



Push Message

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Wireless Application Protocol
WAP-251-PushMessage-20010322-a

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1. Scope

This section is informative.

Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) is a result of continuous work to define an industry wide specification for developing applications that operate over wireless communication networks. The scope for the WAP Forum is to define a set of specifications to be used by service applications. The wireless market is growing very quickly and reaching new customers and providing new services. To enable operators and manufacturers to meet the challenges in advanced services, differentiation, and fast/flexible service creation, WAP defines a set of protocols in transport, session and application layers. For additional information on the WAP architecture, refer to “*Wireless Application Protocol Architecture Specification*” [WAP].

This specification defines the push message, which is used by a WAP push application to deliver the content to a WAP client. In particular, it defines the following:

- General format of the push message
- Headers of the push message
- Body of the push message
- Proxy rules for header handling

2. References

2.1. Normative references

[CREQ]	“Specification of WAP Conformance Requirements”, WAP-221-CREQ-20010425-a, WAP Forum Ltd. URL: http://www.wapforum.org/
[HTTP]	“Hypertext Transfer Protocol – HTTP/1.1”, R. Fielding, et al. June 1999 URL: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt/
[PushOTA]	“Push OTA Specification”, WAP-235-PushOTA-20010308-a, WAP Forum™. URL: http://www.wapforum.org/
[PushPAP]	“Push Access Protocol Specification”. WAP Forum™. WAP-247-PAP-20010429-a. URL: http://www.wapforum.org/
[RFC822]	“Standard for the Format of ARPA Internet Text Messages”, D. Crocker, August 1982, URL: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc822/
[RFC2234]	“Augmented BNF for Syntax Specification: ABNF”, D. Crocker, et al., November 1997, URL: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2234.txt/
[RFC2396]	“Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax”, T. Berners-Lee et al., August 1998, URL: http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2396.txt/
[WAPCache]	“WAP Caching Model”, WAP-120-WAPCachingMod-19990211-a, WAP Forum™. URL: http://www.wapforum.org/
[WINA]	“WAP Interim Naming Authority”, WAP Forum, URL: http://www.wapforum.org/wina/

2.2. Informative references

- [PushArch] “Push Architectural Overview”. WAP Forum™. WAP-250-PushArchOverview-20010703-p. URL: <http://www.wapforum.org/>
- [WAP] “Wireless Application Protocol Architecture Specification”. WAP Forum™. WAP-210-WAPArch-20010712-a. URL: <http://www.wapforum.org/>
- [WAE] “Wireless Application Environment Specification”, WAP Forum™. WAP-236-WAESpec-20010210-a. URL: <http://www.wapforum.org/>
- [WSP] “Wireless Session Protocol”. WAP Forum™. WAP-230-WSP-20010705-a. URL: <http://www.wapforum.org/>

3. Definitions and Abbreviations

3.1. Definitions

The following are terms and conventions used throughout this specification.

The key words “MUST”, “MUST NOT”, “REQUIRED”, “SHALL”, “SHALL NOT”, “SHOULD”, “SHOULD NOT”, “RECOMMENDED”, “MAY”, and “OPTIONAL” in this document are to be interpreted as described by [RFC2119].

Application - A value-added data service provided to a WAP Client. The application may utilise both push and pull data transfer to deliver content

Content - subject matter (data) stored or generated at an origin server. Content is typically displayed or interpreted by a user agent on a client. Content can both be returned in response to a user request, or being pushed directly to a client.

Push Access Protocol - a protocol used for conveying content that should be pushed to a client, and push related control information, between a Push Initiator and a Push Proxy/Gateway.

Push Framework - the entire WAP push system. The push framework encompasses the protocols, service interfaces, and software entities that provide the means to push data to user agents in the WAP client.

Push Initiator - the entity that originates push content and submits it to the push framework for delivery to a user agent on a client.

Push OTA Protocol - a protocol used for conveying content between a Push Proxy/Gateway and a certain user agent on a client.

Push Proxy Gateway - a proxy gateway that provides push proxy services.

