

Smartcard Web Server Requirements

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Open Mobile Alliance

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1. Scope

(Informative)

Network operators aim to improve the user experience when using network operator services in the Smart Card. The OMA-SEC Smart Card Technology sub-working group (SEC-SCT) has identified these requirements and proposes a solution with the Smart Card Web Server (SCWS).

The SCWS enables Smart Card issuers to offer static or dynamic web pages. One network operator centric example could be pages generated by applications running in the Smart Card (e.g. SIM, UICC or R-UIM), enabling access to content (e.g. questionnaires, FAQs) or security-oriented services requiring keys that are stored in the Smart Card. All these services will be accessible via a web browser in the device.

This document is a requirement document for the work item presented in [SCWS WID].

2. References

2.1 Normative References

[ETSI TR 102 216] "TR 102 216 Technical Report Smart Cards; Vocabulary for Smart Card Platform specifications", v3.0.0,

European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI),

URL: http://www.etsi.org

[HTTP over TLS] "Hypertext Transfer Protocol over TLS protocol", RFC 2818, May 2000,

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2818.txt

[HTTP/1.1] "Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1", RFC 2616, June 1999,

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt

[RFC2119] "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", S. Bradner, March 1997,

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

[TLS 1.0] "Security Transport Protocol", RFC 2246, January 1999, <u>URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2246.txt</u>

[TLS 1.1] "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.1", RFC 4346, April 2006,

URL: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4346.txt

[TLS 1.2] "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.2", RFC 5246, August 2008,

URL: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5246.txt

[WAPWAE] Wireless Application Environment Specification, Open Mobile AllianceTM,

OMA-WAP-WAESpec-V2 3-20040815 {-Candidate}, <u>URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/</u>

[WP HTTP] Wireless Profiled HTTP, Open Mobile Alliance™, WAP-229-HTTP-20010329-a,

URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/

2.2 Informative References

[OMADICT] "Dictionary for OMA Specifications", Version 2.7, Open Mobile AllianceTM,

OMA-ORG-Dictionary-V2_7, <u>URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/</u>

[SCWS WID] Smartcard Web Server Work Item (WID 0196)

3. Terminology and Conventions

3.1 Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

All sections and appendixes, except "Scope" and "Introduction", are normative, unless they are explicitly indicated to be informative.

3.2 Definitions

Browser A program used to view (x) HTML or other media type documents.

Content Provider An entity that provides data that forms the basis of a service.

Device In this context, a Device is a voice and/or data terminal that uses a Wireless Bearer for data transfer.

Device types may include (but are not limited to): mobile phones (GSM, CDMA, 3GSM, etc.), data-only terminals, PDAs, laptop computers, PCMCIA cards for data communication and unattended data-only Devices (e.g., vending machines). Smart Ccards are not considered as part of the device within the context

of the Smart Card Web Server.

Local services Services that reside in the Smart Card Web Server

Network Operator An entity that is licensed and allocated frequency to operate a public mobile wireless telecommunications

network for the purpose of providing publicly available commercial services.

Smart Card A portable tamper resistant device with an embedded microprocessor chip. A Smart Card is used for

storing data (e.g. access codes, user subscription information, secret keys etc.) and performing typically security related operations like encryption and authentication. A Smart Card may contain one or more network authentication applications like the SIM, USIM, R-UIM. In addition, the Smart Card refers to the

smart card definition of [ETSI TR 102 216].

Smart Card application An application that executes in the Smart Card

Smart Card issuer The entity that gives/sales the Smart Card to the user (e.g. mobile operator for a SIM card)

User Person who interacts with a user agent to view, hear or otherwise use a resource

Web Page A document viewable by anyone connected to the page's server who has a web browser

Web server A server process running at a web site, which sends out web pages in response to HTTP requests from

remote browsers.

Web site A computer connected to the internet that maintains a series of web pages

3.3 Abbreviations

ME Mobile Equipment

OMA Open Mobile Alliance

SCWS Smart Card Web Server

4. Introduction

(Informative)

The [SCWS WID] proposes to identify requirements, architecture and specifications for the mechanisms to access the Smart Card via a WAP/xHTML browser.

This document discusses the use cases and requirements for this WID. The main benefits from this work item are:

- Allow for quick and simple access via the WAP Browser to the SIM based Operators' services
- Allow SIM applications to benefit from WAP browser's rich user interface
- Allow Operators services to benefit from SIM security features

Having identified requirements, specification work will be coordinated with external fora (e.g. 3GPP, 3GPP2, ETSI...) in order to allow a Smart Card (e.g. SIM, UICC, R-UIM, WIM...) to behave like a web server, offering both static and dynamic web pages.

