. GlobalPurchaseItemID found in the PurchaseItem fragment will be used.	anyURI
purchaseDat aIDRef	А	0	01	Identifies the associated 'PurchaseData' fragment to which the requested token package belongs.	anyURI
purchaseUnit Num	А	0	01	The number of packages of the tokens requested by the terminal, where the number of tokens in one package is indicated by 'amount' attribute above. In Smartcard Profile, the value of 'amount' attribute SHALL be identical to the value of 'TotalNumberToken' element specified in the associated 'PurchaseData' fragment in the SG.	unsignedSho rt

		Therefore the actual number of tokens requested by the terminal is 'PurchaseUnitNum' times 'amount'.	
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#### Table 15: Structure of Token Purchase Request in General Service Provisioning Message

\*\* These (ROAP Messages) are DRM profile specific

#### 5.1.5.5.2 Token Purchase Response

This message, sent from the BSM to the terminal, represents a successful outcome, either unconditional or conditional in nature, in response to the Token Purchase Request. This message is applicable to both the DRM Profile and Smartcard Profile.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
TokenPurcha seResponse	E			Token Purchase Response Contains the following attributes: requestID globalStatusCode Contains the following elements: DrmProfileSpecificPart SmartcardProfileSpecificPart Note: DrmProfileSpecificPart and SmartcardProfileSpecificPart are mutually exclusive – TokenPurchaseResponse SHALL contain either the DrmProfileSpecificPart or SmartcardProfileSpecificPart.	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Token Purchase request message.	unsignedInt
globalStatus Code	А	М	1	The outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in Table 1.	unsignedByt e
DrmProfileS pecificPart	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection DRM-profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for DRM Profile, and is not applicable to the Smartcard Profile Contains the following elements: Trigger	
Trigger	E2	0	01	If the token purchase succeeded, the response SHALL include a ROAP Trigger** as an additional payload. The device is expected to use the trigger to initiate one or more token acquisitions. If the token purchase failed because the device was unregistered, the response includes a ROAP Registration Trigger** as an additional payload. The device is expected to use the trigger to initiate a registration and repeat the token purchase once it is successfully registered.	RoapTrigger
SmartcardPr ofileSpecificP art	E1	0	01	Service & Content Protection Smartcard Profile specific part. This part is MANDATORY to support for the Smartcard Profile, and is not applicable to the DRM Profile.	

				Contains the following element: TokensGranted	
				Tokensoranee	
TokensGrant ed	E2	0	01	Granted tokens in response to the token purchase request. It contains the following attributes: type amount chargingType Note: The element TokensGranted simply represents the information on the outcome of the token purchase request. The actual token delivery is fulfilled by the MIKEY LTKM.	
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of tokens granted in the token purchase transaction. Allowed values are: 0 – reserved 1- tokens for DRM Profile 2 – time tokens, service purse 3 – time tokens, user purse 4 – play tokens, user purse 5 – play tokens, user purse 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use Note: type 0 tokens are applicable only to DRM Profile, whereas types 1-4 (time and play) tokens are applicable only to Smartcard Profile. Time tokens are deducted according to length of time of content consumption (i.e. PPT) whereas play tokens are deducted based on number of plays of content (i.e. PPV)	unsignedByt e
amount	A	M	1	Specifies the number of tokens granted in the token purchase transaction. For type 0, the value corresponds to the number of tokens granted for DRM Profile For type 1, this value corresponds to the granted number of time-based tokens, valid for either direct rendering or play-back of protected recording, applicable to <del>for</del> a specific program, or any one or more program(s) under a specific service. For type 2, this value corresponds to the granted number of time-based tokens, valid for either direct rendering or play-back of protected recording, applicable to <del>for</del> any one or more program(s), service(s), or combination thereof, accessible to the user. For type 3, this value corresponds to the granted number of instance-based tokens, valid for either direct rendering or play-back of protected recording, applicable to a specific program, or to any one or more program(s) under a specific	unsignedInt

				service. For type 4, this value corresponds to the granted number of instance-based tokens, valid for either direct rendering or play-back of protected recording, applicable to any one or more program(s), service(s), or combination thereof, accessible to the user.	
charging Type	А	М	1	The type of charging to be associated with the token purchase transaction. The following values are defined: 0 – unspecified 1 – prepaid 2 – postpaid 3-127 – reserved for future use 128-255 – reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e

#### Table 16: Structure of Token Purchase Response in General Service Provisioning Message

\*\*These (ROAP messages) are OMA DRMv2.0 specific. And all message schemas should import "RoapTrigger" complexType from OMA DRM2.0 ROAP protocol schema. Other service protection mechanisms will map their own respective messages to the corresponding fields.

#### 5.1.5.5.3 Token Purchase Completion

Token Purchase Completion Message MAY be sent by a terminal after it receives Token Purchase Response Message.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
TokenPurc haseComple tion	E			Token Purchase Completion Message for terminal to send. Contains the following attributes: requestID	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Token Purchase request message.	unsignedInt

Table 17: Structure of Token Purchase Completion in General Service Provisioning Message

### 5.1.5.6 Account Inquiry Messages

Account Inquiry allows the End user to request his/her account information such as active purchase item list, Service Guide Fragments associated with subscribed PurchaseItem, or Billing Information. The AccountInquiry Element of the request message specified in 5.1.7.1 indicates which information the End user wants to receive and the response message can include GlobalPurchaseItem List or SG Fragments or Billing Information as per the request message.

#### 5.1.5.6.1 Account Inquiry Request

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
AccountRe	Е			Account Inquiry Request message	
quest				Contains the following attributes:	
				requestID	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				DeviceID	
				AccountInquiry	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for this request message	unsignedInt

UserID	E1	0	0N	The user identity known to the BSM.	string
				Note: For roaming case, this element is	e
				mandatory otherwise this element is optional.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				type	
type	А	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values	unsignedByt
				are:	e
				0 – username defined in [RFC 2865]	
				1 – IMSI	
				2 – URI	
				3 – IMPI	
				4 – MSISDN	
				5 – MIN	
				6-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM.	string
				contains the following attribute:	
				type	
type	А	М	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed	unsignedByt
				values are	e
				0 – DVB Device ID	
				1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI) [3GPP TS 23.003]	
				2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID) [3GPP2 C.S0072]	
				3-127 reserved for future use	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use	
AccountInq	E1	М	1N	Specifies the account information which user	unsignedByt
uiry				want to receive from the BSM. Possible values	e
				are:	
				0 – undefined	
				1 – PurchaseItem List	
				2 – Service Guide Fragments	
				3 – Billing Information	
				$4 \sim 127$ – Reserved for future use	
				$128 \sim 255$ – Reserved for proprietary use	
				Note: If value is 0, BSM SHOULD deliver the default response message which is composed to	
				provide account information to users.	
				provide account information to users.	

Table 18: Structure of Account Inquiry Request in General Service Provisioning Message

### 5.1.5.6.2 Account Inquiry Response

Name	Туре	Categ ory	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
AccountRe sponse	Е			Account Inquiry Response Message Contains the following attributes: requestID globalStatusCode	

				Contained to Callering allowers	
				Contains the following elements:	
				BillingInformation	
				PurchaseItem	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding Account Inquiry message	unsignedInt
global Status Code	А	М	1	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
BillingInfor mation	E1	0	0N	Describes the total billing information, possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string
Purchaselt em	E1	0	0N	Specifies the PurchaseItem or the Service Guide Fragments which user subscribed or purchased. Contains the following attributes: globalIDRef Contains the following elements: Description PurchaseItemFragments	
globalIDRe f	А	М	1	GlobalPurchaseItemID of Purchase Item which the End user subscribed or purchased.	anyURI
Description	E2	0	0N	Describes the subscription information such as price, period, etc., possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string
PurchaseIt emFragme nts	E2	0	0N	Contains the PurchaseItem Fragments related to the PurchaseItem to which the End user subscribed or purchased. The format is specified in [BCAST-SG].	ComplexTyp e

# 5.1.6 Smartcard Profile Service Provisioning Messages

This section shows the Smartcard Service Provisioning Messages. Those messages supports the Service Provisioning function of BCAST Terminals with Smartcard Profile capability. Some of messages below are identical to those of General Service Provisioning Message.

The XML schema for these messages is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-orderqueries].

# 5.1.6.1 Pricing Information Messages

# 5.1.6.1.1 Pricing Information Request

This message is the same as the general service provisioning message. See section 5.1.5.1.1.

# 5.1.6.1.2 Pricing Information Response

This message is the same as the general service provisioning message. See section 5.1.5.1.2.

### 5.1.6.2 Service Request Messages

#### 5.1.6.2.1 Service Request and Response

These messages are the same as those specified in Section 5.1.5.2.

#### 5.1.6.2.2 Service Completion

The Service Completion message corresponds to a MIKEY request acknowledgement message as defined in [3GPP TS 33.246]. The BSM MAY request a MIKEY acknowledgement message from the Terminal as part of the Service Response message.

### 5.1.6.3 Subscription Renewal, Response and Completion Messages

The messages and procedures are identical to those for Service Request, Response and Completion as explained above.

### 5.1.6.4 Unsubscription Messages

#### 5.1.6.4.1 Unsubscribe Request and Response

These messages are the same as those specified in Section 5.1.5.4.

#### 5.1.6.5 Token/LTKM Messages

#### 5.1.6.5.1 Token/LTKM Request and Response

These messages are the same as those specified in Section 5.1.5.5.

#### 5.1.6.6 Account Inquiry Messages

Account Inquiry allows the End user to request his/her account information such as active purchase item list, Service Guide Fragments associated with subscribed PurchaseItem, or Billing Information. The AccountInquiry Element of the request message specified in 5.1.5.6 indicates which information the End user wants to receive and the response message can include GlobalPurchaseItem List or SG Fragments or Billing Information as per the request message.

### 5.1.6.6.1 Account Inquiry Request

This message is the same as the general service provisioning message. See section 5.1.5.6.1

#### 5.1.6.6.2 Account Inquiry Response

This message is the same as the general service provisioning message. See section 5.1.5.6.2

### 5.1.6.7 Registration Procedure

The Registration procedure is invoked by the terminal upon power-up and upon re-establishing connectivity to the interactivity network after having lost coverage.

The Registration procedure is used by the terminal to notify the BSM that it is available to receive LTKMs. The Registration procedure is not used in OMA BCAST to request any change in the subscription/ purchase status of the terminal. This functionality is provided by the Service Provisioning messages, e.g. Service Request.For the (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminal, this procedure is the MBMS User Service Registration procedure as defined by [3GPP TS 33.246], in which the MBMS User Service IDs are given by the concatenation of GlobalPurchaseItemID and PurchaseDataReference. This procedure is not applicable in the case of the (R-)UIM/CSIM Smartcard Profile, i.e., when BCMCS is the underlying BDS.

Note that for the Smartcard Profile, (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminals shall not release the Packet Data Protocol (PDP) context [3GPP TS 23.060] used by the "Registration" until a "De-registration" procedure has been performed. This is to ensure that the BSM is aware of the correct terminal IP address for the purpose of performing LTKM deliveries. The network may initiate the release of terminal PDP contexts, as defined in [3GPP TS 23.060], in the case that there is a limit on the number of active PDP contexts that it can maintain.

### 5.1.6.8 LTKM Request Procedure

Upon the completion of the subscription/purchase transaction (as defined by the Service Request messages in Section 5.1.5.2), or once the lifetime of the current SEK/PEK in the Smartcard has expired, the required new SEK/PEK can be obtained via the LTKM Request procedure. This can occur:

- When the BCAST Terminal has missed a SEK/PEK key update procedure, due to, for example, being out of coverage;.
- In response to a BM-SC solicited pull procedure.

For the Smartcard Profile, this procedure is the MBMS MSK request procedure as defined by [3GPP TS 33.246], in which the key identification information comprises a list of one or more Key Domain ID – SEK/PEK ID pairs, subject to the following clarification. For the (U)SIM Smartcard Profile terminal, the SRK used in the HTTP digest authentication of the subscriber corresponds to the MBMS Request Key (MRK); for the (R-)UIM/CSIM Smartcard Profile terminal, the SRK is the BCMCS Authentication Key (Auth-Key).

### 5.1.6.9 Deregistration Procedure

The Deregistration procedure is invoked by the terminal upon power-down or whenever the terminal wishes to indicate that it is not anymore available to receive LTKMs. The Deregistration message SHALL contain the IDs of all the purchase items to which the terminal is currently subscribed. It is not necessary for the terminal to perform a Deregistration procedure after an Unsubscribe Response since the Unsubscribe exchange involves an implicit Deregistration with the BSP-M.

For the Smartcard Profile, this procedure is the MBMS User Service Deregistration procedure as defined by [3GPP TS 33.246], in which the MBMS User Service IDs is given by the concatenation of GlobalPurchaseItemID and the PurchaseDataReference. This procedure is not applicable in the case of the (R-)UIM/CSIM Smartcard Profile, i.e., when BCMCS is the underlying BDS.

# 5.1.7 Message Compression

The Service Provisioning messages MAY be compressed during the transport of the messages. In that case, the compression applies to entire Service Provisioning message which is the payload of HTTP message. If the compression is used, in the HTTP message delivering the Service Provisioning message the "Content-Encoding" attribute SHALL be present in the HTTP header and set to MIME value representing the compression scheme.

The BPR-M in the BSM SHALL support the GZIP algorithm for the delivery of Service Provisioning messages. The BPR-C in the Terminal SHALL support the GZIP algorithm for the delivery of Service Provisioning messages. In case GZIP compression is used for the delivery of Service Provisioning messages, the "Content-Encoding" attribute SHALL be set to "gzip".

# 5.1.8 Web-based Service Provisioning

BCAST Terminal and BSM MAY support Service Provisioning over a web-based system. The entry point to web-based Service Provisioning is supported by PurchaseChannel fragment of Service Guide. In that fragment, element *PortalURL* SHALL point to the entry point (URL) of the related web-based system. The *PortalURL* can be used to support two purposes:

- 1. The *PortalURL* provides additional information on services available over this PurchaseChannel. This method SHALL be signalled by setting the attribute *supportedService* under *PortalURL* to "1". In this case the terminal MAY access the *PortalURL* to retrieve information on supported services but SHALL NOT purchase or subscribe to the services by accessing the URL. In this case, the service provisioning functions SHALL be achieved by addressing Service Provisioning messages to the *PurchaseURL* as defined in section 5.1.5.
- 2. The *PortalURL* supports full set of service provisioning functionality over web-based system in addition to providing service related information. This method SHALL be signalled by setting the attribute *supportedService*

under *PortalURL* to "2". The terminal SHALL access the *PortalURL* and upon accessing the *PortalURL* the terminal SHALL expect that the facilities for service provisioning are provided over web-based interface. Further, in this case, the Service Provisioning messages sent to the *PurchaseURL* as defined in section 5.1.5 SHALL NOT be used.

3. The *PortalURL* provides additional information on services available over this PurchaseChannel. Further, the Terminal MAY achieve the service provisioning either over web-based system or by addressing Service Provisioning messages to the *PurchaseURL* as defined in section 5.1.5.

Further, in the context of the above two methods, there are two ways the request to *PortalURL* can be formed.

- 1. Request without reference to a specific PurchaseItem. When Terminal accesses the *PortalURL* without any specific reference to any PurchaseItem, the Terminal SHALL issue an HTTP POST request to the *PortalURL*. The request SHALL follow the conventions defined in section 17.13 of [HTML4.01] for submitting HTML form data by the "post" method using the "application/x-www-form-urlencoded" encoding type. For example, if *PortalURL* is http://server.bsm.org/webshop". The HTTP POST request sent to the BSM would be "http://server.bsm.org/webshop", not containing any associated data block.
- 2. Request with reference to a specific PurchaseItem. When the Terminal accesses the *PortalURL* with specific reference to a PurchaseItem or a set of PurchaseItems, the Terminal knows the relevant GlobalPurchaseItem IDs from the Service Guide. The Terminal SHALL issue an HTTP POST request to the *PortalURL*. This request SHALL follow the conventions defined in section 17.13 of [HTML4.01] for submitting HTML form data by the "post" method using the "application/x-www-form-urlencoded" encoding type. The PurchaseItem(s) are identified using the GlobalPurchaseItem ID(s), each fragment ID SHALL be signalled in a separate name-value pair, using "globalPurchaseItemID" as the name. For example, if *PortalURL* is "<u>http://server.bsm.org/webshop</u>" and the GlobalPurchaseItemIDs are "aau17135@bsda.org" and "fhh7982@bsda.org" and "jke132486@bsda.org", the HTTP POST request sent to the BSM would be "<u>http://server.bsm.org/webshop</u>", containing a data block of the following structure:

"globalPurchaseItemID=aau17135@bsda.org& globalPurchaseItemID=fhh7982@bsda.org& globalPurchaseItemID=jke132486@bsda.org"

If the service provisioning sequence is about making a purchase or subscription to a PurchaseItem, different server behaviour will take place depending on the security profile:

- For the DRM Profile, once the web-based subscription/purchase transaction is completed, the web-based system SHALL send a trigger in the last HTTP response it delivers to the Terminal. The trigger is contained in the Service Provisioning response as specified in 5.1.5.2.2 for DRM Profile.
- For the Smartcard Profile, if the server determines that the terminal has a valid SMK (i.e. valid GBA bootstrapping session has been performed in the case of (U)SIM terminals), it SHALL send the LTKMs directly to the terminal. However, if the server is unable to determine whether or not the Terminal has a valid SMK, it SHALL send the "SmartcardProfileTrigger" message, as specified in Section 5.1.8.1,in the last HTTP response it delivers to the terminal to tell it to initiate a BCAST service request (this will force GBA bootstrapping). ). In the meantime, the subscription/purchase transaction should not be completed (i.e., it should be held pending), until the Terminal has properly responded to that trigger.

Afterwards (and assuming the subscription/purchase is successfully completed in the case of the Smartcard Profile) the LTKM acquisition continues as per the profile.

### 5.1.8.1 Smartcard Profile Trigger Message

This XML message may be sent to the terminal by the server in the web-based service provisioning scenario, as described above, in order to trigger the terminal to send a BCAST service request.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
SmartcardPr	Е			Smartcard Profile Trigger	
ofileTrigger				Contains the following attributes:	

[	1	Г		1 .	<u>г</u>
				version	
				keyManagementType	
				purchaseURL	
				Contains the following sub-elements:	
				PurchaseItem	
				BackOffTiming	
version	А	NM/ TM	1	Version of this message.	unsignedByt
				0x00 identifies BCAST 1.0	e
keyManage	А	NM/TM	1	Indicates whether GBA_U is required for the	boolean
mentType				service request	
				true indicates GBA_U is required	
1				false indicates GBA_U is not required	
purchaseUR	А	NM/TM	1	Identifies the URL to which the BCAST service	anyURI
L	E1		1 N	request is sent. References the set of PurchaseItems in the	
PurchaseIte	E1	NM/TM	1N	Service Guide to which the Terminal subscribed	
m				over web-based interface	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				globalIDRef	
				purchaseDataIDRef	
				purchaseDataiDicer	
				Contains the following sub-elements:	
				ProtectionKeyID	
globalIDRef	А	NM/TM	1	Identifies the GlobalPurchaseItemID in the	anyURI
giotaliDRei	A	1111/1111	1	Service Guide to which the requested service	allyUKI
				belongs. Used by the terminal to create the	
				service ID used in the BCAST service request.	
purchaseDat	А	NM/TM	1	Identifies the PurchaseDataID in the Service	anyURI
aIDRef				Guide to which the terminal subscribed. Used by	
				the terminal to create the service ID used in the	
				BCAST service request.	
ProtectionKe	E2	NM/TM	0N	Optional list of key identifiers needed to access	base64Binar
yID				protected content. This information allows the terminal to determine whether or not it has the	У
				correct key material to access services within a	
				PurchaseItem. How this is used is out of scope	
				and is left to implementation.	
				ProtectionKeyID has attribute:	
				- type	
type	А	NM/TM	1	Type of ProtectionKeyID:	unsignedByt
				0: ProtectionKeyID = Key Domain ID	e
				concatenated with SEK/PEK ID, where both	
				values are as used in the Smartcard Profile	
				[BCAST10-ServContProt]	
				1-127 Reserved for future use	
				128-255 Reserved for proprietary use	
BackOffTim	E1	NM/TM	01	This optional element, specifies default timing	

ing				behaviour for the BCAST service request sent by the terminal. Its purpose is to provide a mechanisms that ensures distribution over time of service requests sent from receivers, e.g. in order to avoid overload in nodes or links. If present, the BCAST service request SHALL be sent back in the time interval [OffsetTime, OffsetTime+RandomTime] after the event reception of this message. The exact time within the allowed time window shall be random with uniform probability. If this element is not present the terminal can send the service request immediately following reception of this message.	
offsetTime	A	NM/TM	1	The OffsetTime specifies the minimum time that a device SHALL wait after reception of this message before sending the service request. The unit is seconds.	decimal
randomTime	A	NM/TM	1	The RandomTime refers to the time window length over which a device SHALL calculate a random time for the transmission of the service request. The method provides for statistically uniform distribution over a relevant period of time. The device SHALL calculate a uniformly distributed random time out of the interval between 0 and RandomTime. The unit is seconds.	decimal

 Table 20: Structure of Smartcard Profile Trigger Message

# 5.2 Terminal Provisioning

The Terminal Provisioning function SHALL support OMA Device Management [OMA DM], as specified in this chapter. To allow firmware upgrades using DM over the interaction channel, the Terminal Provisioning function SHOULD support OMA FUMO 1.0 [OMA FUMO].

Terminal Provisioning function provides data structures to provision and manage the terminal through the interaction channel using OMA DM [OMA DM].

The interfaces related to Terminal Provisioning function, as outlined in BCAST Architecture [BCAST10-Architecture] are normatively specified as follows:

• Over interface TP-7, both the network and the terminal SHALL support exchange of terminal provisioning and management messages as specified in [OMA DM]

# 5.2.1 Terminal Provisioning of BCAST Client

The Terminal Provisioning Client Component (TP-C) SHALL receive the parameters needed for OMA BCAST service (see [BCAST10-Services] Appendix F) by the Terminal Provisioning function which manage the terminal configuration parameters, e.g. data, parameters and applications with the help of OMA DM [OMA DM]. This information would be delivered through TP-7 as specified in OMA DM [OMA DM].

The Terminal Provisioning Client Component (TP-C) SHALL be able to:

- receive the parameters needed for BCAST service included in the terminal provisioning messages sent over TP-7.
- update the parameters needed for BCAST service included in the terminal provisioning messages sent over TP-7.

- perform firmware upgrades of the BCAST client using the interaction channel over TP-7.

Further, the existence and access description to Terminal Provisioning function MAY be declared through the Service Guide using the Service, Access and Content fragments of Service Guide or through the process as specified in OMA DM. Both of the following cases are specified in section 5.2.2:

o Declaration of the existence and access to the OMA DM based exchange over TP-7.

# 5.2.2 Declaring the existence of and access to Terminal Provisioning

There are two ways to declare the existence of and the access to Terminal Provisioning with Service Guide: Terminal Provisioning declared as a Service; and; Terminal Provisioning declared as a means for accessing of a Service. The terminal SHALL support both methods of declaring the Terminal Provisioning within the Service Guide. The following sections specify both of these ways.

The TP-C MAY also be bootstrapped with the Terminal Provisioning server information to access the Terminal Provisioning by TP-7.

### 5.2.2.1 Declaring Terminal Provisioning as a Service within Service Guide

When the Terminal Provisioning is declared as a service, the following applies:

- There SHALL be at least one Service fragment with the value of attribute "ServiceType" equals "9 Terminal Provisioning service".
- There SHALL be at least one Access fragment that specifies the access to the above-mentioned Service:
  - In case Terminal Provisioning over TP-7 is declared, the AccessType SHALL contain "UnicastServiceDelivery" element, which defines the access to the respective provisoning server.
- There MAY be one or more Content fragments that specify the Terminal Provisioning messages as files, as defined in section 5.2.1.

# 5.2.2.2 Declaring Terminal Provisioning as an Access of a Service within Service Guide

When the Terminal Provisioning is declared as an access of a service, the following applies:

- There SHALL be at least one Service fragment that defines a service of arbitrary type.
- There SHALL be at least one Access fragment associated with the above-mentioned Service. The Access fragment SHALL have "ServiceClass" element present with value "urn:oma:bcast:oma\_bsc:tp:1.0". Further:
  - In case Terminal Provisioning over TP-7 is declared, the AccessType SHALL contain "InteractiveTransmissionScheme" element, which defines the access to the respective OMA DM server.

### 5.2.2.3 Declaring Terminal Provisioning through Bootstrap

#### 5.2.2.3.1 Initiation of Terminal Provisioning by DM server

Terminal Provisioning through bootstrap (e.g. server information or account for such as the Session Description, Authentication, and/or Connectivity) MAY be supported as specified in [OMA DM]. Bootstrap information comprising DM server's Connectivity information, would be delivered to the terminal. Then, the DM server would deliver to the terminal information for the Terminal Provisioning server such as Session Description, Authentication Information (certificate, OCSP Response) for secure delivery and/or Connectivity as specified in [OMA DM].

#### 5.2.2.3.2 Initiation of Terminal Provisioning by Smartcard

Terminals with cellular interface and (U)SIM/R-UIM/CSIM that support BCAST and OMA DM [OMA DM] SHALL support bootstrap from the smartcard as specified in [DMBOOT]. In these terminals DM TND Serialization [DMTNDS] SHALL also be supported otherwise

Feature / Application	Status	References
DM Client	MANDATORY	Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not found.Error! Reference source not found.Error! Reference source not found.Error!
DM Client Bootstrap	MANDATORY if Terminal with cellular radio interface and (U)SIM/(R-)UIM/CSIM	Error! Reference source not found.Error! Reference source not found.
DM TND Serialization	MANDATORY if Terminal with cellular radio interface and (U)SIM/(R-)UIM/CSIM	Error! Reference source not found.Error! Reference source not found.

