



# **WV-049 Presence Attributes**

## **Candidate Version – 22 May 2004**

---

**Open Mobile Alliance**  
OMA-IMPS-WV-PA-V1\_2-20040522-C

Continues the Technical Activities  
Originated in the Wireless Village Initiative



Use of this document is subject to all of the terms and conditions of the Use Agreement located at <http://www.openmobilealliance.org/UseAgreement.html>.

Unless this document is clearly designated as an approved specification, this document is a work in process, is not an approved Open Mobile Alliance™ specification, and is subject to revision or removal without notice.

You may use this document or any part of the document for internal or educational purposes only, provided you do not modify, edit or take out of context the information in this document in any manner. Information contained in this document may be used, at your sole risk, for any purposes. You may not use this document in any other manner without the prior written permission of the Open Mobile Alliance. The Open Mobile Alliance authorizes you to copy this document, provided that you retain all copyright and other proprietary notices contained in the original materials on any copies of the materials and that you comply strictly with these terms. This copyright permission does not constitute an endorsement of the products or services. The Open Mobile Alliance assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions in this document.

Each Open Mobile Alliance member has agreed to use reasonable endeavors to inform the Open Mobile Alliance in a timely manner of Essential IPR as it becomes aware that the Essential IPR is related to the prepared or published specification. However, the members do not have an obligation to conduct IPR searches. The declared Essential IPR is publicly available to members and non-members of the Open Mobile Alliance and may be found on the “OMA IPR Declarations” list at <http://www.openmobilealliance.org/ipr.html>. The Open Mobile Alliance has not conducted an independent IPR review of this document and the information contained herein, and makes no representations or warranties regarding third party IPR, including without limitation patents, copyrights or trade secret rights. This document may contain inventions for which you must obtain licenses from third parties before making, using or selling the inventions. Defined terms above are set forth in the schedule to the Open Mobile Alliance Application Form.

NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES (WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED) ARE MADE BY THE OPEN MOBILE ALLIANCE OR ANY OPEN MOBILE ALLIANCE MEMBER OR ITS AFFILIATES REGARDING ANY OF THE IPR'S REPRESENTED ON THE “OMA IPR DECLARATIONS” LIST, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE ACCURACY, COMPLETENESS, VALIDITY OR RELEVANCE OF THE INFORMATION OR WHETHER OR NOT SUCH RIGHTS ARE ESSENTIAL OR NON-ESSENTIAL.

THE OPEN MOBILE ALLIANCE IS NOT LIABLE FOR AND HEREBY DISCLAIMS ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF DOCUMENTS AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE DOCUMENTS.

© 2004 Open Mobile Alliance Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Used with the permission of the Open Mobile Alliance Ltd. under the terms set forth above.

# Contents

1.	SCOPE .....	4
2.	REFERENCES .....	5
2.1	NORMATIVE REFERENCES .....	5
2.2	INFORMATIVE REFERENCES .....	5
3.	TERMINOLOGY AND CONVENTIONS .....	7
3.1	CONVENTIONS .....	7
3.2	DEFINITIONS .....	7
3.3	ABBREVIATIONS .....	7
4.	INTRODUCTION .....	8
5.	CLASSIFICATION OF PRESENCE ATTRIBUTES .....	9
6.	CLIENT BEHAVIOR .....	10
7.	SERVER BEHAVIOR .....	11
8.	PRESENCE ATTRIBUTES .....	12
8.1	GENERAL STRUCTURE OF PRESENCE ATTRIBUTES .....	12
8.1.1	Name .....	12
8.1.2	Qualifier .....	13
8.1.3	Value .....	13
8.2	CLIENT STATUS .....	13
8.2.1	OnlineStatus .....	13
8.2.2	Registration .....	14
8.2.3	ClientInfo .....	14
8.2.4	TimeZone .....	16
8.2.5	GeoLocation .....	17
8.2.6	Address .....	18
8.2.7	FreeTextLocation .....	20
8.2.8	PLMN .....	21
8.2.9	Communication capabilities .....	21
8.3	USER STATUS .....	23
8.3.1	UserAvailability .....	23
8.3.2	PreferredContacts .....	24
8.3.3	PreferredLanguage .....	26
8.3.4	StatusText .....	26
8.3.5	StatusMood .....	26
8.3.6	Alias .....	27
8.3.7	StatusContent .....	27
8.3.8	ContactInfo .....	28
8.3.9	InfoLink .....	29
8.4	EXTENDED PRESENCE INFORMATION .....	30
9.	STATIC CONFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS (NORMATIVE) .....	31
APPENDIX A.	CHANGE HISTORY (INFORMATIVE) .....	32
A.1	APPROVED VERSION HISTORY .....	32
A.2	DRAFT/CANDIDATE VERSION 1.2 HISTORY .....	32

