

# LPP Extensions Specification Candidate Version 2.0 – 02 Dec 2014

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# 1. Scope

The present document specifies OMA LPP Extensions (LPPe) Release 2.0.

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# 3. Terminology and Conventions

## 3.1 Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

All sections and appendixes, except "Scope" and "Introduction", are normative, unless they are explicitly indicated to be informative.

## 3.2 Definitions

Baseline	Vector between antenna reference points
Relative Position	See baseline
Relative Velocity	First time derivative of the baseline
Server	Termination point of LPP
Target	Termination point of LPP

## 3.3 Abbreviations

AD	Assistance Data		
AP	Access Point		
ARFCN	Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number		
ВССН	Broadcast Control Channel		
BSIC	Base Station Identity Code		
BSSID	Basic Service Set Identifier		
BT	Bluetooth		
BT LE	Bluetooth Low Energy		
BTS	Base Transceiver System		
ССР	Continuous Carrier Phase		
CCPCH Common Control Pilot Channel			
CPICH	Common Pilot Channel		
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line		
EARFCN	EUTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number		
ECID	Enhanced Cell ID		
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution		
EGM	Earth Gravity Model		
E-OTD	Enhanced Observed Time Difference		
EPDU	External Protocol Data Unit		
EPRE	Energy Per Resource Element		
E-UTRAN	Evolved UTRAN		
FDD	Frequency-Division Duplex		
GERAN	GSM/EDGE RAN		

GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System, collective name for a variety of satellite positioning systems including GPS, Galileo and GLONASS
GSM	Global System for Mobile communications
HA GNSS	High Accuracy GNSS. Refers to using continuous carrier phase measurements to deduce the accurate location of the target device.
HeNB	Home eNodeB
HNB	Home Node B
ICI	Indirect Code Identifier
IPDL	Idle Period Downlink
LAN	Local Area Network
LBS	Location-Based Services
LCS	Location Services
LPP	LTE Positioning Protocol, defined in 3GPP TS 36.355
LPPe	OMA LPP Extensions
LTE	Long Term Evolution
NAT	Network Address Translation
NFC	Near Field Communications
OMA	Open Mobile Alliance
OTD	Observed Time Difference
OTDOA	Observed Time Difference of Arrival
P-CPICH	Primary Control Pilot Channel
QoR	Quality of Reference station
RAN	Radio Access Network
RLE	Run-Length Encoding
RS	Reference Signal
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
RTD	Real Time Difference
SLP	SUPL Location Platform
SRN	Short Range Node
SSID	Service Set Identifier
SUPL	Secure User Plane Location
SV	Space Vehicle
ТА	Timing Advance
TDD	Time-Division Duplex
TEC	Total Electron Content
TECU	TEC Unit, 10 <sup>16</sup> electrons per square meter
ТОА	Time Of Arrival
UARFCN	UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
UE	User Equipment
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunication System
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier [#B073]

UTC	Universal Time Coordinated	
UTRA	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access	
UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial RAN	
WA	Wide Area	
WGS	World Geodetic System	
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network	

# 4. Introduction

## 4.1 Version 1.0

LTE Positioning Protocol LPP is a positioning protocol for E-UTRAN control plane. However, LPP has been designed in such a way that it can also be utilized outside the control plane domain such as in the user plane in the context of SUPL.

LPP elementary messages (Request and Provision of Capabilities and Location Information and Assistance Data) each include a container, an EPDU, which can be used by standardization for outside 3GPP to define their own extensions to LPP messages. OMA LPP Extensions take advantage of this option.

A variety of known and emerging positioning technologies are not in the scope of 3GPP work. This is natural, because control plane deployments are bandwidth-constrained and limited to access types that are part of the control plane system. However, the user plane does not have any such limitations and, hence, new positioning technologies improving accuracy, availability and integrity can be realized in the user plane.

The advantages resulting from OMA building LPPe on top of the 3GPP-defined LPP include the convergence of control and user plane positioning protocols, reduced work load and being able to use the same LPP and LPPe protocol stack both in the control and user plane.

## 4.2 Version 1.1

LPPe Version 1.1 supports the following capabilities additional to those in Version 1.0:

- Broadcast of unsolicited LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data messages
- Request and provision of assistance data point to point related to LPP/LPPe broadcast support

Receipt of broadcast LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data messages can be backward compatible with a target that supports version 1.0 of LPPe in the sense that such messages may be provided (e.g. by a broadcast process in the target) to an LPPe process in the target without causing errors or rejection of the contained assistance data. This backward compatibility applies to unencapsulated LPP/LPPe messages but not to encapsulated messages (see section 5.2.5.1).

## 4.3 Version 2.0

LPPe Version 2.0 supports the following capabilities additional to those in Version 1.0 and 1.1:

- Support of new positioning methods
- Support for Indoor location
- Support for Crowd Sourcing

## 4.4 Version Negotiation (Normative)

Each LPPe message segment indicates the version of the LPPe protocol that was used to encode it. The version includes a major version number (0-255) and a minor version number (0-255). Later major versions of LPPe should be backward compatible at both a procedural level and an encoding level with earlier versions. Later minor versions SHALL be backward compatible with previous minor versions for the same major version number.

To allow for possible non-backward compatibility between different major LPPe versions, an LPPe message segment also carries a compatibility level (0-15). The compatibility level for this version of LPPe is zero. The compatibility level SHALL be increased in any new major version of LPPe that is non-backward compatible with the previous major version. A receiver SHALL discard any received LPPe message that indicates a compatibility level different to all those supported and may return an LPP/LPPe Error message indicating the highest LPPe compatibility level supported.

If a receiver supports the LPPe compatibility level indicated in a received LPPe message but supports a higher major and/or minor version of LPPe than indicated in the message, it may either use the higher major/minor version in subsequent LPPe messages that it sends and allow for the possibility that not all information will be understood or fallback to the lower major/minor version. If a receiver supports the compatibility level indicated in a received LPPe message but supports only a lower major and/or minor version of LPPe than indicated, it SHALL use the highest major/minor version of LPPe that it supports in subsequent LPPe messages. Once either end has sent an LPPe message to the other end, it SHALL continue to use the same major/minor version of LPPe in subsequent messages belonging to the same LPP session. Version adaptation is thus applicable only to a receiver that has not yet sent an LPPe message on any new session.

Table 1: shows the association between compatibility levels and major LPPe versions.

Compatibility Level	Major Version	
0	1	
0	2	

Table 1: LPPe Compatibility Levels and Major Versions

# 5. LPPe functionality (Normative)

The LPPe protocol functionality builds on the 3GPP LPP procedure and transaction handling.

## 5.1 Integration with 3GPP LPP

The extension of 3GPP LPP messages is based on the EPDU-Sequence (External Protocol Data Unit) included in the following 3GPP messages:

- LPP Provide / Request Capabilities (from 3GPP Rel-9 or later)
- LPP Provide / Request Assistance Data (from 3GPP Rel-9 or later)
- LPP Provide / Request Location Information (from 3GPP Rel-9 or later)
- LPP Abort (from 3GPP Rel-9 or later)
- LPP Error (from 3GPP Rel-9 or later)

The LPP transaction control is handled by the LPP messaging and, thus, LPPe message extensions do not need to carry a LPP transaction ID.

EPDU is defined in Chapter 6.4.1 of [LPP]:

```
EPDU-Sequence ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxEPDU)) OF EPDU
maxEPDU INTEGER ::= 16
EPDU ::= SEQUENCE {
  ePDU-Identifier
                         EPDU-Identifier,
  ePDU-Body
                          EPDU-Body
EPDU-Identifier ::= SEQUENCE {
  ePDU-ID
                          EPDU-ID.
  ePDU-Name
                          EPDU-Name
                                           OPTIONAL,
  . . .
}
EPDU-ID ::= INTEGER (1..256)
EPDU-Name ::= VisibleString (SIZE (1..32))
EPDU-Body ::= OCTET STRING
```

#### **EPDU-Sequence** field descriptions

EPDU-ID

This field provides a unique ID for the external positioning method.

#### EPDU-Name

This field provides an optional character encoding which can be used to provide a quasi-unique name for an external PDU - e.g., by containing the name of the defining organization and/or the name of the associated public or proprietary standard for the EPDU.

#### EPDU-Body

The content and encoding of this field are defined externally to LPP.

#### **External PDU Identifier Definition**

EPDU-ID	EPDU Defining entity	Method name	Reference
1	OMA LOC	OMA LPP extensions (LPPe)	OMA-TS-LPPe_V1_0

LPPe specifies an extension to each of the eight LPP messages as shown at the beginning of this section. When encoding the LPP/LPPe message, it is expected that the LPPe extension for the message is first parsed and the resulting ASN.1-coded binary stream is included in the EPDU-Body of the EPDU in the appropriate message.

Duplication of information in LPP and LPPe layer within an "LPP Request" message SHOULD be avoided. If contradicting information is received in LPP and LPPe layer within an "LPP Provide" message the recipient SHALL use the information in LPPe layer.

## 5.2 LPPe Procedures

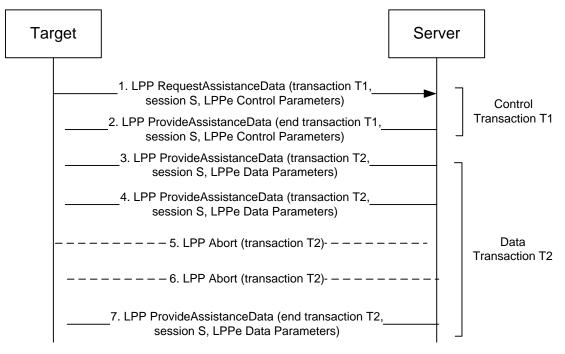
Procedures defined in [LPP] carry over to use of LPP with LPPe.\_The additional procedures defined in this section apply to LPPe only and extend the LPP procedures defined in [LPP].

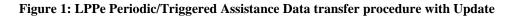
### 5.2.1 Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer with Update

This procedure enables a target to request a server to send assistance data periodically either at defined intervals or when specific triggering criteria are met. The procedure also allows a target or a server to modify the type of assistance data and/or the periodicity and triggering criteria while the delivery procedure is ongoing. The procedure SHALL NOT be combined with the support of any other assistance data and SHALL thus use LPP transactions that are dedicated to starting, transferring or updating one specific type of Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data.

### 5.2.1.1 Initiating and Terminating the Procedure

Figure 1 shows how a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer with Update may be initiated and terminated.

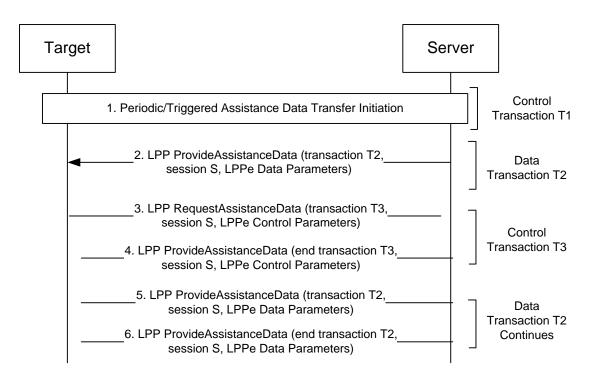




- 1. The target sends an LPP *RequestAssistanceData* message to the server using some available transaction ID T1. The message contains a periodic/triggered session ID S (different to any other LPPe periodic/triggered session ID currently in use between the target and server), an indication that this is an initial request for a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer and LPPe control parameters identifying the type of assistance data being requested, the triggering or periodicity conditions for sending it and either a duration or other specific conditions for ending the assistance data transfer.
- 2. The server responds with an LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message to the target. The message uses the transaction ID T1 in step 1 and indicates the end of this transaction. The message contains the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is a response to an initial request, and LPPe control parameters indicating whether or not the request in step 1 can be supported. If the request can be supported, the LPPe control parameters may explicitly confirm or redefine the type of assistance data, the triggering or periodicity parameters and the duration or other conditions for ending the assistance data transfer. Further characteristics of the assistance data to be delivered may also be provided. If the procedure cannot be supported, an error reason SHALL be provided at the LPPe level and remaining steps are then not performed.
- 3. When the first triggering or periodicity condition occurs, the server sends an unsolicited LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message to the target containing the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is a periodic/triggered assistance data delivery, and LPPe data parameters containing the assistance data confirmed or defined in step 2. The message uses some available transaction ID T2 that may be different to T1.
  - NOTE: LPPe control parameters and LPPe data parameters applicable to this procedure SHALL be explicitly distinguished from one another in the message encoding definitions in section 6.
- 4. The server may continue to send further LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* messages to the target containing the assistance data confirmed or redefined in step 2 when each additional triggering or periodicity condition occurs.
- 5. If an error condition occurs at the target that requires the session to end, the target sends an LPP Abort to the server for transaction T2 that may optionally include LPP and/or LPPe error codes. Remaining steps are then omitted. Error conditions that may induce an abort include an attempt by either end to update the assistance data transfer, as described in sections 5.2.1.2 and 5.2.1.3, where the final control parameters provided by the server are not acceptable to the target.
- 6. If an error condition occurs at the server that requires the session to end without the delivery of further assistance data, the server sends an LPP Abort to the target for transaction T2 that may optionally include LPP and/or LPPe error codes. Remaining steps are then omitted.
- 7. When the duration or other conditions for ending the assistance data transfer occur, the last LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message transferred indicates the end of transaction T2. Terminating the transfer as in this step is preferred over the use of an abort (as in step 6) where possible, since additional termination information specific to the assistance data transfer may then be included.