The following table shows the DM Client Requirements. The table is based on section 8 of [ERELDSC].

**Table 21: OMA BCAST Device Management Client Requirements** 

# 5.2.3 Carrying OMA DM messages through Interaction Channel

Over interface TP-7, DM provisioning messages SHALL be delivered using DM mechanism. The details follow the OMA DM procedure.

# 5.3 Interaction

The BCAST enabler specifies different types of interactions between the end user and their terminal, and the service provider.

These are the following:

- 1. Interactive retrieval of the Service Guide (SG). The terminal requests, and receives, the service guide or changed parts of the service guide for a service. This type of interaction is described in the [BCAST10-SG], section 5.4.3.
- 2. Interactive retrieval of additional information related to Service Guide fragments, for example in form of a webpage presenting additional information. This is enabled using the ExtensionURL which can optionally be included into some SG fragments for retrieving further information about the fragment by accessing the URL. For details see in the [BCAST10-SG].
- 3. Service interaction, i.e. interaction as part of the service (in contrast to the previous two types of interaction, which are used to receive information <u>about</u> a service). Examples for such interactions within a service are voting about the service or actor, or the offer to the user to order a ring-tone matching the music that is just played in a show. This is enabled using interactivity information in the SG as an entry point and interactivity media that are distributed in a channel associated with the service itself. This is described in more detail in this document in section 5.3.6.

4. Interactive delivery of BCAST services, i.e. delivery over the interaction channel. This is enabled using the UnicastServiceDelivery in the SG.

In general, the availability of the interaction channel is assumed. However, the interaction channel may be temporarily unavailable, for example due to lack of radio coverage. Further, devices without access to an interaction channel are possible; however, such devices may have limited functionality.

# 5.3.1 Protocols and media codecs for Service Interaction Function

This section describes the protocols which are provided by the Service Interaction Function of the BCAST enabler at the interface between BSI-G and BSI-C through SI-8 and the media codecs the BCAST application supports.

With respect to the protocols, please note that this section only specifies the protocols to be used for the Service Interaction Function. The use of the interaction channel by other functions (e.g. Service Guide Function) is defined in the respective other parts of the BCAST specifications and is not part of this section.

The available interaction protocols for a service are signalled in the Service Guide according to section 5.1.2.4 in the BCAST Service Guide specification. If a terminal does not support any of the interaction protocols specified here, it SHALL not offer the interactive parts of the service to the user.

A service making use of the interaction function MAY use any of the following protocols.

Regarding support of the protocols in the terminal for use by the Service Interaction Function, the following rules apply:

- The terminal SHALL support the following protocols: IP, TCP, HTTP.
- The terminal MAY support the following protocols: SMS, IPSEC, UDP, MMS, WAP, HTTPS based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246], SIP/IMS.
- If a terminal supports SMS, it SHALL support SMS as an interaction protocol for BCAST services.
- If a terminal supports MMS, it SHALL support MMS as an interaction protocol for BCAST services.
- Furthermore, the terminal MAY offer the user an option to initiate a voice call from the service application of an interactive broadcast service. In this case, the terminal SHALL prompt the user before actually making the call.

# 5.3.2 Interactive retrieval of Service Guide

If the Terminal has a capability for interaction, it SHALL support interactive retrieval of Service Guide fragments as specified in [BCAST10-SG].

# 5.3.3 Interactive retrieval of Service related information

Within the Service Guide itself, the network MAY include an "ExtensionURL" element with any fragment. The semantics of this element is to provide a pointer to a web resource providing further information related to the fragment (For example, a www page related to the certain content can be reached by following an extension URL in Content fragment). If the Terminal has a capability for interaction, it SHALL support this element and SHALL be capable of accessing such additional information by using HTTP.

# 5.3.4 Interactive service ordering

After receiving Service Guide, Terminal can subscribe or purchase PurchaseItem via Interaction Network. Interactive service ordering includes service request for subscription or purchase, Subscription LTK Renewal request, Token purchase request and also unsubscription request specified in the section 5.1.6 of this specification.

# 5.3.5 Interaction for service and content protection

Service and Content Protection have four layers. Those four layers are the registration layer, the LTKM delivery layer, the STKM delivery layer and the traffic encryption layer. Terminal executes registration procedure with BSM to acquire

Registration Data. After that Terminal acquires SEK and/or PEK from LTKM delivered from BSM or BSD/A. Terminal can perform traffic decryption using TEK after receiving STKM from BSD/A.

# 5.3.6 Service related interaction and feedback

The mechanism described in this section allows the user to interact with the service, for example for voting applications. The main entry point for interactivity services is the InteractivityData fragment in the SG (see section 5.1.2.10). This InteractivityData fragment points to one or more interactivity media documents, which contain the actual interactivity media objects.

### 5.3.6.1 Interactivity Media Document

An instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' represents details of an interactive component of a service. This component is thought as interactive means for a user to consume the service. The interactive component can consist of multiple instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' and can be associated to both services and individual pieces of services through the 'InteractivityData' fragment of the Service Guide. In practice, the contents of an 'InteractivityMediaDocument' triggers the Terminals to render the details of the interaction(s) "interactivity media objects" message onto the GUI which in turn is thought to prompt the user of the terminal to react on it..

### 5.3.6.1.1 Media Object Group and Media Object Set

Each instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' can consist of multiple media object groups, and each media group can consist of one or more media object sets. A media object set is a bundle of related media objects to be rendered as a unit (e.g. XHTML pages + external stylesheet + pictures) and clearly identified as pertaining to a specific interactivity technology (SMS, MMS template, XHTML...). From each media object group only one media object set is rendered at the same time by the terminal. This is indicated by the media object set with the highest relative priority, expressed by the element 'RelativePreference', and that is besides supported by the terminal. If a media object set is not supported by the alternative text.

The media objects of a media object set are packed into one file bundle transported separately from the instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' (except for email and SMS). The element 'MediaObjectGroup' of InteractivityMediaDocument' only describes each media set the involved interactivity technology, the type of included media objects, and the file delivery information needed to retrieve the set of media objects. This decoupled structure allows the terminal to discard the unsupported media object sets at the very beginning of file bundle reception, and more importantly to avoid storing them. Content promotion can be enabled by one media object group in the InteractivityMediaDocument . By referring to this same media object group through the attributeOnActionPointer of the element 'ActionDescriptor' the terminal will always return to the same media object set when the end-user triggered the terminal to send out a message over the interaction channel. Referring to information on an external web-site can be enabled by declaring one media object group with an XHTML MP media object set in the InteractivityMediaDocument . By omitting the attribute OnActionPointer of the element 'ActionDescriptor', the XHTML hyperlinks can refer the user to external web-sites. Further, SMS-URIs according to [URI-Schemes] can also be embedded in XHTML. If the Terminal supports XHTML, is SHALL support SMS URIs [URI-Schemes].

Time-dependent behaviour of the interaction can be enabled by defining 3 media object groups in the InteractivityMediaDocument . The first media group defines the media to start with, e.g. a list of possible answers of a voting. When the user answers in time (as defined by the attribute InputAllowedTime of the element 'ActionDescriptor'), the user is presented the media object set from the second media group (as defined by the OnActionPointer). If the user waits too long or does not provide any input the media object set from the third media group is presented (as defined by the attribute OnTimeOutPointer of the element 'ActionDescriptor'). Setting the Update Flag in turn in an instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' having group position zero to ''true'' enables the rendering of the media object set for the next question. When the amount of time represented by the attribute InputAllowedtime is passed the terminal will start listening to the file delivery channel for an instance of InteractivityMediaDocument with a higher value of GroupPosition.

Interactivity Media Document can specify that interaction sent back from device to service provider shall be distributed over time, e.g. to avoid overload in network nodes or links caused by too many simultaneous interactivity messages sent back. The explicit signaling of the required parameters in Interactivity Media Document prevails, for that interaction, over default values possibly signaled in the corresponding 'Interactivity Data' fragment.

Instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' and the files declared in the element 'MediaObjectSet' are delivered using BCAST File Distribution Function. The system MAY deliver instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocuments' and associated files over broadcast file distribution or serve those over interactive channel. Terminals supporting the interactive channel SHALL support reception of the instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocuments' and the associated files over broadcast file distribution.

#### 5.3.6.1.2 Format of Interactivity Media Document

The following table defines the message format of Interactivity Media Documents. . The XML schema for this message format is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-InteractivityMedia].

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Interactivity MediaDocum ent	Ε	NO/TM	1N	The InteractivityMediaDocument defines the actual InteractivityMedia objects Contains the following attributes: groupID groupPosition id version validFrom validFrom validTo Contains the following sub-elements: MediaObjectGroup	
groupID	А	NM/TM	1	ID of the group of Interactivity Media document, globally unique	anyURI
groupPositio n	А	NM/TM	1	Relative position of this document in the group. The greater value has higher priority to handle (i.e 2 has higher priority than 1).	unsignedSho rt
id	А	NM/TM	1	ID of the InteractivityMediaDocument, globally unique.	anyURI
version	Α	NM/TM	1	Version of this fragment. The newer version overrides the older one with the same id as soon as it has been received.	unsignedInt
validFrom	А	NM/TM	01	The first moment when the media object sets in this document is valid to be rendered. If not given, the media object sets SHALL be rendered as soon as they are available. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
validTo	A	NM/TM	01	The last moment when the media object set is valid to be rendered. If not given the rendering is assumed to end in undefined time in the future. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps. Whenever there is an InteractivityMediaDocument available with the same GroupID but with a higher GroupPosition and the 'validFrom' time of that InteractivityMediaDocument arrives, the terminal SHALL stop rendering the current document and render the new InteractivityMediaDocument.	unsignedInt
MediaObject Group	E1	NM/TM	1N	Grouping of the media object sets, which serve the same purpose during interactivity, e.g. as a	

				starting media object set, as a media object set to be shown after action was taken or to be shown after time-out was reached. Has the following attributes: id startMediaFlag Has the following sub-elements: ActionDescriptor BackOffTiming MediaObjectSet SMSTemplate EmailTemplate VoiceCall Weblink Alternative text	
id	А	NM/TM	1	The ID of the media group	anyURI
startMediaFl ag	А	NM/TM	1	The flag indicates, whether the media object sets in this MediaObject Group should be started with. There SHALL only be one MediaObjectGroup with this flag set to "true" in an InteractivityMediaDocument	boolean
Action Descriptor	E2	NM/TM	01	The action descriptor describes the behaviour of the terminal when the media objects enable end- user input. Has the following attributes inputAllowedTime onTimeOutPointer updateFlag onActionPointer	
inputAllowed Time	A	NM/TM	01	The last moment the terminal allows the end-user to provide end-user input for the active media object set in this media object group. This field is expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
onTimeOutP ointer	A	NM/TM	01	This pointer refers to the ID of a media object group in this InteractivityMediaDocument. When the InputAllowedTime is passed the terminal SHALL present the appropriate media object set of the media object group indicated by this pointer. The terminal SHALL NOT present this media object set if the terminal has already presented the media object set indicated by the OnActionPointer.	anyURI
updateFlag	A	NM/TM	01	Whenever this flag is "true" the terminal shall listen to and fetch the following interactivity media document and the associated media objects from the file delivery stream when the Inputallowedtime is passed. The following inter- activity media document is identified by the document with the same group ID and a higher GroupPosition number.	boolean

onActionPoin	Α	NM/TM	01	This pointer refers to the ID of a media object	anyURI
ter				group in this interactivity media document. When the end-user undertakes action before the InputAllowedTime, which triggers the terminal to send out a message over the interaction channel (e.g. MMS, SMS or HTTP request), the terminal SHALL present the appropriate media object set of the media object group indicated by this pointer.	
				If this pointer refers to the same ID as the current media object group, the terminal SHALL return to the same media object set after completing the action. In this case InputallowedTime and OnTimeOutPointer SHALL NOT be declared.	
BackOffTimi ng	E2	NM/TM	01	This element specifies timing behaviour of interaction sent back from the device to the service provider. Its purpose is to provide a mechanisms that ensures distribution over time of feedback sent from receivers, e.g. in order to avoid overload in nodes or links. If present, the interaction, if any, SHALL be sent back in the time interval [OffsetTime, OffsetTime+RandomTime] after the event that triggered the interactivity (e.g. user feedback). The exact time within the allowed time window shall be random with uniform probability. Explicit timing behaviour expressed in Interactivity Media Document prevails over possible default timing behaviour expressed in InteractivityData.	
offsetTime	A	NM/TM	1	The OffsetTime specifies the minimum time that a device SHALL wait after an event that triggers interaction (e.g. user input), before sending the interaction. The unit is seconds (fractions can be expressed using data type Decimal). OffsetTime shall be a non-negative number.	decimal
randomTime	A	NM/TM	1	The RandomTime refers to the time window length over which a device SHALL calculate a random time for the transmission of interaction. The method provides for statistically uniform distribution over a relevant period of time. The device SHALL calculate a uniformly distributed random time out of the interval between 0 and RandomTime. The unit is seconds (fractions can be expressed using data type Decimal). RandomTime shall be a non-negative number.	decimal
MediaObject Set	E2	NM/TM	0N	A media object set is defines the media objects attached to one interactivity technology proposed in the MediaObjectGroup. These media objects are related to each other, and form an interactivity unit to be rendered upon MediaObjectGroup activation (provided this interactivity technology is the one selected for rendering).	

				The set of media objects is not stored in the	
				MediaObjectGroup itself (i.e. in the InteractivityMediaDocument ) but as another	
				external file, where this external file is :	
				either one uncompressed media file (like a .3GP	
				video, a .JPEG picture).	
				or one GZIP archive file containing one or several compressed media objects (a .GZ file e.g.	
				containing a compressed SMIL + 3GP video +	
				text)	
				The GZIP archive format is the one defined in	
				[RFC 1951] and [RFC 1952]. In case the archive	
				contains multiple media objects, it consists of the	
				plain concatenation of each compressed media object (i.e. each GZIP member), as specified in	
				section 2.2 of [RFC 1952].	
				The optional FNAME field SHOULD be set by	
				the sender in each GZIP member header, with an	
				FNAME value in accordance with the 'Object' Content-Location one (see below Content-	
				Location description).	
				1 /	
				The 'MediaObjectSet' element contains the following attributes:	
				relativePreference	
				Content-Type	
				Content-Location	
				The language of a MediaObjectSet element is	
				expressed by using the built-in XML attribute	
				xml:lang with this element.	
				The 'MediaObjectSet' element contains the following elements:	
				Description	
				File	
				Object	
relativePrefe	А	NM/TM	01	This attribute gives the RelativePreference of this	unsignedInt
rence				media object set. The greater value has higher priority to handle (i.e 2 has higher priority than	(32 bits)
				1).	
				If multiple media object sets'MediaObjectSet'	
				elements are declared instantiated in the	
				'MediaObjectGroup', the BCAST application	
				SHALL render the 'MediaObjectSet'media object	
				set with the highest value of this attribute among the 'MediaObjectSet' elementsrelative preference	
				among the media object sets it supports.	
				If multiple 'MediaObjectSet' elements are	
				instantiated in 'InteractivityMediaDocument' then	
					1
				all the 'MediaObjectSet' elements SHALL have	
				mutually exclusive values of 'RelativePreference'.	
				mutually exclusive values of 'RelativePreference'. If multiple 'MediaObjectSet' elements are	
				mutually exclusive values of 'RelativePreference'.	

				the 'RelativePreference' attributes are instantiated,	
				all the 'MediaObjectSet' elements SHALL have	
				mutually exclusive values of 'RelativePreference'.	
Content- Type	А	NM/TM	1	Gives the media type of the 'MediaObjectSet''s external file :	string
				If this media type is 'application/x-gzip', the external file is a GZIP archive file containing one or several media objects.	
				Otherwise (in this version of the specification) the external file is one uncompressed media file (e.g. 'video/3gpp' for a 3GP video file containing a SMIL presentation).	
				In case the external file is transported by FLUTE, this attribute MUST match the 'File' Content- Type value provided in the FDT instance(s) describing this file.	
Content- Location	A	NM/TM	1	Uniquely identifies the 'MediaObjectSet''s external file within the file delivery session.	anyURI
				In case this external file is transported by FLUTE, this attribute MUST match the 'File' Content- Location value provided by the FDT instance(s) describing this file.	
Description	E3	NM/TM	0N	Description of the Media Object Set, possibly in multiple languages. This can be used to provide the end-user extra information regarding the Media Object Set content.	string
				The language is expressed using built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	
Object	E3	NM/TM	0N	Describe each media object contained in the media object set.	
				Depending on 'MediaObjectSet''s external file nature:	
				if a single uncompressed file, this element is not needed unless it can provide supplemental information not given by parent 'MediaObjectSet'	
				(such as 'PartType', etc.).	
				if a GZIP archive, the sequence order of 'Object's in 'MediaObjectSet' MUST be the same as the	
				sequence of members in the GZIP archive (side- by-side relationship between 'Object' sequence and GZIP members).	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				Content-Location Content-Type	
				start	
				Contains the following elements:	
				PartType	
Content-	А	NM/TM	01	If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is an	anyURI
Location				uncompressed file: useless.	
				If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is a GZIP archive:	
				The external file can be found by decompressing	

				the n-th member of the GZIP archive, given n is the position of the 'Object' in the 'MediaObjectSet'. The Content-Location value SHALL be a Relative-Path Reference as defined in [RFC 3986] and SHALL represent the sub-folder(s) + the filename of the deflated GZIP member to be used on storage. This relative storage content location is intended to be directly pointed by common markup language references (typically via src="" and href""). If present, the FNAME field of the GZIP member MAY be verified against the filename part of Content-Location, ignoring case differences. In case these two values differ, the terminal MAY choose to discard the Media Object Set. When storing the deflated media object, the terminal MUST create any indicated sub-folder(s) specified in the Content-Location, and store the media object in the leaf sub-folder, using the file name indicated in the Content-Location. The terminal SHOULD preserve the letter case specified in the Content-Location value when deflating the subfolders and the media file locally. The dot-segment "." MUST be supported. Content-Location value SHALL be unique within the sequence of 'Object' elements belonging to the same 'MediaObjectSet' in the following respect: A folder (including root folder) SHALL	
				discard the Media Object Set in case a naming conflict is detected. For security reasons, the terminal SHOULD discard the Media Object Set if one or several dot-segments "" are present in the Content- Location.	
Content- Type	А	NM/TM	1	If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is an uncompressed file: useless (information already given in 'MediaObjectSet'). If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is a GZIP archive: Gives the media type of the GZIP archive member mapped to the 'Object'.	string
start	A	NM/TM	01	If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is an uncompressed file, or else a GZIP archive containing one media object: useless (implicitly "true"). If 'MediaObjectSet''s external file is a GZIP archive containing multiple media objects : This attribute must be set to "true" for exactly one 'Object' and one only in the 'Object' sequence, the "start media object" on which the interactivity	boolean

				client must be launched.	
				Default value, and applicable value for the other 'Object' elements : false	
PartType	E4	NM/TM	0N	Indicates the media types that should be supported also in order to correctly render an 'Object' consisting of several sub-media objects. E.g. a 3GP "Extended-presentation profile" would be one 'Object' with one "application/smil" 'PartType' advertising the presence of a SMIL presentation in the file.	string
File	E3	NO/TM	01	Present in case ALC without FLUTE is used for the delivery of 'MediaObjectSet''s external file. Structure identical to the 'File' child element of 'FileDescription' in the Access fragment.	
Content- Location	А	NO/ TM	1	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	anyURI
ΤΟΙ	А	NO/ TM	1	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	positiveInteg er
Content- Length	А	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
Transfer- Length	А	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
Content- Type	А	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	string
Content- Encoding	А	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	string
Content- MD5	А	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	base64Binar y
FEC-OTI- FEC- Encoding-ID	А	NO/TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedByt e
FEC-OTI- FEC- Instance-ID	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
FEC-OTI- Maximum- Source- Block-Length	А	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
FEC-OTI- Encoding- Symbol- Length	A	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
FEC-OTI- Max- Number-of- Encoding- Symbols	А	NO/ TM	01	See RFC 3926, section 3.4.2	unsignedLon g
FEC-OTI- Scheme- Specific-Info	А	NO/TM	01	This attribute MAY be used to communicate FEC information which is not adequately represented by the other attributes related to FEC.	base64Binar y
SMSTemplat e	E2	NM/TM	01	Contains the following attributes: relativePreference Contains the following elements: Description	

				SelectChoice	
				Selectenoice	
				Note: the SMSTemplate is a media object set, although not encoded using the 'MediaObjectSet' generic structure.	
				Note: The SMS Template provides information about the option(s) in an interaction, but does not	
				contain rendering information. If rendering is to be specified by the service provider, the interaction can alternatively be described in an XHTML document with in-lined SMS URIs.	
relativePrefe rence	А	NM/TM	01	This attribute gives the RelativePreference of this SMSTemplate.	unsignedInt
				If multiple media object sets are declared in the MediaObjectGroup, the BCAST application SHALL render the media object set with the highest relative preference of the media object sets it supports.	
Description	E3	NM/TM	0N	Text describing the interaction to the end user, possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string
				This text can e.g. describe the overall scope of the interaction, valid for all interaction options described below. It might e.g. also contain information about the prize of the SMS interaction.	
text	A	NO/TM	01	This attribute can contain a string that can be inserted into SMS messages specified by SMS- URI attributes below.	string
				Note: this attribute enables message size savings for the case where the same text appears in the SMS bodies of several choices, i.e. if multiple SelectChoice elements are present	
SelectChoice	E3	NM/TM	0N	Contains the following attributes:	
				smsURI	
				Contains the following elements: ChoiceText	
				Note: For an interaction with multiple choices	
				(like a voting between several options), the SelectChoice elements describe the different	
				options to the user, and declare the SMS	
				interaction to be executed when the user selects	
				this option. For an interaction with one choice (e.g. an offer to purchase merchandise like a	
				ringtone), there is only one SelectChoice element. Rendering of the choice(s) to the user is out of	
smsURI	A	NM/TM	1	scope of this specification. SMS receiver address and payload encoded as	anyURI
		1 1111/ 1 171	-	"sms:" URI scheme.	uny Orti
				Value of this attribute SHALL comply with "sms:" URI scheme [URI-Schemes], with the following exceptions:	
				If the sms-body [URI-Schemes] of the sms URI	

				scheme contains the string "\$userid\$", it shall be replaced by the user ID.	
				If the sms-body [URI-Schemes] of the sms URI	
				scheme contains the string "\$deviceid\$", it shall	
				be replaced by the device ID. If the sms-body [URI-Schemes] of the sms URI	
				scheme contains the string "\$userinput\$", it	
				should be replaced by a string that the user can	
				enter. This may be an empty string. If \$userinput\$	
				is present in the SMS-URI, the terminal SHALL open the SMS template in SMS editor (or similar)	
				to allow user input before sending the SMS. If,	
				however, the \$userinput\$ string is not present in	
				the sms-body, the terminal SHALL not provide the SMS for the end user to modify. The terminal	
				SHOULD prompt the end user before sending the	
				SMS out.	
				If the sms-body [URI-Schemes] of the sms URI	
				scheme contains the string "\$text\$", it SHALL be replaced by the string signalled in the attribute	
				"Text" (if this attribute is present).	
ChoiceText	E4	NM/TM	0N	Description of the inetraction option, possibly in	string
				multiple languages. This is used to provide the	
				end-user information on this interaction choice The language is expressed using the built-in XML	
				attribute xml:lang with this element.	
EmailTempla	E2	NO/TM	01	Contains attributes:	
te				relativePreference	
				toHeader ccHeader	
				bccHeader	
				subjectHeader	
				Contains the following elements:	
				Description	
				MessageBody	
				Note: the EmailTemplate is a media object set,	
				although not encoded using the 'MediaObjectSet' generic structure.	
relativePrefe	А	NO/TM	01	This attribute gives the RelativePreference of this	unsignedInt
rence				EmailTemplate.	
				If multiple media object sets are declared in the	
				MediaObjectGroup, the BCAST application SHALL render the media object set with the	
				highest relative preference of the media object	
				sets it supports.	
toHeader	A	NO/TM	1	The e-mail recipient(s) as defined in [RFC 2822]	string
ccHeader	A	NO/TM	01	The e-mail cc-recipient(s) as defined in [RFC 2822]	string
bccHeader	А	NO/TM	01	The e-mail bcc-recipient(s) as defined in [RFC 2822]	string
subjectHeade r	А	NO/TM	01	The e-mail subject header as defined in [RFC 2822]	string
Description	E3	NO/TM	0N	Description of the Email Template, possibly in	string

				multiple languages. This can be used to provide the end-user extra information regarding the Email message. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	
MessageBody	E3	NO/TM	01	The e-mail message body (text format defined in [RFC 2822] The value of this element SHALL be base64- encoded. Note: At least one of Subjectheader and MessageBody in an EmailTemplate SHOULD be present	base64Binar y
VoiceCall	E2	NM/TM	01	Contains the following attributes: relativePreference Contains the following elements: Description PhoneNumber Note: the VoiceCallInteraction is a media object set, although not encoded using the 'MediaObjectSet' generic structure. It allows for voice call based interaction, by giving a description to the user and one or more telephone numbers that the user can call.	
relativePrefe rence	A	NO/TM	01	This attribute gives the RelativePreference of this VoiceCall interaction. If multiple media object sets are declared in the MediaObjectGroup, the BCAST application SHALL render the media object set with the highest relative preference of the media object sets it supports.	unsignedInt
Description	E3	NM/TM	0N	Text describing the interaction to the end user, possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element. This text can e.g. describe the overall scope of the interaction, valid for all interaction options described below. It might e.g. also contain information about the prize of the voice call interaction.	string
PhoneNumbe r	E3	NO/TM	0N	Phone number to which the terminal initiates a voice call when the interactivity related to this InteractivityMediaDocument is triggered. The terminal SHALL prompt the user before actually making the call. If several phone numbers are present, the user SHALL be able to select the one to be used. A terminal with voice call capabilities MUST support telephone URI [RFC 3966]. Further, a terminal with SIP capabilities MUST support SIP URI [RFC 3261].	anyURI
Weblink	E2	NM/TM	01	This provides a reference to an external website. Contains attributes:	

				- relativePreference	]
				- webURL	
				Contains the following elements:	
				- Description	
				Note: the Weblink is a media object set, although	
				not encoded using the 'MediaObjectSet' generic	
				structure.	
relativePrefe rence	А	NM/TM	01	This attribute gives the RelativePreference of this media object set.	unsignedInt
				If multiple media objects sets are declared in the MediaObjectGroup, the BCAST application SHALL render the media object set with the highest relative preference of the media object sets it supports.	
webURL	А	NM/TM	1	URL to an external website.	anyURI
Description	E3	NM/TM	0N	Description of the Weblink, possibly in multiple languages. This can be used to provide the end- user extra information regarding the Weblink. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string
AlternativeT ext	E2	NM/TM	0N	Alternative Text to be displayed if none of the other media object sets is supported by the terminal Possibly in multiple languages. The language is expressed using the built-in XML attribute xml:lang with this element.	string
PrivateExt	E1	NO/TO	01	An element serving as a container for proprietary or application-specific extensions.	
<proprietary elements&gt;</proprietary 	E2	NO/TO	0N	Any number of proprietary or application-specific elements that are not defined in this specification. These elements may further contain sub-elements or attributes.	