# 1. Scope

The Wireless Village Instant Messaging and Presence Service (IMPS) includes four primary features:

- Presence
- Instant Messaging
- Groups
- Shared Content

Presence is the key enabling technology for IMPS. It includes client device availability (my phone is on/off, in a call), user status (available, unavailable, in a meeting), location, client device capabilities (voice, text, GPRS, multimedia) and searchable personal statuses such as mood (happy, angry) and hobbies (football, fishing, computing, dancing). Since presence information is personal, it is only made available according to the user's wishes - access control features put the control of the user presence information in the users' hands.

Instant Messaging (IM) is a familiar concept in both the mobile and desktop worlds. Desktop IM clients, two-way SMS and two-way paging are all forms of Instant Messaging. Wireless Village IM will enable interoperable mobile IM in concert with other innovative features to provide an enhanced user experience.

Groups or chat are a fun and familiar concept on the Internet. Both operators and end-users are able to create and manage groups. Users can invite their friends and family to chat in group discussions. Operators can build common interest groups where end-users can meet each other online.

Shared Content allows users and operators to setup their own storage area where they can post pictures, music and other multimedia content while enabling the sharing with other individuals and groups in an IM or chat session.

These features, taken in part or as a whole, provide the basis for innovative new services that build upon a common interoperable framework.

## 2. References

### 2.1 Normative References

- [CREQ] "Specification of WAP Conformance Requirements". Open Mobile Alliance™. WAP-221-CREQ. <http://www.openmobilealliance.org/tech/affiliates/wap/wapindex.html>
- [ISO3166-1] ISO 3166-1: Codes for the Representation of Names of Countries and their Subdivisions – Part 1: Country Codes, 1997. <URL:http://www.iso.ch/iso/en/CatalogueDetailPage.CatalogueDetail?CSNUMBER=24591>
- [ISO639-2] ISO 639-2: Codes for the Representation of Names of Languages – Part 2: Alpha-3 Code, 1998. <URL:http://www.iso.ch/iso/en/CatalogueDetailPage.CatalogueDetail?CSNUMBER=4767>
- [ISO8601] ISO 8601 International Standard, Second Edition. Data elements an interchange formats – Information interchange – Representation of dates and times. <URL:http://www.iso.ch/iso/en/CatalogueDetailPage.CatalogueDetail?CSNUMBER=26780>
- [MLP] "Location Inter-operability Forum (LIF): Mobile Location Protocol, Version 2.0.0 20 Nov 2001"
- [PA DTD] "WV-030 1 Presence Attribute DTD and Examples Version 1.1". [http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release\\_program/enabler\\_releases.html](http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html)
- [RFC2119] "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels". S. Bradner. March 1997. <URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>
- [RFC2234] "Augmented BNF for Syntax Specifications: ABNF". D. Crocker, Ed., P. Overell. November 1997. <URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2234.txt>
- [RFC2426] vCard MIME Directory Profile. <URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2426.txt?number=2426>
- [RFC822] Standard for the Format of ARPA Internet Text Messages", August 1982. <URL:http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc822.txt?number=822>
- [VCARD21] "vCard - The Electronic Business Card", version 2.1, The Internet Mail Consortium (IMC), September 18, 1996, <URL:http://www.imc.org/pdi/vcard-21.doc>

### 2.2 Informative References

- [Arch] "WV-040 System Architecture Model Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. [http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release\\_program/enabler\\_releases.html](http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html)
- [FeaFun] "WV-041 Features and Functions Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. [http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release\\_program/enabler\\_releases.html](http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html)
- [CSP] "WV-042 Client-Server Protocol Session and Transactions Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. [http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release\\_program/enabler\\_releases.html](http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html)
- [CSP DTD] "WV-043 Client-Server Protocol DTD and Examples Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. [http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release\\_program/enabler\\_releases.html](http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html)
- [CSP Trans] "WV-044 Client-Server Protocol Transport Bindings Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. [http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release\\_program/enabler\\_releases.html](http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html)
- [CSP DataType] "WV-045 Client-Server Protocol Data Types Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. [http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release\\_program/enabler\\_releases.html](http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html)
- [CSP SMS] "WV-046 Client-Server Protocol SMS Binding Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance.