3.2. Abbreviations

For the purposes of this specification, the following abbreviations apply.

ABNF	Augmented Backus-Naur Form
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
OTA	Over The Air
PAP	Push Access Protocol
PI	Push Initiator
PPG	Push Proxy Gateway
RFC	Request For Comments
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
WAP	Wireless Application Protocol
WINA	WAP Interim Naming Authority
WML	Wireless Markup Language

4. Introduction

This section is informative.

The architecture consists of a distributed client/server application, with a server residing in the *push proxy gateway (PPG)* or a *push initiator (PI)*, and a client residing in the mobile device. It is the *push initiator* that initially intends to send a push message to the client. The *push initiator* typically first sends the message by using the Push Access Protocol (PAP) [PushPAP] to the PPG through the wired network and the PPG sends the message by using the Push OTA Protocol [PushOTA] over the wireless network.

Every push message contains headers and a body. The push initiator originally creates the push message and sends it to the PPG by using an appropriate mechanism in PAP. The PPG examines the message and performs the required encoding and transformation. In the process, it generally should not remove any headers or the body of the message, although it may perform encoding and/or transforming. The PPG, however, may add additional headers to the message to enable the needed OTA services.

The push message, including the headers and the body, is delivered hop by hop, optionally encoded or transformed, but the information carried in the headers and the body is generally preserved end to end (i.e., from a PI to a WAP client).

The overall push architecture is outlined in Figure 1.

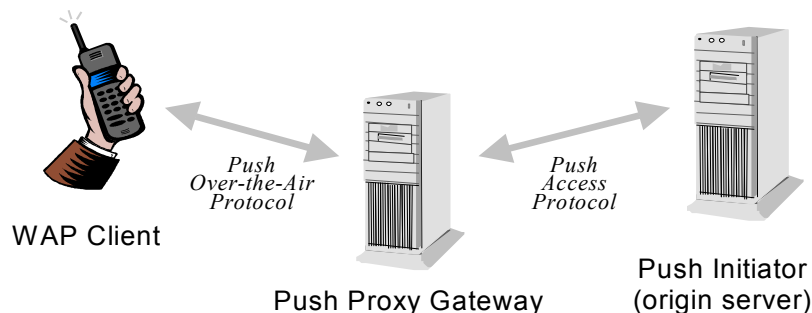


Figure 1: WAP Push Architecture

5. Push Message Definition

This section is normative.

5.1. Message Format

A push message contains headers and a body. It uses the generic message format of RFC 822 [RFC822] for transferring textual entities, but allows binary message bodies. The message consists of one or more headers, an empty line (i.e. a line with nothing preceding the CRLF) indicating the end of the header fields, and an optional message body. The message headers are defined in 5.2. The message body is defined in 5.3.

5.2. Message Headers

5.2.1. Generic Headers

The message headers in this category are based on the Internet message headers in common use. These headers are defined in [HTTP]. The push message is equivalent to a response message in HTTP 1.1 when the semantics of each HTTP header is examined. Each header is OPTIONAL unless stated otherwise.

5.2.1.1. Age

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.2. Cache-Control

As defined in [HTTP], but only the cache-response-directives are applicable.

5.2.1.3. Content-Disposition

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.4. Content-Encoding

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.5. Content-Language

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.6. Content-Length

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.7. Content-Location

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.8. Content-MD5

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.9. Content-Range

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.10. Content-Type

As defined in [HTTP]. This header is REQUIRED.

5.2.1.11. Date

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.12. Etag

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.13. Expires

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.14. Last-Modified

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.1.15. Transfer-Encoding

As defined in [HTTP].

5.2.2. WAP Headers

The headers in this category are WAP headers. Those headers start with “X-Wap-“ prefix. The header definition rules in this sub-section follow the rules in [HTTP].