 Table 22: Data structure of InteractivityMediaDocument

The legend used in this table:

Type: E=Element, A=Attribute, E1=sub-element, E2=sub-element's sub-element, E[n]=sub-element of element[n-1]

Category: NM = Mandatory for network to support; NO = Optional for network to support; TM = Mandatory for terminal to support; TO = Optional for terminal to support

Cardinality: i.j = the number of the presented instance of this element/attribute is in the range from i to j. If i=0, this specific element/attribute is Optional for network to use, otherwise it is Mandatory for network to use.

#### 5.3.6.1.3 On the rendering

The terminal SHALL render the information contained in the instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' when these are completely and successfully retrieved from the file delivery stream and when the interactivity is scheduled to take place. When instances of 'InteractivityMediaDocuments' with the same GroupID are valid at the same time, the terminal SHALL render those media objects in the document with the highest GroupPosition.

The InteractivityMediaDocument defines the actual details, which enable e.g. voting or ringtone ordering. The terminal SHALL be able to acquire and render the media objects attached to the 'InteractivityMediaDocument' without interrupting the acquisition and rendering of the 'regular' broadcast media stream.

#### 5.3.6.1.4 MediaObjectSet parsing for interactivity technology selection

Information provided in the <MediaObjectSet> element is sufficient to determine whether the media object set is supported or not by the terminal. This without need to open and parse the external file bundle. The terminal MAY take guidance of the following rules to determine this support :

- if <MediaObjectSet>'s external file is a single uncompressed file, the media object set SHOULD be seen as "supported" if :
  - the "Content-Type" attribute value of the <MediaObjectSet> is supported, and
  - o if present, the "xml:lang" attribute value of the <MediaObjectSet> is suitable to the receiver, and
  - o if present, the <PartType>s values of the <Object> are all supported.
- if <MediaObjectSet>'s external file is an archive file, the media object set SHOULD be seen as "supported" if :
  - o if present, the "xml:lang" attribute value of the <MediaObjectSet> is suitable to the receiver, and
  - the "Content-Type" attribute value of each < Object> is supported, and
  - o if present, the <PartType>s values in each <Object> are all supported.

#### 5.3.6.1.5 MediaObjectSet definition for some interactivity technologies

A media object set conveying an MMS Message Template conforming to [MMSTEMP] SHALL consist of the following:

- one GZIP archive file containing all the media objects (Message Template Definition, MMS presentation part, fixed/replaceable media objects).
- one <MediaObjectSet>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/x-gzip", and containing :
  - one "MTD" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/vnd.omammsg-mtd+xml", and Start attribute set to "true".
  - zero or one "MMS presentation part" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/smil". If
     <MediaObjectSet> contains MMS presentation part, the sub-folder(s) SHALL NOT be used in <Content-Location> since MMS-SMIL cannot support sub-folder(s).

0

o one <Object> per other bundled file, if any (fixed/replaceable media objects).

**Note:** If the end user decides to interact as triggered by Media Object Set of type **MMS Message Template**, it implies that the Terminal SHALL be able to execute any interaction over the Interaction channel by sending the MMS (the filled-in MMS Template).

A media object set conveying an XHTML MP bundle conforming to [XHTMLMP11] SHALL consist of the following:

- one GZIP archive file containing all the media objects (e.g. XHTML MP page(s), external ECMAScript MP files, external WAP CSS stylesheets, audio/visual media objects...).
- one <MediaObjectSet>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/x-gzip", and containing :
  - one "XHTML MP" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml" and Start attribute set to "true".
  - o one <Object> per other bundled file, if any (that may be additional XHTML MP pages).

**Note:** If the end user decides to interact as triggered by Media Object Set of type **XHTML MP bundle**, it implies that the Terminal SHALL be able to execute any interaction over the Interaction channel by executing HTTP requests (following the hyperlinks present in XHTML). Further, if the Terminal supports SMS-based messaging, the Terminal SHALL be able to

support "sms:"-URI scheme as defined in section 5.3.6.1 and consequently be able to perform SMS-based interaction over the Interaction channel.

A media object set conveying a **3GPP PSS SMIL bundle** conforming for the presentation part to [3GPP 26.246R6]) SHALL consist of the following:

- one GZIP archive file containing all the media objects (SMIL presentation, audio/visual media objects...).
- one <MediaObjectSet>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/x-gzip", and containing :
  - one "3GPP PSS SMIL" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/smil" and Start attribute set to "true".
  - one <Object> per other bundled file, if any.

**Note:** If the end user decides to interact as triggered by Media Object Set of type **3GPP PSS SMIL bundle**, it implies that Terminal SHALL be able to execute any interaction over the Interaction channel by executing HTTP requests (following the hyperlinks present in SMIL). Further, if the Terminal supports SMS-based messaging, the Terminal SHALL be able to support "sms:"-URI scheme as defined in section 5.3.6.1 and consequently be able to perform SMS-based interaction over the Interaction channel.

A media object set conveying a **3GPP2 MSS SMIL bundle** conforming for the presentation part to [3GPP2 C.S0050]) SHALL consist of the following:

- one GZIP archive file containing all the media objects (SMIL presentation, audio/visual media objects...).
- one <MediaObjectSet>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/x-gzip", and containing :
  - one "3GPP2 MSS SMIL" <Object>, with Content-Type attribute set to "application/smil" and Start attribute set to "true".
  - one <Object> per other bundled file, if any.

Note: If the end user decides to interact as triggered by Media Object Set of type 3GPP2 MSS SMIL bundle, it implies that Terminal SHALL be able to execute any interaction over the Interactive Channel by executing HTTP requests (following the hyperlinks present in SMIL). Further, if the Terminal supports SMS-based messaging, the Terminal SHALL be able to support "sms:"-URI scheme as defined in section 5.3.6.1 and consequently be able to perform SMS-based interaction over the Interactive Channel.

See Appendix C for some informative examples of <MediaObjectSet> elements.

### 5.3.6.1.6 Using URI scheme "sms:"

Terminals that support SMS-based messaging and/or that support XHTML based Media Object Sets SHALL support the "sms:" URI scheme as specified in [URI-Schemes] as a valid scheme for hyperlinks.

### 5.3.6.1.7 Service Interaction using MMS Message Template

This section describes how to retrieve and use MMS Message Template for Service Interaction.

#### 5.3.6.1.7.1. Service Interaction retrieval

The terminal SHALL retrieve MMS Message Template from InteractivityMediaDocument (refer to 5.3.6.1). The terminal MAY retrieve MMS Message Template from MMS.

The terminal SHOULD store MMS Message Templates in its storage area after retrieval.

The terminal MAY use Application ID described in [MMSCONF] to launch client software, which handles MMS Message Template (MMS Message Template Client), in the case that the Template is retrieved from MMS.

#### 5.3.6.1.7.2. Service Interaction launch and feedback

The terminal SHALL launch MMS Message Template Client according to the timing described in InteractivityMediaDocument, in a similar way to the other Service Interaction methods.

MMS Message Template Client SHALL create Multimedia Message (MM) according to the process defined in MMS Message Template Definition (MTD) [MMSTEMP].

After creating the resulting MM, MMS Message Template SHOULD send the Message to Service Application address defined in MTD.

### 5.3.6.2 Broadcast delivery of InteractivityMediaDocuments

The broadcast delivery of the instances 'InteractivityMediaDocument' and any associate files has the following characteristics and constraints. For the delivery the network SHALL

- use FLUTE file delivery session containing at least one FDT Instance,
- list all the delivered files in every instance of FDT,
- use the string "application/vnd.oma.bcast.imd+xml" as the value of 'Content-Type' for every instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument' in every FDT Instance and
- use the following convention for allocating the 'Content-Location' values for the instances of the 'InteractivityMediaDocument': <GroupID>:<GroupPosition> where the
- <GroupID> stands for the group identifier and <GroupPosition> for the group position represented by the instance of 'InteractivityMediaDocument'.

Furthermore in the case of broadcast delivery the network SHALL use the string "oma:bcast1.0:imd:" as the prefix of the interactivity media group identifier (GroupID).

### 5.3.6.3 Interactive delivery of InteractivityMediaDocuments

There are the two following mechanisms for delivering InteractivityMediaDocuments to the terminal using the interactive channel:

- using HTTP as the transport the terminal specifically requesting the InteractivityMediaDocuments from the network and
- using OMA PUSH the network pushing the InteractivityMediaObjects to the terminals.

If the terminal supports interactive channel, the terminal SHALL support the former and additionally if the terminal supports OMA PUSH, the terminal SHALL also support the latter. The destination for the HTTP requests is signaled in the 'InteractivityMediaURL' attribute of the 'InteractivityData' fragment representing the interactivity in question, see section 5.1.2.10 of [BCAST10-SG].

When the InteractivityMediaDocuments are delivered using OMA PUSH the content type SHALL be set to "application/vnd.oma.bcast.imd+xml".

#### 5.3.6.3.1 InteractivityMediaDocument request messages

When the terminal requests InteractivityMediaDocuments from the network, the terminal SHALL use HTTP POST

with the following syntax : "POST <host>/oma/bcast/imd HTTP/1.1\r\n<InteractivityMediaDocumentRequest>" where the <host> denotes the part of the URI representing the address of the host. Both the HTTP POST request and the corresponding HTTP response MAY also contain the following HTTP header fields:

- 'Content-Length',
- 'Content-Type' which if used SHALL be set to "text/xml" and

• 'Host' in case the 'Request-URI' is not in the absolute form specified in [RFC 2616].

The following XML structure defines the syntax for the 'InteractivityMediaDocumentRequest' placed into the payload of the HTTP POST request.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Interactivity MediaDocum entRequest	E			The request to be used by the terminal to request InteractivityMediaDocuments. Contains the following attributes: requestID	
				Contains the following elements: UserID DeviceID GroupID	
requestID	A	0	01	Identifier for the InteractivityMediaDocument request message.	unsignedInt
UserID	E1	0	0N	The user identity known to the BSM. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
DeviceID	E1	0	0N	A unique device identification known to the BSM. Contains the following attributes: type	string
type	A	M	1	Specifies the type of Device ID. Allowed values are 0 – DVB Device ID 1 – 3GPP Device ID (IMEI)[3GPP TS 23.003] 2 – 3GPP2 Device ID (MEID)[3GPP2 C.S0072] 3-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
GroupID	E1	М	1	ID of the requested group of InteractivityMediaDocument, globally unique The GroupID is carried in BCAST SG fragment called InteractivityData	anyURI

#### Table 23: Structure of Interactivity Media Document Request

The following XML structure defines the syntax for the 'InteractiveMediaDocumentResponse' placed into the payload of the HTTP response of the HTTP POST request.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Interactivity	Е			The response to the	

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MediaDocum entResponse				'InteractivityMediaDocumentRequest' message.	
				Contains the following attributes: requestID statusCode	
				Contains the following elements: InteractivityMediaDocument	
requestID	А	0	01	Identifier for the corresponding InteractivityMediaDocument request message.	unsignedInt
status Code	А	М	1	The overall outcome of the request, according to the return codes defined in section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
Interactivity MediaDocum ent	E1	М	1	The InteractivityMediaDocument as specified in 5.2.6.1	complexTyp e

Table 24: Structure of Interactivity Media Document Response

# 5.4 Personalization/Support for User-based Profiles and Preferences

# 5.4.1 User-based Profiles over Broadcast Channel

The BCAST Enables targeted reception through delivery of user-based profiles over the broadcast channel using the Service Guide. The "TargetUserProfile" element of Service Guide SHALL be used for that purpose.

Exact terminal behavior for interpreting the "TargetUserProfile" is not specified. However, the terminal MAY be able to filter the Service Guide based on the "TargetUserProfile".

# 5.4.2 Communicating the End User Preferences to Network

The terminal MAY communicate the End User preferences to the network using the scheme defined in this section. Both the Terminal and the network MAY support the scheme. The behavior of the network and any subsequent actions beyond providing the End User preferences are not specified in BCAST Enabler.

The data structure for communicating the End User preferences from terminal to network is as follows:

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
EndUserPref erences	E	0		The end user preferences signalled to the Service Provider	
				Contains the following elements: UserID Preference	
UserID	E1	М	1	User Identity known to the BSM. It describes The identification of the end user whose preferences are described here. Contains the following attribute: type	string
type	А	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI	unsignedByt e

Preference	E1	M	1N	<ul> <li>2 - URI</li> <li>3 - IMPI</li> <li>4 - MSISDN</li> <li>5 - MIN</li> <li>6-127 reserved for future use</li> <li>128-255 reserved for proprietary use</li> <li>The attribute-value pair describing an individual preference. NOTE: the exact attribute for preference shall be defined by service or content provider.</li> <li>Contains the following attributes: attribute value</li> </ul>	
attribute	А	М	1	Attribute being described	string
value	А	М	1	Value of the attribute	string

#### Table 25: Structure of End User Preference Message

The above data structure SHALL be instantiated as XML instance according to XML Schema [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Userpreference].. The XML instance in turn SHALL be communicated from terminal to network by HTTP POST. For confidentiality, HTTPS based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246] MAY be used.

# 5.5 Charging

This section specifies the use of OMA Charging Enabler to realize the charging of OMA Mobile Broadcast Services. OMA Charging Enabler defines a set of interfaces to allow other Enablers to access the charging functionality. The interfaces are specified in [OMA Charging AD]. This section defines how, when and by whom the charging is triggered and which functional entity invokes the charging using the interface of OMA Charging Enabler. This section also defines the data that will be exchanged within the charging event.

# 5.5.1 Chargeable Events in the Scope of the BCAST Enabler

*Chargeable event* is a service delivery that has taken place, and can be specified and recorded. This section identifies chargeable events in the scope of the OMA Mobile Broadcast Services technical specification. It should be noted that chargeable events can also occur for example in a Broadcast Distribution System or in other entities of the OMA BCAST Architecture to record the usage of the mechanisms that they provide (e.g. distribution and protection mechanisms) but these chargeable events are not specified in this document.

Not all chargeable events lead necessarily to a *charging event*, i.e. the sending of charging information to the Charging Enabler for further processing. The events that are actually charged for can depend on the implementation. Therefore, the list in this section should be regarded as a list of events that potentially trigger charging events.

Chargeable Event	Section where defined	Source of the event
Subscription-Based Charging		
Subscribe/Purchase Request	5.1.5, 5.1.6	BSM
End-user subscribes or purchases a certain service based on information received through the Service Guide.	[BCAST10-Architecture] 5.4.6.1	
Subscription Update	5.1.5, 5.1.6	BSM
In case of open-ended subscriptions, the BSM may need to generate charging information from time to time until the subscription is cancelled.	[BCAST10-Architecture] 5.4.6.7	
Unsubscribe Request	5.1.6.7	BSM
Open-ended subscriptions, and possibly other subscriptions, are valid until they are cancelled by the end-user. Depending on the contract, they	[BCAST10-Architecture] 5.4.6.8	

man also have to be somealled (and someoned by issuing a second second	ſ		
may also have to be cancelled (and renewed by issuing a new order			
request) when the price per subscription period changes.			
Consumption-Based Charging			
Token Purchase Request	5.1.5, 5.1.6	BSM	
Token Purchase Request can be used to order tokens that can be used in consumption-based charging models. As to calls to the Charging Enabler, tokens can be used in two ways:	[BCAST10-Architecture] 5.4.6.9		
• Pre-paid tokens: When the BCAST client orders tokens, BSM calls the Charging Enabler and tokens are charged as they are ordered before the actual service delivery			
• Post-paid tokens: When the BCAST client orders tokens, if the subscriber uses online charging, a respective credit reservation is made. In the offline case, a positive credit response is assumed implicitly. Used service units are reported to the Charging Enabler only when the BCAST client reports used tokens to the BSM.			
<b>NOTE!</b> It is important to note here that the prepaid/postpaid distinction is independent of the type of the subscriber's account in the Charging Infrastructure (i.e. pre-paid or post-paid subscription).			
Service Interaction			
Interactive Service Ordering	[BCAST10-Architecture]	BSI-G	
The end-user reacts to an interaction pointer and requests for an additional service, such as voting or related value-added content. Charging for interactive service ordering is in the BCAST Enabler's scope only in simple cases where the additional service can be identified with a simple combination of a purchase item ID and purchase option or equivalent. In more complex cases, it is likely that service interaction is redirected to a separate application the charging of which is outside the scope the BCAST Enabler.	5.4.5		

#### Table 26: List of chargeable events

# 5.5.2 When to Trigger Calls to the Charging Enabler

This section identifies when charging information needs to be sent to the Charging Enabler in relation to the different chargeable events.

In the case of Subscription/Purchase Request, Subscription Update, Unsubscribe, Token Purchase Request, or Interactive Service Ordering, the high-level charging flow is the following:

- When the request arrives, before service delivery
  - The BCAST Enabler implementation may know based on pre-configured information or through a query to an external system whether online or offline charging interface should be used towards the Charging Enabler. It this information is not available, the BCAST Enabler may assume online and make the first request to the online (CH-2) interface, which may return an error code indicating that offline should be used.
  - o If online charging is to be used, send an Initial Request using CH-2 to make a credit reservation
- During service delivery
  - In the online case, Interim Requests to CH-2 may be needed if the quota granted in the previous step(s) is depleted
- After service delivery
  - o If the online-offline determination outcome was offline, report service usage using CH-1

• If the online-offline determination outcome was online, report the final service usage step using Termination Request of CH-2

## 5.5.3 BCAST-related Information in Charging Messages

This section specifies how charging information for BCAST services is mapped to Charging Message in Charging Enabler.

### 5.5.3.1 Subscription-Based Charging: Subscribe/Purchase, Subscription Update, Unsubscribe Request

BCAST field name or value constants			Description
Value: BCAST@openmobilealliance.org	String	Service Context Id	Fixed value to identify the service specification in the context of which the charging events must be interpreted.
Values: SUBSCRIBE, SUBSCRPITION_UPDATE, UNSUBSCRIBE (for Subscription-Based Charging)	String	Service Identifier	Identifies more precisely the type of service within the context defined by the Service Context Id. NOTE: Different from Service ID.
Field: UserID	String	Subscription Id Data	The globally unique identity of the subscriber
Field: type attribute under UserID	unsignedByte	Subscription Id Type	Type of the subscriber identity (e.g. MSISDN, IMSI, SIP_URI)
Field: PurchaseItemID	anyURI	Service Key	The globally unique ID of the Service Guide fragment that describes what the end-user has ordered or cancelled. It should be noted that a particular Service Item may be available through several Purchase Items (e.g. because of bundling and several order options or purchase channels).
Values: depending on context	String	Billing Information	Depending on the deployment, different identifiers can be used here to enable correlation between the charging events generated by BCAST service entities and charging events generated by other entities (such as distribution entities or content protection mechanisms).
Field: Price	Double	Unit Value, Value Digits, Exponent	Amount to be reserved/debited from the end-user's account. In case of reservation, the listed data elements must be included in the requested service units data element. In case of reporting units to be debited, the used service units data element must be used in the charging interface.
Field: currency	String	Currency Code	Numeric representation of Currency Code as specified in ISO4217
Field: DeviceID	unsignedInt	User Equipment Info Data	A unique device identification known to the BSM

Field: type attribute under DeviceID element	unsignedByte	User Equipment Info Type	The type of the unique device identification (e.g. IMEI, MEID, UDN).
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#### Table 27: Mapping table for Subscription based Charging

### 5.5.3.2 Consumption-Based Charging: Token Purchase Request

BCAST field name or value constants	Туре	OMA Data Elements in Charging interface	Description
Value: BCAST@openmobilealliance.org	String	Service Context Id	Fixed value to identify the service specification in the context of which the charging events must be interpreted.
Values:TOKEN_PURCHASE (for Consumption-based charging)	String	Service Identifier	Identifies more precisely the type of service within the context defined by the Service Context Id. NOTE: Different from Service ID.
Field: UserID	String	Subscription Id Data	The globally unique identity of the subscriber
Field: type attribute under UserID	unsignedByte	Subscription Id Type	Type of the subscriber identity (e.g. MSISDN)
Field: PurchaseItemID	anyURI	Service Key	The globally unique ID of the Service Guide fragment that represents the token product.
Values: depending on context	String	Billing Information	Depending on the deployment, different identifiers can be used here to enable correlation between the charging events generated by BCAST service entities and charging events generated by other entities (such as distribution entities or content protection mechanisms).
Field: currency	String	Currency Code	Numeric representation of Currency Code as specified in ISO4217.If the Currency Code element is present, the Unit Value, Value Digits and Exponent elements below will be used.If the CurrencyCode element is not given, the Service Specific Units element below will be used.
Field: Price	Double	Unit Value, Value Digits, Exponent	<ul> <li>Amount to be reserved/debited</li> <li>from the end-user's account. These</li> <li>sub-elements of the Money data</li> <li>element are used in the charging</li> <li>interface if the BCAST Enabler is</li> <li>able to determine the price of the</li> <li>request (either in monetary or non-</li> <li>monetary terms).</li> <li>In case of reservation for post-paid</li> <li>tokens, the listed data elements</li> <li>must be included in the requested</li> </ul>

			service units data element. In case of reporting used post-paid tokens or ordering pre-paid tokens, the used service units data element must be used in the charging interface.
Field: Price	Double	Service Specific Units	Amount of tokens to be reserved/debited from the end- user's account. The Service specific units data element is used in the charging interface if price determination is left to the Charging Enabler. In case of reservation for post-paid tokens, the listed data elements must be included in the requested service units data element. In case of reporting used post-paid tokens or ordering pre-paid tokens, the used service units data element must be used in the charging interface.
Field: DeviceID	unsignedInt	User Equipment Info Data	A unique device identification known to the BSM
Field: type attribute under DeviceID element	unsignedByte	User Equipment Info Type	The type of the unique device identification (e.g. IMEI, MEID, UDN)

### 5.5.3.3 Service Interaction

Service interaction pointers may lead the end-user to a completely different service from BCAST (e.g. to MMS sending), and these external services usually have their own charging which is not in the scope of this specification. This specification, however, caters for cases where the additional interactive service does not have charging specified separately and the price of the interaction transaction is available to the BCAST Enabler or some part of the BCAST Enabler implementation can determine the price. Also cases where price determination is delegated to the Charging Enabler but price can be calculated simply based on the InteractivityDataId accessed can be supported.

BCAST field name or value constants	Туре	OMA Data Elements in Charging interface	Description
Value: BCAST@openmobilealliance.org	string	Service Context Id	Fixed value to identify the service specification in the context of which the charging events must be interpreted.
Value:SERVICE_INTERACTION (for Service Interaction)	string	Service Identifier	Identifies more precisely the type of service within the context defined by the Service Context Id. NOTE: Different from Service ID.
Field: UserID	string	Subscription Id Data	The globally unique identity of the subscriber
Field: type attribute under UserID	unsignedByte	Subscription Id Type	Type of the subscriber identity (e.g. MSISDN)
Field: InteractivityDataID	anyURI	Service Key	The globally unique ID of the Service Guide fragment that describes what the end-user has

			accessed.
Values: depending on context	string	Billing Information	Depending on the deployment, different identifiers can be used here to enable correlation between the charging events generated by BCAST service entities and charging events generated by other entities (such as distribution entities or content protection mechanisms).
Field: Price	double	Unit Value, Value Digits, Exponent	Amount to be reserved/debited from the end-user's account. In case of reservation, the listed data elements must be included in the requested service units data element. In case of reporting units to be debited, the used service units data element must be used in the charging interface.
Field: currency	string	Currency Code	Numeric representation of Currency Code as specified in ISO4217
Field: DeviceID	unsignedInt	User Equipment Info Data A unique device identific known to the BSM	
Field: type attribute under DeviceID element			The type of the unique device identification (e.g. IMEI, MEID, UDN)

Table 29: I	Mapping	table	for	Service	Interaction
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## 5.5.4 Exchange of charging data among systems

It can be assumed that entities that are reflected in the BCAST architecture may need to exchange business related data.

However, the BCAST enabler does not specify a defined format for the exchange of charging data between Broadcast Service Providers, or between a Broadcast Service Provider and a Content Provider.

