

Client Side Content Screening Framework Specification

Candidate Version 1.0 – 09 Feb 2006

Open Mobile Alliance OMA-TS-Client_Side_CS_FW-V1_0-20060209-C

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1. Scope

This specification defines technical details of interfaces and interaction mechanism necessary for implementing the OMA Client Side Content Screening Framework to screen malicious content at the mobile terminal. The specification addresses specific requirements enumerated in [CSCSF-RD-v1] and adheres to the architecture described in [CSCSF-AD-v1]. Internal mechanism of the content scanning entity (such as the scan engine, scanning rules, and updating of such engine and rules) are out of the scope of the work.

2. References

2.1 Normative References

[IOPPROC] "OMA Interoperability Policy and Process", Version 1.3, Open Mobile AllianceTM, OMA-IOP-

Process-V1_3, URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/

[RFC2119] "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", S. Bradner, March 1997,

URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

[RFC2234] "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF". D. Crocker, Ed., P. Overell. November

1997, URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2234.txt

[PRIVACY] "OMA Privacy Requirements for Mobile Services", Version 1.0., Open Mobile Alliance™,

OMA-RD_Privacy-V1_0, <u>URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/</u>

[CSCSF-RD-v1] "OMA Client Side Content Screening Framework Requirements", Version 1.0, Open Mobile

AllianceTM, OMA-RD-Client Side CS FW-V1 0, URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/

[CSCSF-AD-v1] "OMA Client Side Content Screening Framework Architecture", Version 1.0, Open Mobile

Alliance™, OMA-AD-Client Side CS FW-V1 0, <u>URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/</u>

2.2 Informative References

[OMA-DICT] "Dictionary for OMA Specifications", Version 2.3, Open Mobile AllianceTM, OMA-ORG-

Dictionary-V2_3, <u>URL:http://www.openmobilealliance.org/</u>

3. Terminology and Conventions

3.1 **Conventions**

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

All sections and appendixes, except "Scope" and "Introduction", are normative, unless they are explicitly indicated to be informative.

Definitions 3.2

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in [OMA-DICT] apply and the following also apply:

Content screening performed at the mobile terminal. **Client Side Content Screening**

Client Side Content Screening

Framework

An abstract conceptual structure used as the basis for constructing interaction model between OMA/non-OMA enablers and content scanning functionality through a set of interfaces with the

ultimate goal of bringing forth content screening capability to the mobile terminal.

Data or code delivered to an end-user and/or end-user's terminal. Content

Content Scanning The actual operation of looking at the data to determine whether it is a potential candidate for

> screening and level of severity if found to be as such. What this operation consist of would vary according to how content scanning functionality is implemented and falls outside the scope of this

document.

Content scanning performed for OMA/non-OMA enabler wishing to determine whether a content **Content Scanning Functionality**

under consideration is undesirable or not. This performance is accessed by a set of interfaces

specified by the content screening framework.

The act of protecting an end-user and/or end-user's terminal from undesirable content by blocking **Content Screening**

> access to the said content. This act may be in the form of warning message, confirmation of deletion, notification of deletion, silent deletion without notification, etc. Exact detail would vary according to

severity level reported, I/O capability of mobile terminal, user preferences, etc.

Mobile Terminal A device that receives content as part of its normal running operation.

Component of client side content screening framework that performs content scanning service to Scan Engine

OMA/non-OMA enablers related to end-user content delivery and/or processing.

The act of blocking an undesirable content (see 'Content Screening'). **Screening Action**

Server Side Content Screening Content screening performed at the network by servers with content screening functionality.

E.g. Proxy server, mail server, firewall, etc.

3.3 **Abbreviations**

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4. Introduction

There is an urgent market demand for an effective countermeasure to the growing amount of malicious content delivered to mobile terminals before more lethal variants, such as self-spreading viruses and worms create havoc on networks and users as richer content become available. The goal of the OMA Client Side Content Screening Framework is to facilitate adaptation of existing, or the development of, client-side content screening technologies to the mobile environment, providing a timely solution for an effective countermeasure to these threats.

This specification defines the framework interfaces for use by OMA and non-OMA enablers residing in mobile terminals for utilizing content scanning functionality to detect and screen malicious content. Details on how such enablers interact with the content scanning functionality through these interfaces are also defined. Recommended interface invocation time, screening actions, and use of interfaces in particular execution environments are described as informative purpose.