### 5.2.1.2 Target Update

Figure 2: shows how the target may update an ongoing a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer that was started according to section 5.2.1.1.



#### Figure 2: LPPe Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer procedure with Target Update

- 1. Steps 1 and 2 of Figure 1 are performed to start an LPPe Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer procedure with Update and using a periodic/triggered session ID S.
- 2. The server may send zero, one or more LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* messages to the target containing the assistance data agreed in step 1 and using a transaction ID T2.
- 3. If, before the delivery of assistance data has terminated, the target needs to update the type of assistance data and/or the triggering and periodicity conditions and/or the duration or conditions for termination, the target sends an LPP *RequestAssistanceData* message to the server using some available transaction ID T3. The ID T3 SHALL be different to T2 (if T2 has been started). The message contains the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is an update request for a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer and LPPe control parameters identifying any new type of assistance data being requested, any new triggering or periodicity conditions for sending it and any new duration or specific conditions for ending the assistance data transfer. The request also indicates whether the previous assistance data delivery SHALL continue or be aborted if the new request cannot be supported.
- 4. The server responds with an LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message to the target. The message uses the transaction ID T3 and indicates the end of this transaction. The message contains the periodic/triggered session ID S and an indication that this is a response to an update request. The message also contains LPPe control parameters indicating whether or not the update request in step 3 can be supported. If the request can be supported, the control parameters and any new duration or other conditions for ending the assistance data transfer. Further characteristics of the assistance data to be delivered may also be provided. If the request in step 3 cannot be supported, then, if requested in step 3, the earlier request agreed in step 1 SHALL continue via further repetitions of step 2 until it ends normally or is modified by a repetition of step 3 or is aborted. But if requested otherwise in step 3, the earlier request (including transaction T2) SHALL be aborted at the server without the sending of any further assistance data to the target. In either case, steps 5 and 6 are then omitted.
- 5. If the server can support the request in step 3, it ceases to support the request in step 1 following step 4. Note that due to race conditions, one or more repetitions of step 2 may be perceived to occur by the target following step 3 and prior to step 4. When the first updated triggering or periodicity condition occurs following step 4, the server sends an unsolicited LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message to the target containing the session ID S, an indication that this is periodic/triggered assistance data and LPPe data parameters containing the new assistance data confirmed or defined

in step 4. The message continues to uses transaction ID T2.

6. The server may continue to send further LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* messages to the target containing the session ID S and LPPe data parameters containing the new assistance data confirmed or redefined in step 4 when each additional triggering or periodicity condition occurs. If the duration or other conditions for ending the assistance data transfer occur, the last LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message transferred indicates the end of transaction T2. If before this occurs the target needs to update the type of assistance data, triggering or periodicity conditions and/or duration or other conditions for terminating the transfer, steps 3 and 4 are repeated.

#### 5.2.1.3 Server Update

Figure 3: shows how the server may update an ongoing a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer that was started according to section 5.2.1.1.

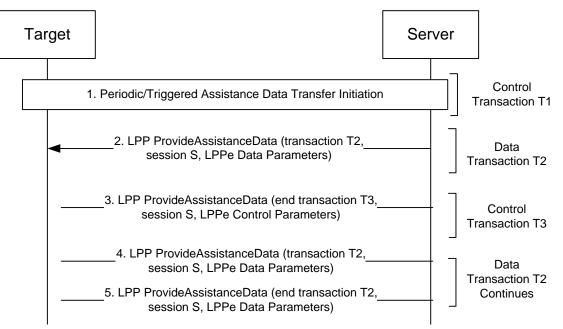


Figure 3: LPPe Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer procedure with Server Update

- 1. Steps 1 and 2 of Figure 1 are performed to start an LPPe Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer procedure with Update and using a periodic/triggered session ID S.
- 2. The server may send zero, one or more LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* messages to the target containing the assistance data agreed in step 1 and using a transaction ID T2.
- 3. If, before the delivery of assistance data has terminated, the server needs to update the type of assistance data and/or the triggering and periodicity conditions and/or the duration or conditions for termination, the server sends an unsolicited LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message to the target using some available transaction ID T3. The ID T3 SHALL be different to T2. The message contains the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication this is a server update for a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer and LPPe control parameters identifying any new type of assistance data to be provided, any new triggering or periodicity conditions for sending it and any new duration or specific conditions for ending the assistance data transfer. After sending this message, the server ceases to transfer assistance data according to step 2.
- 4. When the first updated triggering or periodicity condition occurs (as defined in step 3) following step 3, the server sends an unsolicited LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message to the target containing the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is periodic/triggered assistance data and LPPe data parameters containing the new assistance data defined in step 3. The message continues to uses transaction ID T2.
- 5. The server may continue to send further LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* messages to the target containing the periodic/triggered session ID S and LPPe data parameters containing the new assistance data defined in step 3 when

each additional triggering or periodicity condition occurs. If the duration or other conditions for ending the assistance data transfer occur, the last LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message transferred indicates the end of transaction T2. If before this the server needs to update the type of assistance data, triggering or periodicity conditions and/or duration or other conditions for terminating the transfer, step 3 is repeated.

### 5.2.1.4 Delivery via Broadcast (version 1.1)

Figure 4 shows how a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer may be initiated and terminated in the case that assistance data is transferred via broadcast. The purpose of this procedure is to enable the same assistance that would normally be transferred according to the point to point procedures shown in Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3 to be transferred using broadcast. The procedure is mainly a degenerate version of that described in Figure 1 in section 5.2.1.1.

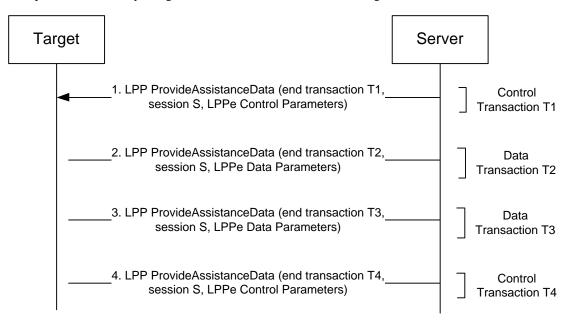


Figure 4: LPPe Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer procedure with Broadcast

- 1 The server broadcasts an LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message using the procedure described in section 5.2.5. The message uses an arbitrary transaction ID T1 and indicates the end of this transaction. The message contains a periodic/triggered session ID S chosen by the server, an indication that this is a response to an initial request (for compatibility with LPPe version 1.0 ASN.1), and LPPe control parameters identifying the type of assistance data to be transferred in later steps, the triggering or periodicity conditions for sending this data and either a duration or other specific conditions for ending the assistance data transfer. No other assistance data SHALL be included in the mssage. The server SHALL ensure that the session ID S is not used for any other periodic/triggered assistance data transfer in any geographic area at the same time as the procedure in Figure 4 is ongoing and for a period of at least 24 hours after this procedure terminates. The server may periodically re-broadcast the message in step 1 to reach additional targets. A target device that receives the message in step 1 via broadcast may identify it as belonging to this procedure from inclusion of the session ID S and the indication that this is a response to an initial request for periodic/triggered assistance data transfer. If a target receives a subsequent message via broadcast that is identified as belonging to step 1 and carries the same session ID S as that for an ongoing procedure of this type and if the message cannot be identified as a duplicate of the message that iniated this procedure (e.g. from use of the same version 1.1 message ID), then the target SHALL abort reception for the ongoing procedure and may instigate reception for a new procedure based on the control parameters included in the message.
- 2. When the first triggering or periodicity condition occurs, the server sends via broadcast (using the procedure in section 5.2.5) an unsolicited LPP ProvideAssistanceData message containing the periodic/triggered session ID S assigned in step 1, an indication that this is a periodic/triggered assistance data delivery, and LPPe data parameters containing the assistance data indicated in step 1. The message carries an arbitrary transaction ID T2 and indicates the end of a transaction. No other assistance data SHALL be included other than that indicated in step 1.

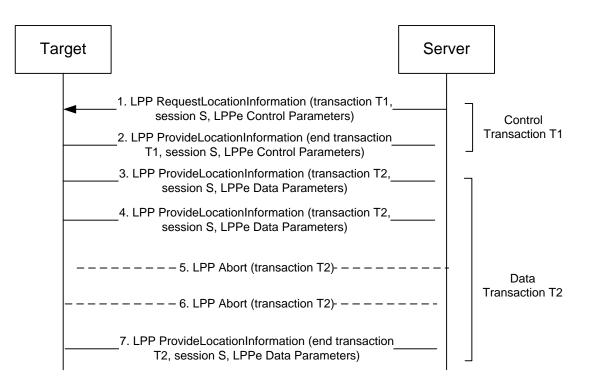
- NOTE: LPPe control parameters and LPPe data parameters applicable to this procedure are explicitly distinguished from one another in the message encoding definitions in section 6.
- 3. The server may continue to broadcast further LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* messages containing new assistance data conforming to what was indicated in step 1 when each additional triggering or periodicity condition occurs. Each subsequent message carries the session ID S, an arbitrary transaction ID T3 and an end of transaction indication. The session may be terminated by the server at any time after which the session ID S SHALL NOT be used again for a period of at least 24 hours. A target that is receiving the messages in steps 1, 2 and 3 should assume the procedure has terminated if step 2 or a repetition of step 3 is not observed for a period of one hour.
- 4. When the session is terminated, a server may optionally broadcast an LPP *ProvideAssistanceData* message to indicate this. The message SHALL contain an arbitrary transaction ID T4, an indication that this is the end of a transaction, the periodic/triggered session ID S and an indication that this is a server update for a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data transfer. The message SHALL also contain LPPe control parameters indicating either a zero or minimal duration (depending on what is defined for the associated assistance data) and a zero or minimal applicable geographic region. The message may be periodically re-broadcast to reach more targets. Targets that follow the rules in step 1 will replace the old control parameters with the new ones and thereby end or soon end the session.
  - NOTE: Step 4 SHALL NOT be used to modify the control parameters for an ongoing session with a view to continuing the session. This is because the message in step 4 may not be received by all targets, who would then continue using the old control parameters. A server wishing to modify an ongoing session SHALL instead terminate the session and start a new session using a different session ID.

## 5.2.2 Periodic/Triggered Location Information Transfer with Update

This procedure enables a server to request a target to send location information periodically either at defined intervals or when specific triggering criteria are met. The procedure also allows a target or a server to modify the type of location information and/or the periodicity and triggering criteria while the delivery procedure is ongoing. The procedure SHALL NOT be combined with the support of any other location information and SHALL thus use LPP transactions that are dedicated to starting, transferring or updating one specific type of Periodic/Triggered Location Information.

### 5.2.2.1 Initiating and Terminating the Procedure

Figure 5: shows how a Periodic/Triggered Location Information Transfer with Update may be initiated and terminated.