# 5.6 Mobility

The location of the Terminal may change over time. Different usage scenarios typically involve different rates of change in the location of the Terminal. However, what is significant in the change is not the speed of the change but the fact that the change in the location of Terminal may involve a change in the set of available Mobile Broadcast Services. Along with the change in the location of Terminal the currently available transmission may become unavailable due to changing radio reception conditions. Alternatively, the change in Terminal's location may move the Terminal away from its currently available Broadcast Services Area. In both cases the current set of available Mobile Broadcast Services may change.

There are two cases to consider in the context of mobility and Mobile Broadcast Services. Firstly, the terminal may be currently receiving a Mobile Broadcast Service which is affected by the change. Secondly, the terminal may only be receiving and updating the Service Guide that is related to the Service, affected by the change. Both cases are exceptions in a normal service consumption process and require handling. In the former case, the change affects the current access to the Service while in the latter case the change affect to the possible ways of accessing the Service Guide.

This section provides normative specification for the network side (Service Guide function) to support the mitigation of mobility effects. On the network side the support for broadcast mobility is centralized in the Service Guide function. The methods outlined in the following sections are supported by the SG-D and MAY be used in the transmitted Service Guide.

## 5.6.1 Specifying Alternative Accesses for a Service

Service Guide allows describing several Accesses for a particular Service. The Service Guide can declare a Service in the Service Guide that MAY have several Accesses associated with it. In case the selected Access becomes unavailable due to mobility (or some other reason), the Terminal MAY continue accessing the Service via another Access given that the other Access semantically represents same or similar component of the Service.

## 5.6.2 Global Identification of Services and Content

The Service Guide MAY declare global identification for both Service (attribute GlobalServiceID in Service Fragment) and Content (attribute GlobalContentID in Content Fragment). Two fragments with the same global identifiers describe the same asset. How the terminal uses the global service identifier or the global content identifier is out of scope of this specification.

# 5.7 Broadcast Roaming

Broadcast Roaming allows a user to receive Broadcast Services from a Broadcast Service Provider different from his Home Broadcast Service Provider. This may happen, for example, when the user is not able to access the services provided by Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. In that case the Broadcast Roaming enables the user to receive Broadcast Services from another Broadcast Service Provider independent on the underlying Broadcast Distribution System.

The Mobile Broadcast Services (BCAST) 1.0 Enabler enables the Broadcast Roaming through the use of various functions of the enabler: through the Service Guide, through roaming signaling between Terminal and Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider, through roaming signaling between Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider and Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider and through the Terminal Provisioning function. The following gives the overview on how these functions relate in the context of Broadcast Roaming:

- Service Guide Delivery Descriptors (SGDD) within the Service Guide declare the existence of and availability of Service Guide fragments. The SGDD allows the Terminal to deduce which fragments are associated with which Mobile Broadcast Service Provider (through use of BSMFilterCodes). Related to this signaling, there are visibility rules that the terminals are expected to comply with. Further, SGDD enables a method to convey points of contact which the visiting terminals can contact in case Broadcast Roaming is needed. This aspect of Broadcast Roaming is normatively specified within the specification of SGDD, in section 5.4.1.5 of [BCAST10-SG].
- Terminal Provisioning enables the Home Broadcast Service Provider to maintain a terminal-resident elements used by the roaming function. These elements include the list of Service Providers (their BSMFilterCodes) affiliated with the terminal as well as entry details of default roaming contact point the server that terminal can send roaming requests in the case terminal does not find any other entry points within the Service Guide signaling. They also include parameter that determines whether the terminal initiates the service provisioning requests to Visited BSM or to Home BSM. Finally, these elements include parameters that can be used to control terminal behaviour in the context of Broadcast Roaming: an element that controls whether roaming requests should always be sent to Home BSM and an element that determines terminal behavior for fragments that are not associated with any BSMSelector. These aspects of Broadcast Roaming are normatively specified within this document, Appendix E (Management Object). In addition to using Terminal Provisioning, the management information in Appendix E can be pre-configured in the Terminal, or can be conveyed to the terminal by some other means which are out of scope of this specification.
- Roaming Rule request and response messages between Terminal and BSM associated with Home and/or Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider allow Terminals to request and Broadcast Service Providers to provide the visibility constraints defined by Roaming Rules. This aspect of Broadcast Roaming is normatively specified within this document (section 5.7.1). The contact points for the request messages are signaled within the SGDDs – that aspect of Broadcast Roaming is normatively specified within the specification of SGDD, in section 5.4.1.5 of [BCAST10-SG].
- Specific Service Provisioning messages that enable Terminal to request for service, request for Tokens and request for renewal of subscriptions. In the context of Broadcast Roaming, the Service Provisioning messages sent by the Terminal trigger roaming message exchange between Home and Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider. This aspect is normatively specified within this document (section 5.1). Subsequent of successful

Roaming Service Response, LTKMs can be delivered to the terminal (via Push LTKM with Smartcard profile or Trigger with DRM profile). The LTKM acquisition is not covered in this document as it is a Service and Content protection procedure.

- The roaming messages between Home and Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Providers allow the either the Home or Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider to initiate the roaming as a reaction to initial user roaming request. This aspect of Broadcast Roaming is normatively specified within this document (section 5.7.2).
- The informative walk-through of Broadcast Roaming is given in this document (Appendix E).

Broadcast Roaming in BCAST 1.0 allows a Terminal to be associated with multiple Home BSMs (and hence multiple BSMFilterCodes). While this allows a model wherein the Terminal is associated with different service providers, the primary use of this functionality will be of specifying different subscription types per a single provider.

Roaming agreements between Home Broadcast Service Provider and Visited Broadcast Service Provider and the related trust relationship are out of BCAST scope.

### 5.7.1 Roaming messages between Terminal and BSM

Terminal uses the RoamingRuleRequest to request the RoamingRules associated with BSMSelector (identified by the id of the selector). As a response, the Terminal receives RoamingRuleResponse that carry the RoamingRules.

The XML schema for these messages is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Roaming-frontend].

### 5.7.1.1 RoamingRuleRequest

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingRul eRequest	Е			Request message of Roaming Rules.	
				Contains the following elements:	
				UserID	
				HomeBSMFilterCode	
				BSMSelectorId	
UserID	E1	М	1	A unique ID that SHALL be used to identify the terminal in both the Home Service Provider and Visited Service Provider BCAST service area. Contains the following attributes:	string
				type	
type	Α	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
HomeBSMFil terCode	E1	M	1N	The code that specifies the Home BSM. Note, in case the Terminal has multiple BSMFilterCodes associated with it, all those codes SHALL be listed as individual "HomeBSMFilterCode" elements.	

				Contains the following attribute:	
type	Α	М	1	- type The type of BSMFilterCode.	unsignedByt
				1 – BSMCode (Smart Card Code)	e
				This is used if the determination is made based on	
				the country and operator code in the (U)SIM/(R-	
				)UIM/CSIM	
				2 – BSMCode (Non Smart Card Code): This is used if the determination is made based on	
				the country and operator code in the terminal	
				Other values are reserved.	
mobileCount ry	А	0	01	Mobile Country Code (3 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
Code				Applicable only when "type" == $1$	
mobileNetwo	А	0	01	Mobile Network Code (2 digits) as specified by	integer
rkCode				[3GPP TS 22.022].	
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCode	А	0	01	Network Subset Code (2 digits) as specified by	integer
elCoue				[3GPP TS 22.022].	
networkSubs	A	0	01	Applicable only when "type" == 1 Instead of providing an explicit code in attribute	intogor
etCodeRange	A	0	01	'networkSubsetCode', the terminal MAY instead	integer
Start				provide a continuous range of codes.	
				In such a case the terminal SHALL	
				provide the smallest code for the network to	
				accept in this attribute,	
				the greatest code in the attribute 'networkSubsetCodeRangeEnd' and	
				SHALL not instantiate attribute 'network SubsetCode'.	
				The network SHALL interpret all the code values	
				between the smallest and the greatest code as	
				values to be accepted. Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs	Α	0	01	This attribute signals the end of the range of	integer
etCodeRange			01	Network Subset Codes as specified above.	incyci
End				Applicable only when "type" $= 1$	
serviceProvid erCode	А	0	01	Service Provider Code as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	Byte
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
corporateCo de	А	0	01	Corporate Code as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	Byte
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
nonSmartCa rdCode	А	0	01	Value of BSMFilterCode when "type" == 2	string
BSMSelector Id	E1	М	1N	Identifier of the BSMSelector associated with BSM for which terminal is requesting Roaming Rules. The identified is unique within the network.	anyURI

5.7.1.2	RoamingRuleResponse
---------	---------------------

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingRul eResponse	Е			Response message of Roaming Rules	
				Contains the following element:	
				ResponseEntry	
ResponseEnt ry	E1	М	1N	Entry containing response to each requested BSMSelectorId	
				Contains the following element:	
				BSMSelectorId	
BSMSelector Id	E2	М	1	The BSMSelector associated with BSM for which	
Iu				terminal is requesting RoamingRules. Contains the following attribute:	
				id	
				Contains the following elements:	
				RoamingRule	
				exclusive	
id	А	М	1	Identifier of the BSMSelector, unique within the network	anyURI
RoamingRul e	E2	М	1N	Entry specifying the RoamingRule associated with BSMSelector. See section 5.7.1.3 for RoamingRuleType	RoamingRu leType
exclusive	А	0	01	Indicates whether the rules are exclusive. If "true", the rules are exclusive and terminal that accesses fragments covered by these rules (i.e. associated with the BSMSelectorId) SHALL NOT access fragments associated with any other BSMSelectorId.	boolean
				This means that – if this element is set to "true" – the Terminal SHALL only use the SG fragments of a single BSM at the time and not mix SG fragments from other BSM even if the Terminal already got access to those.	

Table 31: Structure of Roaming RuleResponse Message

### 5.7.1.3 Definition of Element RoamingRule

It is RECOMMENDED that:

- in case the roaming rules are not subject to frequent changes, the Network deliver them following a RoamingRuleRequest from the terminal.
- and, in case the roaming rules are subject to frequent changes, the Network deliver them through the RoamingRule element in the SGDD.

Note: delivery of roaming rules through SGDD over the interaction channel is not subject to any recommendation nor limitation.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingRul	Е	М	1	Specifies a Roaming Rule.	
e				Contains the following attributes:	
				allowAll	
				denyAll	

				Contains the following elements: TimeFrame	
				TimeFrame	
				AllowPurchaseItem	
				AllowPurchaseData	
				AllowService	
				AllowContent	
				DenyPurchaseItem	
				DenyPurchaseData	
				DenyService	
				DenyContent	
				The terminal SHALL interpret RoamingRule for each fragment so that in case 'allow' rule and 'deny' rule apply simultaneously, the 'deny' rule takes precedence.	
TimeFrame	E1	0	0N	Rule that defines the time frame(s) this	
				RoamingRule is applies to.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				startTime	
				endTime	
startTime	A	0	01	Start of the time frame. If not given, the time	unsignedInt
startrine	A	0	01	frame is assumed to have started at some time in	unsigneum
				the past. This field is expressed as the first 32bits	
				integer part of NTP time stamps.	
endTime	A	0	01	End of the time frame. If not given, the time	unsignedInt
churmie	A	0	01	frame is assumed to end at some time in the	unsignedint
				future. This field is expressed as the first 32bits	
				integer part of NTP time stamps.	
			0.1		1 1
allowAll	А	0	01	Rule that, when set to "true", allows the Terminal to use all the fragments associated with	boolean
				BSMFilterCode associated with these	
				RoamingRules.	
				The default value of this attribute is "false".	
				This attribute SHALL not be present if attribute	
				'denyAll' is present.	
denyAll	А	0	01	Rule that, when set to "true", prohibits the	boolean
				Terminal to use any the fragments associated with BSMFilterCode associated with these	
				RoamingRules.	
				The default value of this attribute "false".	
				This attribute SHALL not be present if attribute	
				'allowAll' is present.	
Allow PurchaseIte mId	E1	0	01	Rule that allows the Terminal to use the listed PurchaseItems.	
Id	E2	М	1N	This element contains value that represents	anyURI
				GlobalPurchaseItemID that is allowed to be	
				interpreted, rendered and accessed.	

Allow PurchaseDat aId	E1	0	01	Rule that allows the Terminal to use the listed PurchaseData items.	
Id	E2	М	1N	This element contains value that represents PurchaseData fragment ID that is allowed to be interpreted, rendered and accessed.	anyURI
Allow Service	E1	0	01	Rule that allows the Terminal to use the fragments corresponding to listed GlobalServiceIDs.	
Id	E2	М	1N	This element contains value that represents GlobalServiceID. Fragments associated with this GlobalServiceID are allowed to be interpreted, rendered and accessed.	anyURI
Allow Content	E1	0	01	Rule that allows the Terminal to use the fragments corresponding to listed ContentIDs.	
id	E2	М	1N	This element contains value that represents GlobalContentID. Fragments associated with this GlobalContentID are allowed to be interpreted, rendered and accessed.	anyURI
Deny PurchaseIte mId	E1	0	01	Rule that denies the Terminal to use the listed PurchaseItems.	
id	E2	М	1N	This element contains value that represents GlobalPurchaseItemID that is denied to be interpreted, rendered and accessed	anyURI
Deny PurchaseDat aId	E1	0	01	Rule that denies the Terminal to use the listed PurchaseData items.	
id	E2	М	1N	This element contains value that represents PurchaseData fragment ID that is denied to be interpreted, rendered and accessed	anyURI
Deny Service	E1	0	01	Rule that denies the Terminal to use the fragments corresponding to listed GlobalServiceIDs.	
id	E2	М	1N	This element contains value that represents GlobalServiceID. Fragments associated with this GlobalServiceID are denied to be interpreted, rendered and accessed.	anyURI
Deny Content	E1	0	01	Rule that denies the Terminal to use the fragments corresponding to listed ContentIDs.	
id	E2	М	1N	This element contains value that represents GlobalContentID. Fragments associated with this GlobalContentID are denied to be interpreted, rendered and accessed.	anyURI

#### Table 32: Structure of RoamingRule Element

## 5.7.2 Roaming messages between Home BSM and Visited BSM

Roaming messages between Home BSM and Visited BSM are used to carry out the roaming negotiation between the two BSMs. The exchange of these messages is triggered by the Terminal sending the Service Provisioning message. Four cases exist as follows.

If the value of Management Object "<X>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode" is assigned with value "false" the following SHALL apply:

Terminal sends Home BSM the Service Request message involving service provided by the Visited BSM. If the Home BSM deduces from the message that it needs to contact Visited BSM for to get clearance the request, the Home BSM SHALL send the 'RoamingServiceRequest' (section 5.7.2.2) to the Visited BSM. Visited BSM SHALL respond to the request by sending 'RoamingServiceResponse' (section 5.7.2.3). ). In case the response allows roaming, then the Home BSM sends a successful 'ServiceResponse' to the terminal. This leads to a subsequent LTKM delivery (push LTKM with Smartcard Profile or Trigger with DRM Profile).

If the value of Management Object "<X>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode" is assigned with value "true" the following SHALL apply:

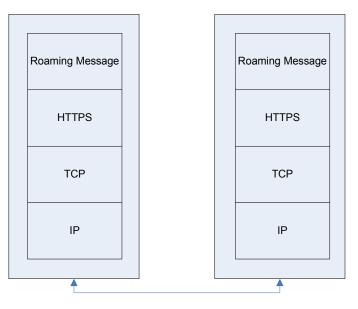
Terminal sends Visited BSM the Service Request message involving service provided by the Visited BSM. If the Visited BSM deduces from the message that it needs to contact Home BSM for to get clearance the request, the Visited BSM SHALL send the 'RoamingServiceRequest' (section 5.7.2.2) to the Home BSM. Home BSM SHALL respond to the request by sending 'RoamingServiceResponse' (section 5.7.2.3). In case the response allows roaming, then the Visited BSM sends a successful 'ServiceResponse' to the terminal. This leads to a subsequent LTKM delivery (push LTKM with Smartcard Profile or Trigger with DRM Profile).

The XML schema for these messages is defined in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Roaming-backend].

The Network MAY support Broadcast Roaming, the Terminal SHALL support Broadcast Roaming. IF operator supports roaming, backend interfaces for roaming SHALL be supported.

### 5.7.2.1 Protocol stack for message exchanges between BSMs

The following protocol stack SHALL be used for message exchange between BSMs. HTTP over TCP/IP SHOULD be used for the delivery of the roaming procedure authorisation messages. HTTPS based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246] SHALL be used in conjunction with TCP/IP to provide secure delivery of the authorisation messages.



### 5.7.2.2 RoamingServiceRequest

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingServ iceRequest	Е			Request message for Roaming Service between Home BSM and Visited BSM. Contains the following attributes: RequestID	
				Contains the following elements: HomeBSMFilterCode	

				VisitedBSMFilterCode	
				TerminalSubscriptionType	
				UserID	
				GlobalPurchaseItemID	
requestID	А	М	1	An ID that is unique in the scope of this exchange	unsignedInt
_				that SHALL be used throughout the roaming	C C
				subscription procedure. It SHALL be generated	
				by the party that initiates the message exchange when it first requests roaming registration.	
HomeBSMFil	E1	М	1	The code that specifies the Home BSM.	
terCode	LI	141	1	-	
				Contains the following attribute:	
turna		М	1	- type	
type	А	М	1	The type of BSMFilterCode.	unsigned Byte
				1 – BSMCode (Smart Card Code) This is used if the determination is made based on	-
				This is used if the determination is made based on the country and operator code in the $(U)SIM/(R-$	
				)UIM/CSIM	
				2 – BSMCode (Non Smart Card Code):	
				This is used if the determination is made based on	
				the country and operator code in the terminal	
				Other values are reserved.	
mobileCount	А	0	01	Mobile Country Code (3 digits) as specified by	integer
ryCode				[3GPP TS 22.022].	-
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
mobileNetwo rkCode	А	0	01	Mobile Network Code (2 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCode	А	0	01	Network Subset Code (2 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCodeRange Start	А	0	01	Instead of providing an explicit code in attribute 'networkSubsetCode', the network MAY instead provide a continuous range of codes.	integer
				In such a case the network SHALL	
				provide the smallest code for the terminal to	
				accept in this attribute,	
				the greatest code in the attribute	
				'networkSubsetCodeRangeEnd' and	
				SHALL not instantiate attribute 'network SubsetCode'.	
				The terminal SHALL interpret all the code values between the smallest and the greatest	
				code as values to be accepted.	
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs	А	0	01	This attribute signals the end of the range of	integer
etCodeRange		-		Network Subset Codes as specified above.	
End				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
serviceProvid	А	0	01	Service Provider Code as specified by [3GPP	Byte

erCode				TS 22.022].	
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
corporateCo de	А	0	01	Corporate Code as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	Byte
				Applicable only when "type" $= 1$	
nonSmartCa rdCode	А	0	01	Value of BSMFilterCode when "type" == 2	string
VisitedBSMF ilterCode	E1	М	1	The code that specifies the Visited BSM.	
				Contains the following attribute: - type	
type	А	М	1	The type of BSMFilterCode.	unsigned
				1 – BSMCode (Smart Card Code)	Byte
				This is used if the determination is made based on the country and operator code in the (U)SIM/(R-)UIM/CSIM	
				2 – BSMCode (Non Smart Card Code):	
				This is used if the determination is made based on the country and operator code in the terminal Other values are reserved.	
mobileCount ryCode	А	0	01	Mobile Country Code (3 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
mobileNetwo rkCode	А	0	01	Mobile Network Code (2 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCode	А	0	01	Network Subset Code (2 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCodeRange Start	A	0	01	Instead of providing an explicit code in attribute 'networkSubsetCode', the network MAY instead provide a continuous range of codes. In such a case the network SHALL	integer
				provide the smallest code for the terminal to accept in this attribute,	
				the greatest code in the attribute 'networkSubsetCodeRangeEnd' and	
				SHALL not instantiate attribute 'network SubsetCode'.	
				The terminal SHALL interpret all the code values between the smallest and the greatest code as values to be accepted.	
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCodeRange End	А	0	01	This attribute signals the end of the range of Network Subset Codes as specified above.	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
serviceProvid erCode	А	0	01	Service Provider Code as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	Byte
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
corporateCo	Α	0	01	Corporate Code as specified by [3GPP TS	Byte

de				22.022].	
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
nonSmartCa rdCode	А	0	01	Value of BSMFilterCode when "type" == 2	string
Terminal Subscription Type	E1	М	1	A field that SHALL indicate the subscription scope of the terminal in terms of roaming. The Home Service Provider and the Visited Service Provider have a common understanding of the field according to roaming agreements between them. This element is not further specified in this specification.	anyURI
UserID	E1	М	1N	A unique ID that SHALL be used to identify the terminal in both the Home Service Provider and Visited Service Provider BCAST service area. Contains the following attributes: Type	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByte
PurchaseIte mID	E1	М	1N	Set of PurchaseItems (represented by GlobalPurchaseItemIDs) which are associated with the VisitedBSM and which the terminal wants to subscribe to / purchase.	anyURI

#### Table 33: Structure of RoamingServiceRequest Message

### 5.7.2.3 RoamingServiceResponse

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
RoamingServ iceResponse	Е			Response message for Roaming Service between Home BSM and Visited BSM. Contains the following attribute: requestID roamingServiceStatus	unsignedInt (32 bits)
				Contains the following elements: UserID HomeBSMFilterCode VisitedBSMFilterCode PurchaseItemID	

requestID	А	М	1	An ID that is unique in the scope of this exchange SHALL be used throughout the roaming subscription procedure. It SHALL be generated by the party that initiates the message exchange when it first requests roaming registration.	unsignedInt
roamingServi ceStatus	Α	М	1	A field that SHALL indicate whether the terminal has been authorized for roaming services or not The return codes are defined in section 5.11.	unsignedByt e
UserID	E1	М	1	A unique ID that SHALL be used to identify the terminal in both the Home Service Provider and Visited Service Provider BCAST service area.	string
type	A	М	1	Specifies the type of User ID. Allowed values are: 0 – username defined in [RFC 2865] 1 – IMSI 2 – URI 3 – IMPI 4 – MSISDN 5 – MIN 6-127 reserved for future use 128-255 reserved for proprietary use	unsignedByt e
HomeBSMFil terCode	E1	М	1	The code that specifies the Home BSM. Contains the following attribute: - type	
type	A	М	1	The type of BSMFilterCode. 1 – BSMCode (Smart Card Code) This is used if the determination is made based on the country and operator code in the (U)SIM/(R-)UIM/CSIM 2 – BSMCode (Non Smart Card Code): This is used if the determination is made based on the country and operator code in the terminal Other values are reserved.	unsignedByt e
mobileCount ryCode	A	0	01	Mobile Country Code (3 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022]. Applicable only when "type" == 1	integer
mobileNetwo rkCode	А	0	01	Mobile Network Code (2 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022]. Applicable only when "type" == 1	integer
networkSubs etCode	А	0	01	Network Subset Code (2 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022]. Applicable only when "type" == 1	integer
network SubsetCodeR angeStart	A	0	01	Instead of providing an explicit code in attribute 'networkSubsetCode', the network MAY instead provide a continuous range of codes. In such a case the network SHALL provide the smallest code for the terminal to accept in this attribute,	integer

	1	1			1
				the greatest code in the attribute 'networkSubsetCodeRangeEnd' and	
				SHALL not instantiate attribute 'network SubsetCode'.	
				The terminal SHALL interpret all the code values between the smallest and the greatest code as values to be accepted.	
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCodeRange End	А	0	01	This attribute signals the end of the range of Network Subset Codes as specified above.	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
serviceProvid erCode	А	0	01	Service Provider Code as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	Byte
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
corporateCo de	А	0	01	Corporate Code as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	Byte
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
nonSmartCa rdCode	А	0	01	Value of BSMFilterCode when "type" == 2	string
VisitedBSMF ilterCode	E1	М	1	The code that specifies the Visited BSM.	
				Contains the following attribute:	
				- type	
type	А	М	1	The type of BSMFilterCode.	unsignedByt
				1 – BSMCode (Smart Card Code)	e
				This is used if the determination is made based on the country and operator code in the (U)SIM/(R-)UIM/CSIM	
				2 – BSMCode (Non Smart Card Code):	
				This is used if the determination is made based on	
				the country and operator code in the terminal	
				Other values are reserved.	
mobileCount ryCode	Α	0	01	Mobile Country Code (3 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == $1$	
mobileNetwo rkCode	А	0	01	Mobile Network Code (2 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == $1$	
networkSubs etCode	А	0	01	Network Subset Code (2 digits) as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022].	integer
				Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCodeRange	А	0	01	Instead of providing an explicit code in attribute 'networkSubsetCode', the network MAY instead	integer
Start				provide a continuous range of codes.	
				In such a case the network SHALL	
				provide the smallest code for the terminal to	
				accept in this attribute,	
				the greatest code in the attribute 'networkSubsetCodeRangeEnd' and	
				SHALL not instantiate attribute 'network	

				SubsetCode'. The terminal SHALL interpret all the code values between the smallest and the greatest code as values to be accepted. Applicable only when "type" == 1	
networkSubs etCodeRange End	А	0	01	This attribute signals the end of the range of Network Subset Codes as specified above. Applicable only when "type" == 1	integer
serviceProvid erCode	A	0	01	Service Provider Code as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022]. Applicable only when "type" == 1	Byte
corporateCo de	A	0	01	Corporate Code as specified by [3GPP TS 22.022]. Applicable only when "type" == 1	Byte
nonSmartCa rdCode	А	0	01	Value of BSMFilterCode when "type" == 2	string
PurchaseIte mID	E1	М	1N	Set of PurchaseItems (represented by GlobalPurchaseItemIDs) which are associated with the VisitedBSM and which the terminal wants to subscribe to / purchase.	anyURI

 Table 34: Structure of RoamingServiceResponse Message

# 5.8 Availability of Location Information

BCAST Enabler MAY use Location Information for various purposes in conjunction with functions of BCAST, such as File and Stream Distribution and Service Guide. Location Information MAY be used to enable location based filtering of services; location based targeting of services; service blackout regions; and so on. It is out of scope of the BCAST Enabler how the Location Information is used by the functions of BCAST Enabler and what the exact behaviour of the terminal is. The following rules define the availability of Location Information to BCAST Enabler and the dependency of BCAST Enabler has with respect to Location Information:

- The BCAST system MAY utilize Location Information in OMA MLP format [OMA MLP].
- The BCAST system MAY utilize Location Information in BDS-specific cell\_id (for example cell\_id of 3GPP, 3GPP2, DVB-H, etc. system) format.
- The BCAST system MAY utilize Location Information in zip code format
- The BCAST system SHALL NOT expect all the BCAST terminals to have capability to utilize Location Information in either of the allowed formats.
- The method how BCAST terminal acquires the Location Information is out of scope of BCAST Enabler.
- The BCAST terminal MAY support the use of Location Information in OMA MLP format [OMA MLP].
- The BCAST terminal MAY support use the Location Information in BDS-specific cell\_id format (for example cell\_id of 3GPP, 3GPP2, DVB-H, etc. system)..
- The BCAST terminal MAY support use the Location Information in zip code format
- BCAST Service Guide MAY include the Location Information in the designated Service Guide fragments to specify the intended target area for BCAST Services. The Location Information MAY be included in either of the allowed formats, as define above. The exact specification on including the Location Information, refer to [BCAST10-SG]

The BCAST Terminal may have features or functionalities that are dependent on the availability of accurate location information. However, it is not in the scope of BCAST Enabler to ensure the availability of valid location information, Consequently, it is not in the scope of BCAST Enabler to enforce correct functioning of the features that are dependent on the location information.