	<a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[CSP WBXML]	"WV-047 Client-Server Protocol Binary Definition and Examples Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[CSP SCR]	"WV-048 Client-Server Protocol Static Conformance Requirement Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[PA]	"WV-049 Presence Attributes Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[PA DTD]	"WV-050 Presence Attribute DTD and Examples Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[CLP]	"WV-051 Command Line Protocol Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[SSP]	"WV-052 SSP - Server-Server Protocol Semantics Document Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[SSP Syntax]	"WV-053 Server-Server Protocol XML Syntax Document Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[SSP Trans]	"WV-054 SSP - Transport Binding Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[SSP SCR]	"WV-055 SSP – Server-Server Protocol Static Conformance Requirement Version 1.2". Open Mobile Alliance. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/release_program/enabler_releases.html</a>
[WAPARCH]	“WAP Architecture, Version 12-July-2001”. Open Mobile Alliance™. WAP-210-WAPArch. <a href="http://www.openmobilealliance.org/tech/affiliates/wap/wapindex.html">http://www.openmobilealliance.org/tech/affiliates/wap/wapindex.html</a>

## 3. Terminology and Conventions

### 3.1 Conventions

The key words “MUST”, “MUST NOT”, “REQUIRED”, “SHALL”, “SHALL NOT”, “SHOULD”, “SHOULD NOT”, “RECOMMENDED”, “MAY”, and “OPTIONAL” in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

All sections and appendixes, except “Scope” and “Introduction”, are normative, unless they are explicitly indicated to be informative.

### 3.2 Definitions

**Publisher**            The user that owns the presence information.

**Consumer**           The user who receives presence information

### 3.3 Abbreviations

WAP                    Wireless Application Protocol

## 4. Introduction

The purpose of defining a set of presence attributes is to maximize interoperability between manufacturers. However, the presence attributes themselves do not define a presence service or application, which may vary between manufacturers.

A presence attribute in general contains presence information intended for the user. A presence attribute may contain also meta-information for machine-to-machine communication between the publishing client and receiving clients.

A *client originated* presence attribute is one that has its value field filled in by the publishing client. A *server originated* presence attribute is one that has its value field filled in by the publisher server. A presence attribute is *client-server originated* when a part of the value field is filled in by the client and the rest by the publisher server.

There may be at least the following different kinds of presence related service elements in the network: presence service element that is the home service element for the publisher (*publisher server*) and presence service element that is the home for the subscribing or requesting client (*subscriber server*).



## 5. Classification of presence attributes

The presence attributes can be divided in the following classes:

**Client Status:** Presence attributes describing the availability of the client for communication, location information and capabilities of the client

**User Status:** Presence attributes describing the availability of the user for communication, personal user status and user information.

**Extended Presence Information:** Vendor specific or service provider dynamically defined non-standard presence attributes, which, however, need to be passed through standard presence servers. Also extension fields to standard presence attributes.

## 6. Client Behavior

The WV client shall support all the presence attributes described in this document. The support means:

- The WV client may be able to update one or more attributes from the set of attributes described in this document.
- The WV client shall be able to receive and handle all of the attributes described in this document.
- The WV client shall be able to present one or more attributes from the set of attributes described in this document.
- The WV client may rely on the semantics of the presence attributes described in this document.

## 7. Server Behavior

The WV server shall follow the requirements below:

1. The publisher server shall be able to accept and pass to clients all presence attributes defined in this document.
2. The server may, but need not, understand the semantics of any client originated presence attributes.
3. The server shall process the access control rules defined by the publisher before passing the attributes to the client.