5. Framework Interfaces

(Normative)

This section specifies technical details of framework interfaces of the client side content screening framework as identified in [CSCSF-AD-v1]. In order for OMA and non-OMA enablers to use the scan interface CSFScanData (CSF-1), a set of supporting interfaces is needed in order to provide the CSF-1 interface in mobile terminals. These supporting interfaces can be grouped into four types according to their functions, namely:

- 1. Scan Engine Initialization Interface
 - CSF-2: CSFSystemInit
- 2. Virus Database Update Interface
 - CSF-3: CSFScanUpdate
 - CSF-4: CSFScanVersion
- 3. Scan Engine Configuration Interface
 - CSF-5: CSFConfigSet
 - CSF-6: CSFConfigGet
- 4. Error Retrieval Interface
 - CSF-7: CSFGetLastError

Figure 1 shows the supporting interfaces in the context of architectural model of the client side content screening framework. The complete list of framework interfaces is shown in Table 1.

CSFScanData (CSF-1) SHALL be supported by the framework as it is this interface which returns the result of the scan to the calling enabler. CSFGetLastError (CSF-7) SHOULD be supported by the framework for the CSFScanData (CSF-1) interface to be meaningful in case of error.

Other interfaces, CSFSystemInit (CSF-2) through CSFConfigGet (CSF-6), are described in section 6 as informative interfaces.

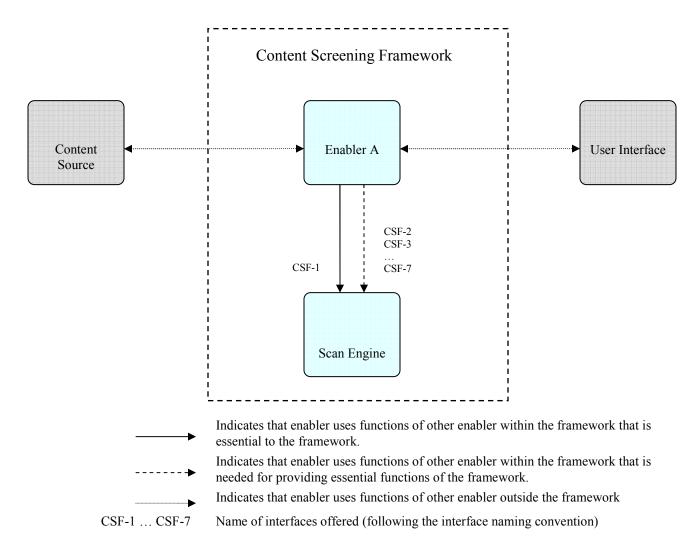


Figure 1: Interfaces of Client Side Content Screening Framework

Interface ID	Interface Name	Description	
CSF-1	CSFScanData	Requests scanning of content.	
CSF-2	CSFSystemInit	Initializes scan engine.	
CSF-3	CSFScanUpdate	Triggers update of virus database.	
CSF-4	CSFScanVersion	Returns virus database version information.	
CSF-5	CSFConfigSet	Sets scan engine configuration variable.	
CSF-6	CSFConfigGet	Retrieves scan engine configuration variable.	
CSF-7	CSFGetLastError	Retrieves last error set by the scan engine.	

Table 1: Interfaces of Client Side Content Screening Framework

5.1 Content Scanning Interface

5.1.1 CSF-1

5.1.1.1 Name

CSFScanData

5.1.1.2 Description

This interface is used by enabler related to end-user content delivery and/or processing for content scanning. The input comprises of data and type of the content that needs to be scanned. The output comprises of result of the scan, status code, name of the threat, and severity level.

Upon invocation, scan engine performs scanning of the forwarded content and returns the result to the calling enabler. The caller screens the content if it was determined to be malicious based on the result from the scan engine. When the content is found to be malicious, it SHOULD be screened by the caller in order to protect the end-user and/or end-user's terminal. This screening action MAY be in the form of simple warning message, confirmation of deletion, notification of deletion, or even silent deletion without any notification whatsoever. Exact detail is implementation dependent and would vary according to severity level reported, I/O capability of mobile terminal, user preferences, etc.

5.1.1.3 Input

Data of the content SHALL be provided by the invoking enabler as input to the interface.

Type of the content MAY be provided by the invoking enabler as input to the interface (see Table 2). Scan engine MAY use the type of content to assist the scanning process if the information is provided as input.

Document type	Meaning	Expected action	
0	Unknown	Scan data for malicious content with no assumption on document type.	
1	HTML	Scan for malicious content in HTML.	
2	URL address	Scan for URL with malicious content.	
3	Email address	Scan for email-address with malicious intent.	
4	Phone number	Scan for phone number with malicious intent.	
5	Text data	Scan text data for malicious content.	