# 5.9 XML for Signalling

The BCAST enabler uses XML as a format for many signalling messages (e.g. Service Guide Fragments, Provisioning Messages, Interactivity). This section describes how to facilitate a maximum degree of backward and forward compatibility between the current and future versions of BCAST. Furthermore, it ensures that vendor- and operator-specific extensions will not lead to inconsistent states when interpreting an XML instance. Related to this, design rules for extending XML schemas are given in Appendix G.

### 5.9.1 Namespace identifier

Each XML schema targets one XML namespace. The namespace identifiers of the BCAST XML schemas are structured as follows: cyrefix>:<version>, where <prefix> is a colon-separated list of strings like "urn:oma:xml:bcast:sg:fragments" and <version> is the representation of the version of the BCAST enabler, structured as <major>.<minor>.<service\_indicator>. While the <major> and <minor> parts of <version> SHALL be provided, the <service\_indicator> part and its leading dot are OPTIONAL. A decoder SHOULD use <prefix> to determine that a particular piece of XML information is compliant with OMA BCAST, and SHOULD use <version> to determine its version.

### 5.9.2 Proprietary extensions

XML schemas defined in BCAST MAY be extended by proprietary elements. Such extensions SHALL be located inside a container called <PrivateExt> as defined in the XML schemas, and SHALL be defined in a non-BCAST namespace. Decoders MAY discard proprietary extensions. In any case, they SHALL NOT get into an error state when they encounter such extensions.

## 5.9.3 BCAST extensions

Decoders being able to interpret XML instances compliant to an earlier version of the OMA BCAST XML schemas but not able to interpret possible extensions MAY discard those extensions. In any case, they SHALL NOT get into an error state when they encounter unknown extensions.

# 5.10 Service Provisioning of Unicast Services

BCAST 1.0 enables a provider to offer services by both unicast and broadcast access methods. Service Provisioning for services that can be accessed via a Broadcast Channel typically involves Service and Content Protection [BCAST10-ServContProt]. Additionally, Service and Content Protection can be applied to services that can be accessed via the Interactive Channel. Alternatively, the access to those services can also be controlled by the BSM. In the latter case the BSM only allows access to the resource over the Interactive Channel after the user has purchased or subscribed to the associated purchase item of the service. So Service and Content Protection might not always be required for services that can be accessed via the Interactive Channel.

In such a case the terminal performs the regular Service Request and Service Response message sequence as defined in section 5.1.5.2. Upon successful purchase or subscription the 'Service Response' message from the BSM contains the 'itemwiseStatusCode' attribute set related to respective 'PurchaseItemID' set to '029' (now subscribed). Further, in this case, the 'DRMProfileSpecificPart' element MAY be omitted. Upon reception of the request message the BSM MAY possibly proceed with the required charging event. Upon reception of the response message the terminal SHALL assume the network resource is accessible, i.e. the service can be consumed via the announced Access fragment in the Service Guide [BCAST10-SG].

# 5.11 Global Status Codes

The following table lists all the possible status codes for success or error case, and their applicability to each transaction. The table is to be used for GlobalStatusCode and roamingAuthorizationStatus in Provisioning and Roaming response messages. The codes may also be used in other response messages in other BCAST technical specifications.

Code	Status
000	Success
	The request was processed successfully.
001	Device Authentication Failed
	This code indicates that the BSM was unable to authenticate the device, which may be due to the fact that the device is not registered with the BSM, or that inappropriate security credentials were submitted by the device. In this case, the user may contact the BSM, and establish a contract, or get the
	credentials in place that are used for authentication.
002	User Authentication Failed
	This code indicates that the BSM was unable to authenticate the user, which may be due to the fact that the user is not registered with the BSM, or that inappropriate security credentials were submitted by the user.
	In this case, the user may contact the BSM, and establish a contract, or get the credentials in place that are used for authentication. Alternatively, if offered another opportunity, the user may re-enter the security credentials required for user authentication.
003	Purchase Item Unknown
	This code indicates that the requested purchase item is unknown. This can happen e.g. if the device has a cached service guide with old information.
	In this case, the user may re-acquire the service guide.
004	Device Authorization Failed
	This code indicates that the device is not authorized to get Long-Term Key Messages from the RI. For example, the device certificate was revoked in the case of the DRM Profile, or because trust relationship could not be established between the terminal and the BSM, in the case of the Smartcard Profile.
005	User Authorization Failed
	This code indicates that the user has not subscribed to the requested broadcast service, in the case of either the DRM Profile or the Smartcard Profile. In this case, the user may be given an opportunity to contact the BSM operator for service subscription.".
006	Device Not Registered
	This code indicates that the device is not registered with the RI that is used for the transaction in the case of the DRM Profile, or that the device is not registered with the BDS-SD or the BSM, in the case of the Smartcard Profile.
	In this case, the device may automatically perform the registration, and, if the registration is successful, re-initiate the original transaction.
007	Server Error
	This code indicates that there was a server error, such as a problem connecting to a remote back-end system.
008	Mal-formed Message Error
	This code indicates that there has been a device malfunction, such as a mal-formed XML request.
	In such a case, the transaction may or may not (e.g. if there is an interoperability problem) succeed if it is re-initiated later.
	Note: This code can also be used between network entities

009	Charging Error
	This code indicates that the charging step failed (e.g. agreed credit limit reached,
	account blocked).
	The user may in such a case contact the BSM operator. Note: This code can also be used between network entities.
010	
010	No Subscription This and indicates that there has never been a subscription for this corrisp item or that
	This code indicates that there has never been a subscription for this service item, or that the subscription for this item has terminated.
	The user may in such a case issue a service request for a new subscription.
011	Operation not Permitted
011	This code indicates that the operation that the device attempted to perform is not
	permitted under the contract between BSM and user.
	The user may in this case contact BSM operator and change the contract.
	Note: This code can also be used between network entities.
012	Unsupported version
	This code indicates that the version number specified in the request message is not
	supported by the network.
	In this case, the user may contact the BSM operator.
	Note: This code can also be used between network entities.
013	Illegal Device
	This code indicates that the device requesting services is not acceptable to the BSM.
	E.g. Blacklisted.
	In this case, the user may contact the BSM operator.
014	Service Area not Allowed
	This code indicates that the device is not allowed in the requested area due to
	subscription limits
	In this case, the user may contact the BSM operator or subscribe to the applicable service.
015	Requested Service Unavailable
	This code indicates that the requested service is unavailable due to transmission
	problems.
	In this case, the request may be re-initiated at a later time.
	Note: This code can also be used between network entities.
016	Request already Processed
	This code indicates that an identical request has been previously processed.
	In this case, the user or the entity may check to see if the request had already been
0.17	processed (i.e. received an LTK), if not retry the request.
017	Information Element Non-existent
	This code indicates that the message includes information elements not recognized because the information element identifier is not defined or it is defined but not
	implemented by the entity receiving the message.
	In this case related entities should contact each other.
018	Unspecified
	This code indicates that an error has occurred which cannot be identified.
	In this case related entities should contact each other.
019	Process Delayed
	Due to heavy load, request is in the queue, waiting to be processed.
	In this case the user or entity should wait for the transaction to complete.
	Note: If this error occurs between network entities, the system should wait for the
	transaction to complete.

020	Generation Failure
	This code indicates that the request information (message) could not be generated.
	In this case the user or entity should retry later.
021	Information Invalid
	This code indicates that the information given is invalid and cannot be used by the
	system.
	In this case the request should be rechecked and sent again.
022	Invalid Request
	This code indicates that the requesting key materials and messages (e.g., LTKM) are not valid and can not be fulfilled.
	In this case the request should be rechecked and sent again.
023	Wrong Destination
	This code indicates that the destination of the message is not the intended one.
	In this case the request should be rechecked and sent again.
024	Delivery of Wrong Key Information
	This code indicates that the delivered key information and messages (e.g., LTKM) are
	invalid.
0.25	In this case the request should be rechecked and sent again.
025	Service Provider ID Unknown
	This code indicates a confliction when the Visited or Home Service Provider requests a message to the Home or Visited Service Provider.
026	Service Provider BSM_ID Unknown
	This code indicates a confliction when the Visited or Home Service Provider BSM requests a message to the Home or Visited Service Provider BSM.
027	Already in Use
	This indicates requested setup value is already used in the Network Entity. Response message may contain the recommended value to use.
028	No Matching Fragment
020	No fragment or SGDD matches the given request criteria.
029	Now Subscribed
	Specifies whether the subscription did succeed. Upon reception of this status code the
	terminal SHALL assume the service associated with the associated purchase item can
	be consumed via the associated 'Access' fragment of the service as defined in the Service Guide [BCAST10-SG]. This status code SHALL NOT be returned if the
	Purchase Item in question is associated with a service that is protected by Service or
	Content Protection.
030~127	Reserved for future use
128 ~ 255	Reserved for proprietary use

Table 35: Global Status Codes

## 5.12 Auxiliary data insertion and support for advertisements

The BCAST enabler supports the insertion of auxiliary data within the service in two ways.

The first method is based on triggers that are delivered within notification messages. Such triggers can be used to trigger presentation of terminal-resident data or to initiate downloading of data to be presented. Further, a trigger can be targeted to a certain set of terminals by specifying a target profile. This way of inserting auxiliary data can be used to a variety of purposes, including insertion of terminal-resident, personalized advertisements upon trigger. This method auxiliary data insertion, related signaling and message formats are normatively specified in chapter 5.14.

The second method is entirely based on network operation. The network elements that schedule and transmit the service can perform the insertion of auxiliary data as normal content, multiplexed with the service. This method of auxiliary data insertion does not support rendering of terminal-resident auxiliary data nor personalization. The Service Guide data model inherently supports this method of auxiliary data insertion: auxiliary data can be augmented in an existing content or a new 'Content' fragment can be instantiated for auxiliary data.

# 5.13 Subtitling and Closed Captions

The Network MAY provide the subtitling or closed captions for a service using 3GPP Timed Text format. The Terminal SHOULD support 3GPP Timed Text as a format for subtitling and closed captions. The 3GPP Timed Text format is defined in [3GPP TS 26.245].

# 5.14 Notification Function

Notification function can be used to provide information about forthcoming, imminent or immediate events, messages and notifications related to the BCAST system, to all broadcast services, or to a specific broadcast service. The notifications may be targeted to all reachable terminals or users, or specific terminals or users. Notifications are delivered as Notification Messages, which can be delivered over Broadcast Channel or over Interaction Channel, and stored in the terminal. Notification Messages fall into at least two categories, one category is user-oriented Notification Messages which are to be displayed to terminal users, the other category is terminal-oriented Notification Messages which are to be used for terminal operation and should not be displayed to users. The users are able to subscribe to user-oriented service-specific notifications using Service Provisioning Function specified in Section 5. Advertisement may be directly sent as Notification Messages, or triggered for local insertion by notification. The following outlines the purpose of Notification function in terms of types of Notification Messages that are specified:

- Emergency messages
- General announcements (informing about BCAST system problems, operator announcements, etc.)
- Broadcast main service or content associated notifications
  - Information regarding the availability of a specific service such as service breaks, abrupt change in the schedule (start time / end time) or access entry point of the service
  - Service-specific information that is a part of service experience (such as news, sports scores, etc.)
  - o Information about services available in neighbouring systems, messages providing roaming support
  - o Download or update announcement on SGDD or SG fragments
  - o Download or update announcement on normal files such as movie, music, software, etc.
  - Auxiliary data downloading or insertion trigger (which are related to the main service or contents)
  - Other information related to the main service or content
- Notification-based information that the user has subscribed (i.e. asked to get delivered as soon the information is available).

Specification of Notification function consists of following parts:

- Discovery of availability and access to notifications
- Specification of event types of notifications (eventType)
- Format of Notification Message (syntax as defined by XML Schema in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Notification])
- Notification Message delivery
  - o Delivery over Broadcast Channel
  - Push delivery over Interaction Channel (including subscribing to notifications over Interaction Channel)
  - o Polling notifications over Interaction Channel
- Notification interfaces(syntax as defined by XML Schema in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Notification]).

## 5.14.1 Discovery of Availability and Access to Notifications

### 5.14.1.1 Discovery of availability and access to general notifications

General notifications are not bound to any specific service. Usually they are meant to be received by either all or majority of terminals. Examples of general notifications are emergency messages and announcements related to the operational aspects of BCAST system.

General notifications can be delivered either over Broadcast Channel or over Interaction Channel. The availability and access to general notifications can be discovered through SGDD.

### 5.14.1.1.1 General notifications: discovery through SGDD

The availability and access to general notifications can be signalled using the Service Guide Delivery Descriptor by including the 'NotificationReception' element in the SGDD as defined in section 5.4.1.5 of [BCAST10-SG].

- NTC in the Terminal SHALL support the signalling of the availability and access to general notifications through the SGDD.
- NTDA in the Network SHALL support the signalling of the availability and access to general notifications through the SGDD.

### 5.14.1.2 Discovery of availability and access to service-specific notifications

Service-specific notifications are notifications that are associated with a specific service. Usually they are meant to be received by the terminals that are accessing the service in question. Examples of service-specific notifications are sports goals, news and operational announcements related to a specific service.

Service-specific notifications can be delivered either over Broadcast Channel or over Interaction Channel. The availability and access to service-specific notifications can be discovered through 'Access' fragment.

### 5.14.1.2.1 Service-specific notifications: discovery through 'Access' fragment

The availability and access to service-specific notifications can be signalled by including the 'NotificationReception' element in any of the 'Access' fragments associated with a Service as defined in section 5.1.2.4 of [BCAST10-SG].

- NTC in the Terminal SHALL support the signalling of the availability and access to service-specific notifications through 'Access' fragment.
- NTDA in the Network SHALL support the signalling of the availability and access to service-specific notifications through the 'Access' fragment.

### 5.14.2 Specification of event types of notifications (eventType)

Attribute 'eventType' describes the type of notification and is used both in Notification Message and in Notification Request. In the Notification Message the eventType allows the Terminal to identify the type of the received notification. In the Notification Request the eventType allows the Terminal to specify the type of the requested notifications. The following are the values for eventType that both Terminal and Network SHALL support.

EventType	Name	Description						
0	Unspecified notification							
	1-63: User oriented notifications							
1	Emergency notification	To announce emergency messages to users.						
2	SG download or update notification	To announce download or update of SGDD or SG fragments						
3	File download or update notification	To announce download or update of normal files such as movie, music, software, etc.						
4	Service availability notification	To announce the errors, problems or interruption of broadcast main services or contents. To announce the abrupt schedule changes of broadcast main service or content						
		To announce the abrupt changes on access entry point of						

		broadcast main service or content.
5	Supplemental service notification	To announce service supplemental information that is a part of service experience (such as news, sports scores, promotional events etc.)
6	Roaming support notification	To announce the information about services available in neighbouring systems, providing roaming support
7-63	For future use	
	64-127: Ter	minal oriented notifications
64	Auxiliary Data Trigger for Real-time main contents	To trigger either the auxiliary data downloading and storage, or the auxiliary data insertion, associated with the real-time main service or content. This notification may be associated with filtering related data to support customization of the auxiliary data storage or insertion.
65	Auxiliary Data Trigger for Non-Real-time main contents	To trigger either the auxiliary data downloading and storage, or the auxiliary data insertion, associated with the non-real-time main service content. This notification may be associated with filtering related data to support customization of the auxiliary data storage or insertion.
66 -127	For future use	
128 - 255	For proprietary use	

#### **Table 36: Event Types of Notifications**

### 5.14.3 Format of Notification Message

Notification Message structure consists of:

- Generic fields: id, version, notificationType, eventType, IDRef, validTo, Title, Description, PresentationType and Extension
- Notification content: SessionInformation, MediaInformation, SGDD, SGDDReference, FragmentReference and AuxDataTrigger

While the generic fields can be used with all types of notifications, the notification content varies according to the notification type and event type. For example: emergency notification could contain generic fields + MediaInformation; SG download or update notification could contain SGDD, SGDDReference, or FragmentReference, etc.

A Notification Message carrying Service Guide update (eventType with value 2) SHALL only notify updates that relate to the currently bootstrapped Service Guide.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
Notification	Е			Notification Message	
Message					
				Contains the following attributes:	
				id	
				version	
				notificationType	
				eventType	
				validTo	
				Contains the following elements:	
				IDRef	
				Title	
				Description	
				PresentationType	

	r	1			,
				Extension	
				SessionInformation	
				MediaInformation	
				SGDD	
				SGDDReference	
				FragmentID	
				AuxDataTrigger	
				PrivateExt	
id	A	NM/ TM	1	Identifier of Notification Message	anyURI
version	A	NM/ TM	1	Notification Message version information. It is to be used to check for Notification Message Redundancy and new Notification Messages. This field can be expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	unsignedInt
notificationT	А	NM/	1	Notification Type. Allowed values are:	unsignedByt
ype		ТМ		0 - this message is user-oriented message, such as	e
				notice from SP, emergency, etc.	
				1- this message is terminal-oriented message, such as AuxData Trigger, etc.	
				2-127: For future use	
				128-255: For proprietary use	
eventType	Α	NM/TM	1	Type of notification event carried in this	unsignedByt
eventiype	A	1111/1/111/1	1	Notification Message. See section 5.14.2	e
validTo	A	NM/ TM	01	Valid time of Notification Message. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps. If 'validTo' is specified, the Notification Message	unsignedInt
				SHOULD be expired at the specified time.	
IDRef	E1	NM/	0N	Fragment ID references of the main services or	anyURI
		ТМ		contents which the Notification Message is related to	
Title	E1	NM/ TM	0N	Title of Notification Message, possibly in multiple languages.	string
				The language is expressed using built-in XML attribute 'xml:lang' with this element.	
Description	E1	NM/ TM	0N	Description or Messages of Notification, possibly in multiple languages	string
				The language is expressed using built-in XML attribute 'xml:lang' with this element	
Presentation Type	E1	NM/ TM	1	Recommends the type of presentation for the received Notification Messages based on the priority of the Notification Message. Allowed values are:	unsignedByt e
				0 – For high priority Notification Messages, Terminal MAY immediately render the message after interrupting all the applications.	
				1 – For medium priority Notification Messages,	
				Terminal MAY immediately render the message,	
				overlaying the present playing services.	
				2 – For low priority Notification Messages, Terminal MAY NOT immediately render the	

				.1 .1 . 1	1
				message, the user can see the stored message whenever he or she wants.	
				3-127: For future use	
	<b>F1</b>		0.11	128-255: For proprietary use	
Extension	E1	NM/ TM	0N	Additional information related to this Notification	
		1 111		Message.	
				Contains fallowing attributes	
				Contains following attribute:	
				url	
				Contains following sub-element:	
				Description	UDI
url	A	NM/	1	URL containing additional information related to	anyURI
	50	TM	0.11	this notification.	
Description	E2	NM/	0N	Description regarding the additional information which can be retrieved from a web page. The	string
		TM		language is expressed using built-in XML	
				attribute 'xml:lang' with this element	
SessionInfor	E1	NM/	0N	This element SHALL be present when the	
mation		ТМ		Notification Message carries pointer to another	
				delivery session, for example for file download or	
				update, SG download or update, or auxiliary data	
				download.	
				SessionInformation defines the delivery session	
				information, transport object identifiers of the objects delivered through the indicated session,	
				and URI as alternative method for delivery over	
				interaction channel. After receiving Notification	
				Message with SessionInformation, Terminal	
				would access the relevant session specified by	
				SessionInformation and take a proper action like	
				receiving contents.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				validFrom	
				validTo	
				usageType	
				Contains the following elements:	
				DeliverySession AlternativeURI	
				Relatively long-lived auxiliary data associated with this Notification Message SHOULD be	
				scheduled for distribution using the Service	
				Guide. On the other hand, dynamic updates of	
				auxiliary data MAY be delivered on the delivery	
				session referenced by this SessionInformation.	
validFrom	Α	NM/	01	The first moment when the session for terminal to	unsignedInt
		ТМ		receive data is valid. This field expressed as the	
				first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	
validTo	A	NM/	01	The last moment when the session for terminal to	unsignedInt
		TM		receive data is valid. This field expressed as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time stamps.	
				mai 520na mieger part of NTT time stamps.	

usageType	Α	NM/	01	Defines the type of the object transmitted through	unsignedByt
		ТМ		the indicated delivery session. Allowed values are:	e
				<ul> <li>0 – unspecified</li> <li>1 - files</li> <li>2- streams</li> <li>3 – SGDD only</li> <li>4 – mixed SGDD and SGDU</li> <li>5 - notification</li> <li>6-127 reserved for future use</li> </ul>	
				128-255 reserved for proprietary use Note: the delivery session only carrying SGDUs is declared through 'SGDD' element or "SGDDReference" element in this Notification Message.	
				Default: 0	
Delivery Session	E2	NM/ TM	01	Target delivery session information indicated by the Notification Message.	
				Contains the following attributes: ipAddress port sourceIP transmissionSessionID	
				Contains the following element: TransportObjectID	
ipAddress	А	NM TM	1	Destination IP address of the target delivery session	string
port	А	NM/ TM	1	Destination port of target delivery session	unsignedSho rt
sourceIP	А	NM/ TM	01	Source IP address of the delivery session	string
transmission SessionID	А	NM/ TM	1	This is the Transmission Session Identifier (TSI) of the session at ALC/LCT level.	unsignedSho rt
Transport ObjectID	E3	NM/ TM	0N	The transport object ID (TOI) of the object transmitted through the indicated delivery session	unsignedInt
AlternativeU RI	E2	NM/ TM	01	Alternative URI for receiving the object via the interaction channel. If terminal cannot access the indicated delivery session, the terminal can receive the objects associated with the Notification Message by AlternativeURI.	anyURI
Media Information	E1	NO/ TM	01	This element SHALL be present when the Notification Message carries information for rendering support of the notification. Media Information is used to construct and render Notification Messages. The notification media objects declared below can	

				be delivered over a file delivery session specified by 'SessionInformation' element, or be retrieved	
				via interaction channel via URI of the media	
				object.	
				Contains the following elements:	
				Picture	
				Video	
Picture	<b>F</b> 2	NO	0.11	Audio	
ricture	E2	NO/ TM	0N	Defines how to obtain a picture and MIME type.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				mimeType	
				pictureURI	
тітеТуре	A	NO/ TM	01	MIME type of Picture	string
pictureURI	A	NO/ TM	01	The URI referencing the picture	anyURI
Video	E2	NO/ TM	0N	Defines how to obtain a video and MIME type.	
				Contains the following attributes:	
				mimeType	
				codec	
				videoURI	
тітеТуре	А	NO/ TM	01	MIME type of Video	string
codec	A	NO/ TM	01	The codec parameters for the associated MIME Media type. If the file's MIME type definition specifies mandatory parameters, these MUST be included in this string. Optional parameters containing information that can be used to determine as to whether the terminal can make use of the file SHOULD be included in the string. One example of the parameters defined for video/3GPP, video/3GPP2 is specified in [RFC 4281].	string
videoURI	А	NO/ TM	01	The URI referencing the video	anyURI
Audio	E2	NO/ TM	0N	Defines how to obtain a audio and MIME type. Contains the following attributes: mimeType codec AudioURI	
тітеТуре	A	NO/ TM	01	MIME type of Audio	string
codec	A	NO/ TM	01	The codec parameters for the associated MIME Media type. If the file's MIME type definition specifies mandatory parameters, these MUST be included in this string. Optional parameters containing information that can be used to determine as to whether the terminal can make use of the file SHOULD be included in the string.	string