#### Figure 5: LPPe Periodic/Triggered Location Information transfer procedure with Update

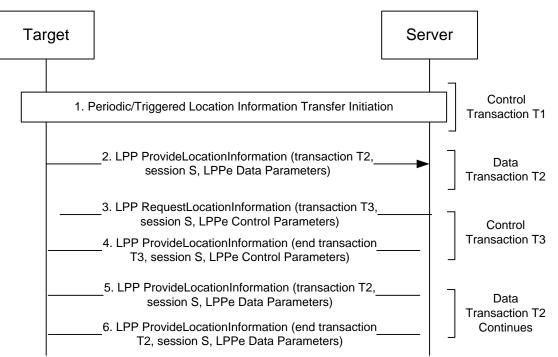
- 1. The server sends an LPP *RequestLocationInformation* message to the target using some available transaction ID T1. The message contains a periodic/triggered session ID S (different to any other LPPe periodic/triggered session ID currently in use between the target and server), an indication that this is an initial request for a Periodic/Triggered Location Information transfer and LPPe control parameters identifying the type of location information being requested, the triggering or periodicity conditions for sending it and either a duration or other specific conditions for ending the location information transfer.
- 2. The target responds with an LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message to the server. The message uses the transaction ID T1 in step 1 and indicates the end of this transaction. The message contains the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is a response to an initial request, and LPPe control parameters indicating whether or not the request in step 1 can be supported. If the request can be supported, the control parameters may explicitly confirm or redefine the type of location information, the triggering or periodicity parameters and the duration or other conditions for ending the location information transfer. Further characteristics of the location information to be delivered may also be provided. If the procedure cannot be supported, an error reason SHALL be provided at the LPPe level and remaining steps are then not performed.
- 3. When the first triggering or periodicity condition occurs, the target sends an unsolicited LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message to the server containing the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is a periodic/triggered location information delivery, and LPPe data parameters containing the location information confirmed or defined in step 2. The message uses some available transaction ID T2 that may be different to T1.
- 4. The target may continue to send further LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message to the server containing the location information confirmed or redefined in step 2 when each additional triggering or periodicity condition occurs.
- 5. If an error condition occurs at the server that requires the session to end, the server sends an LPP Abort to the target for transaction T2 that may optionally include LPP and/or LPPe error codes. Remaining steps are then omitted. Error conditions that may induce an abort include an attempt by either end to update the location information transfer, as described in sections 5.2.2.2 and 5.2.2.3, where the final control parameters provided by the target are not acceptable to the server.
- 6. If an error condition occurs at the target that requires the session to end without the delivery of further location information, the target sends an LPP Abort to the server for transaction T2 that may optionally include LPP and/or

LPPe error codes. Remaining steps are then omitted.

7. When the duration or other conditions for ending the location information transfer occur, the last LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message transferred indicates the end of transaction T2. Terminating the transfer as in this step is preferred over the use of an abort (as in step 6) where possible, since additional termination information specific to the location information transfer may then be included.

#### 5.2.2.2 Server Update

Figure 6: shows how the server may update an ongoing a Periodic/Triggered Location Information Transfer that was started according to section 5.2.2.1.



#### Figure 6: LPPe Periodic/Triggered Location Information transfer procedure with Server Update

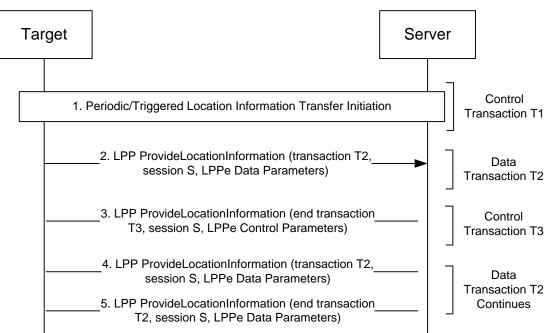
- 1. Steps 1 and 2 of Figure 5 are performed to start an LPPe Periodic/Triggered Location Information transfer procedure with Update and using a session ID S.
- 2. The target may send zero, one or more LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* messages to the server containing the location information agreed in step 1 and using a transaction ID T2.
- 3. If, before the delivery of location information has terminated, the server needs to update the type of location information and/or the triggering and periodicity conditions and/or duration or conditions for termination, the server sends an LPP *RequestLocationInformation* message to the target using some available transaction ID T3. The ID T3 SHALL be different to T2 (if T2 has been started). The message contains the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is an update request for a Periodic/Triggered Location Information transfer and LPPe control parameters identifying any new type of location information being requested, any new triggering or periodicity conditions for sending it and any new duration or specific conditions for ending the location information transfer. The control parameters SHALL also indicate whether the previous location information delivery SHALL continue or be aborted if the new request cannot be supported.
- 4. The target responds with an LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message to the server. The message uses the transaction ID T3 and indicates the end of this transaction. The message contains the periodic/triggered session ID S and an indication that this is a response to an update request. The message also contains LPPe control parameters indicating whether or not the update request in step 3 can be supported. If the request can be supported, the control parameters may explicitly confirm or redefine any new type of location information, and new triggering or periodicity parameters

and any new duration or other conditions for ending the location information transfer. Further characteristics of the location information to be delivered may also be provided. If the request in step 3 cannot be supported, then, if requested in step 3, the earlier request in step 1 SHALL continue via further repetitions of step 2 until it ends normally or is modified by a repetition of step 3 or is aborted. But if requested otherwise in step 3, the earlier request (including transaction T2) SHALL be aborted at the target without the sending of any further location information to the server. In either case, steps 5 and 6 are then omitted.

- 5. If the target can support the request in step 3, it ceases to support the request in step 1 following step 4. Note that due to race conditions, one or more repetitions of step 2 may be perceived to occur by the server following step 3 and prior to step 4. When the first updated triggering or periodicity condition occurs following step 4, the target sends an unsolicited LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message to the server containing the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is periodic/triggered location information and LPPe data parameters containing the new location information confirmed or defined in step 4. The message continues to uses transaction ID T2.
- 6. The target may continue to send further LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* messages to the server containing the periodic/triggered session ID S and LPPe data parameters containing the new location information confirmed or redefined in step 4 when each additional triggering or periodicity condition occurs. If the duration or other conditions for ending the location information transfer occur, the last LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message transferred indicates the end of transaction T2. If before this occurs the server needs to update the type of location information, triggering or periodicity conditions for terminating the transfer, steps 3 and 4 are repeated.

#### 5.2.2.3 Target Update

Figure 7 shows how the target may update an ongoing a Periodic/Triggered Location Information Transfer that was started according to section 5.2.2.1.



#### Figure 7 : LPPe Periodic/Triggered Location Information transfer procedure with Target Update

- 1. Steps 1 and 2 of Figure 5 are performed to start an LPPe Periodic/Triggered Location Information transfer procedure with Update and using a session ID S.
- 2. The target may send zero, one or more LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* messages to the server containing the location information agreed in step 1 and using a transaction ID T2.
- 3. If, before the delivery of location information has terminated, the target needs to update the type of location

information and/or the triggering and periodicity conditions and/or duration or conditions for termination, the target sends an unsolicited LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message to the server using some available transaction ID T3. The ID T3 SHALL be different to T2 (if T2 has been started). The message contains the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is a target update for a Periodic/Triggered Location Information transfer and LPPe control parameters identifying any new type of location information to be provided, any new triggering or periodicity conditions for sending it and any new duration or specific conditions for ending the location information transfer. After sending this message, the target ceases to transfer location information according to step 2.

4. When the first updated triggering or periodicity condition occurs (as defined in step 3) following step 3, the target sends an unsolicited LPP *ProvideLocationInformation* message to the server containing the periodic/triggered session ID S, an indication that this is periodic/triggered location information and LPPe data parameters containing the new location information defined in step 3. The message continues to uses transaction ID T2. 5. The target may continue to send further LPP ProvideLocationInformation messages to the server containing the periodic/triggered session ID S and LPPe data parameters containing the new location information defined in step 3 when each additional triggering or periodicity condition occurs. If the duration or other conditions for ending the location T2. If before this occurs the target needs to update the type of location information, triggering or periodicity conditions and/or duration or other conditions for terminating the transfer, step 3 is repeated.

### 5.2.3 Segmented Assistance Data Transfer

This procedure enables a server to transfer a large volume of assistance data (e.g. several Mbytes or more) in separate LPP/LPPe messages at a rate convenient to both the server and target. The procedure may be used to avoid target and server congestion including avoiding interference with other location activities being performed by the target and server. The procedure may be optionally used by a server to transfer any type of assistance data to a target and applies to both solicited and unsolicited transfer. The procedure may be used to transfer assistance data when the amount of assistance data would otherwise result in an LPPe message too large to transfer using the underlying transport protocol or location protocol. For example, the maximum message size for SUPL is restricted to less than 65535 octets. The maximum positioning payload carried within a SUPL message, segmented assistance data transfer can be used. The procedure makes use of the LPP reliable transport capabilities defined in [LPP].

#### 5.2.3.1 Basic Procedure

The basic procedure supports transfer of assistance data using a connection and, where applicable, a location session between the target and server that remain established during the whole transfer procedure.

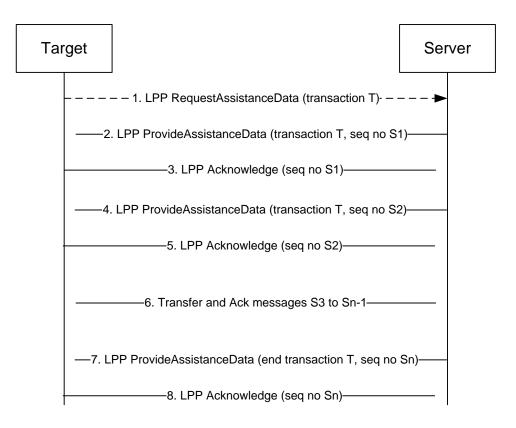


Figure 8: LPPe Segmented Assistance Data Transfer

- 1. Optionally, the target sends an LPP request for assistance data to the server as part of a new transaction with transaction ID T. The target may include a preference to transfer the assistance data in a segmented form. Note that such a preference is not mandatory on the server (i.e. can be ignored).
- 2. The server divides the assistance data to be transferred to the target into n portions. If step 1 was performed, the assistance data comprises everything requested by the target that is available to the server. Each portion of assistance data MUST be capable of being transferred in a well formed LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message (i.e. a message that can be decoded and interpreted independently of any other message). Assistance data that is part of an octet string can be split between consecutive messages with the target required to concatenate the different portions received into a single octet string. Some assistance data may be duplicated in two or more messages if portions of assistance data that are transferred in different messages MUST be accompanied by the same mandatory parameters. In that case all appearances of the same mandatory parameter MUST contain identical data. Optional parameters that appear in more than one segment SHALL include the same values in each appearance. Other assistance data related to different GNSS SVs. The server sends the first portion of assistance data in an LPP message carrying a reliable transport sequence number S1. The message includes a transaction ID T that is the same as in step 1 if step 1 occurred and does not indicate that transaction T is ended. The message requests an LPP reliable transport acknowledgment.
- 3. The target recognizes that the assistance data will be transferred in a sequence of LPP messages from the indication in step 2 that the transaction T is not ended. The target acknowledges receipt of the message in step 2 by returning an LPP reliable transport acknowledgment (which SHALL NOT be piggybacked on a normal LPP message). The target may use the LPP acknowledgment to flow control the server e.g. may delay sending the acknowledgment until the target is ready to receive the next message. Note, that the LPP acknowledgment only confirms receipt of the message in step 2 and does not confirm that the message was necessarily correct (e.g. decodable).
- 4. After and only after receiving the acknowledgment in step 3, the server sends the second portion of assistance data in an LPP message carrying a new sequence number S2 and requesting acknowledgment. If the server does not receive the acknowledgment in step 3 after some timeout period, the server may retransmit the LPP message in step 2 as described in [LPP]. The target discards any duplicate LPP messages (recognized by use of the same sequence number) but still returns an acknowledgment.

- 5. The target acknowledges receipt of the message in step 4 with an LPP acknowledgment.
- 6. The server transfers and the target acknowledges assistance data contained in LPP messages with sequence numbers S3 to Sn-1 by repeating steps 4 and 5. At any time during the transfer, either end may abort the transfer by sending an LPP Abort message to the other end. If the target detects an error in any received LPP message from the server, it may return an LPP Error message indicating the error. This SHALL also terminate the transfer.
- 7. The server transfers the last (nth) portion of assistance data in an LPP message with sequence number Sn and requesting an acknowledgment. The server includes an indication that this message ends transaction T.
- 8. The target acknowledges the message in step 7.

#### 5.2.3.2 Procedure with Resume Capability

With the resume capability, segmented assistance data transfer can be successful even when the connection and/or session between the target and server are released and later reestablished before the transfer is complete.