Table 2: Document types

5.1.1.4 Output

Result of the scan SHALL be returned by the scan engine as output of the interface as one of follows:

0 if benign.

1 if malicious.

Status code SHALL be returned by the scan engine as output of the interface.

0 if success.

-1 if failure.

Name of threat detected MAY be returned by the scan engine as output of the interface.

Severity level MAY be returned by the scan engine as output of the interface when the result of the scan is found to be malicious. Severity level specifies the level of threat posed by a content that was found to be malicious and recommended screening action for the calling enabler. See table below for exact details.

Severity level	Meaning	Recommended screening behavior	Note
0	Low	Process with a warning.	This severity level may be assigned to content previously considered malicious.
1	Medium Low	Prompt the user before processing.	Ask the user if he/she wants the enabler to process the content.
2	Medium	Do not process the content.	e.g. Content may not need to be deleted as it may just be inappropriate for the particular device.
3	Medium Do not process the content and prompt user for removal if stored.		Ask the user if he/she wants the enabler to remove the content.
4	4 High Do not process the content and automatically remove if stored.		

Table 3: Severity Level

5.2 Error Retrieval Interface

5.2.1 CSF-7

5.2.1.1 Name

CSFGetLastError

5.2.1.2 Description

This interface returns the last-error code set by the scan engine.

5.2.1.3 Input

None.

5.2.1.4 Output

The last error code set by the scan engine SHALL be returned as output of the interface. See table 4 for list of platform independent error codes.

Error Code	Description		
0	Success, not an error.		
1	Operation cancelled.		
2	Failed to access data (e.g. read failed).		

3	Invalid input parameter.		
4	Insufficient resource (e.g. out of memory)		
5	Internal error.		

Table 4: Error codes

6. Supporting Interfaces

(Informative)

This section specifies informative interfaces of the client side content screening framework that are usually required in client terminals for supporting normative interfaces defined in the previous section. They are provided for guidance only.

6.1 Scan Engine Initialization Interface

6.1.1 CSF-2

6.1.1.1 Name

CSFSystemInit

6.1.1.2 Description

This interface performs initialization of the scan engine and is invoked (e.g. during boot-time) before other CSF interfaces. Specifically, validation and environment initialization of data kept at persistent storage locations of a mobile terminal are performed. These data are commonly virus database, configuration settings, and synchronization objects used by the scan engine. The exact data are implementation dependent.

6.1.1.3 Input

None.

6.1.1.4 Output

Status code:

0 if success.

-1 if failure.

6.2 Virus Database Update Interface

6.2.1 CSF-3

6.2.1.1 Name

CSFScanUpdate

6.2.1.2 Description

This interface triggers the scan engine to perform update of its virus database.

6.2.1.3 Input

None.

6.2.1.4 Output

Status code:

0 if success.

-1 if failure.

6.2.2 CSF-4

6.2.2.1 Name

CSFScanVersion

6.2.2.2 Description

This interface obtains version information of the virus database.

6.2.2.3 Input

None.

6.2.2.4 Output

Virus database version information.

Scan engine version information.

Status code:

0 if success.

-1 if failure.

6.3 Scan Engine Configuration Interface

6.3.1 CSF-5

6.3.1.1 Name

CSFConfigSet

6.3.1.2 Description

This interface sets a value for the specified scan engine configuration variable (e.g. to turn on or off the scanner). Only one request can be made at one time. Each variable can only take one value.

6.3.1.3 Input

Name of the scan engine configuration variable.

6.3.1.4 Output

New configuration setting/value for the variable specified.

Status code:

0 if success.

-1 if failure.

6.3.2 CSF-6

6.3.2.1 Name

CSFConfigGet

6.3.2.2 Description

This interface retrieves a value for the specified scan engine configuration variable. Only one request can be made at one time. Each variable can only take one value.

6.3.2.3 Input

Name of the scan engine configuration variable.

6.3.2.4 Output

Value of the specified scan engine configuration variable.

Status code:

0 if success.

-1 if failure.

7. Scan Interface Invocation Time

(Informative)

Client side content screening framework provides identification of malicious content before a client enabler processes or renders a given content. The scanning of the content is transparent to the user until the scan engine detects a malicious content. Table 2 specifies recommended scanning time according to type of content and client enablers. Note that multiple invocations of the scan interface are not necessary. What is important is that scanning takes place early in the priority list.