				One example of the parameters defined for audio/3GPP, audio/3GPP2 is specified in [RFC 4281].	
audioURI	А	NO/ TM	01	The URI referencing the audio	anyURI
SGDD	E1	NO/ TO	0N	Service Guide Delivery Descriptor(s) embedded in the Notification Message. SGDD(s) described within this element SHALL relate to the currently bootstrapped Service Guide.	complexTyp e as specified in [BCAST10- SG]
SGDDRefere nce	E1	NO/ TM	0N	Reference to the Service Guide Delivery Descriptor(s).This element SHALL be present when the Notification Message notifies update of the SGDD(s) referenced by this element. All attributes of 'SGDDReference' element SHALL be supported by the network if 'SGDDReference' element is supported by the network. SGDD(s) referenced by this element SHALL relate to the currently bootstrapped Service Guide.Contains the following attributes: id version	
id	А	NO/ TM	01	Unique identifier of the SGDD within one specific SG	anyURI
version	А	NO/ TM	01	Version of SGDD	unsignedInt
FragmentRef erence	E1	NO/ TM	0N	Reference to the Service Guide fragments. This element SHALL be present when the Notification Message notifies update of the SG fragments referenced by this element. All attributes of 'FragmentReference' element SHALL be supported by the network if 'FragmentReference' element is supported by the network. Contains the following attributes: id version	anyURI
id	А	NO/ TM	01	Identifier of the fragment	anyURI
version	А	NO/ TM	01	Version of the fragment	unsignedInt
AuxDataTrig ger	E1	NO/ TO	0N	This Element contains information to trigger the auxiliary data downloading and storage, or the auxiliary data insertion associated with main service or content. 'globalContentID' and/or 'FilteringData' can be used to identify and/or fetch the auxiliary data	

				content, and/or FilteringData associated with the	
				auxiliary data content.	
				Note: The auxiliary data downloading trigger	
				indicates that auxiliary data should be	
				downloaded and stored when the filtering criteria	
				are met. Absence of FilteringData in the	
				downloading trigger implies that the auxiliary data should be stored. Persistence of storage is	
				terminal implementation dependent.	
				Contains the following Elements:	
				GlobalContentID	
				FilteringData	
				PresentationRule	
GlobalConte	E2	NO/	01	Globally Unique Identifier of the auxiliary data	anyURI
ntID		ТМ		content.	5
FilteringData	E2	NO/	0N	Reference to the location of the filtering related	
		ТО		information associated with the AuxDataTrigger	
				Notification Message, or the filtering-related	
				information embedded within this Notification	
				Message. Note: filtering related information can include	
				attributes, values, rules, filter IDs, etc.	
				Contains the following sub-elements:	
				Location	
				TargetProfile	
				FilterIDs	
				Either Location, TargetProfile, or FilterIDs, but	
				not more than one of these sub-elements, MAY	
				be present in FilteringData.	
Location	E3	NO/	01	Reference to the location of the filtering related	anyURI
		ТМ		information associated with the AuxDataTrigger, from which that data can be retrieved.	
TargetProfile	E3	NO	0N	Filter rules and/or attributes to be used in the	
Turgeti Fonte	115	/TM	0	selection of auxiliary data for downloading and	
		/ 1 1/1		storage, or insertion.	
				The extensible list of TargetProfile for a	
				particular AuxDataTrigger notification enables	
				the filtering/customization of the auxiliary data	
				triggered by the notification, according to any specified filtering characteristic, e.g. user	
				preference, user age, user location, service	
				provider, etc.	
				The number of TargetProfile entries SHALL be	
				the same as the number of SessionInformation	
				entries, and specifically, TargetProfile 1 maps to	
				SessionInformation 1, TargetProfile 2 maps to SessionInformation 2, and so on.	
				Attribute:	
				filterID	
				Sub-elements:	
				Attribute	
				FilterRules	
				Note: TargetProfile is intended to be used to	
	1	1	1	1.000. Tai gou tomo is intended to be used to	1

filterID Attribute	A E4	NO /TM NO/ TM	01 0N	identify the type of auxiliary data file associated with the AuxDataTrigger notification. As an example, for an ad insertion event, 'attributeName' = "URI" and 'attributeValue' = "advertisement" can be used to match against the URI identifiers of auxiliary data files stored on the terminal for the keyword "advertisement". Such mechanism would identify all the advertisements stored on the terminal, for subsequent insertion selection based on filter rules/attributes. Identity of the TargetProfile to be stored on the terminal for subsequent reference as a Filter ID sent as part of the FilterIDs (E3). Profile attribute. Contains the following attributes:	anyURI
		1 101		name	
				value	
name	Α	NO/TM	1	Profile attribute name	string
value	А	NO/	1	Profile attribute value.	string
		ТМ			_
FilterRules	E4	NO/	01	Filter rules that are used in the selection of	string
		ТМ		auxiliary data for downloading and storage, or	
FilterID	E3	NO	0N	insertion.Zero or more filter IDs used in the selection of auxiliary data for downloading and storage, or	anyURI
		/TM		insertion. Each ad filter ID is an alias for a corresponding set of filter rules stored in the terminal. The rule set(s) in the FilterID list is(are) applied to the selection of the auxiliary data for downloading and storage, or insertion. The FilterID refers to the TargetProfile previously stored on the terminal.	
Presentation Rule	E2	NO/ TM	01	Specifies the presentation rules when the cached content should be rendered with this Notification Message. Contains the following attributes: renderingTime duration	
renderingTi me	A	NO/ TM	01	Specifies the timing to start the presentation of the auxiliary data. In case eventType = 64 this element represent the time instant as the first 32bits integer part of NTP time for which the Notification Message is displayed or the auxiliary data insertion event occurs. In case eventType = 65, this element represent the offset in segments for which the auxiliary data insertion event occurs, relative to the start of the presentation of the associated main content.	unsignedInt

duration	А	NO/ TM	01	Time length of presentation of the auxiliary data in seconds.	unsignedSho rt
PrivateExt	E1	NO/ TO	01	An element serving as a container for proprietary or application-specific extensions.	
<proprietary elements&gt;</proprietary 	E2	NO/TO	0N	Proprietary or application-specific elements that are not defined in this specification. These elements may further contain sub-elements or attributes.	

#### Table 37: Structure of Notification Message

## 5.14.4 Notification Message Delivery

Notification Messages are created by the NTG (Notification Generation Function) according to the structure in 7.3 and are prepared for delivery by the NTDA (Notification Distribution/Adaptation Function). Notification Messages MAY be delivered in a number of ways:

- Notification Message delivery over Broadcast Channel (see section 5.14.4.1)
- Notification Message push-delivery over Interaction Channel (see section 5.14.4.2)

o Related to push-delivery over Interaction, subscribing to Notification Messages (see section 5.14.4.2.1)

• Polling Notification Messages over Interaction Channel (see section 5.14.4.3)

### 5.14.4.1 Notification Message Delivery over Broadcast Channel

Over Broadcast Channel, the Notification Messages SHALL be delivered to terminals using one of the following methods:

1) UDP delivery: The Notification Message is delivered in a UDP packet.

The UDP packet SHALL be sent over the Broadcast Channel using the UDP destination port defined in the NotificationReception in the SGDD or the 'Access' fragment and the IP address of the ongoing session that the Notification Message is targeted for. If a separate IP address is defined in the NotificationReception in the SGDD or 'Access' fragment for the Notification Message then it SHALL be used. It is RECOMMENDED that to avoid IP level segmentation, Notification Message sizes should be less than 1500 bytes, the average network MTU (Maximum Transfer Unit) size.

To decrease the message size, GZIP MAY be used to compress the Notification Message.

The payload of the UDP file SHALL start with a header as specified below, followed by the uncompressed or compressed Notification Message. The format of the header is defined as follows:

Field	Туре	Definition
Payload_type		Signals the type of the payload
	uimsbf4	Values: 0 – Notification according to MIME type vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml 1-7 – reserved for future BCAST extensions 8-15 – reserved for proprietary extensions
Encoding_type	uimsbf4	Signals the encoding of the payload Values: 0 – unencoded 1 – GZIP encoded 2-7 – reserved for future BCAST extensions 8-15 – reserved for proprietary extensions

#### Table 38: Header for UDP Delivery of Notification Message

Mnemonics: uimsbf4 = Unsigned 4 bit Integer, most significant bit first

**2)** File delivery: The Notification Message is delivered in a separate file delivery session, which has been announced previously in a separate Notification Message using the 'DeliverySession' element. This delivery method is RECOMMENDED in case the Notification Message size exceeds the MTU size.

To decrease the message size, GZIP MAY be used to compress the Notification Message. The fact that a message is compressed SHALL be signalled in the FDT. The Content-Type of a Notification Message in the FDT SHALL be signalled as "application/vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml".

The terminal SHALL support GZIP decompression of Notification Messages.

The Notification Messages MAY be repeatedly transmitted by the Service Provider or Network Provider to increase the probability of all intended terminals receive the Notification Messages.

The following figures illustrate the protocol stacks of the two Notification Message delivery methods over the Broadcast Channel:

Notification Message
ALC/LCT/FLUTE
UDP
IP

Figure 1: Notification message delivery protocol stack variant 1

Notification Message
UDP
IP

Figure 2: Notification message delivery protocol stack variant 2

### 5.14.4.2 Notification Message push-delivery over Interaction Channel

The NDTA MAY deliver a Notification Message to the NTC using OMA Push as defined in [BCAST10-Distribution]. The terminal MAY support reception of Notification Messages delivered with OMA Push as defined in [BCAST10-Distribution].

### 5.14.4.2.1 Subscribing and Unsubscribing to User-oriented Notification Messages

Service Provisioning Function SHOULD be used for subscribing or unsubscribing Notification Message over Interaction channel. If the terminal has interaction capability, the terminal SHOULD support subscription and unsubscription of Notification Messages.

- When Terminal subscribes service-specific notification or notification service, Service Request message (See section 5.1.5) SHALL include 'ServiceID' element and 'notification' attribute under 'ServiceID' element
- When Terminal unsubscribes service-specific notification or notification service, Unsubscription message (See section 5.1.5) SHALL include 'keepSubscription' attribute, 'ServiceID' element and 'notification' attribute under 'ServiceID' element.

### 5.14.4.3 Polling notifications over Interaction Channel

The NTC in Terminal with Interaction Channel capability SHALL support polling to notifications over Interaction Channel as follows:

• NTC sends HTTP Request to the pollURL associated with NTDA that is provided in SGDD or 'Access' fragment within the 'NotificationReception' element.

• Response to the HTTP Request SHALL be Notification Message encapsulated in HTTP message. Content-Type of the HTTP message SHALL be set to "application/vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml".

## 5.14.5 Notification Interfaces

The following sections specify the Notification interfaces between logical BCAST "backend" entities for message exchanges. The specification is applicable if the interfaces are exposed in a BCAST implementation. If a BCAST implementation does not expose the interfaces, i,e, they are implementation internal, they can be realized using protocols and methods not specified here. If a BCAST implementation does expose the interfaces, the network SHALL support the Notification Backend Interfaces syntax as defined by XML Schema in [BCAST10-XMLSchema-Notification].

### 5.14.5.1 Protocol Stacks

The following protocol stack SHALL be used for exchanging messages between Notification Components such as CC, NTE, NTG, and NTDA. HTTP or HTTPS that SHALL be based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246] over TCP/IP SHALL be used for the delivery of messages.

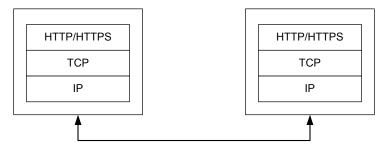


Figure 3: Noticifcation component exchange protocol stack

Messages to and from CC, NTE, NTG or NTDA are transported using HTTP by placing both the requests and the responses addressed to CC, NTE, NTG or NTDA into the payload of the HTTP messages. The requests SHOULD be transported using HTTP POST and the responses SHOULD be transported using the HTTP responses corresponding to the HTTP POST requests. The syntax for the requests SHOULD be as follows:

- POST <host>/oma/bcast1.0/nt HTTP/1.1\r\n<NTEReq>
- POST <host>/oma/bcast1.0/nt HTTP/1.1\r\n<NTDReq>

where the <host> denotes the part of the URI representing the address of the host.

Both the HTTP POST message and the corresponding HTTP response MAY also contain the following HTTP header fields:

- 'Content-Length',
- 'Content-Type' which if used SHALL be set to "text/xml" and
- 'Host' in case the 'Request-URI' is not in the absolute form specified in [RFC 2616].

### 5.14.5.2 Notification Event Delivery

Notification Event can be generated in CC, BSA, BSM, or BSD/A. Each Entity delivers Notification Event via Backend Interface such as NT-1, NT-3, and NT-4. CC can deliver Notification Event to NTE via NT-1, NTE will deliver Notification Event generated in either CC or BSA to NTG via NT-3, and NTDA will deliver Notification Event generated in BSD/A to NTG via NT-4.

### 5.14.5.2.1 Request Message

The following is the delivery message of Notification Event, which is sent from the CC (Content Creation) to the NTE over interface NT-1, from NTE to NTG over interface NT-3 or NTDA to NTG over interface NT-4.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
NTEReq				Specifies the delivery message of Notification Event for generating Notification Message.	
	Е			Contains the following attributes: nteID	
				entityAddress deliveryPriority	
				Contains the following elements: NotificationEvent	
nteID	А	М	1	Identifier of Notification Event	unsignedInt
entityAddres s	А	М	1	Network Entity Address to receive the response of this message.	anyURI
deliveryPrior ity	А	0	01	Defines the priority of this notification event. This information is applied to generate Notification Message in NTG. NTG may be ignored this field.	boolean
NotificationE vent	E1	М	1N	Specifies the Notification Event, containing information to be included into the Notification Message. It is RECOMMENDED that the information is delivered in the form of BCAST Notification Message format (as specified in section 5.14.3). Other formats MAY be used only for NT-1.	
				NotificationMessage	
Notification Message	E2	0	01	BCAST NotificationMessage format as specified in section 5.14.3. The following rule applies to child elements or attributes of NotificationMessage which are not relevant: If the element/attribute has a minimum cardinality of 0, it SHALL NOT be instantiated. Otherwise, it SHALL be delivered as empty field.	complexTyp e as specified in section 7.3 of [BCAST10- SG]
Private	E2	0	01	This container allows to use data formats not specified in BCAST.	

#### Table 39: Structure of Notification Event Request Message

### 5.14.5.2.2 Response Message

The following is the response message of NotificationEvent Delivery and which is sent from the NTE to CC over interface NT-1, from NTG to NTE over interface NT-3 or form NTG to NTDA over interface NT-4.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
NTERes	Е			Specifies the Response message for NTEReq. Contains the following elements:	
				Result	
Result	<b>F</b> 1	M	1 . 11	The list of results, each entry consisting of a pair of ID and statusCode	
	E1	М	1N	Contains the following attributes:	
				nteID	

				statusCode	
nteID	Α	М	1	Identifier of NTEReq Message	unsignedInt
statusCode	А	М	1	Indicates the overall outcome how NTEReq is processed, according to the global status code (as specified in Section 5.11).	unsignedByt e

#### Table 40: Structure of Notification Event Response Message

### 5.14.5.3 Notification Message Delivery

Notification Message is generated by NTG in BSM. NTG will request to deliver Notification Message to NTDA via NT-4.

#### 5.14.5.3.1 Request Message

The following is the delivery message of Notification Message which is sent from the NTG to NTDA over interface NT-4.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
NTDReq	Е			Specifies the Request message of Notification Message Delivery from NTG to NTDA. Contains the following attributes: ntdReqID entityAddress deliveryPriority Contains the following elements: TargetAddress	
ntdDogID	A	М	1	NotificationMessage Identifier of NTDReq	unsignedInt
ntdReqID entityAddres s	A	M	1	Network Entity Address to receive the response of this message.	anyURI
deliveryPrior ity	А	0	01	Defines the delivery priority of this Notification Message. NTG can request NTDA to deliver this notification message as high priority. If priority=true, it means high priority. If priority=false, it means general message.	boolean
TargetAddre ss	E1	0	0N	Specifies TargetAddress to deliver Notification Message. For service-specific notification, AccessReference or address under NotificationReception in 'Access' fragment can be possible value. If Notification message is delivered over interaction channel, the value can be e-mail address, IMSI, etc. If not given, Notification message SHALL be delivered to all users of the service provider using address defined in SGDD. Contains the following attributes: deliveryChannel AddressType	string
deliveryChan	Α	М	1	Specifies the delivery channel	boolean

nel				If deliveryChannel = false, Notification Message SHALL be delivered over Broadcast Channel.		
				If deliveryChannel = true, Notification Message SHALL be delivered over Interaction Channel.		
addressType	А	М	1	Specifies the type of TargetAddress Value 0 - IPAddress 1 - anyURI 2 - IMSI 3 -127: For Future Use 128 - 255: For Proprietary Use	unsignedByt e	
Notification Message	E1	0	01	BCAST NotificationMessage format as specified in section 5.14.3. The following rule applies to child elements or attributes of NotificationMessage which are not relevant: If the element/attribute has a minimum cardinality of 0, it SHALL NOT be instantiated. Otherwise, it SHALL be delivered as empty field.	complexTyp e as specified in section 7.3 of [BCAST10- SG]	

Table 41: Structure of Notification Delivery Request Message	e
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#### 5.14.5.3.2 Response Message

The following is the response message of Notification Message Delivery which is sent from NTDA to NTG over interface NT-4.

Name	Туре	Category	Cardinality	Description	Data Type
NTDRes				Specifies the Response message for NTDReq. Contains the following elements: Result	
Result	E1	М	1N	The list of results, each entry consisting of a pair of request ID and statusCode Contains the following attributes: ntdReqID statusCode	
ntdReqID	А	М	1	Identifier of NTDReq Message	unsignedInt
statusCode	А	М	1	Indicates the overall outcome how NTDReq is processed, according to the global status code (as specified in Section 5.11).	unsignedByt e

 Table 42: Structure of Notification Delivery Response Message

#### 5.14.6 Minimal support for emergency notifications

If the terminal supports emergency notifications, then the terminal SHALL support the use of Notification Function for those notifications as follows:

- The terminal SHALL be able to discover of the entry point to notification delivery channel as specified in section 5.14.1.1.1 through the use of element 'NotificationReception'. Further, the terminal SHALL assume that 'NotificationReception' element describes the entry point to general notification delivery channel within which the notification messages are delivered using "UDP Delivery" as specified in section 5.14.4.1.
- The terminal SHALL support the "UDP delivery" over Broadcast Channel as specified in section 5.14.4.1 as follows:

- The terminal SHALL support 'Payload type' having value '0'
- The terminal SHALL support 'Encoding\_type' having value '0'
- The terminal SHALL support the Notification Message format for emergency notifications as follows:
  - The terminal SHALL assume that attribute 'notificationType' is assigned with value '0' (user oriented notification message)
  - The terminal SHALL assume that attribute 'eventType' is assigned with value '1' (emergency notification)
  - The terminal SHALL assume that element 'Title' is present and expressed possibly in multiple languages.
  - The terminal SHALL assume that element 'Description' is present and expressed possibly in multiple languages.
  - The terminal SHALL assume that element 'PresentationType' is assigned with value '0' (high-priority notification messages)
  - o The terminal MAY skip all the other elements and attributes in the Notification Message.

# Appendix A. Change History

# (Informative)

# A.1 Approved Version History

Reference	Date	Description			
n/a	n/a	No prior version -or- No previous version within OMA			
OMA-xxyyz-V1_0-20021001-A	01 Oct 2002	Initial document to address the basic starting point			
		Ref TP Doc# OMA-TP-2002-1234-xxyyzForApproval			
OMA-xxyyz-V1_1-20030405-A	05 Apr 2003	description of changed			
		Ref TP Doc# OMA-TP-2003-0321-xxyyzV1_1forApproval			

# A.2 Draft/Candidate Version 1\_0 History

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
Draft Versions	17 Jan 2005	all	Initial draft
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-V1_0	23 Jun 2005	4, 5.2	<ul> <li>Incorporates agreed Change Requests:</li> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0207R02-Clarification-on-Use-of- Interactive-Channel</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0256R01-Specification-text-for-Terminal- Provisioning-in-BCAST.zip</li> <li>Editorial clean-up</li> </ul>
	9 Sep 2005	3.2, 3.3, 5.1,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
	5 Sep 2005	5.2	<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0138R06-Service-Provisioning-Specification (some editorial modifications necessary)</li> </ul>
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0275R04-CR-TS-Interaction-Protocol-Stack
	7 Nov 2005	2.1, 2.2, 3.2,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		5, 5.3, 5.4, 5.7, 5.8, 5.9,	OMA-BCAST-2005-0360R03-Interaction-Simplified
		6.1	<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0406R04-Interaction-fragment-for-the- service-guide</li> </ul>
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0499R01-Interface-mapping-in-main-TS
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0502R03-CR-Location-Information- Availability
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0503R01-CR-TS-Mobility [actually integrated document was 503R02 since 503R01 contains corrupted word document]</li> </ul>
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0504R01-CR-TS-Personalization
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0505R01-CR-TS-Roaming
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0547R02-CR-Terminal-Provisioning-gap- filling</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0551-Service-Provisioning-terminology- corrections</li> </ul>
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0553R01-CR-types-of-interactivity
	18 Nov 2005	5.2, 5.6, 5.8,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		5.9	OMA-BCAST-2005-0496R03-CR-Charging
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0545R02-CR-Roaming_TS</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0574R01-Clarification-on-enforcement-of- LOC-dependent-features</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0576-CR-TS-Terminal-Provisioning- Signallin</li> </ul>
	5 Jan 2006	3.2, 5.2, 5.3,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		5.3.6, C, D	OMA-BCAST-2005-0679-CR-error-correction-for-ExtensionURL
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0690R01-CR-InteractivityMedia- FileBundling
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0698R02-CR- Terminal Provisioning Modification
			• OMA-BCAST-2005-0703R02-
			Additional_Terminal_Provisioning_method
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0729R01-CR-Roaming_Flow
			OMA-BCAST-2005-0735R01-CR-UserIDdefinition

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
	23 Feb 2006		Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0125-Gzip-Redundancy-Fix
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0101R01-Clarification-on-Interactive- Service-Ordering</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0100R01-Clarification-on-Interactive- Service-Guide-Retrieval</li> </ul>
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0099R01-TS-Service-Correction-on-Error- Code
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0098-CR-to-TS-Service-Section-5
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0097-Clean-up-of-Section-3.2
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0084-CR-TS-Interaction-Corrections.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0081-CR- Renaming SG Retrieval Message.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0077R01-CR-Interaction-Issue-SMS.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0075-CR-Bug-fixes-for-Service- Interaction.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0074-CR-Bug-fixes-for-InteractivityMedia-
			document.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0037-     Change of Terminal Developments
			Cleanup_of_Terminal_Provisioning.zip
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0127- Clean_up_the_sentences_related_with_ServiceClass
			Minor editorial cleanup (typos, formatting)
	28 Feb 2006		Incorporates agreed Change Request:
	201002000		OMA-BCAST-2005-0692R02-Add-status-information
	15 Mar 2006	5.1, 5.2,	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
	15 Mai 2000	5.3.6.1, 5.6, 5.8	<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2005-0694R03-Add-more-elements-in-roaming- messages</li> </ul>
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0148R01-Mandating-DM-for-BCAST
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0156-CR-MCC-BCAST-Task-Force- Conclusion
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0181-CR-Service-Ordering-Global- Purchase-Item-ID
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0194R02-CR-Improved-SMS-based- interaction</li> </ul>
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0210R01-CR-Status-Codes-TS Services
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0214R03-CR TS Roaming
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0220R01-UserID-clarification-with-Type</li> </ul>
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0225R01-CR-harmonized-BCAST-
			crossreferences
	20 Mar 2006	5.1.6.1,	Incorporates agreed Change Request:
		5.1.6.7	OMA-BCAST-2006-0247-Notification-Subscription-in-Service- Provisioning
	26 Mar 2006	5.1.7 (new),	Incorporates agreed Change Requests:
		В	OMA-BCAST-2006-0263R01-TS-Services-Account-Inquiry
			OMA-BCAST-2006-0272R01-CR-TS-Services-SCR-tables
	19 Apr 2006		Updated table of content and 2006 Copyright

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
	8 Dec 2006	All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Consistency Review:
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0298R02-Missing-Abbreviations-IPDC-over- DVB-H-adaptation (NEC)</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2006-0310R02-CR-
			Global_Status_Code_Cross_Reference_Table (Samsung, LGE) OMA-BCAST-2006-0322R03-
			CR_CR_TS_Updating_Definitions_for_TS_Services (Nokia, Cingular)
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0323R01-CR-TS-Updated-Scope-and- Introduction-for-TS-Services (Nokia)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0392-CR-Adding_reference abbreviations_at_BCAST_Service_TS (LGE)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0394R02-CR-Roaming_Clarified (Samsung)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0438R07-Restructuring-Service-Provisioning- Message (Samsung)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0439R01-Restructuring-Roaming-Message (Samsung)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0441R01-Mapping-Table-in-Charging- Section (Samsung)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0442R01-Cleanup-section-5_4_2-of-TS- Service (Samsung)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0443R02-Text-for-5_3_5-and-5_3_6-of-TS- Service (Samsung)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0446-Add-HTTPS-for-roaming-between- BSMs (Samsung)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0451R02-Proposed-Resolution-1-for- comments-in-IC-450 (Nokia)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0452R02-Proposed-Resolution-2-for- comments-in-IC-450 (Nokia)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0455R02-CR-Mandating-DM-for-Terminal- Provisioning (Motorola, LG Electronics, Telefonica Moviles, Orange, Qualcomm, Vodafone)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0597R02-CR_BCAST_MO_Draft_revised (LGE, Siemens)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0679R02- CR_BCAST_MOsmartcard_provisioning (Gemalto)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0719R02-CR_Language_in_MediaObjectSet (Siemens)</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2006-0720-CR_Scope_of_Requiest_ID (Siemens)
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0736R02- CR_Interactivity_uplink_overload_protection (Ericsson)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0749R01- CR_FUMO_1.0_mandatory_for_firmware_upgrades (Motorola,</li> </ul>
			Orange) • OMA-BCAST-2006-0806R01- CR_HTTP_signalling_for_serv_prov_message_compression
			<ul> <li>(Nokia)</li> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0834R01-CR_WebShop (Nokia, KPN, Orange)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0840R01- CR terminal provisioning service type (Ericsson)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0871-CR_Services_NO_NM (Panasonic,</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>KPN, Ericsson, Huawei, Samsung, Orange, Vodafone, Cingular)</li> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0923R02-CR Voice Call Interaction (Nokia)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0929R02- INP_XML_schemas_for_service_provisioning (Nokia) [requires no</li> </ul>
			change in this specification]
			<ul> <li>2006-0930R01-INP_XML_schema_for_roaming_messages (Nokia) [requires no change in this specification]</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0932R01- CR_BCAST_Client_ID_and_BCAST_MO (LG, Orange)</li> </ul>
			Incorporated comment resolutions agreed during consistency review