4.1 Version 1.0

The Smart Card Web Server 1.0 defines all the main requirements of an HTTP server implemented in a Smart Card, allowing an HTTP client running in the terminal (e.g. the browser) to access resources stored in the Smart Card. The content delivered by the SCWS can be static resources but also be generated by a Smart Card application. The SCWS 1.0 also defines the remote administration of the Smart Card Web Server by an authorized entity.

4.2 Version 1.1

The Smart Card Web Server 1.1 enabler is a set of optimisations of the Smart Card Web Server 1.0 enabler and therefore does not introduce any new requirement or any change into the architecture. This enabler therefore refers to the requirements and architecture documents of the Smart Card Web Server 1.0 enabler.

4.2.1 Version 1.1.1

The Smart Card Web Server 1.1.1 enabler provides corrections and clarifications on the Smart Card Web Server 1.1.

4.3 Version 1.2

The Smart Card Web Server 1.2 enabler introduces the references to latest versions of TLS (i.e. [TLS 1.1] and [TLS 1.2]) and a new requirement confirming that another removable web server operating in the same terminal can be accessed.

The Smart Card Web Server 1.2 enabler also provides clarification on the implementation of the Smart Card Web Server when using TCP/IP transport Protocol.

5. Smartcard Web Server release description (Informative)

The SCWS enabler intends to enable a Smart Card to provide static or dynamic web pages. All these services will be available via a HTTP client such as the web browser into the device. The Mobile Network Operator would be able to update the pages thanks to a Remote Administration Server.

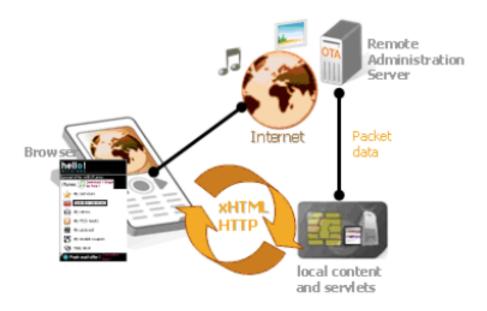


Figure 1: SCWS framework overview

5.1 End-to-end Service Description

The SCWS enabler will provide the following services:

- Smart Card content accessible by any HTTP client in the device
- Smart Card content can be static content (e.g. HTML pages) or dynamic content
- Smart Card content can be updated thanks to a Remote Administration Server

6. Requirements

(Normative)

6.1 High-Level Functional Requirements

Label	Description	Release
REQ-FCT-1	A URL to access the SCWS SHALL be defined in this enabler	1.0
REQ-FCT-2	The solution SHALL aim to minimize modification or adaptation of the web browser in the device	1.0
REQ-FCT-3	It SHALL be possible to access the SCWS when the device is off-line (i.e. when network connection is not available)	1.0
REQ-FCT-4	The SCWS SHALL be able to serve static and dynamic content to the web browser in the device	1.0
REQ-FCT-5	The SCWS SHALL implement a default home page that shall be returned when no specific page is given with the URL	1.0
REQ-FCT-6	It SHALL be possible to provide data (such as queries, parameters, etc.) in the URL to access Smart Card entities or applications	1.0
REQ-FCT-7	It SHALL be possible for the SCWS to invoke Smart Card applications. The SCWS shall be able to forward parameters to a Smart Card application and return the Smart Card application response. The sent URL SHALL identify the Smart Card application.	1.0
REQ-FCT-8	The SCWS architecture SHALL allow the implementation of different mechanisms for the transport of data, in particular HTTP and HTTPS messages, between the SCWS and the device.	1.0

Table 1: High-Level Functional Requirements

6.1.1 Security

Label	Description	Release
REQ-SEC-1.1	It SHALL be possible to authenticate a user to a Smart Card application using the SCWS	1.0
REQ-SEC-1.2	It SHALL be possible to authenticate a principal to a Smart Card application using the SCWS (principal as defined in OMA dictionary)	1.0
REQ-SEC-2	The SCWS SHALL support a mechanism so the browser is able to indicate to the user that the SCWS is being used	Future
REQ-SEC-3	The SCWS enabler SHALL provide a mechanism to control access of applications to the SCWS	1.0
REQ-SEC-4	Access control rights to the SCWS SHALL be indicated by the Smart Card.	1.0
REQ-SEC-5	Access control rights to the SCWS SHALL deal with: - preinstalled device browsers and applications (i.e. delivered by the device manufacturer)	1.0
	- other device applications (e.g. based on their origin or user decision)	
REQ-SEC-6.a	It SHALL be possible to manage the SCWS by a remote entity that establishes an end to end secure session with mutual authentication	1.0