The server shall pass the client-originated presence attributes unmodified, with two exceptions. The two exception cases are described below:

1. There may exist a content adaptation mechanism implemented in the WV server. Content adaptation addresses the issue of modifying a presence attribute in such a way that it matches the client capabilities of receiving client and at the same time keeping the user perceived semantic meaning of the attribute. Content adaptation is not within the scope of the first release of WV specifications and implementation of any such a mechanism is proprietary.
2. When the publisher server receives partial presence attributes in which the value part does not contain all the sub fields defined for the attribute, the server may pass such partial attributes unmodified or it may fill in one or more of the missing sub fields.

When a WV client requests a presence attribute the subscriber server passes the attribute with the value currently stored in the publisher server. For subscribing clients the presence notification can be triggered by three mechanisms:

3. For client originated or client-server originated presence attributes when the publisher server gets an update from the publisher.
4. For any attribute when the publisher server detects a change in the attribute value.
5. For server and client-server originated values having implementation-specific internal triggers updating the value.

## 8. Presence Attributes

### 8.1 General structure of Presence attributes

Following table shows the overall structure of presence attributes.

Information Element	Req	Single/Multiple	Type	Description
Name	M	S	Enum. String	Name of the attribute
Qualifier	O	S	Boolean	Validity of Value field
Value	M	S	Multipl. types	Value of the attribute

**Table 1. Structure of presence attributes**

#### 8.1.1 Name

Each presence attribute has a Name. The Names of the attributes are defined in this document and are shown in the table below. The column 'Suggested' is provided to guide manufactures to provide support for a minimal common set of attributes. Even though not mandatory, the suggested attributes aim to provide a basic interoperability between clients from different manufactures.

Attribute Name	Description	Suggested
OnlineStatus(S)	Shows if the client device is logged on a WV server	Y
Registration	Shows if the client device is registered in mobile network	N
ClientInfo	Information about client	N
TimeZone	Local time zone of the client device	N
GeoLocation	Geographical location of the client device	N
Address	Address of the client device	N
FreeTextLocation	Free text description of the location of the user	N
PLMN	PLMN code of the network the client device is registered to	N
CommCap	Communication capabilities of the client	N
UserAvailability(S)	Availability of the user for communication	Y
PreferredContacts	Contact preferences of the user	N
PreferredLanguage	Language preference of the user	N
StatusText(S)	User specified status text	Y
StatusMood	Mood of the user	N
Alias	Alias name for the user	N
StatusContent	Media info for user status	N
ContactInfo	A vCard for the user	N

InfoLink	One or more URLs to extra information	N
----------	---------------------------------------	---

**Table 2. Names of presence attributes**

The attribute names are case sensitive.

## 8.1.2 Qualifier

The Qualifier field indicates if an attribute contains valid value. An attribute value is invalid when:

- An attribute is authorized but not yet updated for the first time
- The user wants to indicate that the value of the attribute is unknown.

Information element	Qualifier
Data type	Boolean
Format	Following values:  T – The Value part of the attribute contains valid information  F – The Value part of the attribute is unknown or undetermined. Any previous value stored in client terminal is out-of-date.
Description	The validity of the Value field of an attribute
Range	

**Table 3.: Qualifier**

The server passes the Qualifier to the requesting or subscribing clients. A change in Qualifier is treated same way as a change in Value i.e. it may trigger a notification. The Qualifier value has impact on the server behavior for server-originated attributes. For example if the GeoLocation attribute for a publisher is agreed to be server originated and the publisher sends a client originated update with Qualifier indicating the value to be invalid, then the server shall accept the new Qualifier and shall keep it in the invalid state until the publisher client sends a new update for this attribute with Qualifier indicating that the value is valid.

## 8.1.3 Value

The attribute value fields are described in the following sections.

## 8.2 Client Status

The meaning of term 'client' in the context of Client Status is the client device rather than the client application unless otherwise stated.

### 8.2.1 OnlineStatus

This indicates whether the client application is logged on to the Wireless Village server or not.