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
	29 Dec 2006	All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Consistency Review:
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0325R01-review-comments-on-NTPtime-in- SG-and-Servivces-TS (Panasonic)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0393R03- CR CR Clarifying BCAST Service TS 5.2 (LGE)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0440R02-Mapping-Table-of-Interface-and- TS-Section-Number (Samsung)</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2006-0842R02-
			CR_interactive_delivery_of_Interactivity_Media (Ericsson)
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0843R01-CR_Text_in_SMS_URI_scheme (Ericsson)</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2006-0928R09-
			CR_Making_Roaming_Consistent_in_BCAST_1_0 (Nokia)
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-1019R01-CR_Backend_Interface_for_FD (Samsung, Nokia)</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2006-1076R01-
			CR InteractivityMediaDoc XMLSchema (KPN)
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-1081R02-CR_XML_Extension_Rules</li> </ul>
			(Siemens. Motorola, Alcatel, Nokia, Expway)
			Incorporated comment resolutions agreed during consistency review
			Editorial cleanup

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
	20 Mar 2007	All	Corrected editorial mistakes in last version:
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-0441R03-Mapping-Table-in-Charging- Section (Samsung) – wrong version had been included in last</li> </ul>
			release
			Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Second Consistency Review:
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0016R10- CR_Subscription_and_Registration_Messages_for_Smartcard_Prof</li> </ul>
			ile
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0369- CR_cross_reference_table_update_at_TS_ServiceOMA-BCAST- 2006-0925R06-CR_SG_Adding_Legal_Text_Support_Option_2</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-1038R03- CR_MIME_type_for_InteractivityMediaDocument</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-1039-CR_Add_MIN_as_UserID_Type</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-1082R02-CR_Delivery_of_IAMDs</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2006-1086R01-CR_Subtitling</li> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0018R01-</li> </ul>
			CR_KPN_Services_spec_review_comment_Service_req_resp
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0039R01-CR_SE_add_deny_all_rule</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0053-CR_Provisioning_Messages_Bugfix
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0055-CR_Roaming_Messages_Bugfix
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0056-CR_Interactivity_Media_Bugfix</li> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0084-</li> </ul>
			CR_Smartcard_Profile_Trigger_PurchaseItem_correction
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0089-CR_TS_Auxdata_and_ad_support
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0090-CR_TS_Rule_Conflict</li> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0095R01-</li> </ul>
			CR_TS_Clarification_on_multiple_instances_of_MediaObjectSet
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0116R01- CR_Web_Based_Service_Provisioning_Procedure_Corrections</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0136R02-
			CR_Adding_Status_at_BCAST_MO (partially, BCAST MO Figure not yet updated
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0138R01-
			CR_Consistency_of_TS_Services_5.2 • OMA-BCAST-2007-0139-
			CR_Clarifying_Terminal_Provisioning_Bootstrap
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0145R01-
			CR_Services_spec_review_WEB_URI.doc
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0153R05- CR_bug_fix_for_Interactivity_scheduling</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0158R01-CR_interface_mapping_table</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0215R02-CR_Resolution_for_SE_F_078</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0217R02-CR_Resolution_for_SE_F_072</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0245R06-
			CR_Purchase_Data_Changes_for_Smartcard_Profile
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0254R01- CR_TS_Clarification_on_authentication</li> </ul>
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0258R01-
			CR_Services_MBMS_related_MO_parameters
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0273-CR_MIME_type_for_triggers
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0274R01-</li> <li>CR TS Services Using media types in triggers</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>CR_TS_Services_Using_media_types_in_triggers</li> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0275R02-</li> <li>CR_Clorifications_on_priviles_information_messages</li> </ul>
			CR_Clarifications_on_pricing_information_messages • OMA-BCAST-2007-0299R01-
			<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0299R01-</li> <li>CR_Clarification_of_MBMS_to_Smartcard_Profile_key_and_key_ ID_mappings</li> </ul>
			○ OMA-BCAST-2007-0310R01-
			CR_Handling_the_loss_of_subscription_data_in_the_terminal
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0311R02-
			CR_Returning_the_price_in_the_Service_Response_message
© 2007 Open Mobile Alliance Ltd.	All Rights Res	erved.	<ul> <li>OMA-BCAST-2007-0312R01-CR_SG_delivery_response_over_IC</li> <li>QMA-BCAST-2007-0320R01-</li> </ul>
Used with the permission of the Open Mol	nie Alliance Ltd.	under the terms	as stated in this cocument Response of the second s
			• OMA-BCAST-2007-0341R01-
			CR_Unsubscribe_and_Deregistration_procedures_for_Smartcard_P

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
	29 Mar 2007	All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Second Consistency Review: • OMA-BCAST-2007-0100-CR_Moving_Notification_Function • OMA-BCAST-2007-0136R02- CR_Adding_Status_at_BCAST_MO (update of BACST MO Figure)
			Editorial cleanup
	03 Apr 2007	All	Cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate
	06 Apr 2007	All	Editorial cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate
	17 Apr 2007	All	Revised SCR Tables         Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Second         Consistency Review:         OMA-BCAST-2007-0016R11-         CR_Subscription_and_Registration_Messages_for_Smartcard_Profile [0016R10 had previously been integrated]         OMA-BCAST-2007-0341R02-         CR_Unsubscribe_and_Deregistration_procedures_for_Smartcard_Profile         OMA-BCAST-2007-0450-CR_actions_after_unsubscribe_         OMA-BCAST-2007-0450-CR_provisioning_Messages_Bugfix         OMA-BCAST-2007-0469R02-CR_Provisioning_Messages_Bugfix         OMA-BCAST-2007-0493R01-         CR_Service_Provisioning_Protocol_and_Authentication_Bug_Fixe s         Editorial cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate         Revised SCR Tables
	23 Apr 2007 27 Apr 2007	All Appendix C All	Incorporated Change Requests Tentatively Agreed during Second Consistency Review:         OMA-BCAST-2007-0046R03-CR_Smartcard_Definition         OMA-BCAST-2007-0205R02-CR_Services_SCR_tables         OMA-BCAST-2007-0493R01- CR_Service_Provisioning_Protocol_and_Authentication_Bug_Fixe s         OMA-BCAST-2007-0509R01-CR_optional_attributes_defaults         Editorial cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate         Revised SCR Tables         Revised SCR Table in response to comments         Editorial cleanup in preparation for Approval as Candidate
Candidate Version	29 May 2007	n/a	Status changed to Candidate by TP
OMA-TS-BCAST_Services-V1_0	,		TP ref# OMA-TP-2007-0129R01- INP_BCAST_V1_0_ERP_for_Candidate_approval

# Appendix B. Examples on Realizing Interactive Services (Informative)

Editor's note: this section may contain a walk-through for selected services that clarifies how the service can be generated, managed, and delivered, end-to-end.

# **B.1** Use of MMS Template for Service Interaction (Informative)

This section describes an example on how to use MMS Message Template for Service Interaction.

#### B.1.1 Retrieving the MMS Message Template

MMS Message Template can be broadcasted, as similar as other Service Interaction methods such as SMIL, XHTML MP etc.. In this case the files constructing MMS Message Template are concatenated in one GZIP and broadcasted within the file broadcast. The name and the MIME-type of each file are given in InteractivityMediaDocument (See Appendix.C for example).

MMS Message Template can also be retrieved from MMS. In this case the service provider or directly the operator author the MMS Template containing the MTD (MMS Message Template Definition), i.e. the template wizard toward the service. The template and some contents are embedded within a MMS Message with Multipart/Related or Multipart/Mixed format. The name and the MIME-type of each file are given in a header of the each part in Multipart Message. This MMS Message is send to the terminal whose users are registered to use Service Interaction.

The terminal will extract the files before the time when MMS Message Template is used in Service Interaction.

#### B.1.2 Launching MMS Message Template Client and creating Multimedia Message

After MMS Message Template retrieval, the terminal launches MMS Message Template Client with MMS Message Template. This section describes two cases for MMS Message Template use.

#### B.1.2.1 Use case: Voting

The first use case is Voting, for example, to vote 'who will win the game of the TV program'. In this case, MMS Message Template will have the following files:

- Message Template Definition (MTD) : using text-editor to input the name of the winner (shown below)

- MMS Presentation Part (SMIL)

- Media Objects (Text, Image)

#### Voting-sample.mtd

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE mmstemplate PUBLIC "-//OMA//DTD MTD 1.3//EN"
"http://www.openmobilealliance.org/MMS/MTD/1.3/DTD/mtd13.dtd">
<mmstemplate xmlns="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/2004/mtd">
   <head>
     <title>Vote the winner</title>
     <description>MTD sample code for BCAST Service Interaction</description>
     <date>2005-10-10</date>
     <version>1.00</version>
     <author>John Doe</author>
   </head>
   <body>
     <message>
        <to-header editable="false">1677721664</to-header>
        <subject-header>Vote the winner</subject-header>
     </message>
     <wizard>
```

#### **Table 43: MMS Template Example for Voting**

MMS Message Template Client could display the following text input screen.

Note: MMS Message Template only specifies the input method. It does not specify the screen flow and how to construct text input screen. The appearance of the input screen will depend on the implementation of the client.

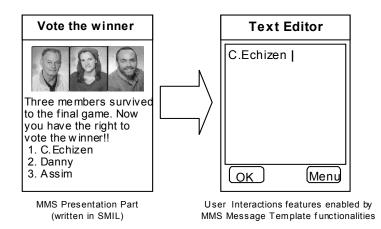


Figure 4: The screen flow of Voting Template

#### B.1.2.2 Use case: Viewer's Contribution

The second use case is Viewer's Contribution, for example, to send the viewer's pet boast to the TV program.

In this case, MMS Message Template will have the following files:

- Message Template Definition (MTD) :

description that uses still camera to take a photo of the pet, and text editor to input the comment (shown below).

- MMS Presentation Part (SMIL)
- Media Objects (Text, Image)

#### Contribution-sample.mtd

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE mmstemplate PUBLIC "-//OMA//DTD MTD 1.3//EN"
"http://www.openmobilealliance.org/MMS/MTD/1.3/DTD/mtd13.dtd">
<mmstemplate xmlns="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/2004/mtd">
<head>
<title>Boast of my pet</title>
<description>MTD sample code for BCAST Service Interaction</description>
<date>2005-10-10</date>
<version>1.00</version>
<author>John Doe</author>
</head>
<body>
<message>
<to-header editable="false">1677721664</to-header>
<subject-header>Show your pet off</subject-header>
```



Table 44: MMS Template Example for User Feedback

MMS Message Template Client will show the multiple input screens. The first screen will be the camera application and next one will be text editor. The example of input screens could be figured as follows:

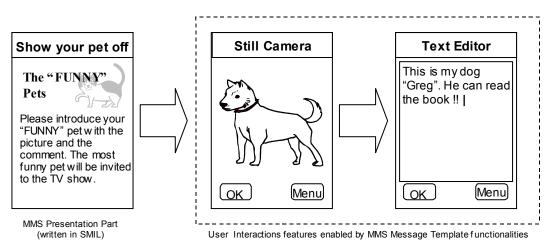


Figure 5: The screen flow of Viewer's Contribution Template

#### **B.1.3 Sending the Interaction Message**

The Resulting MM created by MMS Message Template Client will be sent to BCAST Service Application via MMS through SI-8.

# Appendix C. Static Conformance Requirements

The notation used in this appendix is specified in [IOPPROC].

Note1: References refer to this specification unless otherwise noted.

Note2: BCAST adaptation specifications, in which it is specified how the BCAST 1.0 enabler is implemented over a specific BDS (Broadcast Distribution System), may overrule or adapt requirements from this SCR or provide additional requirements

# C.1 SCR for BCAST Client

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
Item BCAST-SERVICES-C- 001 BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Function         Terminal with access to         interaction channel         Terminal with access to	Reference general	O	RequirementBCAST-SERVICES-C-011 ANDBCAST-SERVICES-C-012 ANDBCAST-SERVICES-C-013 ANDBCAST-SERVICES-C-017 ANDBCAST-SERVICES-C-018 ANDBCAST-SERVICES-C-019 ANDBCAST-SERVICES-C-020 ANDBCAST-SERVICES-C-026 ANDBCAST-NT-C-003 ANDBCAST-SERVICES-C-006 AND
002	interaction channel and support for Service and/or Content Protection	[BCAST10- ServContProt]	0	BCAST-SERVICES-C-006 AND BCAST-SERVICES-C-007 AND BCAST-SERVICES-C-008
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 003	Terminal supporting SMS	general	0	BCAST-SERVICES-C-014
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 004	Terminal supporting MMS	general	0	BCAST-SERVICES-C-015
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 005	Terminal supporting Voice call	general	0	BCAST-SERVICES-C-016
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 006	Service Provisioning	Section 5.1	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 007	HTTP POST for service provisioning	Section 5.1.1	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 008	Provisioning Messages	Section 5.1	0	BCAST-SERVICES-C-009
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 009	GZIP compression of Provisioning Messages	Section 5.1.7	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 010	Web-based Service Provisioning	Section 5.1.8	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 011	Terminal Provisioning using OMA DM	Sections 5.2, 5.2.2	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 012	Reception of terminal provisioning messages and update of the parameters included in the terminal provisioning messages	Section 5.2	0	

# (Normative)

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 013	Service interaction using IP, TCP, HTTP	Section 5.3.1	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 014	Service interaction using SMS	Sections 5.3.1, 5.3.6.1.2., 5.3.6.1.3	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 015	Service interaction using MMS	Sections 5.3.1., 5.3.6.1.2	Ο	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 016	Service interaction using Voice Call	Section 5.3.6.1.2	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 017	Interactive retrieval of SG	Section 5.3.2	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 018	Interactive retrieval of Service Guide related information	Section 5.3.3	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 019	Reception of InteractivityMedia documents over broadcast file distribution	Section 5.3.6.1, 5.3.6.2	Ο	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 020	Retrieval of InteractivityMedia documents and associated files over interaction channel	Section 5.3.6.1, 5.3.6.3	Ο	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 021	Rendering of InteractivityMedia objects	Section 5.3.6.1	М	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 022	Acquisition and rendering of the media objects attached to the InteractivityMedia document without interrupting the acquisition and rendering of the 'regular' broadcast media stream	Section 5.3.6.1.3	М	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 023	Description and evaluation of end user preferences	Section 5.4	0	BCAST-SERVICES-C-024
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 024	Format of end user preference description	Section 5.4.2	Ο	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 025	Broadcast Roaming	Section 5.7.2	М	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 026	Format of roaming messages	Sections 5.7.1, 5.7.2	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 027	Support of Location Information	Section 5.8	0	BCAST-SERVICES-C-028 OR BCAST-SERVICES-C-029 OR BCAST-SERVICES-C-030
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 028	Support of Location Information in OMA MLP format	Section 5.8	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C-	Support of Location	Section 5.8	0	

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
029	Information in zip code format			
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 030	Support of Location Information in BDS- specific cell_id format	Section 5.8	0	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 031	XML formatting rules for signalling	Section 5.9	М	
BCAST-SERVICES-C- 032	3GPP Timed Text for Subtitling and Closed Captions	Section 5.13	0	

# C.2 SCR for BCAST Service Application (BSA)

The BSA is an entity in the OMA BCAST Architecture, see [BCAST10-Architecture] Fig. 3.

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES- BSA-001	Service interaction using one or several of: IP, TCP, HTTP, SMS, IPSEC, UDP, MMS, WAP, HTTPS based on SSL 3.0 [SSL30] and TLS 1.0 [RFC 2246], SIP/IMS	Section 5.3.1	0	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSA-002	Support for Interactivity MediaDocument format and delivery	Section 5.3.6.1.2	0	

# C.3 SCR for BCAST Service Distribution/Adaptation (BSDA)

The BSDA is an entity in the OMA BCAST Architecture, see [BCAST10-Architecture] Fig. 3.

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-001	Description and evaluation of end user preferences	Section 5.4	Ο	BCAST-SERVICES-BSDA-002
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-002	Format of end user preference description	Section 5.4.1	Ο	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-003	Use of Location Information	Section 5.8	0	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-004	Use of Location Information in OMA MLP format	Section 5.8	Ο	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-005	Use of Location Information in zip code format	Section 5.8	Ο	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-006	Use of Location Information in BDS- specific cell_id format	Section 5.8	Ο	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-007	XML formatting rules for signalling	Section 5.9	М	

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES- BSDA-008	Subtitling and Closed Captions	Section 5.13	0	

# C.4 SCR for BCAST Subscription Management (BSM)

The BSM is an entity in the OMA BCAST Architecture, see [BCAST10-Architecture] Fig. 3.

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-001	Service Provisioning	Section 5.1	М	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-002	HTTP POST for service provisioning	Section 5.1.1	М	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-003	GZIP compression of Provisioning Messages	Section 5.1.7	М	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-004	Web-based Service Provisioning	Section 5.1.8	0	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-005	Terminal Provisioning using OMA DM	Section 5.2	М	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-006	Delivery of OMA DM messages through Interaction Channel using DM mechanism	Section 5.2.4	М	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-007	Broadcast Roaming	Section 5.7	0	BCAST-SERVICES-BSM-008
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-008	Format of roaming messages	Sections 5.7.1, 5.7.2	0	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-009	XML formatting rules for signalling	Section 5.9	М	
BCAST-SERVICES- BSM-010	Protocol stack for message exchanges between BSMs	Section 7.2.1	М	

## C.5 SCR for BCAST Notification Client (NTC)

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-NT-C-001	Support for the signalling of the availability and access to generic notifications through the SGDD.	Sections 5.14.1.1.1, [BCAST10- SG] 5.4.2.5	М	
BCAST-NT-C-002	Support for the signalling of the availability and access to service-specific notifications through 'Access' fragment.	Sections 5.14.1.2.1, [BCAST10- SG] 5.1.2.4	М	
BCAST-NT-C-003	Support for subscribing to notifications by sending a Notification	Section 5.14.4.2.1	0	

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
	Request to NTG			
BCAST-NT-C-004	Support for user-oriented notification request message format	Section 5.14.4.2.1	0	BCAST-NT-C-003
BCAST-NT-C-005	Support for polling to notifications over Interaction Channel	Section 5.14.4.3	0	

# C.6 SCR for BCAST Notification Distribution Adaptation (NTDA)

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
BCAST-NT-DA-001	Support for the signalling of the availability and access to generic notifications through the SGDD.	Sections 5.14.1.1.1, [BCAST10- SG] 5.4.2.5	М	
BCAST-NT-DA-002	Support for the signalling of the availability and access to service-specific notifications through the 'Access' fragment.	Sections 5.14.1.2.1, [BCAST10- SG] 5.1.2.4	M	
BCAST-NT-DA-003	Notification back-end interface exposed	Section 5.14.5.1	0	BCAST-NT-DA-004 AND BCAST-NT-DA-005
BCAST-NT-DA-004	Support back-end interface for notification function	Section 5.14.5.1	0	
BCAST-NT-DA-005	Support the back-end message for notification	Section 5.14.5.2	0	
BCAST-NT-DA-006	Backend interface SG-4 exposed in implementation	Section 5.14.5.1	0	BCAST-NT-DA-007
BCAST-NT-DA-007	Support backend interface SG-4 for SG function	Section 5.14.5.1	0	(BCAST-NT-DA-008 OR BCAST-NT-DA-009) AND BCAST-NT-DA-010 AND (BCAST-NT-DA-011 OR BCAST-NT-DA-012) AND BCAST-NT-DA-013 AND BCAST-NT-DA-005
BCAST-NT-DA-008	Support IPv4	Section 5.14.5.1	0	
BCAST-NT-DA-009	Support IPv6	Section 5.14.5.1	0	
BCAST-NT-DA-010	Support TCP	Section 5.14.5.1	0	
BCAST-NT-DA-011	Support HTTP1.1	Section	0	

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
		5.14.5.1		
BCAST-NT-DA-012	Support HTTPS	Section 5.14.5.1	0	
BCAST-NT-DA-013	SG backend messages for content delivery	Section 5.14.5.1	0	

# Appendix D. <MediaObjectSet> examples (Informative)

This appendix provides illustrative examples of <MediaObjectSet> elements present in InteractivityMedia documents. The external file (GZIP archive or single media file part) is not given.

# D.1 XHTML MP bundle

Example of an XHTML MP bundle containing two XHTML pages, one picture and one external WAP CSS stylesheet:

```
<MediaObjectSet
    RelativePreference="5"
     Content-Type="application/x-gzip"
     Content-URI="http://www.bcast.com/purchaseme.gz"
     xml:lang="en-UK"
 >
     <Object
         Content-Type="application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml"
         Content-Location="index.html"
         Start="true" />
     <Object
         Content-Type="application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml"
         Content-Location="other.html" />
     <Object
         Content-Type="text/css"
         Content-Location="./style/style.css" />
     <Object
         Content-Type="image/gif"
         Content-Location="./images/background.gif" />
     <Description xml:lang="en">Purchase me</Description>
     <Description xml:lang="fr">Achetez moi</Description>
 </MediaObjectSet>
```

File structure after deflation would be :

index.html

other.html

/style/style.css

/images/background.gif

with 'index.html' typically containing the following links :

k rel= "stylesheet" href= "./style/style.css" />

<a href = "other.html"> Click to see next page </a>

<img src = "./image/background.gif" />

# D.2 MMS Message Template bundle

Example of an MMS Message Template bundle containing one MMS Template Definition, one SMIL and one text part and one picture:

```
<MediaObjectSet
RelativePreference="10"
```

```
Content-Type="application/x-gzip"
    Content-URI="http://www.bcast.com/votenow.gz"
>
    <Object
        Content-Type="application/vnd.omammsg-mtd+xml"
        Content-Location="votenow.mtd" />
        Start="true" />
    <Object
        Content-Type="application/smil"
        Content-Location="presentation.smil" />
    <Object
        Content-Type="image/png"
        Content-Location="title.png" />
    <Object
        Content-Type="text/plain"
        Content-Location="vote.txt" />
</MediaObjectSet>
```

File structure after deflation would be :

votenow.mtd presentation.smil title.png vote.txt

with 'presentation.smil' typically containing the following links :

<img src = "title.png" />

<text src = "vote.txt" />

## D.3 SMIL bundle

Example of a SMIL bundle containing one XHTML MP Rich Text and one Audio file :

```
<MediaObjectSet
    RelativePreference="8"
    Content-Type="application/x-gzip"
    Content-URI="http://www.bcast.com/inputtimeout.gz"
>
     <Object
         Content-Type="application/smil"
        Content-Location="presentation.smil"
        Start="true" />
     <Object
         Content-Type="application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml"
        Content-Location="farewell.html" />
     <Object
         Content-Type="audio/3gpp"
         Content-Location="./audio/symphony.3gp" />
</MediaObjectSet>
```

File structure after deflation would be :

presentation.smil

farewell.html

/audio/symphony.3gp

with 'presentation.smil' typically containing the following links :

<text src= "farewell.html" type="application/vnd.wap.xhtml+xml" />

<audio src= "./audio/symphony.3gp" type="audio/3gpp" />

# Appendix E. Walk-through of Broadcast Roaming

(Informative)

This appendix illustrates how the Broadcast Roaming is achieved through the use of core functionalities of BCAST 1.0. This informative explanation of Broadcast Roaming is presented as a walk-through mainly from the terminal point of view.

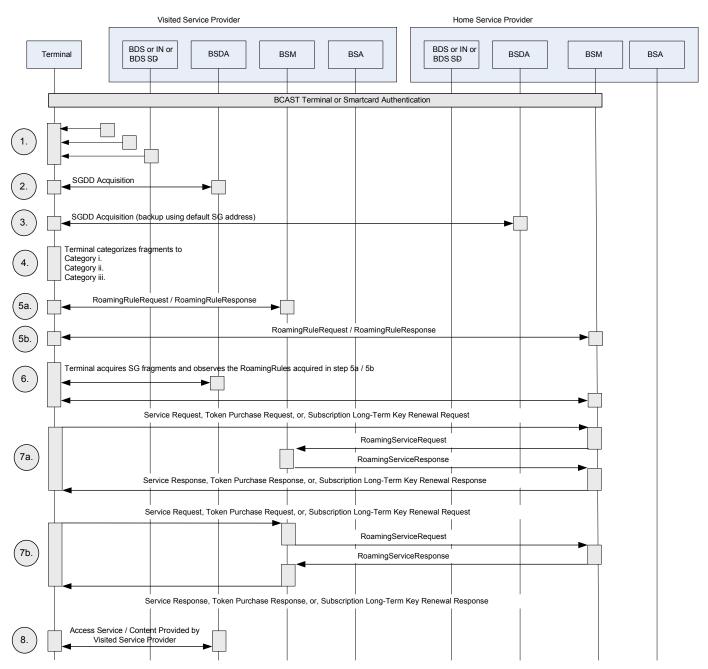


Figure 6: Informative Example of Broadcast Roaming

The walk-through below is illustrated as flow chart in Figure D.1.

- 1. Terminal scans or otherwise detects available Broadcast Distribution Systems (BDS).
- 2. Terminal attempts to perform Service Guide discovery bootstrap to locate entry point to BCAST Service Guide on all or any of the detected BDSes. Upon successful completion of bootstrap procedure, the Terminal acquires the entry point to BCAST Service Guide over the respective bearer. Consequently, the Terminal acquires SGDDs either by receiving or by retrieving those.