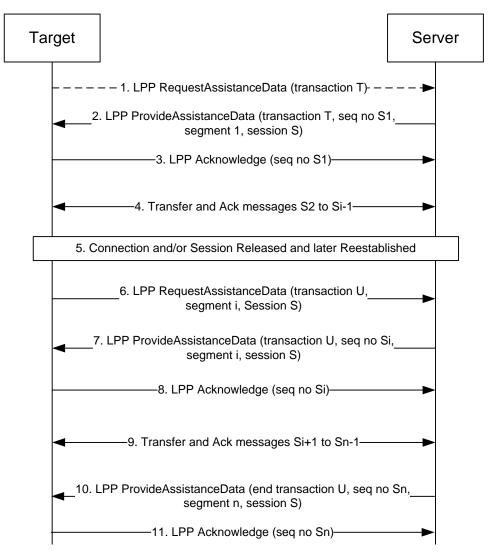


Figure 9: LPPe Segmented Assistance Data Transfer with Resume Capability

1. Optionally, the target sends an LPP request for assistance data to the server as part of a new transaction with transaction ID T. The target may include a preference to transfer the assistance data in a segmented form with resume capability.

- 2. This step is the same as step 2 for Figure 8 except that the server assigns a unique session ID S and includes this in the first LPP Provide Assistance Data message together with an indication that this is the first segment of assistance data.
- 3. This step is the same as step 3 for Figure 8.
- 4. The server continues to transfer more assistance data to the target as described for Figure 8. The server SHALL include the session ID S and the segment number in each subsequent Provide Assistance Data message. The server sends segments 2 to i-1. Note that if retransmission occurs, message contents remain the same as for the first transmission (including the sequence number and segment number).
- 5. The connection (e.g. secure IP connection) and/or session (e.g. SUPL session) between the target and server are released or fail prematurely. The connection and/session are later re-established e.g. in order to complete the assistance data transfer or for other reasons.
- 6. When the target recognizes that the session and/or connection have been restored, it sends an LPP Request Assistance Data message to the server containing the session ID S and the segment number i of the next expected LPP Provide Assistance Data message. The message SHALL contain no request for other assistance data. The transaction ID U for this message need not be the same as the previous transaction ID T.
- 7. The server resumes the assistance data transfer interrupted by step 5 by sending the i.th portion of assistance data in an LPP Provide Assistance Data message carrying the transaction ID U, a sequence number Si, the session ID S and an indication that this is the i.th segment. The message also requests an acknowledgment. If the server does not receive the request in step 6 (e.g. because the target is not aware that the connection and/or session have been restored to the same server), it may resume the assistance transfer unsolicited. In that case, the server SHALL begin by sending or resending either LPP message i if message i-1 was acknowledged before step 5 or message i-1 if the acknowledgment for i-1 did not reach the server before step 5. If the server had aborted the transfer (e.g. due to a long timeout period during step 5), it returns an LPP Error message instead of the next assistance data segment and the remaining steps are omitted. If steps 6 and 7 occur in parallel, the server returns an LPP Error for step 6 and the target continues from step 7.
- 8. The target returns an acknowledgment for the message in step 7 and discards the message if this was already received just before step 5. If the target had aborted the transfer (e.g. due to a long timeout period in step 5), it instead returns an LPP Error message to the server and the remaining steps are omitted.
- 9. The server transfers segments i+1 to n-1 to the target as in step 4.
- 10. This step is the same as step 7 for Figure 8 except that the server may include the session ID S and the segment number n.
- 11. The target acknowledges the message in step 10.

## 5.2.4 Segmented Location Information Transfer

This procedure enables a target to transfer a large volume of location information in separate LPP/LPPe messages at a rate convenient to both the target and server. The procedure may be used to avoid server and target congestion including avoiding interference with other location activities being performed by the server and target. The procedure may be optionally used by a target to transfer any type of location information to a server and applies to both solicited and unsolicited transfer. The procedure may be used to transfer location information when the amount of location information would otherwise result in an LPPe message too large to transfer using the underlying transport protocol or location protocol. For example, the maximum message size for SUPL is restricted to less than 65335 octets. For an LPP/LPPe message larger than this and to be transferred in a SUPL message, segmented location information transfer can be used. The procedure makes use of the LPP reliable transport capabilities defined in [LPP].

### 5.2.4.1 Basic Procedure

The basic procedure supports transfer of Location information using a connection and, where applicable, a location session between the server and target that remain established during the whole transfer procedure.

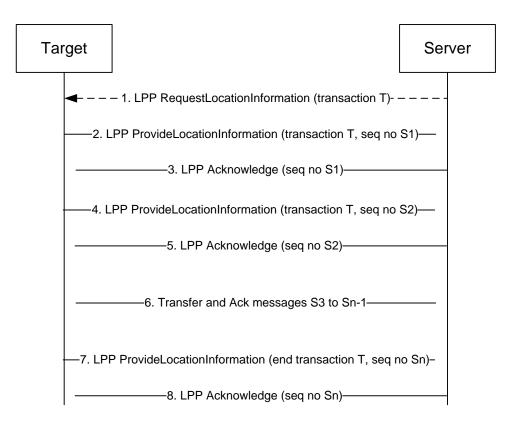


Figure 10: LPPe Segmented Location Information Transfer

- 1. Optionally, the server sends an LPP request for Location information to the target as part of a new transaction with transaction ID T. The server may include a preference to transfer the location information in a segmented form. Note that such a preference is not mandatory on the target (i.e. can be ignored).
- 2. The target divides the location information to be transferred to the server into n portions. If step 1 was performed, the location information comprises everything requested by the server that is available to the target Each portion of location information MUST be capable of being transferred in a well formed LPP/LPPe Provide Location information message (i.e. a message that can be decoded and interpreted independently of any other message). Location information that is part of an octet string can be split between consecutive messages with the server required to concatenate the different portions received into a single octet string. Some location information may be duplicated in two or more messages if portions of location information that are transferred in different messages MUST be accompanied by the same mandatory parameters. In that case all appearances of the same mandatory parameter MUST contain identical data. Optional parameters that appear in more than one segment SHALL include the same values in each appearance. Other location information may need to be split into different GNSS SVs. The target sends the first portion of location information in an LPP message carrying a reliable transport sequence number S1. The message includes a transaction ID T that is the same as in step 1 if step 1 occurred and does not indicate that transaction T is ended. The message requests an LPP reliable transport acknowledgment.
- 3. The server recognizes that the location information will be transferred in a sequence of LPP messages from the indication in step 2 that the transaction T is not ended. The server acknowledges receipt of the message in step 2 by returning an LPP reliable transport acknowledgment (which SHALL NOT be piggybacked on a normal LPP message). The server may use the LPP acknowledgment to flow control the target e.g. may delay sending the acknowledgment until the server is ready to receive the next message. Note, that the LPP acknowledgment only confirms receipt of the message in step 2 and does not confirm that the message was necessarily correct (e.g. decodable).
- 4. After and only after receiving the acknowledgment in step 3, the target sends the second portion of location information in an LPP message carrying a new sequence number S2 and requesting acknowledgment. If the target does not receive the acknowledgment in step 3 after some timeout period, the target may retransmit the LPP message in step 2 as described in [LPP]. The server discards any duplicate LPP messages (recognized by use of the same

sequence number) but still returns an acknowledgment.

- 5. The server acknowledges receipt of the message in step 4 with an LPP acknowledgment.
- 6. The target transfers and the server acknowledges location information contained in LPP messages with sequence numbers S3 to Sn-1 by repeating steps 4 and 5. At any time during the transfer, either end may abort the transfer by sending an LPP Abort message to the other end. If the server detects an error in any received LPP message from the target, it may return an LPP Error message indicating the error. This SHALL also terminate the transfer.
- 7. The target transfers the last (nth) portion of location information in an LPP message with sequence number Sn and requesting an acknowledgment. The target includes an indication that this message ends transaction T.
- 8. The server acknowledges the message in step 7.

# 5.2.4.2 Procedure with Resume Capability

With the resume capability, segmented location information transfer can be successful even when the connection and/or session between the server and target are released and later reestablished before the transfer is complete.

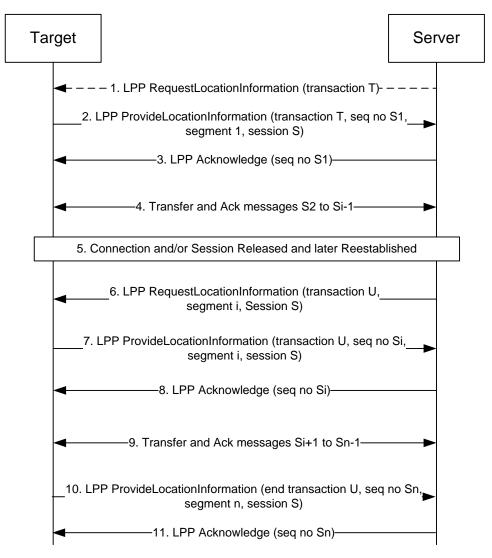


Figure 11: LPPe Segmented Location information Transfer with Resume Capability

1. Optionally, the server sends an LPP request for location information to the target as part of a new transaction with transaction ID T. The server may include a preference to transfer the location information in a segmented form with

resume capability.

- 2. This step is the same as step 2 for Figure 10except that the target assigns a unique session ID S and includes this in the first LPP Provide Location information message together with an indication that this is the first segment of location information.
- 3. This step is the same as step 3 for Figure 10.
- 4. The target continues to transfer more location information to the server as described for Figure 10. The target SHALL include the session ID S and the segment number in each subsequent Provide Location information message. The target sends segments 2 to i-1. Note that if retransmission occurs, message contents remain the same as for the first transmission (including the sequence number and segment number).
- 5. The connection (e.g. secure IP connection) and/or session (e.g. SUPL session) between the server and target are released or fail prematurely. The connection and/session are later re-established e.g. in order to complete the location information transfer or for other reasons.
- 6. When the server recognizes that the session and/or connection have been restored, it sends an LPP Request Location information message to the target containing the session ID S and the segment number i of the next expected LPP Provide Location information message. The message SHALL contain no request for other location information. The transaction ID U for this message need not be the same as the previous transaction ID T.
- 7. The target resumes the location information transfer interrupted by step 5 by sending the i.th portion of location information in an LPP Provide Location information message carrying the transaction ID U, a sequence number Si, the session ID S and an indication that this is the i.th segment. The message also requests an acknowledgment. If the target does not receive the request in step 6 (e.g. because the server is not aware that the connection and/or session have been restored to the same target), it may resume the location information transfer unsolicited. In that case, the target SHALL begin by sending or resending either LPP message i if message i-1 was acknowledged before step 5 or message i-1 if the acknowledgment for i-1 did not reach the target before step 5. If the target had aborted the transfer (e.g. due to a long timeout period during step 5), it returns an LPP Error message instead of the next location information segment and the remaining steps are omitted. If steps 6 and 7 occur in parallel, the target returns an LPP Error for step 6 and the server continues from step 7.
- 8. The server returns an acknowledgment for the message in step 7 and discards the message if this was already received just before step 5. If the server had aborted the transfer (e.g. due to a long timeout period in step 5), it instead returns an LPP Error message to the target and the remaining steps are omitted.
- 9. The target transfers segments i+1 to n-1 to the server as in step 4.
- 10. This step is the same as step 7 for Figure 10 except that the target includes the session ID S and the segment number n.
- 11. The server acknowledges the message in step 10.

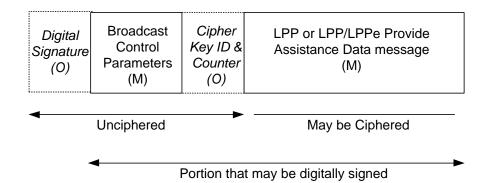
# 5.2.5 Broadcast of Assistance Data (version 1.1)

# 5.2.5.1 Broadcast Assistance Data Messages

A broadcast assistance data message may comprise any one of the following messages:

- (a) An unencapsulated and unciphered LPP Provide Assistance Data message
- (b) An unencapsulated and unciphered LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message
- (c) An encapsulated LPP Provide Assistance Data message that may optionally be ciphered and/or digitally signed
- (d) An encapsulated LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message that may optionally be ciphered and/or digitally signed

An unencapsulated message consists of either an LPP message without an LPPe extension in case (a) or an LPP message with an LPPe extension in case (b). Unencapsulated broadcast messages are not ciphered or digitally signed and do not contain the additional message portions shown in Figure 12. An encapsulated LPP or LPP/LPPe message may or may not be ciphered and may or may not be digitally signed and contains additional message portions as illustrated in Figure 12.



#### Figure 12: An encapsulated LPP(/LPPe) Broadcast Message with Mandatory (M) and Optional (O) portions

The broadcast control parameters enable detection of an already received broadcast message and contain information on the geographic and time applicability of the message and the types of assistance data included. The cipher key ID and counter value are included when ciphering is used. The message portion contains an LPP or LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message and may be ciphered. A digital signature may be included and, if so, is computed over the entire succeeding message content. The digital signature portion contains the associated public key identifier and appears at the beginning of the message so that a target can determine as soon as reception begins whether it has the correct public key and, if so, can begin the authentication process while message reception is in progress.