Recommended CSFScanData (CSF-1) Invocation Time	Content Type	Enablers
1. After receiving	XHTML Email message SMS message MMS message Instruction code Multimedia data	Browser Message Handler File installer HTTP protocol handler Data exchange
2. Before storing	XHTML Email message SMS message MMS message Instruction code Multimedia data	Browser Message Handler Phone File installer HTTP protocol handler Data exchange
3. Before rendering (or execution)	XHTML Email message SMS message MMS message Instruction code Multimedia data	Browser Message Handler
4. Before forwarding to other enablers	Instruction code Multimedia data URL address	Browser Message Handler File installer HTTP protocol handler Data exchange

		Browser
	URL address	Message Handler
	Email address	File installer
5. Before requesting	Phone number	HTTP protocol handler
		Data exchange
		Phone

Table 5: CSFScanData (CSF-1) Invocation Priority

Appendix A. Implementer's Note

(Informative)

This section is provided as informative purpose to assist implementors of client side content screening framework by describing the framework interfaces in particular execution environments. Note that CSFScanOpen() and other calls are considered as platform dependent functions.

A.1 Framework Interfaces in C

A.1.1 Content Scanning Interface

A.1.1.1 CSFScanData

Description

This interface is used by enabler related to end-user content delivery and/or processing for content scanning. Upon invocation, scan engine performs scanning of the fowarded content and returns the result to the calling enabler. The caller screens the content if it was determined to be malicious based on the result from the scan engine. The caller specifies scanner action, scan target data type(s), a set I/O functions to access the data, and an optional callback function for information retrieval. The result of the scan is returned in a caller provided data structure.

Prototype

Parameters

hScan

• [in] Scan engine handle obtained from a call to the CSFScanOpen() function.

pParam

• [in] Pointer to a structure containing data scan parameters.

pResult

• [out] Pointer to a structure containing data scan results.

Return Value (status code)

0 if successful, -1 otherwise.

A.1.2 Error Retrieval Interface

A.1.2.1 CSFGetLastError

Description

This interface is used for retrieving error information when a CSF interface fails.

Prototype

```
CSFErrorCode CSFGetLastError(CSFLIB HANDLE hLib);
```

Parameter

hLib

[in] CSF library handled returned by CSFLibraryOpen.

Return Value

[out] 32-bit error code value.

Table 6 lists a set of error codes to be reported using the CSFGetLastError interface which returns a 32-bit value formed by combining a component code with an error code (see Figure 2). The last error set by the scan engine when an interface fails is retrieved using CSFGetLastError interface, and an appropriate action is to be taken by the invoking enablers.

Component		Error		Description	
Code	Value ¹	Code	Value ²	Description	
Default	00h	CSF_ERR_SUCCESS	000000h	Success; not an error	
Default	00h	CSF_ERR_CANCELLED	000001h	Operation cancelled.	
Default	00h	CSF_ERR_DATA_ACCESS	000002h	Failed to access data (e.g. read failed).	
Default	00h	CSF_ERR_INVALID_PARAM	000003h	Invalid input parameter.	
Default	00h	CSF_ERR_INSUFFICIENT_RSC	000004h	Insufficient resource (e.g. out of memory)	
Default	00h	CSF_ERR_INTERNAL	000005h	Internal error.	

Table 6: Error Codes



Figure 2: 32-bit error code format

A.1.3 Scan Engine Initialization Interface

A.1.3.1 CSFSystemInit

Description

Verifies and initializes system environment information.

Prototype

int CSFSystemInit(void);

Parameters

None.

Return Value

0 if successful, -1 otherwise.

A.1.4 Virus Database Update Interface

A.1.4.1 CSFScanUpdate

Description

This interface triggers the scan engine to perform update of the virus database.

Prototype

Parameters

hScan

• [in] CSF scan handle obtained using the CSFScanOpen() function.

pParam

• [in] Pointer to an update parameter structure containing a callback function pointer for update cancellation/abort and progress status update.

Return Value

0 if successful, -1 otherwise.

A.1.4.2 CSFScanVersion

Description

This interface obtains version information of the virus database.

Prototype

Parameter

hScan

• [in] Scan engine handle obtained using the CSFScanOpen() function.

pVer

• [out] Pointer to SVerInfo structure described below. Null-character ('\0') terminated strings are stored in the fields of this structure.

```
#define CSF_VERSION_MAX 16

typedef struct
{
   char szVer[CSF_VERSION_MAX];
   char szEngineVer[CSF_VERSION_MAX];
} SVerInfo;
```

Table 7: SVerInfo structure

Return Value

0 if successful, -1 otherwise.