- 3. In case Terminal fails to perform bootstrap and to locate the entry point to BCAST Service Guide over all the detected BDSes, the Terminal attempts to retrieve SGDDs using the entry point as provisioned in the Terminal (defined by Management Object "<X>/SGServerAddress").
- 4. Once the Terminal acquires SGDDs, the Terminal looks for BSMSelector elements and BSMFilterCodes within those elements in the SGDD. Together with that information and the terminal's affiliated BSM(s) which are represented within the Terminal as Management Objects with identifier '<X>/BSMFilterCode', the Terminal categorizes all the fragments declared in the SGDD into three categories:
  - i. Fragments that are associated with a BSMFilterCode (within BSMSelector), which matches at least one of the BSMFilterCodes associated with Home Mobile Broadcast Service Provider the terminal (<X>/ BSMFilterCode/IsHomeBSM == true). Terminal can use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragments without restrictions.
  - ii. Fragments that are associated with a BSMFilterCode (within BSMSelector), which does not match with any of the BSMFilterCodes associated with the terminal or match BSMFilterCodes associated with Visited Mobile Broadcast Service Provider (<X>/ BSMFilterCode/IsHomeBSM == false). Terminal can render, interpret and handle the fragments according to RoamingRules associated with this BSMSelector. BSMSelector and the associated RoamingRules are identified by the attribute "Id" present within the BSMSelector as well as in RoamingRules. In the RoamingRules have been provisioned using BCAST Terminal Provisioning, the rules are associated with each BSMFilterCode, under <X>/ BSMFilterCode/RoamingRule.
  - iii. Fragments that are not associated with any BSMFilterCode (no BSMSelector).
    - In case Terminal has no Management Objects with identifier '<X>/ BSMFilterCode' present, the Terminal can use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragments without restrictions.
    - In case Terminal has at least one Management Object with identifier '<X>/ BSMFilterCode' present, the Terminal will determine behaviour according to Management Objects with identifier '<X>/IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM'.
      - If the Management Objects with identifier '<X>/ IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM' is set with value "true" the Terminal cannot use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragments at all.
      - If the Management Objects with identifier '<X>/ IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM' is set with value "false" the Terminal can use, interpret and render the information contained in these fragments without restrictions.
      - If the Management Objects with identifier '<X>/ IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM' is not present, the Terminal assumes that the value of such Management Object is "true".
- 5. If the terminal wants to render, interpret and handle the fragments in category (ii.) above, it needs to acquire the RoamingRules related to the BSMSelector in question. There are three ways to achieve this.
  - a. The Terminal fetches the RoamingRules from Visited BSM. For that, the BSMSelector contains attribute "RoamingRuleRequestAddress" to which the Terminal can address the RoamingRuleRequest. As a response of to the RoamingRuleRequest the Terminal will receive RoamingRuleResponse which contains the RoamingRules associated with the BSMSelector.
  - b. The Terminal fetches the RoamingRules from Home BSM. This happens if the BSMSelector does not have "RoamingRuleRequestAddress" present, OR, if the Terminal has Management Object "<X>/ForceHomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress" present and set to "true". In these cases the Terminal sends the RoamingRuleRequest to "<X>/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress". As a response of to the RoamingRuleRequest the Terminal will receive RoamingRuleResponse which contains the RoamingRules associated with the BSMSelector.
  - c. The RoamingRules were originally provided as a part of BSMSelector (not illustrated in figure D.1)

- 6. The Terminal acquires Service Guide fragments. It interprets handles and renders the fragments according to RoamingRules. Consequently the Terminal uses the Service Guide fragments to perform subscriptions to services and content, and to access services and content described by the Service Guide.
- 7. Depending on the value of Management Object "<X>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode" the terminal determines whether to initiate the service provisioning request to Visited BSM or to Home BSM. Then the terminal sends the message to either Visited BSM or Home BSM. The receiving system determines from the requested GlobalPurchaseItemId and included UserID whether the request is about roaming. Two cases for this exist: either the Terminal sends the Service Request message to its Home BSM or to the Visited BSM.
  - a. In the former case Home BSM detects that one of its terminal is requesting PurchaseItem served by another BSM. If the Home BSM wants to allow terminal to access the PurchaseItem, the Home BSM goes ahead and sends RoamingServiceRequest to the Visited BSM. Visited BSM answers with RoamingServiceResponse. In case the response allows roaming, then the Home BSM sends a successful ServiceResponse to the terminal. This leads to a subsequent LTKM delivery (push LTKM with Smartcard Profile or Trigger with DRM Profile). The LTKM acquisition is not shown in the diagram as it is a Service & Content Protection procedure.
  - b. In the latter case Visited BSM detects that a terminal that is not one of the terminals affiliated with this BSM is requesting PurchaseItem served by this BSM. The Visited BSM consequently sends RoamingServiceRequest to the Home BSM of the terminal. Home BSM answers with RoamingServiceResponse. In case the response allows roaming, then the Visited BSM sends a successful ServiceResponse to the terminal. This leads to a subsequent LTKM delivery (push LTKM with Smartcard Profile or Trigger with DRM Profile). The LTKM acquisition is not shown in the diagram as it is a Service & Content Protection procedure.

Upon successful RoamingProvisioning, the Terminal is granted right to purchase and/or subscribe to the PurchaseItem it requested.

- 8. In case the Terminal decides to request Long Term Key or to renew Long Term Key associated with a subscription, the Terminal sends either 'LTKM Request' or 'Subscription LTKM Renewal Request'. Two cases for this exist: either the Terminal sends the message to its Home BSM or to the Visited BSM.
  - a. In the former case Home BSM detects that one of its terminal is requesting LTKM or renewal of LTKM associated with PurchaseItem served by another BSM. If the Home BSM wants to allow terminal to access the LTKM, the Home BSM goes ahead and sends RoamingAuthorizationRequest to the Visited BSM.
  - b. In the latter case Visited BSM detects that a terminal that is not one of the terminals affiliated with this BSM is requesting LTKM or renewal of LTKM associated with PurchaseItem served by this BSM. The Visited BSM consequently sends RoamingAuthorizationRequest to the Home BSM of the terminal.

Note: If step 8a or 8b follow 7a or 7b within a certain time frame, the authorization between home and visited BSM is not necessary.

9. The Terminal accesses service and/or content related to PurchaseItem, provided by Visited Service Provider.

# Appendix F. BCAST Management Object

## F.1 OMA BCAST Device Management general

BCAST MOs allow a device to present the configuration of the device in a standardized way, allowing a server to be able to bootstrap, retrieve and manage the configuration of a device (the parameters included in the MO).

Note: the definition of 'Status' at the each of parameters (referred to the latest ACMO White Paper in DM enabler)

- Definition:
  - If the value is "Required" even though the node may not be present at that time, the server can expect the client to be able to support it.
  - The status definition in the node definitions indicates if the client MUST support for that node or not. If the status is "OPTIONAL" then the client manufacture SHOULD specify which optional nodes that are supported in the device DDF (Device Description Framework) file. If the status is "REQUIRED" then the client MUST support that node in the case the client support the parent node.
  - When creating the status of an MO, the child may be required, while the parent node may be optional. This would mean that all those elements would be optional, but in case the parent node is present, then those child nodes would be required.
- Possible Values: The value of this parameter can be "Required" or "Optional".

# F.2 OMA BCAST Management Object Tree

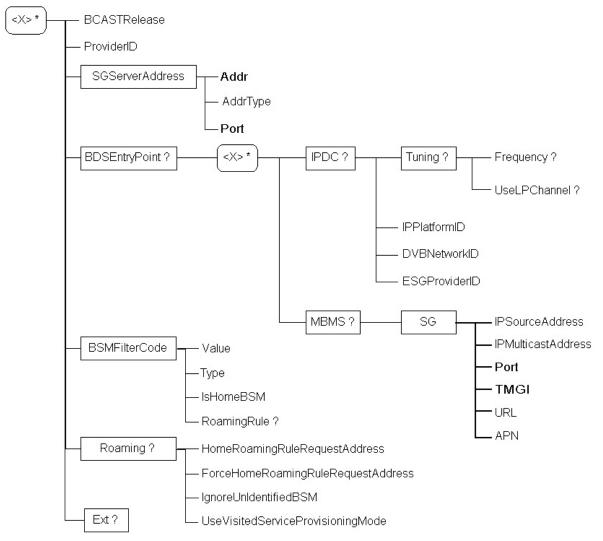


Figure 7: OMA BCAST Management Object Structure

## F.3 BCAST MO parameters

This section provides a description of the elements of the BCAST MO. Unless otherwise stated, BCAST terminals SHALL support the nodes defined below.

#### F.3.1 <X>

This interior node acts as a placeholder for one or more accounts for a fixed node. The interior node is mandatory if the UE supports OMA BCAST.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: Node
- Access Types: Get
- Values: n/a

• Status: Required

#### F.3.2 <X>/BCASTRelease

This leaf node specifies the BCAST release of the client. This leaf node is mandatory and for this release should have the value 1.0

- Occurrence: One
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: <1.0 for this release of BCAST>
- Status: Required

#### F.3.3 <X>/BCASTClientID

This leaf node specifies the BCAST\_Client\_ID used by the Smartcard Profile as per [BCAST10-ServContProt].

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: <BCASTClientID>
- Status: Optional

#### F.3.4 <X>/ProviderID

This leaf node specifies the Provider ID for the BCAST Service.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: < Provider ID>
- Status: Required

#### F.3.5 <X>/SGServerAddress

This interior node serves as a placeholder for the address of the BCAST Service Guide Server for the interactive mode. . In case there are multiple addresses given, the terminal MAY use any of them.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: Node
- Access Types: Get
- Values: n/a
- Status: Required

#### F.3.6 <X>/SGServerAddress/Addr

This leaf node specifies the BCAST Service Guide server address for the interactive mode.

- Occurrence: One
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: Dependent upon AddrType.
- Status: Required

#### F.3.7 <X>/SGServerAddress/AddrType

This leaf node specifies the type of address.

- Occurrence: One
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: "URI", "IPv4" or "IPv6". If no value exists the default type MUST be "URI".
- Status: Required

#### F.3.8 <X>/SGServerAddress/Port

This leaf node specifies the port address

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: The port number MUST be a decimal number and must fit within the range of a 16 bit unsigned integer.
- Status: Required

### F.3.9 <X>/BDSEntryPoint

This intermediate node contains information about the service entry points in the different BDSs. Possible children: IPDC, MBMS

- Occurrence: One
- Format: Node
- Access Type: Get (It is RECOMMENDED to also include Add, Delete and Replace rights on the implementations, in order to support write access on the sub-nodes to provision the necessary sets of information).
- Status: Optional

## F.3.10 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>

This node acts as a placeholder for each set of BDS-specific information.

If more than one instance of this node are present, the terminal MAY use suitable means (like the reception quality or user selection) to choose the most appropriate one.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: Node
- AccessType: Get
- Status: Optional

### F.3.11 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC

For a terminal using IPDC as the BDS, it is necessary to provision some information how to tune the device to the DVB-H broadcast network and to discover the IP flows in it.

If this intermediate node is present, a terminal using the DVB-IPDC BDS SHOULD use this information to tune its receiver, to discover the IP flows which carry the service, and to resolve the actual Service Guide to use in a multi provider scenario.

This node acts as a placeholder for all the BDS-specific information regarding IPDC over DVB-H. BCAST Terminals MAY support this node and its sub-nodes.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: Node
- AccessType: Get
- Status: Optional

#### F.3.12 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/Tuning

This optional node contains tuning parameters for the DVB-H receiver.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: Node
- AccessType: Get
- Status: Optional

#### F.3.13 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/Tuning/Frequency

This leaf node carries the center frequency of the DVB-H channel to tune to.

- Occurrence: One
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get
- Value: Frequency in kHz. This MUST be a decimal number and MUST fit within the range of a 32 bit unsigned integer.
- Status: Optional

#### F.3.14 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/Tuning/UseLPChannel

DVB-H may use an optional hierarchical modulation mode in which case the receiver needs to make a selection between a "high priority" (HP) channel and a "low priority" (LP) channel.

This optional leaf node provides the information which is needed to tune to a hierarchically modulated DVB-H channel.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: boolean
- AccessType: Get
- Value: If present and **true**, the terminal SHALL use the LP channel in DVB-H hierarchical modulation. If not present or **false**, the terminal SHALL use the HP channel in DVB-H hierarchical modulation or assume that no hierarchical modulation is used.
- Status: Optional

#### F.3.15 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/IPPlatformID

DVB uses the concept of IP platforms to disambiguate the IP address ranges of several sources of IP traffic sharing a DVB channel. For a DVB-H terminal, the IP platform ID is required as side information to discover the IP flows.

According to [ETSI 102 470], section 4.2, an IP platform ID value is either registered with DVB in which case it is globally unique, or it is scoped to the network ID (see next section).

This leaf node provides this information.

- Occurrence: One
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get
- Value: The IP Platform ID. This node MUST contain a decimal number and MUST fit within the range of a 24 bit unsigned integer.
- o Status: Required

#### F.3.16 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/DVBNetworkID

There are cases where the IP platform ID is not globally unique but scoped to a DVB network ID which is registered with DVB.

This optional leaf node provides the network ID. It SHALL be present only if the IP platform ID is not globally unique according to [ETSI 102 470], section 4.2.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get
- Value: DVB network identifier in case IPPlatformID is not globally unique. This node MUST contain a decimal number and MUST fit within the range of a 16 bit unsigned integer.
- Status: Required

#### F.3.17 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/IPDC/ESGProviderID

In a DVB-IPDC deployment, multiple service providers can share a DVB-H channel. The Service Guide bootstrap session can therefore contain multiple Service Guides (one per service provider and IP platform). To select and receive a service guide via the DVB-IPDC BDS, the terminal needs to know the ID of the service guide provider to be used.

This leaf node provides this information.

- Occurrence: One
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get
- Value: Service Guide Provider ID for SG bootstrapping. This node MUST contain a decimal number and MUST fit within the range of a 16 bit unsigned integer.
- Status: Required

#### F.3.18 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS

This node acts as a placeholder for all the BDS-specific information regarding MBMS. BCAST Terminals MAY support this node and its sub-nodes.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: Node
- AccessType: Get
- Status: Optional

### F.3.19 X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG

This optional node contains bootstrap parameters for SG reception over MBMS broadcast bearer or SG retrieval over MBMS unicast bearer.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: Node
- AccessType: Get
- Status: Required

#### F.3.20 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/IPSourceAddress

This leaf node contains the IP Source Address for a broadcasted SG.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: chr
- AccessType: Get
- Value: IP Source Address of SG delivery session
- Status: Required

#### F.3.21 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/IPMulticastAddress

This leaf node contains the IP Multicast Address for a broadcasted SG.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: chr
- AccessType: Get
- Value: IP Multicast Address of SG delivery session
- Status: Required

#### F.3.22 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/Port

This leaf node contains the port number for a broadcasted SG.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get
- Value: port number of SG delivery session
- Status: Required

#### F.3.23 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/TMGI

This leaf node contains the Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI) for a broadcasted SG. An MBMS Bearer service is uniquely identified by the TMGI

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: int
- AccessType: Get
- Value: Temporary Mobile Group Identity (TMGI) as defined in [3GPP TS 24.008]
- Status: Required

#### F.3.24 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/SG/URL

This leaf node contains the URL where an SDP describing the delivery session of a broadcasted SG can be fetched

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: chr
- AccessType: Get
- Value: URL of an SDP describing the delivery session of a broadcasted SG
- Status: Required

#### F.3.25 <X>/BDSEntryPoint/<X>/MBMS/APN

This leaf node contains Access Point Name (APN) information. An MBMS bearer is identified by IP multicast address and APN.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: chr
- AccessType: Get
- Value: URI of a usable Access Point Name (APN).
- Status: Required

#### F.3.26 <X>/BSMFilterCode

This interior node is a placeholder for the BSMFilterCode structure associated with the BSM.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: Node
- Access Types: Get
- Values: n/a
- Status: Required

### F.3.27 <X>/BSMFilterCode/Value

This leaf node specifies the value of BSMFilterCode associated with the BSM of the Home Broadcast Service Provider of the user..

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: BSMFilterCode associated with the BSM of the Home Broadcast Service Provider. This is value is used to
  in comparison against the BSMFilterCode values in BSMSelectors in the Service Guide Delivery Descriptor and
  PurchaseItem fragment to determine the roaming related behaviour.
- Status: Required

### F.3.28 <X>/BSMFilterCode/Type

This leaf node specifies the type of BSMFilterCode associated with the BSM of the Home Broadcast Service Provider of the user..

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: byte
- Access Types: Get
- Values: "1" (BSMFilterCode is Smart Card Code); "2" (BSMFilterCode is Non Smart Card Code)
- Status: Required

#### F.3.29 <X>/BSMFilterCode/IsHomeBSM

This leaf node specifies the whether BSM that is associated with the BSMFilterCode is Home Broadcast Service Provider of the user.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: boolean
- Access Types: Get
- Values: "true" (BSMFilterCode belongs to Home Broadcast Service Provider of the user); "false" (BSMFilterCode does not belong to Home Broadcast Service Provider of the user)
- Status: Required

#### F.3.30 <X>/BSMFilterCode/RoamingRule

This leaf node that contains the RoamingRule structures associated with BSMFilterCode.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: The value is RoamingRule XML structure as defined in section 5.8.1.3. The XML structure is stored as an array of characters. This element enables the use of OMA DM as a method to manage and update roaming rules at the terminal. This leaf node SHALL apply for <X>/BSMFilterCode elements which have <X>/BSMFilterCode/IsHomeBSM set to "false".
- Status: Optional

#### F.3.31 <X>/Roaming

This interior node is a placeholder for the Roaming structure.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrMore
- Format: Node
- Access Types: Get
- Values: n/a.
- Status: Optional

### F.3.32 <X>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress

This leaf node specifies the address of the Server that the terminal can use to send Roaming Requests related to BSMSelector in case no other contact points are signalled in the Service Guide Delivery Descriptors associated with BSMSelector, or, in case the <X>/Roaming/ForceHomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress is set to "true".

- Occurrence: One
- Format: chr
- Access Types: Get
- Values: Address of the default server to send Roaming Request messages. Value as URL.

• Status: Required

#### F.3.33 <X>/Roaming/ForceHomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress

This leaf node specifies whether Terminal SHALL override any other RoamingRuleRequestAddresses and always contact the address represented by  $\langle X \rangle$ /Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress for Roaming Requests.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: boolean
- Access Types: Get
- Values: "true" Terminal SHALL always use <X>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress when sending RoamingRuleRequest message. "false" – Terminal uses <X>/Roaming/HomeRoamingRuleRequestAddress as the backup address in case BSMSelector in SGDD does provide any other addresses for RoamingRuleRequests. In the absence of this, default value "true" is assumed.
- Status: Required

#### F.3.34 <X>/Roaming/IgnoreUnIdentifiedBSM

This leaf node specifies whether Terminal SHALL ignore fragments that are not associated with BSMSelector(s).

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: boolean
- Access Types: Get
- Values: "true" Terminal SHALL ignore fragments that are not associated with any BSMSelector.. "false" –
  Terminal can interpret, handle, access and render fragments that are not associated with any BSMSelector without
  any restrictions. In the absence of this, default value "true" is assumed if the terminal has any nodes of type "<X>/
  BSMFilterCode" present. Otherwise default value "false" is assumed.
- Status: Required

#### F.3.35 <X>/Roaming/UseVisitedServiceProvisioningMode

This leaf node specifies whether Terminal SHALL initiate the service provisioning requests through Visited BSM or Home BSM.

- Occurrence: ZeroOrOne
- Format: boolean
- Access Types: Get
- Values: "true" terminal SHALL initiate the service provisioning requests through Visited BSM. "false" terminal SHALL initiate the service provisioning requests through Home BSM. Default value "true" is assumed.
- Status: Required

#### F.3.36 <X>/Ext

The Ext is an interior node for where the vendor specific information about BCAST MO is being placed (vendor meaning application vendor, device vendor, OS vendor etc.). Usually the vendor extension is identified by vendor specific name under the ext node. The tree structure under the vendor identified is not defined and can therefore include a non-standard sub-tree.

Occurrence: ZeroOrOne

- Format: Node
- Access Types:
- Values: N/A
- Status: Optional

# Appendix G. Guidelines for extending the XML schemas in future versions of BCAST

This appendix describes the extension rules which MUST be obeyed to ensure that the XML schemas defined in future versions of BCAST keep backward compatibility.

Future versions of BCAST SHALL make sure that extensions are defined in a backward compatible way such that decoders which are not aware of these extensions can safely ignore them but still are provided all expected information. To ensure this, the following rules SHALL be obeyed when extending a BCAST XML schema in future versions of BCAST:

- 1) Derivation-by-extension MAY be used to derive new types from existing ones, in accordance with the rules set out in [XMLSchema].
- 2) Wherever possible, an extended schema SHALL only add functionality and not replace existing functionality. This will allow a decoder which is only aware of a previous version to maximally understand an instance of the extended version.
- 3) Existing element names SHALL never be re-used for new elements. New element names SHALL be defined under their own XML namespace.
- 4) Extended versions of a BCAST XML schema SHALL use a namespace identifier with a different <version> indicator but with the same <prefix>.

If a desired extension can not be done in accordance with the above rules, it is REQUIRED not to extend existing elements or types but to define new ones or to specify new signalling such that decoders which do not support the extension are able to ignore them.

# Appendix H. Media-Type Registrations

## H.1 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.sprov+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name:	application
Subtype name:	vnd.oma.bcast.sprov+xml
Required parameters:	none
Optional parameters:	none
Encoding considerations:	binary

Security considerations:

Service Provisioning messages shall be passive, and does not generally represent a unique or new security threat. However, there is some risk in sharing any kind of data, in that unintentional information may be exposed, and that risk applies to data contained in Service Provisioning messages as well.

Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries Service Provisioning information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification: OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification – Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.1. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type: OMA BCAST Services

Additional information:		
Magic number(s):		
File extension(s):		
Macintosh File Type Code(s):	none	

Person & email address to contact for further information: Uwe Rauschenbach Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use. Only for usage with Service Provisioning for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

none none

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Provisioning for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

# H.2 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.drm-trigger+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.Type name:applicationSubtype name:vnd.oma.bcast.drm-trigger+xml

Required parameters:	none
Optional parameters:	none
Encoding considerations:	binary

Security considerations:

DRM trigger shall be passive, and does not generally represent a unique or new security threat. However, there is some risk in sharing any kind of data, in that unintentional information may be exposed, and that risk applies to data contained in Rights Issuer Service Data as well.

#### Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries DRM trigger information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification - Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.1. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type: OMA BCAST Services

Additional information: Magic number(s): none File extension(s): none Macintosh File Type Code(s): none

Person & email address to contact for further information: Uwe Rauschenbach Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Provisioning for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

# H.3 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.smartcard-trigger+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name:	application
Subtype name:	vnd.oma.bcast.smartcard-trigger+xml
Required parameters:	none
Optional parameters:	none
Encoding considerations:	binary

Security considerations:

Smartcard trigger shall be passive, and does not generally represent a unique or new security threat. However, there is some risk in sharing any kind of data, in that unintentional information may be exposed, and that risk applies to data contained in Rights Issuer Service Data as well.

Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries Smartcard trigger information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification – Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.1. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type: OMA BCAST Services

Additional information:		
Magic number(s):		none
File extension(s):		none
Macintosh File Type Code(s):	none	

Person & email address to contact for further information: Uwe Rauschenbach Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Provisioning for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

# H.4 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.imd+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name:	application
Subtype name:	vnd.oma.bcast.imd+xml
Required parameters:	none
Optional parameters:	none
Encoding considerations:	binary

Security considerations:

InteractivityMediaDocument data shall be active. Upon the reception of the InteractivityMediaDocument, the terminal will interpret it and act based on the commands and structures in the document. There is a possibility that a maliciously formed InteractivityMediaDocument will cause unwanted operations. To protect the user and terminal against these operations, the terminal should notify or prompt the user in case the interpretation of InteractivityMediaDocument will cause a critical operation at the terminal (sending outbound data, accessing system areas, etc.).

Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries service interactivity information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification - Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.3.6.1. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type: OMA BCAST Services

Additional information: Magic number(s): File extension(s): Macintosh File Type Code(s): none

none none

Person & email address to contact for further information: Uwe Rauschenbach Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use.

Only for usage with Service Interactivity for Mobile Broadcast Services, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org

## H.5 Media-Type Registration Request for application/vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml

This section provides the registration request, as per [RFC 2048], to be submitted to IANA.

Type name:	application
Subtype name:	vnd.oma.bcast.notification+xml
Required parameters:	none
Optional parameters:	none
Encoding considerations:	binary

Security considerations:

BCAST Notification message data shall be passive, and does not generally represent a unique or new security threat. However, there is some risk in sharing any kind of data, in that unintentional information may be exposed, and that risk applies to data contained in the BCAST Notification message as well.

#### Interoperability considerations:

This content type carries notification information within the scope of the OMA BCAST enabler. The OMA BCAST enabler specification includes static conformance requirements and interoperability test cases for this content.

Published specification:

OMA BCAST 1.0 Enabler Specification – Mobile Broadcast Services, especially section 5.14. Available from http://www.openmobilealliance.org

Applications, which use this media type: OMA BCAST Notification client

Additional information:		
Magic number(s):		none
File extension(s):		none
Macintosh File Type Code(s):	none	

Person & email address to contact for further information: Uwe Rauschenbach Uwe.Rauschenbach@nsn.com

Intended usage: Limited use. Only for usage with the BCAST Notification message, which meet the semantics given in the mentioned specification.

Author/Change controller: OMNA - Open Mobile Naming Authority, OMA-OMNA@mail.openmobilealliance.org