A particular broadcast system should, if possible, offer either the unencapsulated variant (cases (a) and (b)) or the encapsulated variant (cases (c) and (d)) but not both over its entire coverage area to enable targets to employ the correct decoding in a consistent manner. LPPe 1.1 capable targets can be informed of the variant being used by a server. Any LPPe 1.0 capable but not LPPe 1.1 capable targets which support broadcast reception will assume the unencapsulated variant and will encounter decoding errors if the encapsulated variant is used. It is expected that a reasonably robust LPPe 1.0 implementation would cease making use of a particular broadcast system once a certain number of consecutive decoding errors were encountered.

## 5.2.5.2 Broadcast Procedure

Figure 13 shows how the server may broadcast location assistance data to one or more targets. Details of the Broadcast Subsystem including whether it comprises a single entity or multiple entities and its interfaces to the Target and Server are outside the scope of this specification.

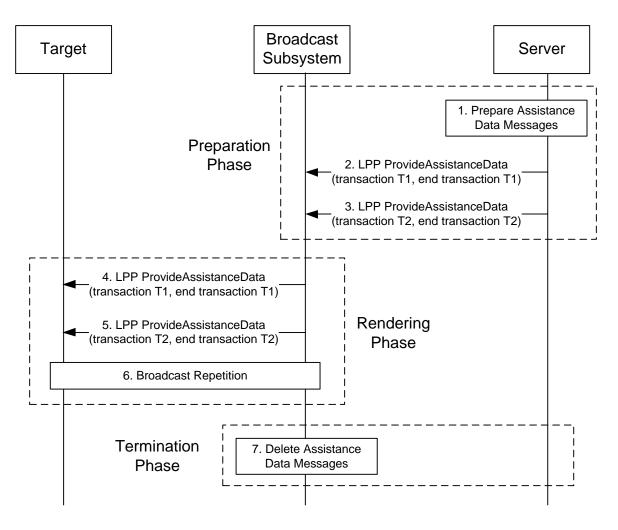


Figure 13: Broadcast of LPP/LPPe Assistance Data

## 5.2.5.2.1 Preparation Phase

During the preparation phase, LPP/LPPe assistance data is transferred from the server to the Broadcast Subsystem. Depending on the Broadcast Subsystem, the preparation phase may include additional steps not shown in Figure 13 – e.g. exchange of broadcast capabilities between the Broadcast Subsystem and server, a request for specific assistance data from the Broadcast Subsystem to the server, an indication from the Broadcast Subsystem to the server on the current or future available broadcast capacity, an acknowledgment for assistance data successfully transferred to the Broadcast Subsystem from the server. Such additional steps are outside the scope of this specification.

- 1. The server packages the assistance data to be broadcast into one or more LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data messages which may or may not be encapsulated, ciphered and digitally signed as described above. Each LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message is well formed (i.e. can be decoded by a target independently of other messages). The content of each message may be location and/or time specific i.e. may be applicable to a specific geographic area and/or to a specific period of time. Each message includes an end of transaction indication. Different messages may or may not carry different transaction IDs. Messages SHALL NOT include an LPP sequence number or LPP acknowledgment request. The server may include in each message a unique message ID and the validity time and/or the validity area for the included assistance data. The server may optionally cipher some or all messages.
- 2. The server transports an LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message to the Broadcast Subsystem. The server may include additional information such as broadcast triggering conditions (e.g. periodicity), priority, applicable geographic area and time period. This additional information and the means of transport are outside the scope of this specification.

3. The server may repeat step 2 to transport one or more additional LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data messages to the Broadcast Subsystem. Depending on the interface to the Broadcast Subsystem, some or all of the messages in steps 2 and 3 may be sent together as a single package.

# 5.2.5.2.2 Rendering Phase

During the rendering phase, LPP/LPPe assistance data is broadcast to the target audience. Depending on the Broadcast Subsystem, the rendering phase may include additional steps not shown in Figure 13 - e.g. advance notification by the Broadcast Subsystem to the target audience of the type or types of assistance data to be later broadcast together with scheduling information, requests by interested targets to the Broadcast Subsystem for information to enable subsequent broadcast reception. Such additional steps are outside the scope of this specification.

- 4. The Broadcast Subsystem broadcasts the LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message received in step 2 without modification. The broadcast may occur from multiple nodes (e.g. multiple base stations) and may be accompanied by additional information identifying, for example, the type of assistance data and use of ciphering. The broadcasting may also employ segmentation with reassembly at the target. Such additional information and use of segmentation is outside the scope of this specification. A target that is both able to and chooses to receive the broadcast may decipher the message if ciphering was employed and decode the message contents. If the message includes a message ID, the target SHALL discard the message if a broadcast message with the same message ID was received and stored within a period either less than the validity time if a validity time was included or less than 24 hours otherwise. Otherwise, the target should store the assistance data to support positioning until such time as the validity time (if included) has expired or the target recognizes it is no longer in the validity area (if included).
  - NOTE 1: The server is responsible for ensuring that any message ID assigned to an LPPe message A is not reused for a new LPPe message B before the message validity time for the message A, if included, or 24 hours otherwise have expired since the final broadcast of the message A.
  - NOTE 2: Detection of message duplication using a unique message ID does not apply to unencapsulated LPP/LPPe messages. However, message duplication may be recognized in other ways (e.g. via a CRC on the message contents). In the event that message duplication is not recognized, the same assistance data will be re-stored which is inefficient but should not harm target operation.
- 5. The Broadcast Subsystem broadcasts the one or more additional LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data messages received in step 3 in a similar manner to step 4.
- 6. Broadcast of each message in steps 4 and 5 may be repeated and the periodicity or other triggering conditions for broadcasting may be the same or different for each message.

## 5.2.5.2.3 Termination Phase

During the termination phase, LPP/LPPe assistance data that no longer needs to be broadcast is removed from the Broadcast Subsystem. Depending on the Broadcast Subsystem, the termination phase may include additional steps not shown in Figure 13 – e.g. notification by the Broadcast Subsystem to the server concerning the actual number of broadcasts for each LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message, the areas in which and/or nodes from which the broadcasts occurred and, if known, the size of the target audience. Such additional steps are outside the scope of this specification.

1. The Broadcast Subsystem ceases broadcasting any message received in step 2 or 3 and deletes it either when instructed by the server or when dictated by scheduling information originally received in step 2 or step 3.

# 5.2.5.3 Ciphering of Assistance Data

Assistance data that is broadcast may be optionally ciphered using the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm [AES] with a 128 bit key and using Counter mode [NIST-800-38A]. An informative description of these algorithms is provided in Appendix F.

The algorithms require specific conventions for bit ordering. The convention followed here is that the bit order applicable to ciphering for an ASN.1 BIT STRING is the bit order defined by ASN.1 (e.g. ITU X.680) where the first bit is the leading bit number zero, the second bit is bit one etc. The bit order applicable to ciphering for an OCTET STRING starts with the highest order bit of the first octet and follows the bit ordering in each octet (high followed by low bits) and the octet ordering

in the OCTET STRING (first octet to last octet). These conventions align with those used in [AES]. The bit ordering applicable to ciphering for a PER encoded LPP/LPPe message is the bit ordering produced by the PER encoding. The same conventions for bit ordering also apply to authentication in section 5.2.5.4.

The initial counter C1 used to cipher an entire LPP/LPPe message is provided to a target by a server in two portions. The first portion, denoted C0, is provided using point to point mode along with the 128 bit ciphering key and an identifier for both of these values. The second portion, denoted D0, is provided in unciphered form as part of the overall encapsulated message as shown in Figure 11A. A target then obtains C1 as:

$$C1 = (C0 + D0) \mod 2^{**}128$$
 (where all values are treated as non-negative integers)

To obtain any subsequent counter Ci from the previous counter Ci-1 for any message, the following operation is used:

$$Ci = (Ci-1 + 1) \mod 2^{**}128$$

The value for D0 SHALL be different for different broadcast messages and SHALL ensure that the counters derived from C1 for any message are different to the counters for any other message.

# 5.2.5.4 Authentication of Assistance Data

Assistance data that is broadcast may be optionally digitally signed using the RSASSA-PSS variant of the PKCS#1 v.2.1 RSA method defined in [PKCS#1] and [RFC3447] where [RFC3447] takes precedence in case of any conflict. These references define a set of fixed procedures and some options. The method for LPPe uses as input the procedures and options shown in Table 2.

Authentication Input	Procedure or Option Used	[PKCS#1] and [RFC3447] section
Encoding method	EMSA-PSS	9.1
Hash Function	SHA-256 [NIST 180-4]	9.1.1, 9.1.2
Mask Generation Function	MGF1 with SHA-1 [NIST 180-4]	B.2.1
Encoding salt length	0 to 32 octets (exact value is provided by the server)	9.1
RSA modulus n (and signature length)	2048 bits	8.1
Signature Generation	RSASSA-PSS-SIGN	8.1.1
Signature Verification	RSASSA-PSS-VERIFY	8.1.2

#### **Table 2: Applicable Authentication Procedures and Options**

At a server, a digital signature is computed over an entire broadcast message (that has already been ciphered if ciphering is used) by first hashing and masking the message to yield a message representation of length 2047 bits and then generating a signature of length 2048 bits for the message representation using an RSA private key. At a target, the signature is converted to an expected message representation using the RSA public key and then compared to the actual message representation derived from the received message.

The public key and salt length are provided to a target by a server and assigned a unique ID. This transfer occurs using point to point LPPe before the target begins to receive broadcast assistance data. The server identifies the public key and salt length to be used to authenticate any received broadcast LPPe message by including the unique identifier that was sent earlier point to point.

A target SHALL authenticate any broadcast message received that contains a digital signature if the target already has the

identified public key and salt length. If a server has earlier indicated by point to point means that authentication SHALL be used for a particular broadcast system, a target SHALL ignore any broadcast message received that does not contain a digital signature. Broadcast messages that fail authentication SHALL also be discarded and a target may cease using the associated broadcast system for some implementation dependent time period. When receiving a new broadcast message, a target should perform verification and decoding in the following order.

- (1) Verification from broadcast control parameters that the message is not a duplicate and has a valid time and geographic area applicability.
- (2) Verification from broadcast control parameters that the message contains (or may contain) types of assistance data of interest to the target.
- (3) Verification that the target has the correct key or keys to perform authentication and deciphering when either or both of these are required.
- (4) Verification of any digital signature if included.
- (5) Deciphering of message content if ciphering was used.
- (6) ASN.1 decoding of message content.

# 5.2.6 Crowdsourcing (version 2.0)

# 5.2.6.1 Crowdsourcing Principles

Crowdsourcing involves instigating and subsequently receiving measurements at a server from one or more target devices for one or more types of terrestrial transmitter. A server (or a surrogate to which the measurements may be forwarded) may subsequently use the measurements for one or more purposes outside the scope of LPPe. For example, a server may determine location related information (e.g. estimated locations and/or transmission characteristics) for terrestrial transmitters which may be used at the server to support positioning and/or may be sent to target devices as assistance data. In another example, the measurements may be used for network optimization – e.g. to help plan deployment or redeployment of transmitters and/or adjust transmission capabilities of existing transmitters.

The crowdsourcing procedures enable a server to request a target to send crowdsourcing measurements for a limited or unlimited period to a designated data server. The server instigating the crowdsourcing is referred to as the control server and may differ from the data server to which measurements are sent in order to limit the influx of data at the control server, loadshare crowdsourcing data over several data servers and/or provide the measurement data to a server dedicated to processing of crowdsourcing data. The control server provides control parameters to the target defining when the measurements are to be obtained and when they are to be returned to the data server. The control parameters are divided into four groups comprising activation triggers, measurement triggers, reporting triggers and duration parameters. Activation triggers define the conditions for activating and deactivating crowdsourcing measurements and may be used to avoid obtaining measurements in conditions where measurements may be difficult or not needed, thereby saving on target resource usage (e.g. battery, memory, signaling) and reducing load on the data server. When crowdsourcing is deactivated, a target does not obtain new crowdsourcing measurements but continues to report any previously obtained measurements, if not already sent, according to the reporting triggers. Measurement triggers define when and how often measurements should be made when crowdsourcing measurements have been activated. Reporting triggers define when and how often measurements should be returned and include a reporting mode which may be any of: real time where measurements are sent as soon as they are made or are discarded otherwise; quasi-real time where measurements are sent in real time if possible but in batch mode otherwise; and batch where measurements are sent infrequently in batches.