REQ-SEC-6.b	It SHALL be possible to browse the SCWS by a remote entity that establishes an end to end secure session with mutual authentication.	Future
REQ-SEC-7	There SHALL be a clear separation between the interface to the SCWS and the interface to other applications in the Smart Card	1.0
REQ-SEC-8	Denial of service attacks SHOULD be addressed	1.0

Table 2: High-Level Functional Requirements - Security Items

6.1.2 Content

Label	Description	Release
REQ-CONT-1	It SHALL be possible to serve xHTML content from the SCWS	1.0
REQ-CONT-2	It SHALL be possible to serve all the media content defined in WAPWAE specification from the SCWS	1.0
REQ-CONT-3	It SHALL be possible for the SCWS to allow browsing of Smart Card files if authorized by the Smart Card issuer	1.0
REQ-CONT-4	The SCWS SHALL allow the download of device applications	1.0

Table 3: High-Level Functional Requirements – Content Items

6.1.3 Administration and Configuration

Label	Description	Release
REQ-ADM-1	The Smart Card issuer or any 3 rd party authorised by the Smart Card issuer SHALL be able to control what content and Smart Card applications can be accessed via the SCWS	1.0
REQ-ADM-2	The smart card issuer or any 3 rd party authorised by the smart card issuer SHALL be able to inform the SCWS that there is content to be downloaded.	1.0
REQ-ADM-3	The SCWS SHALL provide a mechanism to restrict the amount of content associated to a given 3 rd party.	1.2

Table 4: High-Level Functional Requirements - Administration and Configuration Items

6.1.4 Usability

	Label	Description	Release
RE	Q-USB-1	It SHALL be possible to identify a resource in the SCWS using an URL	1.0

Table 5: High-Level Functional Requirements - Usability Items

6.1.5 Interoperability

Label	Description	Release
REQ-IOP-1	The SCWS SHALL support URLs with a length of at least 1024 characters	1.0
REQ-IOP-2	The SCWS SHALL implement standardised commands to load web pages, or related resources, into the SCWS	1.0
REQ-IOP-3	The SCWS SHALL NOT prevent access to other removable web servers operating in the same terminal.	1.2

Table 6: High-Level Functional Requirements – Interoperability Items

6.1.6 Privacy

Label	Description	Release
REQ-PRV-1	The SCWS SHALL be able to protect access to user data with a user PIN code	1.0

Table 7: High-Level Functional Requirements - Privacy Items

6.2 Overall System Requirements

The following section gives requirements on the communication mechanisms between the different system elements.

Label	Description	Release
System Element Browser:	The device's web browser or applications that need to connect to the SCWS	1.0
System Element Device:	See the definition section	1.0
System Element Smart Card:	See the definition section	1.0
System Element SCWS:	Web server implemented in the Smart Card	1.0
System Element Remote Administration Server:	Administration server used to administrate the SCWS content	1.0

Table 8: High-Level System Requirements

6.2.1 System Element Browser

Label	Description		
REQ-BRW-1	The browser SHALL be able to connect to the SCWS	1.0	

Table 9: Requirements for System Element Browser

6.2.2 System Element Device

Label	Description	Release
REQ-DEV-1	The device SHALL provide the interfaces to access the SCWS	1.0
REQ-DEV-2	The device SHOULD support the existing proactive command issued by the Smart Card to launch the device's web browser.	

Table 10: Requirements for System Element Device

6.2.3 System Element Smart Card

Label	Description			
REQ-SC-1	The Smart Card SHALL provide the communication channel(s) to access the SCWS	1.0		
REQ-SC-2	The Smart Card SHALL provide the needed resources to execute a SCWS, related applications and needed data storage	1.0		

REQ-SC-3	The Smart Card SHALL provide the communication channel(s) to access the SCWS	1.0
	from the remote administration server using [HTTP over TLS]	

Table 11: Requirements for System Element Smart Card

6.2.4 System Element SCWS

Label	Description		
REQ-SCWS-1	It SHALL be possible to serve content from the SCWS using [HTTP/1.1] and [WP HTTP], or a sub-profile of these protocols.	1.0	
REQ-SCWS-2	It MAY be possible to serve content from the SCWS using [HTTP over TLS]	1.0	