5.2.2.1. X-Wap-Application-Id

This header is used for application id, usage of which is defined in [PushOTA]. The ABNF [RFC2234] format for this header is as follows:

```
X-Wap-Application-Id = "X-Wap-Application-Id" ":" app-id
app-id = ( absoluteURI [";" "app-encoding=" app-assigned-code] |
          app-assigned-code )
app-assigned-code = 1*8HEXDIG
; absolute URI is as defined in [RFC2396]
```

WINA [WINA] handles registration of absoluteURI and app-assigned-code.

5.2.2.2. X-Wap-Content-URI

This header is used as a substitute for the Request-URI [HTTP] when push content is placed in the cache [WAPCache]. The ABNF [RFC2234] format for this header is as follows:

```
X-Wap-Content-URI = "X-Wap-Content-URI" ":" absoluteURI
                    ; absolute URI is as defined in [RFC2396]
```

5.2.2.3. X-Wap-Initiator-URI

This header identifies the WAP push initiator. If X-Wap-Content-URI is present, its value is considered as the default value for X-Wap-Initiator-URI. If X-Wap-Content-URI is not present, the default value of X-Wap-Initiator-URI is considered to be the same as the value of Content-Location, if present. The ABNF [RFC2234] format for this header is as follows:

```
X-Wap-Initiator-URI = "X-Wap-Initiator-URI" ":" URI
                     ; URI is as defined in [RFC2396]
```

5.2.3. Header Extensions

5.2.3.1. WAP Header Extensions

All WAP header extensions MUST have "X-Wap-" prefix and the new headers MUST be registered with WINA [WINA].

5.2.3.2. User Header Extensions

If the implementation does not want the headers to be registered, the new headers MUST be prefixed by "X-" and MUST NOT use the "X-Wap-" prefix.

5.2.3.3. Non-Normative Internet Message Headers

Although some implementations MAY use other Internet message headers not specified in this document, those headers MAY be ignored by some other implementations.

5.3. Message Body

The message body can be any MIME content type, including multipart MIME content types, and optionally encoded or transfer encoded.

6. Proxy Rules

This section is normative.

Any proxy, including a WAP Push Proxy Gateway, **MUST** pass on any push message headers defined in this specification, unless it is known that those headers can be removed without changing the meaning of the message.

It **MAY** change the field values of the `Content-` headers (see section 5.2) and **MAY** delete or replace those headers as the result of message encoding, transforming, or optimisation.

Appendix A. Static Conformance Requirements

This section is normative.

The following conformance requirements have been compiled in adherence to the WAP Specification of Conformance Requirements [CREQ].

A.1 Terminal Features

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
MSG-GEN-C-001	Generic Headers	5.2.1	O	
MSG-GEN-C-002	Content-Type header	5.2.1.10	M	
MSG-GEN-C-003	WAP Headers	5.2.2	O	
MSG-GEN-C-004	Header Extensions	5.2.3	O	
MSG-GEN-C-005	Message Body	5.3	O	MSG-GEN-C-006
MSG-GEN-C-006	Non-nested multipart content type support	5.3	O	
MSG-GEN-C-007	Nested multipart content type support	5.3	O	

A.2 Push Proxy Gateway Features

Item	Function	Reference	Status	Requirement
MSG-GEN-S-001	Generic Headers	5.2.1	O	
MSG-GEN-S-002	Content-Type header	5.2.1.10	M	
MSG-GEN-S-003	WAP Headers	5.2.2	O	
MSG-GEN-S-004	Header Extensions	5.2.3	O	
MSG-GEN-S-005	Message Body	5.3	O	MSG-GEN-S-006
MSG-GEN-S-006	Non-nested multipart content type support	5.3	O	
MSG-GEN-S-007	Nested multipart content type support	5.3	O	
MSG-GEN-S-008	Proxy Rules	6	M	

Appendix B. Change History

This section is informative.

Type of Change	Date	Section	Description
WAP-145-PushMessage-19990816-a	16-Aug-1999		The initial version of this document
WAP-145_101-PushMessage-20010614-a	31-Jul-2001	Appendix A	Reformatted static conformance requirements
Class3	31-Jul-2001	All	New specification template (WAP-249-PPGService), updated references.