Originator: Presence Server

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Information element	OnlineStatus
Data type	<b>Boolean</b>

Format	Following values: T – At least one client application of the user is logged on to the WV server F – No client application of the user is logged on to the WV server
Description	The login status of the client
Range	

Table 4. OnlineStatus

## 8.2.2 Registration

This information indicates the registration status of the client in the network. Originator: Presence Server

Mobile network support needed: Yes

Defined information elements are:

Information element	Registration
Data type	Boolean
Format	Following values: T – The client is registered in mobile network F – the client is not registered in mobile network or out of coverage
Description	The registration status of the client
Range	

Table 5. Registration

## 8.2.3 ClientInfo

This indicates to the subscriber information about this particular client. This information includes manufacturer, model, a user defined name, the current language and a description of the client.

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

ClientInfo	Req	Single/Multiple	Description
ClientType	O	S	Describes the client type, if PC, Mobile, HTML etc.
DevManufacturer	O	S	Name of the device manufacture
ClientProducer	O	S	Name of the producer of the client application
Model	O	S	Model of the client device
ClientVersion	O	S	Version of the client application
Language	O	S	Language setting of the client device

**Table 6. ClientInfo**

Information element	ClientType
Data type	An enumerated String
Format	One of the following values: MOBILE_PHONE COMPUTER PDA CLI OTHER
Description	Type of the client
Range	MOBILE_PHONE   COMPUTER   PDA   CLI   OTHER

**Table 7. ClientType**

Information element	DevManufacturer
Data type	String
Format	Free text
Description	Name of the device manufacturer
<b>Range</b>	

**Table 8. DevManufacturer**

Information element	ClientProducer
Data type	String
Format	Free text
Description	Name of the producer of the client application
Range	

**Table 9. ClientProducer**

Information element	Model
Data type	String
Format	Free text

Description	Model of the client terminal
Range	

**Table 10. Model**

Information element	ClientVersion
Data type	String
Format	Free text
Description	Version of the client application
Range	

**Table 11. ClientVersion**

Information element	<b>Language</b>
Data type	Enumerated String
Format	ISO 639-2/T (three letter language code)
Description	Language setting of the client terminal
Range	

**Table 12. Language**

## 8.2.4 TimeZone

This gives the offset from UTC of the local time of the publisher.

Originator: Client application or Presence Server

Mobile network support needed: Conditionally

Defined information elements are:

Information element	TimeZone
Data type	String
<b>Format</b>	Offset of the local time from the UTC expressed in format defined by ISO 8601 in basic format  Example: a positive difference of two hours between local time and the UTC time is given as +0200 or simply +02
Description	This is the time zone of the publisher.
Range	

**Table 13. TimeZone**



## 8.2.5 GeoLocation

This gives the measured position of the client device. The measurements may be either sensor based (e.g. GPS) or network based or combination of both. The attribute can be originated from the publisher server or from the client device. The attribute Accuracy gives indication of the average positioning accuracy achieved by the method. The content includes at least the latitude/longitude lateral position but may include also the vertical position.

Originator: Client application or Presence Server

Mobile network support needed: Conditionally

Defined information elements are:

GeoLocation	Req	Single/Multiple	Description
Longitude	M	S	Longitude
Latitude	M	S	Latitude
Altitude	O	S	Altitude
Accuracy	O	S	Accuracy of location information

**Table 14. GeoLocation**

Information element	Longitude
Data type	String
Format	LL_format DMS3 as described in [MLP] 5.14 with the restriction that the output direction indicator can be only in the end of the string and can only have values (W E).  For example: 35 24 15.652W indicates 35 degrees 24 minutes and 15.652 seconds longitude west.
Description	The longitudinal position defined as the angle between a reference plane and a plane passing through the point with both planes being perpendicular to the equatorial plane. The datum is WGS-84.
Range	

**Table 15. Longitude**

Information element	Latitude
<b>Data type</b>	String
Format	LL_format DMS3 as described in [MLP] 5.14 with the restriction that the output direction indicator can be only in the end of the string and can only have values (N S).  For example: 12 36 22.5N indicates 12 degrees 36 minutes and 22.5 seconds latitude north.
Description	The latitude position defined as angle from the equatorial plane to the vertical direction of a line passing through the point and normal to the reference ellipsoid (WGS-84).

Range	
-------	--

**Table 16. Latitude**

Information element	Altitude
Data type	Integer
Format	
Description	The altitude of a point in meters in respect of the ellipsoid which is used to be define the coordinates.
Range	

**Table 17. Altitude**

Information element	Accuracy
Data type	Integer
Format	
Description	This is the accuracy of location information in meters. It represents the biggest uncertainty in supplied data (either longitude, latitude or altitude).
Range	

**Table 18. Accuracy**

## 8.2.6 Address

This attribute gives the location of the user in a human understandable text form such as the address (street, city, state), or highway, or community etc.