Table 12: Requirements for System Element SCWS

6.2.5 System Element Remote Administration Server

Label	Description	Release
REQ-AS-1	The remote administration server SHALL be able to download content on the SCWS using [HTTP over TLS]	1.0

Table 13: Requirements for System Element Remote Administration Server

Appendix A. Change History

(Informative)

A.1 Approved Version History

Reference	Date	Description
OMA-RD_Smartcard_Web_Server-V1_0-20080421-A	21 Apr 2008	First release of SCWS Enabler

A.2 Draft/Candidate Version 1.2 History

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
Draft Versions OMA-RD Smartcard Web Server-V1 2	17 Jun 2010	All	Initial version, based on OMA-RD-Smartcard_Web_Server-V1_2-20100617-D
	19 Jun 2010	6.1.5	Implemented agreed change:
			OMA-ARC-SCT-2010-0043R02-CR_OtherWebServers_RD
	25 Oct 2010	All	Implemented agreed changes:
			OMA-ARC-SCT-2010-0064-CR_TLS_Versions_RD
			OMA-ARC-SCT-2010-0069R01-CR_Introduction_SCWS_1_2_RD
			OMA-ARC-SCT-2010-0054R01-CR_Editorial_Smart_Card_RD
			OMA-ARC-SCT-2010-0072-CR_ReleaseDescription_SCWS_1_2_RD
	04 Nov 2010	All	Implemented agreed changes:
			OMA-ARC-SCT-2010-0075R01-CR_cleanup_SCWS_1_2_RD
			OMA-ARC-SCT-2010-0076-CR_MemoryManagement_SCWS_1_2_RD
			OMA-ARC-SCT-2010-0078R02-
			CR_DefinitionsAlignment_SCWS_1_2_RD
Candidate Version	11 Jan 2011	All	Status changed to Candidate by TP:
OMA-RD_Smartcard_Web_Server-V1_2			OMA-TP-2010-0529-
			INP_SCWS_V1_2_AD_and_RD_for_Candidate_Approval

Appendix B. Use Cases

(Informative)

This section describes, in the form of user scenarios, the benefits that users and mobile communication operators will have by the SCWS providing rich-content and operator's services hosted in the Smart Card.

The purpose of this section is:

- * To provide a better understanding of the functionality that the OMA Smart Card Web Server solution should provide.
- * To offer high level descriptions of different OMA scenarios against which the formal requirements for OMA-Smart Card Web Server can be checked
- * To be a public document that can help to explain what OMA Smart Card Web Server is about.

B.1 Use Case I&E, Quick and simple access to operator's services

B.1.1 Short Description

Martin is now used to browse the Web with his handset; he's got his favourite links to a news site and a weather-forecasting site that are stored within his handset browser.

Unfortunately, he does not really understand the difference between accessing a web service and one of his network operator's services. Thus his operator has implemented Martin's accessible services on a Web Server Smart Card in order gives him the same access method to these services as he accesses his internet sites. This way it is transparent for Martin whether his operator's services are Smart Card based or not.

B.1.2 Actors

- · The user
- The network operator

B.1.3 Actor Specific Issues

The operator is responsible for implementing services in the Smart Card Web Server.

B.1.4 Actor Specific Benefits or Market Benefits

The operator can provide local services to the user using the same browser like for any remote web application.

B.1.5 Pre-conditions

The operator has issued applications and content in the Smart Card Web Server.

The user has an ME that allows him to access the Smart Card Web Server URL.

B.1.6 Post-conditions

The user will be able to browse the Smart Card Web Server content and use the implemented services in the browser window.

B.1.7 Normal Flow

The user open the ME Web browser, type in or select the Smart Card Web Server URL and access the home page that propses the list of services and content to browse.

B.2 Use Case I&E, Access to operator's services Off-line

B.2.1 Short description

Thomas has got problems using his brand new handset; actually he's got problems establishing a data connection for his Internet browsing.

Fortunately for Thomas and his operator, there is a Frequently Asked Question web page stored on his Smart Card and it is accessible off-line when he launches his browser. This will probably make Thomas and his operator save a lot of time and money as he's got a way to go forward before calling his operator's hotline...

B.2.2 Actors

- · The user
- The network operator

B.2.3 Actor specific issues

The operator is responsible for implementing services in the Smart Card Web Server.