A target is enabled to confirm whether or not it will fulfil a crowdsourcing request from the control server and may include agreed control parameters and agreed measurement types that may each be the same as those requested by the server or may each differ. In the latter case, a target SHALL employ a subset policy in which agreed measurements are a subset of those requested and agreed control parameters either omit requested control parameters or include requested parameters set to values that will reduce the frequency and/or duration of crowdsourcing deactivation, measurements and/or reporting. In the case of the reporting mode (real time, quasi-real time and batch reporting), a target SHALL NOT change the mode requested by the server.

A control server or data server may query a target at a later time to verify whether crowdsourcing is still active in the target and what are the measurements and control parameters assumed by the target. This may enable detection of conditions where crowdsourcing has stopped at a target before a designated end time - e.g. due to user intervention, a power off or lack of

resources (e.g. low battery level). A query may also enable a control server or data server to periodically poll targets regarding crowdsourcing when a control server or data server does not maintain records of the crowdsourcing ongoing in targets. Targets for which crowdsourcing is not active may then be requested by the server to start crowdsourcing.

A control server or data server may abort an ongoing crowdsourcing session in a particular target - e.g. because measurements are no longer needed or to reduce load on the data server. A target may also abort an ongoing crowdsourcing session - e.g. due to user intervention or because a target has insufficient resources (e.g. battery level is low). A server abort is always signaled to the target. A target abort is not signaled to either the control server or data server. However, a target may indicate the end of crowdsourcing when reporting crowdsourcing measurements to the data server in the case that crowdsourcing is stopped in a controlled manner,

Crowdsourcing may be identified or may be anonymous. With identified crowdsourcing, crowdsourcing reports carry a unique session ID assigned by the control server. With anonymous crowdsourcing, a reserved session ID of zero is included in crowdsourcing reports which may prevent tracking of the target and thereby ensure user privacy. A target has the ability to set the session ID to zero to indicate that crowdsourcing will be anonymous when confirming crowdsourcing to the control server if the control server had assigned a unique session ID.

Only one crowdsourcing session is allowed to be ongoing for any target with respect to any server regardless of whether the server acts as a control server or data server. This restriction simplifies crowdsourcing and reduces the possibility of loss of synchronization between a server and a target with respect to ongoing crowdsourcing sessions. If a control server that is already the control server or data server for an ongoing crowdsourcing session with a target requests a new crowdsourcing session from the target, the target SHALL abort the ongoing session and then process the request for the new session. Should the new session be rejected, the previous session is still aborted. This can help overcome loss of synchronization between a server and a target requests a new crowdsourcing session with a target requests a new crowdsourcing session with a target requests a new crowdsourcing session from the target and specifies a data server for an ongoing crowdsourcing session, with a target shall reject the request. This prevents a control server from interfering with crowdsourcing invoked by another control server. Within the limits of these restrictions, a target may support multiple crowdsourcing sessions for different control and data servers.

Mixing of crowdsourcing and positioning support in the same LPP Request Location Information and Provide Location Information messages is not allowed. Thus, LPP messages related to crowdsourcing SHALL NOT contain location information related to positioning. However, crowdsourcing capabilities may be requested and provided in the same LPP Request Capabilities and LPP Provide Capabilities messages used to request and provide positioning capabilities. The LPP Request Assistance Data and LPP Provide Assistance Data messages are not used directly for crowdsourcing although assistance data may be requested by a target and provided by a server to support crowdsourcing without indicating this explicitly.

Since crowdsourcing relies on receipt of measurement data from a large number of different target devices, there is no especial premium on ensuring that all requested crowdsourcing measurements are made and successfully transferred to the server. It is thus allowable for a congested target or a target with reduced battery charge to miss some measurements and not to expend excessive resources in reconnecting to a server when radio conditions or network support are faulty. Furthermore, a target may choose not to send measurements to a server if the user will be charged for this by a network operator – e.g. if a cellular network is being used instead of say a WiFi network. In this case, any withheld measurements may be sent later if batch or quasi-real time reporting was agreed.

Please note that a target measurement system (e.g. WLAN AP) may indicate that some measurements should not be crowdsourced. If so, then this SHALL be respected.

# 5.2.6.2 Crowdsourcing Procedure

Figure 14 illustrates and provides more details for the crowdsourcing procedure.

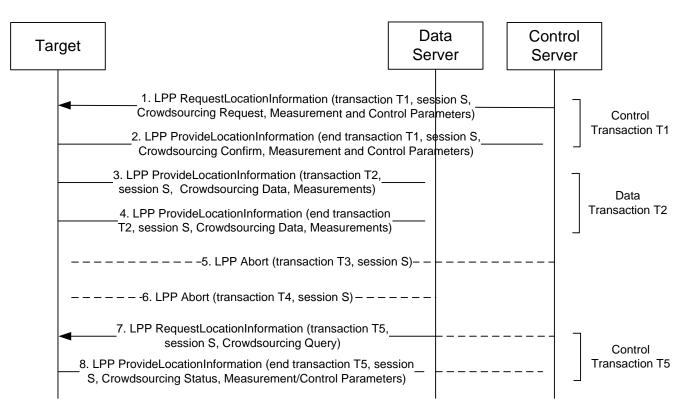


Figure 14: LPPe Crowdsourcing Procedure

- 1. The control server sends an *LPP RequestLocationInformation* message to the target using some available transaction ID T1. The message contains a crowdsourcing session ID S which may either be unique to the target or may be set to an anonymous value of zero, an indication that this is a request for crowdsourcing and an indication of the crowdsourcing measurements requested and the control parameters for obtaining and reporting the measurements. The message may also contain the address of a data server to which crowdsourcing measurements SHALL be sent. If a data server is not indicated, the data server is the same as the control server.
- 2. The target responds with an LPP ProvideLocationInformation message to the control server. The message uses the transaction ID T1 in step 1 and indicates the end of this transaction. The message contains a session ID S which SHALL either be the same as in step 1 or zero to indicate anonymous reporting, an indication that this is a confirmation of crowdsourcing, and an indication of the measurements to be crowdsourced and the control parameters for obtaining and reporting the measurements. The indicated measurements and control parameters SHALL either be the same as in step 1 or a subset of those in step 1 where a subset of control parameters omits certain parameters in step 1 and/or contains certain parameters from step 1 indicating a lower frequency and/or lower duration of measurement and/or reporting than in step 1. If the crowdsourcing procedure cannot be supported, an indication of a rejection of crowdsourcing is included instead in the LPP ProvideLocationInformation message in step 2 as well as an error reason and an indication of measurements and control parameters is not included. In this case, subsequent steps are not performed.
- 3. The target obtains crowdsourcing measurements as defined by the control and measurement parameters in step 2. When the first set of measurements needs to be sent as determined by the control parameters, the target assembles the measurement data into one or more LPP ProvideLocationInformation messages. If there is only one message, the target proceeds to step 4. Otherwise, the target sends the first batch of measurement data to the data server indicated in step 1 in an LPP ProvideLocationInformation message which SHALL indicate crowdsourcing data and comprise measurement data obtained at the earliest time(s). The message SHALL include an available transaction ID T2 which may differ from T1 and the session ID S in step 2. The target SHALL repeat step 3 to send each successive set of measurement data, except for the last, as obtained at progressively later times to the data server.
- 4. For the last set of measurement data, the target SHALL send an LPP ProvideLocationInformation message to the data server as in step 3 but with an end of transaction also indicated. In addition, the target may indicate the end of the

crowdsourcing session if any duration agreed in step 2 has ended or if the target needs to end the session for other reasons (e.g. lack of resources or user intervention). Steps 3 and 4 are repeated at later reporting times to send subsequent sets of measurements as determined by the control parameters in step 2. If a session or connection between the target and the data server fails or is released while crowdsourcing transfer according to step 3 and 4 is still in progress, the target should attempt to re-establish the session or connection and resume the transfer. In this case, the target SHALL NOT resend any LPP ProvideLocationInformation message that was previously completely sent in step 3 or step 4 even if there was no confirmation of receipt at the transport level but SHALL instead resume sending of LPP messages that were not yet sent or not completely sent to the server. This may result in the loss of one LPP ProvideLocationInformation message duplication which may occur with anonymous crowdsourcing or where a server does not maintain a record of crowdsourcing messages that were received from each target.

- 5. If an error related condition occurs at the control server that requires the session to end, the control server sends an LPP Abort to the target using any available transaction ID T3 and includes the session ID S from step 2.
- 6. If an error related condition occurs at the data server that requires the session to end, the data server sends an LPP Abort to the target using any available transaction ID T4 and includes the session ID S received in step 3 or step 4.
- 7. If the control server or data server needs to query the status of crowdsourcing in the target, the control server or data sever sends an LPP RequestLocationInformation message to the target using some available transaction ID T5. The message may contain a crowdsourcing session ID S if the control server or data server is aware of an active session with the target. Otherwise, the session ID S is omitted.
- 8. If the target is able to match an included session ID S in step 7 to an active crowdsourcing session for this control server or data server or, if that is not possible, if the target is able to determine an active crowdsourcing session for this control server or data server with any session ID, the target returns an LPP ProvideLocationInformation message to the control server or data server. The message uses the transaction ID T5 in step 7 and indicates the end of this transaction. The message indicates a crowdsourcing status response and contains the session ID S for the active crowdsourcing session with the control server or data server which may not be the same as the session ID S received in step 7. The message SHALL also indicate the measurements being obtained and the control parameters in use as returned in step 2. The message SHALL also provide statistics on the crowdsourcing session if available to the target. If the target is unable to find an active crowdsourcing session for this control server or data server, the target returns an LPP ProvideLocationInformation message to the control server or data server with the transaction ID T5 from step 7, an end of transaction indication, an indication of a crowdsourcing status response and an indication that no active session was found.

In the case of a receiver detecting protocol errors where a transaction related to crowdsourcing is still open, the receiver SHALL return an LPP ERROR message and consider the transaction as closed. The message that caused the error SHALL be discarded and any request contained in it SHALL be ignored except in the case of an abort or termination request where any ongoing crowdsourcing session SHALL be terminated. Except for the latter case, any crowdsourcing session to which the message in error may have referred SHALL continue.

# 5.2.6.3 Basic and Advanced Crowdsourcing

Two types of crowdsourcing are supported in LPPe version 2.0: "basic crowdsourcing" using request location information and provide location information parameters for positioning methods normally used to locate a target and "advanced crowdsourcing" using separate parameters applicable only to crowdsourcing. Basic crowdsourcing reuses existing LPP and LPPe positioning parameters and thus may reduce implementation but is not efficient for a large number of measurements. Advanced crowdsourcing uses parameters dedicated to crowdsourcing and can be more efficient particularly for batch reporting. Only one type of crowdsourcing (basic or advanced) may be requested by a server and used by a target throughout a crowdsourcing session. It is recommended that basic crowdsourcing only be used for coarse infrequent data acquisition with a server or target that cannot support advanced crowdsourcing and that advanced crowdsourcing be used for any precise or frequent data acquisition if supported by both a server and target.

Figure 15 summarizes the different portions of an LPP/LPPe message and their applicability to basic versus advanced crowdsourcing.

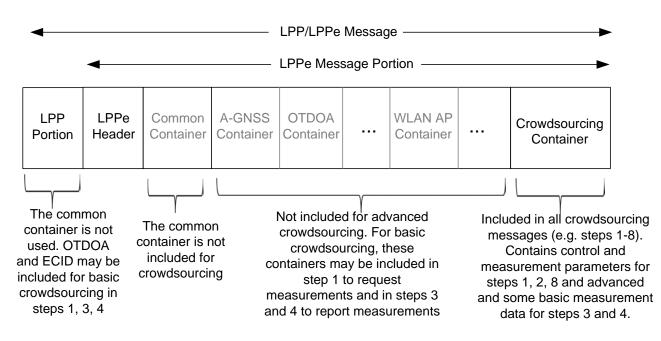


Figure 15: LPP/LPPe Message Structure for Crowdsourcing (where steps refer to Figure 14)

For basic crowdsourcing, control parameters (e.g. as used in steps 1, 2 and 8 in Figure 14) are contained in an LPPe crowdsourcing parameter container. An indication of the basic crowdsourcing measurements requested (e.g. in step 1 in Figure 14) is contained in the same parameters used to request these measurements when used for positioning of a target. These parameters appear in LPP and LPPe parameter containers associated with different positioning methods as illustrated in Figure 15. Basic crowdsourcing measurement data (e.g. for steps 3 and 4 in Figure 14) is mainly contained in the same LPP and LPPe parameters that are used to report these measurements in the case of positioning. These parameters thus appear in the LPP and LPPe parameter containers for LPP and LPPe positioning methods. For basic crowdsourcing, a detailed confirmation of the measurements to be crowdsourced by a target is not provided to a server (e.g. in steps 2 and 8 of Figure 14). Instead, a summary indication is provided of the position methods for which measurements will be provided.