Originator: Client application or Presence server

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Address	Req	Single/Multiple	Description
Country	O	S	Country
City	O	S	City
Street	O	S	Street
Crossing1	O	S	Crossing
Crossing2	O	S	Crossing
Building	O	S	Building
NamedArea	O	S	Named area

Accuracy	O	S	Accuracy
----------	---	---	----------

**Table 19. Address**

Information element	Country
Data type	Enumerated String
Format	The two letter Alpha-2 format as defined in the ISO 3166-1 specification
Description	This is the country of the current user location
Range	

**Table 20. Country**

Information element	City
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	This is the city of the current user location
Range	

**Table 21. City**

Information element	Street
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	This is the street of the current user location
Range	

**Table 22. Street**

Information element	Crossing1
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	This is the first street in a crossing of two streets
Range	

**Table 23. Crossing1**

Information element	Crossing2
Data type	String

Format	Free text format
Description	This is the second street in a crossing of two streets
Range	

**Table 24. Crossing2**

Information element	Building
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	This is a building name or number for current user location
Range	

**Table 25. Building**

Information element	NamedArea
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	This is any named area for current user location
Range	

**Table 26. NamedArea**

Information element	Accuracy
Data type	Integer
Format	
Description	This is the accuracy in meters for current user location
Range	

**Table 27. Accuracy**

## 8.2.7 FreeTextLocation

This is the location of the publisher as stated by the publisher himself. The content is a **short text** string.

Originator: Client application or presence server

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Information element	FreeTextLocation
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	This is the free text form of user location

Range	
-------	--

**Table28. FreeTextLocation**

### 8.2.8 PLMN

This gives the PLMN name or code of the mobile network where the client device is currently registered.

Originator: Presence Server or Client

Mobile network support needed: Yes

Defined information elements are:

Information element	PLMN
Data type	String
Format	Free text
Description	A PLMN code or name
Range	

**Table 29. PLMN**

### 8.2.9 Communication capabilities

The client communication capabilities in the context of presence means the capability of the device hosting the client for various types of user-to-user communication.

Originator: Client-Server

Mobile network support needed: Optionally

Defined information elements are:

CommCap	Req	Single/ Multiple	Description
CommC	M	M	List of communication capabilities

**Table 30. CommCap**

CommC	Req	Single/ Multiple	Description
Cap	M	S	Communication capability of the communication client
Status	M	S	Status of the communication client
Contact	O	S	Contact address of the communication client
Note	O	S	Free text describing the communication client

**Table 31. CommC**

Information element	Cap
Data type	An enumerated String

Format	CALL – a phone client SMS – an SMS client MMS – an MMS client IM – an IM client EMAIL – an e-mail client
Description	The communication clients represented with a predefined value.
Range	CALL   SMS   MMS   IM   EMAIL

**Table 32. Cap**

Information element	Status
Data type	An enumerated String
Format	OPEN – the communication client can establish a connection with a remote client or a server  CLOSED – the communication client cannot establish a connection with a remote client or server
Description	The current status of a communication client represented with a predefined value.
Range	OPEN   CLOSED

**Table 33. Status**

Information element	Contact
Data type	An enumerated String
Format	1. When phone number see E.163 2. When mobile number see E.164 3. When MMS address see the WAP specifications 4. When UserID: see User-ID in the data types document 5. When email address: see RFC822
Description	Contact address depends on the value of Cap in the following way: Cap=Call – in this case Contact is a phone number Cap= SMS – in this case Contact is a mobile number (see E.164) Cap=MMS – in this case Contact is an MMS address Cap=IM – in this case the Contact is a UserID Cap=EMAIL – in this case the Contact is an e-mail address

Range	As defined in the appropriate reference: see Format.
-------	--

**Table 34. Contact**

Information element	Note
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	This is a user readable description of the communication client
Range	Max. 40 characters.

**Table 35. Note**

## 8.3 User Status

### 8.3.1 UserAvailability

This indicates the current status of the publisher in terms of amount of distraction he is willing to accept. The attribute indicates the availability of the publisher for telephony or messaging.