B.2.4 Actor specific benefits or market benefits

The operator can provide local services to the user like any remote web application even if there is no connection to the network.

B.2.5 Pre-conditions

The operator has issued applications and content in the Smart Card Web Server.

The user has an ME that allows him to access the Smart Card Web Server URL.

B.2.6 Post-conditions

The user will be able to browse the Smart Card Web Server content and use the implemented services in the browser window.

B.2.7 Normal flow

- The user open the ME Web browser, type in or select the Smart Card Web Server URL and access the home page that propses the list of services and content to browse.
- The user selects the FAQ link
- The FAQ is displayed formatted for an easy navigation

B.3 Use Case I&E, Enhanced operator's services Interface

B.3.1 Short description

Ana most specially enjoys the nice high-resolution screen she's got on her handset. That's what makes her feel she's really got a nice phone, a device she enjoys to use.

Having rich content interface when accessing operator's services in the Smart Card definitely counts for her.

B.3.2 Actors

The user

• The network operator

B.3.3 Actor specific issues

The operator is responsible for implementing services in the Smart Card Web Server.

B.3.4 Actor specific benefits or market benefits

The operator can provide local services to the user using rich and attractive user interface like any remote web application.

B.3.5 Pre-conditions

The operator has issued applications and content in the Smart Card Web Server.

The user has an ME that allows him to access the Smart Card Web Server URL.

B.3.6 Post-conditions

The user will be able to browse the Smart Card Web Server content and use the implemented services in the browser window.

B.3.7 Normal flow

- The user open the ME Web browser, type in or select the Smart Card Web Server URL and access the home page that propses the list of services and content to browse.
- The content is displayed in the browser window

B.4 Use Case I&E, Capture and Secure connection with a remote server

B.4.1 Short description

Jack wants to go shopping this afternoon, but before that he would feel more comfortable if he had checked the balance of his bank account.

In fact, getting the balance of his bank account is a service he's got with his mobile phone operator. The service is based on the security provided by the operator's Smart Card present in the handset. So Jack connects to his bank web site and goes to his account review service. The bank web site redirects this request by sending a web page containing a link to the Smart Card web server page which includes some authentication parameters and encrypted account data. Jack goes to the proposed link and authenticates himself with his PIN code as requested by the Smart Card Web Server. The Smart Card authenticates the bank request and returns the authentication data that are then redirected and sent to the bank Web server. Jack can now browse his account data and make some operations on his account.

The bank server can also send encrypted information embedded in the web page which is redirected to the Smart Card Web Server, decrypted and displayed to the user.

Jack is happy with his operator's set of security services because he no longer needs to remember a whole list of website passwords. Moreover, he is confident in the physical security provided by his Smart Card.

B.4.2 Actors

- · The user
- The network operator
- The bank

B.4.3 Actor specific issues

The operator is responsible for implementing services in the Smart Card Web Server.

The bank implements a web application that does the redirection to the Smart Card Web Server for authentication.

B.4.4 Actor specific benefits or market benefits

The operator can provide secure and local services to the user.

B.4.5 Pre-conditions

The operator has issued applications and content in the Smart Card Web Server.

The user has an ME that allows him to access the Smart Card Web Server URL.

The bank implements a web application that implements redirection to the Smart Card Web Server for authentication.

B.4.6 Post-conditions

The user will be able to browse the Smart Card Web Server security features while accessing the bank server.

B.4.7 Normal flow

- The user open the ME Web browser, type in or select the Smart Card Web Server URL and access the home page that proposes the list of services and content to browse.
- He then selects the service to access his bank account.
- The Smart Card Web Server returns an xHTML page with an external link to the bank web server which embed origin parameters
- The user selects this link
- The bank server returns an xHTML page that embed a link that is called 'authentication' that points to the Smart Card Web Server and that also embeds data (e.g. http://smartcard/authApp?data=x06543D8ABC0)
- When the user clicks on the 'authentication' link the Smart Card Web Server returns an xHTML page that asks the user for his pin code
- When the user enters his pin code the SCWS returns a page that contains a link called 'Continue' that embeds the returned authentication data (e.g. http://www.xyzBank.com/verifyAuth?auth=0xC567865AB0954D).
- When the user clicks on this link the data is sent to the bank web server and the user is authenticated via the sent data
- The user has full access to his bank account

B.5 Use Case I&E, Setting preferences for an Operator application in the Smart Card

B.5.1 Short description

Thomas has an operator application in his Smart Card that implements some services that require user input.