For advanced crowdsourcing, requested measurements (for step 1 of Figure 14), confirmed measurements (for steps 2 and 8 of Figure 14) and measurement data (for steps 3 and 4 of Figure 14) are all provided using the LPPe crowdsourcing parameter container as shown in Figure 15. For advanced crowdsourcing, LPP and LPPe parameter containers associated with normal positioning methods are not included.

Table 3 summarizes the different parts of an LPP and LPPe message that are applicable to basic and advanced crowdsourcing.

LPP Message Type	Crowdsourcing Information Type	Container for Basic Crowdsourcing	Container for Advanced Crowdsourcing
Request/Provide Capabilities	Crowdsourcing capabilities	Crowdsourcing Container	Crowdsourcing Container
Request Location	Requested Control Parameters	Crowdsourcing Container	Crowdsourcing Container
Information	Requested Measurements	Position method specific containers	Crowdsourcing Container
Provide Location	Accepted Control Parameters	Crowdsourcing Container	Crowdsourcing Container
Information	Accepted Measurements	Crowdsourcing Container (in an abbreviated form)	Crowdsourcing Container
	Reported Measurements	Position method specific containers plus a few measurements (e.g. date/time and target location) in the Crowdsourcing Container.	Crowdsourcing Container

Table 3: Summary of LPP/LPPe Message Containers applicable to Basic and Advanced Crowdsourcing

# 5.2.6.4 Measurement Sets and Measurement Subsets

A crowdsourcing measurement set comprises all measurements that were obtained by a target as a result of a particular instigation of measurements by measurement triggers (e.g. a particular timeout instance of a 20 minute periodic measurement timer). A measurement set may need to be obtained over a short period of time (e.g. a few seconds or even a few minutes) depending on the number of measurements and the time needed for each one. During this period, the target may move in which case a precise single location cannot be reported for all measurements. Therefore, it is allowed to divide each measurement set into a sequence of subsets obtained at successively later times where each subset contains measurements that were obtained by a target at the same location or almost the same location.

If a target is not required to obtain any measurements when a particular measurement set is triggered in the case of advanced crowdsourcing, the target does not provide any information to the server concerning the measurement set. If a target is required to but is unable to obtain any measurements when a particular measurement set is triggered, the target may either send no information to the server concerning the measurement set or send error information. It is recommended to send error information only sparingly - e.g. when an inability to obtain measurements persists over many measurement sets.

For basic crowdsourcing, each measurement subset (or each measurement set that comprises just one subset) is contained in a separate LPP Provide Location Information message. For advanced crowdsourcing, a single LPP Provide Location Information message may contain up to 512 separate measurement subsets which may all belong to the same measurement set or to two or more consecutive measurement sets. Optionally, a server may indicate the maximum distance that a target is allowed to move while obtaining crowdsourcing measurements to be included in the same measurement subset as a means of controlling the precision of the reported target location for each measurement subset. If the target moves while a measurement set is being obtained (e.g. moves by more than any maximum distance allowed by the server), the measurement set should be reported using more than one subset. Each measurement subset should indicate the time or relative time at which the included measurements were obtained and the target location. Target location can be provided as an absolute location and/or as a location relative to a previous measurement subset. Certain measurement subsets, preferably those for which an absolute location is provided, can be designated as anchor points and used to provide relative locations for one or more subsequent measurement subsets, thereby allowing the absolute locations for the subsequent measurement subsets to be obtained from any absolute locations provided or derivable for the anchor points.

In addition to allowing measurements for the same measurement set that were made at different locations to be reported, multiple measurement subsets may also be used to increase the number of measurements that can be reported by a target when a single measurement subset cannot include them all. As an example, this may be used to enable a target to report measurements for multiple channels for the same WLAN AP or to report measurements for multiple frequencies for the same cell.

# 5.3 LPPe Mode

According to 3GPP TS 36.355 [LPP], LPP is always used between a target device and a server and supports three types of procedures each with a specific directionality. Thus, capabilities may only be requested by a server from a target and are only sent from the target to the server; assistance data may only be requested by a target from a server and is only sent from a server to a target; and location information may only be requested by a server from a target and is only sent from a target to a server. These limitations are compatible with a control plane solution between a network server and wireless terminal device but become restrictive for a user plane solution between arbitrary end points. In order to retain compliance to the procedures in [LPP] but enable wider flexibility among LPPe supporting endpoints, a mode is introduced that qualifies how a particular LPP/LPPe procedure is being used. In this version of LPPe, the following modes are supported.

Mode	Description	Applicable LPP Procedures
Normal (default)	The server and target roles are as defined in the LPP transaction ID	All
Reversed	The server and target roles are temporarily reversed in the LPP transaction. Thus, the real server indicates it is the target in the LPP transaction ID and the real target indicates it is the server. Normal LPP rules are then followed concerning the directionality of transactions – e.g. the real server may send an LPP Provide Capabilities to the real target because at an LPPe level the real server appears to be the target for which such a transfer is allowed.	Solicited and Unsolicited Provide Capabilities. Solicited and Unsolicited Provide Location Information

#### Table 4: LPPe Modes

In this version of LPPe, the reversed mode is applicable to a solicited or unsolicited provision of capabilities from a real server to a real target and to a solicited or unsolicited provision of location information from a real server to a real target. In the first case, the capabilities being requested or provided are those of the server to support the corresponding capabilities in the target (e.g. if the real server indicates a capability C, it means the target can make use of C if the target supports C). In the second case, the location being requested or provided is that of the real target device. Since in LPP and LPPe, the Request and Provide Location Information messages can indicate measurements as well as a location estimate, some restrictions are needed for reversed mode usage as shown in Table 5 and Table 6.

LPP/LPPe Parameter Type	Parameter(s)	Restrictions
LPP Position Method Parameters (A-GNSS, OTDOA, ECID)	All	Not Allowed
LPP Common Parameters	Location Information Type	Shall indicate "Location Estimate Required"
	QoS	Allowed (if not included server may assume any QoS unless high accuracy AGNSS is requested)
	Location Coordinate Types	Allowed
	Velocity Types	Allowed

	All other parameters	Not Allowed
LPPe Position Method Parameters	AGNSS: High Accuracy Method Requested (Boolean set to TRUE)	Allowed
	All other parameters	Not Allowed
LPPe Common Parameters	All	Not Allowed

 Table 5: Restriction on use of an LPP/LPPe Request Location Information in Reversed Mode

LPP/LPPe Parameter Type	Parameter(s)	Restrictions
LPP Position Method Parameters (A-GNSS, OTDOA, ECID)	All	Not Allowed
LPP Common Parameters	Location Estimate	Allowed
	Velocity Estimate	Allowed
	Location Error	Allowed
	All other parameters	Not Allowed
LPPe Position Method Parameters	All	Not Allowed
LPPe Common Parameters	High Accuracy Location Estimate	Allowed
	High Accuracy Velocity Estimate	Allowed
	All other parameters	Not Allowed

#### Table 6: Restriction on use of an LPP/LPPe Provide Location Information in Reversed Mode

An endpoint may only use the Reversed mode when it is known that the other end also supports LPPe. This is to avoid LPP errors for an endpoint receiver that supports LPP but not LPPe.

# 6. Information Element Abstract Syntax Definition (Normative)

# 6.1 General

The contents of each LPPe payload and message extensions are specified in Chapters 6.2 and 6.3, respectively, using ASN.1 to specify the syntax and using tables, when needed, to provide information on the fields and parameters in the message. The information elements carried within the message extensions are specified as type definitions in Chapters 6.4 and 6.5.

When necessary, appendices are used to provide further information, such as formulae, on the usage of the data content.

LPPe re-uses as far as possible the data definitions from [LPP] in order to avoid duplication.

The ASN.1 in this section uses the same format and coding conventions as described in [LPP].

New ASN.1 data types and new parameters within LPPe 1.0 data types that are added in LPPe 1.1 are identified by including a 'ver1-1" tag in their names. New ASN.1 data types and new parameters within LPPe 1.0 and LPPe 1.1 data types that are added in LPPe 2.0 are identified by including a 'ver2-0" tag in their names. Parameters applicable to LPPe 1.1 or LPPe 2.0 that are included within LPPe 1.1 or LPPe 2.0 data types, respectively, do not include such a tag as they implicitly apply to LPPe 1.1 or LPPe 2.0, respectively from their context. It should be noted that some parameters within LPPe 1.1 and LPPe 2.0 data types may be defined using data types from a previous version of LPPe or from LPP.

# 6.2 LPPe Message Extension

# 6.2.1 LPP data type imports

LPPe uses as far as possible the data definitions from the [LPP] in order to avoid duplication. This ASN.1 snippet defines the imports from [LPP].