An example use case is the following:

User goes to the meeting. In the meeting he indicates his UserAvailability as DISCREET and answers only for instant messaging and SMS communication for urgent matters. During the meeting the user gives a presentation. During the presentation the user indicates his UserAvailability as NOT\_AVAILABLE. After the meeting the user indicates his UserAvailability as AVAILABLE.

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Information element	UserAvailability
Data type	An enumerated String
Format	<p>One of the following values:</p> <p>AVAILABLE – User is available for all forms of communication</p> <p>NOT_AVAILABLE– User is not available for instant (e.g. call and IM) communication. Trying to contact this user with any instant means is discouraged and will not likely result in answer. An example of situation where this value may be used is when the user is preoccupied and does not want to be disturbed.</p> <p>DISCREET – The communication with the publisher is left at the discretion of the user.</p> <p>Informative Note: Existing non-WV implementations may map presence values such as ‘busy’ and ‘do not disturb’ into DISCREET.</p>

Description	Defines the availability attribute
Range	AVAILABLE   NOT_AVAILABLE   DISCREET

**Table 36. UserAvailability**

### 8.3.2 PreferredContacts

This indicates the current preferred contact method for the publisher. The address of the contact is also available. All phone numbers shall be in international format.

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

PreferredContacts	Req	Single/Multiple	Description
AddrPref	M	M	List of preferences and addresses.

**Table 37. PreferredContacts**

AddrPref	Req	Single/Multiple	Description
PrefC	M	S	A communication preference
CAddr	M	S	A contact address
Cstatus	M	S	Status of the communication preference
Cname	O	S	Human-readable name of a communication preference
Cpriority	O	S	Priority of the communication preference

**Table 38. AddrPref**

Information element	Cstatus
Data type	An enumerated String
Format	OPEN – user is available to use the associated communication address CLOSED – user is not available to use the associated communication address
Description	The status of communication preference
Range	OPEN   CLOSED

**Table 39. Cstatus**

Information element	Cname
Data type	String



Format	Free text format
Description	User defined name of the communication preference
Range	

**Table 40. Cname**

Information element	Cpriority
Data type	Integer
Format	An integer in the range from 0 to 255.
Description	The priority the user may set for the communication preference. The smallest number indicates the highest preference. There may be more than one contact preference having the same priority value.
Range	0 to 255

**Table 41. Cpriority**

<b>Information element</b>	PrefC
Data type	<b>An enumerated String</b>
Format	CALL – the publisher prefers to be called SMS – the publisher prefers to get an SMS MMS – the publisher prefers to get an MMS IM – the publisher prefers to get an IM EMAIL – the publisher prefers to get EMAIL
Description	The user preference
Range	CALL   SMS   MMS   IM   EMAIL

**Table 42. PrefC**

Information element	Caddr
Data type	An enumerated String
Format	6. When phone number see E.163 7. When mobile number see E.164 8. When MMS address see the WAP specifications 9. When UserID: see User-ID in the data types document 10. When email address: see RFC822

Description	Contact address depends on the value of PrefC in the following way: PrefC=Call – in this case CAddr is the phone number PrefC= SMS – in this case CAddr is the mobile number (see E.164) PrefC=MMS – in this case CAddr is the MMS address PrefC=IM – in this case the CAddr is the UserID PrefC=EMAIL – in this case the CAddr is the email address
Range	

Table 43. Caddr

### 8.3.3 PreferredLanguage

This indicates the preferred language for the publisher.

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Information element	PreferredLanguage
Data type	String
Format	ISO 639-2/T (three letter language code)
Description	Language preference of the user
Range	

Table 44. PreferredLanguage

### 8.3.4 StatusText

This is a short text string that gives a free form description of user status.

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Information element	StatusText
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	<b>A personal status given as a free text</b>
Range	

Table 45. StatusText

### 8.3.5 StatusMood

This is the mood of the user. The personal mood of the user. It communicates the mood of a user to other users and is intended to be catalyst to further interactions between users, for example instant messages “Why are you angry?”