He can access this application with the Smart Card URL and the application displays a form with possible configuration parameters. Thomas fills this form and clicks the "Submit" button at the end. The application in the SIM card is now configured with the new parameters.

B.5.2 Actors

- The user
- The network operator

B.5.3 Actor specific issues

The operator is responsible for implementing services in the Smart Card Web Server prior to issuing the card to the user.

B.5.4 Actor specific benefits or market benefits

The operator can provide an easy way of inputting user information for a Network Operator service.

B.5.5 Pre-conditions

The operator has issued applications and content in the Smart Card Web Server (prior to issuing the card to the user for example).

The user has an ME that allows him to access the Smart Card Web Server URL.

B.5.6 Post-conditions

The user will be able to browse the Smart Card Web Server content and set personal parameters in the implemented services via the browser window.

B.5.7 Normal flow

- The user open the ME Web browser, type in or select the Smart Card Web Server URL and access the home page that propses the list of services and content to browse.
- The user selects an application, which then displays a menu that includes a link called "configure".
- When clicking on it a form with possible configuration parameters is displayed.
- The user fills this form and clicks the "Submit" button at the end.
- The application in the SIM card is now configured with the new parameters.

B.6 Use Case I&E, Managing the Smart Card Web Server from a remote trusted application

B.6.1 Short description

Ana uses an e-commerce service that is partially implemented in the Smart Card Web Server. She access this service with a URL that points to the Smart Card Web Server and gets an xHTML page with some external links to the operator's trusted server to perform some e-commerce operations.

After performing the needed operations the operator's server may detect that there is a need to update her e-commerce application in the Smart Card Web Server to upgrade to a new version. In this case it returns an xHTML page that suggests updating her application. When Ana accepts this request the remote server will establish a mutually authenticated HTTPS connection with the Smart Card Web Server and update the web application in the Smart Card Web Server. This operation can only be done by an authorized remote application since the Smart Card Web Server will accept updates only from an authenticated remote application based on credentials that are already provisioned in the Smart Card.

Ana will now have an upgraded ecommerce application that includes new features.

B.6.2 Actors

- The user
- The network operator

B.6.3 Actor specific issues

The operator is responsible for implementing services in the Smart Card Web Server and the remote application to administer it.

B.6.4 Actor specific benefits or market benefits

The operator can provide secure and local services to the user like any remote web application and update it with new versions.

B.6.5 Pre-conditions

The operator has issued applications and content in the Smart Card Web Server and the administration remote application to update it.

The user has an ME that allows him to access the Smart Card Web Server URL.

B.6.6 Post-conditions

The user will be able to browse the Smart Card Web Server content and use the implemented services in the browser window.

B.6.7 Normal flow

- The user opens the ME Web browser, type in or select the Smart Card Web Server URL and access the home page that propses the list of services and content to browse.
- The returned xHTML page contains an external link that is called "update application version".
- When the user clicks on this link it invokes a remote administration application that establishes a secure HTTPS link with the Smart Card Web Server with mutual authentication.
- The authenticated remote application checks the version of internal files and updates them if needed.

B.7 Use Case I&E, Loading Application from the SCWS to the ME

B.7.1 Short description

James has aquired a new handset and SIM supporting SCWS containing a set of ME applications provided by his Operator. When James installs his SIM in the handset he can immediately start browsing his SCWS and load and install ME applications that he likes. Some time later when he will feel like changing handset, by simply shifting the SIM from the old phone to the new one, he will be able to install his ME applications to his new phone.

B.7.2 Actors

- · The user
- The network operator

B.7.3 Actor specific issues

The operator is responsible for providing ME applications to download from the Smart Card Web Server.

B.7.4 Actor specific benefits or market benefits

The operator can provide data and ME applications to be downloaded from the Smart Card Web Server.

B.7.5 Pre-conditions

The operator has issued content in the Smart Card Web Server that includes ME applications that can be downloaded into the ME.

The user has an ME that allows him to access the Smart Card Web Server URL.

B.7.6 Post-conditions

The user will be able to download ME applications from the Smart Card Web Server.

B.7.7 Normal flow

- The user opens the ME Web browser, type in or select the Smart Card Web Server URL and access the home page that propses the list of services and content to browse.
- The returned xHTML page contains a list of ME applications to download and install in the ME (e.g. Games, Java MIDlets etc.)
- When the user clicks on a chosen ME application it is downloaded and installed in the ME.
- The user can invoke the ME application in the ME and use it.