A.1.5 Scan Engine Configuration Interface

A.1.5.1 CSFConfigSet

Description

This interface sets a value for the specified scan engine configuration variable (e.g. to turn on or off the scanner). Only one request can be made at one time. Each variable can only take one value.

Prototype

Parameters

hConfig

• [in] Configuration handle returned by the CSFConfigOpen() function.

pszName

• [in] NULL terminated configuration variable name.

pszValue

[int] NULL terminated new configuration setting/value for the variable specified

Return Value

0 if successful, -1 otherwise.

A.1.5.2 CSFConfigGet

Description

This interface retrieves a value for the specified scan engine configuration variable. Only one request can be made at one time. Each variable can only take one value.

Prototype

Parameter

hConfig

• [in] Configuration handle returned by the CSFConfigOpen() function.

pszName

• [in] null terminated configuration variable name.

pBuffer

• [out] null terminated configuration setting/value for the variable specified

uSize

• [in] Length of pBuffer in bytes.

Return Value

0 if successful, -1 otherwise.

Appendix B. Change History

(Informative)

B.1 Approved Version History

Reference Date		Description	
n/a	n/a	No prior version –or- No previous version within OMA	

B.2 Draft/Candidate Version 1.0 History

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
Draft Versions	13 Apr 2005	All	1st Draft as per OMA-MAE-2005-0058-TS_Client_Side_CS_FW.
OMA-TS-Client_Side_CS_FW-V1_0			
	26 Aug 2005	5, 6, 7,	Change Request:
		Appendix A	OMA-MAE-2005-0103R04-CR-to-TS_Client_Side_CS_FW
	17 Oct 2005	3.2, 5.2,	Change Requests:
		A1.2	OMA-MAE-2005-0269-TS_Client_Side_CS_FW-CR-Error
			OMA-MAE-2005-0270R01-TS_Client_Side_CS_FW-CR-Terms
	17 Nov 2005	2, 5, 6,	Change Request:
		Appendix C	OMA-MAE-2005-0327R02-TS_Client_Side_CS_FW-CR-SCR
			Editorial Revision:
			5, 6: Fixed format problem in subsection numbering scheme.
	18 Jan 2006	2.1, 2.2, C.1,	Revised according to consistency review report:
		C.2	OMA-CONRR-Client_Side_CS_FW-V1_0-20060117-D
Candidate Versions	09 Feb 2006	n/a	Status changed to Candidate by TP
OMA-TS-Client_Side_CS_FW-V1_0			TP doc.ref# OMA-TP-2006-0059-Client_Side_CS_FW-
			V1_0_for_Candidate_approval

Appendix C. Static Conformance Requirements

(Normative)

The notation used in this appendix is specified in [IOPPROC].

C.1 SCR for Client Side Content Screening Framework Client

C.1.1 SCR for Calling Enabler

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
CSCSF-CE-001	Invoke CSFScanData	5.1	M	CSCSF-SE-001 AND
	(CSF-1) interface to			CSCSF-CE-003
	request scanning of content.			
CSCSF-CE-002	Invoke CSFGetLastError (CSF-7) interface to retrieve last error code set by scan engine.	5.2	O	CSCSF-SE-002
CSCSF-CE-003	Provide content data as input to CSFScanData (CSF-1) interface.	5.1	M	CSCSF-CE-001
CSCSF-CE-004	Provide content type as input to CSFScanData (CSF-7) interface.	5.2	О	CSCSF-CE-001

C.1.2 SCR for Scan Engine

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
CSCSF-SE-001	Support for CSFScanData (CSF-1) interface	5.1	M	CSCSF-SE-003 AND CSCSF-SE-004
CSCSF-SE-002	Support for CSFGetLastError (CSF-7) interface	5.2	О	CSCSF-SE-007
CSCSF-SE-003	Provide result of the scan as output of CSFScanData (CSF-1) interface.	5.1	М	CSCSF-SE-001
CSCSF-SE-004	Provide status code as output of CSFScanData (CSF-1) interface.	5.1	M	CSCSF-SE-001
CSCSF-SE-005	Provide name of threat detected as output of CSFScanData (CSF-1) interface.	5.1	O	CSCSF-SE-001
CSCSF-SE-006	Provide severity level as output of CSFScanData (CSF-1) interface.	5.1	О	CSCSF-SE-001
CSCSF-SE-007	Provide last error code as output of CSFGetLastError (CSF-7) interface.	5.2	O	CSCSF-SE-002

C.2 SCR for Client Side Content Screening Framework Server

No server requirements exist for Client Side Content Screening Framework.