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Information element	StatusMood
Data type	An enumerated String
Format	One of the following values: HAPPY – publisher feels happy SAD – publisher feels sad ANGRY – publisher feels angry JEALOUS – publisher feels jealous ASHAMED – publisher feels ashamed INVINCIBLE – publisher feels invincible IN_LOVE – publisher feels being in love SLEEPY – publisher feels sleepy BORED – publisher feels bored EXCITED – publisher feels excited ANXIOUS – publisher feels anxious
Description	A personal mood of the publisher given as an enumerated string
Range	HAPPY   SAD   ANGRY   JEALOUS   ASHAMED   INVINCIBLE   IN_LOVE   SLEEPY   BORED   EXCITED   ANXIOUS

**Table 46. StatusMood**

### 8.3.6 Alias

This is a short text with the alias of the user

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Information element	Alias
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	Alias name for the publisher
Range	

**Table 47. Alias**

### 8.3.7 StatusContent

Multimedia object content or URL to the multimedia content that the user has selected as personal status information.

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

StatusContent	Req	Description
DirectContent	C	A media object included into the attribute in transfer encoded form
ReferredContent	C	An URL to the multimedia content
ContentType	M	MIME type of the media object

**Table 48. StatusContent**

Information element	DirectContent
Data type	String
Format	BASE64
Description	A BASE64 encoded media object
Range	

**Table 49. DirectContent**

Information element	ReferredContent
Data type	String
Format	URL
Description	An URL to the multimedia content
Range	

**Table 50. ReferredContent**

Information element	ContentType
Data type	String
Format	MIME type indicator token
Description	MIME type of the media object
Range	

**Table 51. ContentType**

### 8.3.8 ContactInfo

Contact information (vCard) or link to the contact information of the user.

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

Information element	ContactInfo
Data type	Structure

Format	
Description	See below
Range	

**Table 52. Structure of ContactInfo**

ContactInfo	Req	Description
ContainedvCard	C	A vCard included into the attribute in transfer encoded form
ReferredvCard	C	An URL to the vCard

**Table 53. ContactInfo**

Information element	ContainedvCard
Data type	String
Format	Vcard (version TBD)
Description	A vCard as the ContactInfo attribute
Range	

**Table 54. ContainedvCard**

Information element	ReferredvCard
Data type	String
Format	URL
Description	An URL to resource having type vCard
Range	

**Table 55. ReferredvCard**

### 8.3.9 InfoLink

A set of URLs that the user has selected as extra information. The extra information can be any content type.

Originator: Client application

Mobile network support needed: No

Defined information elements are:

InfoLink	Req	Single/Multiple	Description
Inf_link	O	M	One or more link elements

**Table 56. InfoLink**

Inf_link	Req	Single/Multiple	Description
Link	M	S	URL to extra information
Text	O	S	A description of the link
ContentType	O	S	MIME type of the document referred by the Link.

**Table 57. Inf\_Link**

Information element	Link
Data type	String
Format	URL
Description	An URL to user's extra information
Range	

Table 58. Link

Information element	Text
Data type	String
Format	Free text format
Description	A textual description of the link
Range	

Table 59. Text

Information element	ContentType
Data type	String
Format	MIME type
Description	MIME type of the document referred to by the link
Range	

Table 60. ContentType

## 8.4 Extended Presence Information

This is a set of manufacturer, vendor or service provider specific extension attributes and extension fields. The extension attributes are specified in their own PresenceSublist (see [PA DTD]). The extension fields are XML elements prefixed with 'Ext'. The document [PA DTD] shows an example of using extension fields. A client that does not understand the extension namespace shall ignore all the extension fields.

## 9. Static Conformance Requirements (Normative)

The static conformance requirements for this specification is specified in [CSP SCR] and [SSP SCR].

## Appendix A. Change History

(Informative)

### A.1 Approved Version History

Reference	Date	Description
OMA-WV-PA-V1_1-20021001-A	01 Oct 2002	Version 1.1

### A.2 Draft/Candidate Version 1.2 History

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
Candidate Versions OMA-IMPS-WV-PA-V1_2	02 Feb 2003	n/a	Status changed to Candidate by TP TP ref # OMA-TP-2003-0109-IMPS-V1_2-Candidate-Package
	27 Apr 2004	n/a	The contents of these CRs were included: none
	22 May 2004	2	References and hyperlinks corrected