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPE DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
IMPORTS GNSS-ID, GNSS-SignalID, GNSS-SignalIDs, GNSS-SystemTime, SV-ID,
ECID-SignalMeasurementInformation, CellGlobalIdGERAN, CellGlobalIdEUTRA-AndUTRA,
OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo, OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement, maxFreqLayers, ARFCN-ValueEUTRA,
Ellipsoid-Point, EllipsoidPointWithAltitude, EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid,
NetworkTime, GNSS-ID-Bitmap, ARFCN-ValueUTRA, GNSS-ReferenceTime, LPP-Message,
Ellipsoid-PointWithUncertaintyCircle, EllipsoidPointWithUncertaintyEllipse, EllipsoidArc, Polygon,
ARFCN-ValueEUTRA-v9a0, Velocity
FROM LPP-PDU-Definitions;
```

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.2.2 Message extension definitions

# 6.2.2.1 Extension of LPP

The IE OMA-LPPe-MessageExtension carries version information and the actual data carried in the extension. A single OMA-LPPe-MessageExtension carries one extension message and all the LPPe information associated with that type. One OMA-LPPe-MessageExtension data type is carried within one EPDU-Body OCTET STRING parameter in an LPP message. Note that PER encoding rules in ITU X.691 [X.691] ensure that the encoded data type will be an integer number of octets.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-MessageExtension ::= SEQUENCE {
   lppeCompatibilityLevel OMA-LPPe-LPPeCompatibilityLevel,
   lppeVersion
                                   OMA-LPPe-LPPeVersion,
   lppeMode
                                   OMA-LPPe-LPPeMode,
   messageExtensionBody
                                  OMA-LPPe-MessageExtensionBody,
}
OMA-LPPe-LPPeCompatibilityLevel ::= INTEGER (0..15)
OMA-LPPe-LPPeVersion ::= SEQUENCE {
   majorVersion INTEGER(0..255),
   minorVersion
                      INTEGER(0..255)
}
OMA-LPPe-LPPeMode ::= ENUMERATED {
   normal,
   reversed
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-MessageExtensionBody ::= CHOICE {
       requestCapabilities OMA-LPPe-RequestCapabilities,
                                   --Shall only be used in the EPDU in LPP RequestCapabilities
       provideCapabilities
                                 OMA-LPPe-ProvideCapabilities,
                                   --Shall only be used in the EPDU in LPP ProvideCapabilities
       requestAssistanceData
                                  OMA-LPPe-RequestAssistanceData,
                                   --Shall only be used in the EPDU in LPP RequestAssistanceData
       provideAssistanceData OMA-LPPe-ProvideAssistanceData,
                                   --Shall only be used in the EPDU in LPP ProvideAssistanceData
       requestLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-RequestLocationInformation,
                                   --Shall only be used in the EPDU in LPP RequestLocationInformation
       provideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ProvideLocationInformation,
                                   --Shall only be used in the EPDU in LPP ProvideLocationInformation
       error
                                   OMA-LPPe-Error, --Shall only be used in the EPDU in LPP Error
                                   OMA-LPPe-Abort, --Shall only be used in the EPDU in LPP Abort
       abort
        . . .
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### LPPe-Message Extension field descriptions

#### *lppeCompatibilityLevel*

This field provides the compatibility level of the OMA LPP Extensions Release. The compatibility level in this version of LPPe is zero.

#### lppeVersion

This field provides the version of OMA LPPe Release that includes majorVersion and minorVersion

- major Version is x element in the x,y version notation. The major version in this LPPe release is 2
- minorVersion is y element in the x, y version notation. The minor version in this LPPe release is 0

#### *messageExtensionBody*

This parameter provides the body of the message extension for all LPP messages

lppeMode

This field qualifies the server and target roles defined in the LPP transaction ID.

# 6.2.2.2 Broadcast Message Extension (version 1.1)

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastContainer is used to encapsulate ciphered or unciphered LPP and LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data messages for delivery via broadcast. The use of this container enables transfer of information needed for ciphering support (e.g. cipher key identifier), message authentication (e.g. public key identifier and digital signature) and information that a target can use to quickly identify the types of information being broadcast, the applicable area and time period and whether the data duplicates data already received. A target that identifies a duplicate broadcast message or

assistance data that is not of interest, not applicable or not supported can cease reception without the need to receive, decipher, decode and possibly authenticate the encapsulated LPP or LPP/LPPe message. Except for the encapsulated LPP or LPP/LPPe message, the parameters in an *OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-Broadcast-Container* are not ciphered.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastContainer ::= SEQUENCE {
    digitalSignature OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-DigitalSignature OPTIONAL,
    messageContents
                              OCTET STRING,
    . . .
}
   the messageContents octet string contains the encoded content of data type OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-
BroadcastMessage
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
    broadcastControlIEs OMA-LPPe-verl-1-BroadcastControlIEs,
cipheringIEs OMA-LPPe-verl-1-CipheringIEs
broadcastMessage OCTET STRING,
                                                                                OPTIONAL.
}
-- broadcastMessage contains an unciphered LPP-Message as defined in [LPP] or a ciphered LPP-Message
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastControlles ::= SEQUENCE {
    serverIDOMA-LPPe-ver1-1-ServerID,messageIDOCTET STRING (SIZE (4))OPTIONAL,validity-timeOMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriodOPTIONAL,validity-areaOMA-LPPe-ValidityAreaOPTIONAL,broadcastADTypesOMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastADTypesOPTIONAL,
                                                                                         --Cond DigitalSignature
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipheringIEs ::= SEQUENCE {
    cipherSetID
                                   OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSetID,
    d0
                                    BIT STRING (SIZE (1..128)),
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-DigitalSignature ::= SEQUENCE {
    authenticationSetID OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSetID,
    signature
                                    BIT STRING (SIZE (2048)),
     . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
DigitalSignature	The field is mandatory present if the IE digitalSignature is included in order to protect against
	replay attacks. Otherwise, the field is optional.

#### **OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-Broadcast-Container** field descriptions

#### digitalSignature

This parameter applies to LPPe version 1.1 and contains a digital signature for the octet string composing the messageContents. This parameter is optional and is included only when a target needs to authenticate the message contents. The parameter contains the following fields:

authenticationSetID identifies the public key authentication set to be used to authenticate the signature the digital signature to be authenticated

	OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-Broadcast-Container field descriptions			
messageContents				
This parameter applies	s to LPPe version 1.1 and contains the broadcast assistance data and control parameters in the			
form of an octet string				
broadcastControlIEs				
	s to LPPe version 1.1 and provides the following parameters applicable to broadcast of an LPP			
or LPP/LPPe Provide	Assistance Data message.			
serverID	defines the server that broadcast the message. This parameter is mandatory.			
messageID	a message ID unique to the server. This parameter is optional and when included can be used			
-	together with the serverID to identify receipt of a duplicate message.			
validity-time	the validity time for the broadcast assistance data. This parameter is conditional.			
validity-area	the valid geographic area for the broadcast assistance data. This parameter is optional.			
broadcastADTypes	provides a list of the assistance data types in the message referred to by their labels. This parameter is optional.			
Assistance data that is associated with its own validity time and /or validity area SHALL be considered as no longer valid when either this validity time/area or the validity time/area for the whole message no longer apply				
<i>cipheringIEs</i>				
This parameter applies contains the following	s to LPPe version 1.1 and SHALL be included if and only if ciphering is used. The parameter fields:			
cipherSetID	this field identifies a cipher set comprising a cipher key value and the first component C0 of the initial counter C1			
d0	this field provides the second component for the initial ciphering counter C1. This field is defined as a bit string with a length of 1 to 128 bits. A target SHALL first pad out the bit string if less than 128 bits with zeroes in more significant bit positions to achieve 128 bits. C1 is then obtained from D0 and C0 (defined by the cipherSetID) as:			
	$C1 = (D0 + C0) \mod 2^{**}128$ (with all values treated as non-negative integers)			

#### *broadcastMessage*

This parameter applies to LPPe version 1.1 and is encoded as an octet string that contains either a ciphered or unciphered LPP or LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message. Ciphering is used when and only when the parameter cipheringIEs is included.

When ciphering is not used, broadcastMessage contains either an unciphered LPP Provide Assistance Data message as defined in [LPP] or an unciphered LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message as defined in this specification. The LPP or LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message is coded using the LPP-Message definition in [LPP].

When ciphering is used, broadcastMessage contains a ciphered LPP or LPP/LPPe Provide Assistance Data message in the form of an octet string with the bit and octet order corresponding to the output bit order from the ciphering operation as described in section 5.2.5.3. The message that is ciphered corresponds to a complete message as defined by the data type LPP-Message in [LPP].

#### 6.3 Message extension IEs

The present chapter details the message extensions provided by LPPe for the 3GPP-defined LPP.

#### 6.3.1 **Request Capabilities**

The OMA-LPPe-RequestCapabilities message extension requests capability information on LPPe-defined assistance data and individual positioning methods.

OMA	-LPPe-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {			
	commonIEsRequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	agnss-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	otdoa-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	eotd-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-EOTD-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	otdoa-utra-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	ecid-lte-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	ecid-gsm-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	ecid-utra-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	wlan-ap-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	ecid-wimax-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	sensor-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-Sensor-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	srn-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-SRN-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
	••••			
'	version 2.0 extension elements			
	ver2-0-pdr-RequestCapabilities	OMA	-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestCapabilities	OPTIONAL.
	ver2-0-irb-RequestCapabilities		-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestCapabilities	
	ver2-0-crowdsourcing-RequestCapabilities		OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Reques	
	OPTIONAL	5	on hit hite very o crowaboureing heque	Configuration
3				
J				

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.3.2 **Provide Capabilities**

The OMA-LPPe-ProvideCapabilities message extension provides capability information on LPPe-defined assistance data and individual positioning methods.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-ProvideCapabilities::= SEQUENCE {		
commonIEsProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
agnss-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
otdoa-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
eotd-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
otdoa-utra-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
ecid-lte-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
ecid-gsm-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
ecid-utra-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
wlan-ap-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
ecid-wimax-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
sensor-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
srn-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
· · · · <i>i</i>		
version 2.0 extension elements		
ver2-0-pdr-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-irb-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-crowdsourcing-ProvideCapabilitie	s OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideC	apabilities
OPTIONAL		
}		

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.3.3 Request Assistance Data

The OMA-LPPe-RequestAssistanceData message extension requests assistance data for the individual positioning methods.

OMA-LPPe-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE	{	
commonIEsRequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
agnss-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
otdoa-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
eotd-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
otdoa-utra-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
ecid-lte-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
ecid-gsm-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
ecid-utra-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
wlan-ap-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
sensor-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
srn-RequestAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,

version 2.0 extension elements		
<pre>ver2-0-pdr-RequestAssistanceData ver2-0-irb-RequestAssistanceData }</pre>	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestAssistanceData OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestAssistanceData	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.3.4 Provide Assistance Data

The OMA-LPPe-ProvideAssistanceData message extension provides assistance data for the individual positioning methods.

```
-- ASN1START
```

OMA-LPPe-ProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE	- {	
commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
agnss-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
eotd-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
otdoa-utra-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
ecid-lte-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
ecid-gsm-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
ecid-utra-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
wlan-ap-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
sensor-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
srn-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
, version 2.0 extension elements		
ver2-0-pdr-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-irb-ProvideAssistanceData	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideAssistanceData	OPTIONAL
}		

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.3.5 Request Location Information

The OMA-LPPe-RequestLocationInformation requests position estimates and measurements.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
           \verb|commonlesRequestLocationInformation|| OMA-LPPe-CommonlesRequestLocationInformation|| \\
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               OPTIONAL.
            agnss-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                  OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                OPTIONAL,
           otdoa-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                               OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
           eotd-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
           otdoa-utra-Request Location Information \\ OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Request Location Information \\ OPTIONAL, \\
            ecid-lte-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                 OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                OPTIONAL,
           ecid-gsm-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                 OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                OPTIONAL.
                                                                                                                                 OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
            ecid-utra-RequestLocationInformation
            wlan-ap-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                  OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                OPTIONAL,
            ecid-wimax-RequestLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestLocationInformation OPTIONAL,
            sensor-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                 OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
           srn-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                 OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
 -- version2.0 extension element
           \texttt{ver2-0-irb-RequestLocationInformation} \quad \texttt{OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestLocationInformation} \quad \texttt{OPTIONAL}, \\ \texttt{option} = \texttt{OPT
           ver2-0-pdr-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                 OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
           ver2-0-crowdsourcing-RequestLocationInformation
                                                                                                                                                                 OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-
RequestLocationInformation OPTIONAL
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

# 6.3.6 **Provide Location Information**

The OMA-LPPe-ProvideLocationInformation provides position estimates and measurements.

```
OMA-LPPe-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
```

commonIEsProvideLocationInformation agnss-ProvideLocationInformationOMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation OPTIONAL, OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, otdoa-utra-ProvideLocationInformation ecid-gsm-ProvideLocationInformation ofdicutra-ProvideLocationInformation ofdicutra-ProvideLocationInformation oma-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation oMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation oMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation OPTIONAL, oMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation oma-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation oma-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideLocationInformation oma-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideLocationInformation oPTIONAL, oma-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideLocationInformation oPTIONAL, oPT				
<pre> version2.0 extension element ver2-0-irb-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideLocationInformation OPTIONAL, ver2-0-pdr-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideLocationInformation OPTIONAL, ver2-0-crowdsourcing-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing- ProvideLocationInformation OPTIONAL }</pre>		agnss-ProvideLocationInformation otdoa-ProvideLocationInformation eotd-ProvideLocationInformation otdoa-utra-ProvideLocationInformation ecid-lte-ProvideLocationInformation ecid-gsm-ProvideLocationInformation wlan-ap-ProvideLocationInformastion ecid-wimax-ProvideLocationInformastion sensor-ProvideLocationInformation	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-CTDOA-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideLocationInformation	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
	Prc }	version2.0 extension element ver2-0-irb-ProvideLocationInformation ver2-0-pdr-ProvideLocationInformation ver2-0-crowdsourcing-ProvideLocationInf	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideLocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideLocationInformation	OPTIONAL,

# 6.3.7 Abort

The OMA-LPPe-Abort carries a request to abort the on-going LPPe procedure.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-Abort ::= SEQUENCE {
   commonIEsAbort OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsAbort OPTIONAL,
   agnssAbort OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Abort OPTIONAL,
   ...,
-- version 2.0 extension elements
   ver2-0-crowdsourcing-Abort OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Abort OPTIONAL
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.3.8 Error

The OMA-LPPe-Error carries information regarding the error in the received LPPe message.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-Error ::= SEQUENCE {

    commonIEsError OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsError OPTIONAL,

    ...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.4 LPPe common IEs

The present chapter defines common IEs that are applicable to more than one LPP positioning methods.

# 6.4.1 LPPe Common low level IEs

# OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainer-DataSerialNumber

The OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainer-DataSerialNumber is used to identify the version of the vendor-/operator-specific assistance data.

```
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainer-DataSerialNumber ::= SEQUENCE {
    dataSerialNumber INTEGER(0..4294967295),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerID

The OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerID is used to identify vendor-/operator-specific assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerID ::= SEQUENCE {
    containerID INTEGER (0..65535),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvideList

The OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvideList is a black-box data container meant for carrying vendor-/operator-specific assistance data.

```
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvideList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1.. maxAssistanceContainerList)) OF
                                                                    OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvide
maxAssistanceContainerList INTEGER ::= 16
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvide ::= SEQUENCE {
   dataIdentifier
                      OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorAssistanceDataIdentifier,
   checkOrUpdateOrError
                         ENUMERATED {
                               targetHasLatestData,
                                targetDataNotLatest,
                               targetDataNotLatestButServerCannotProvideLatestData,
                                targetHasValidData,
                               targetDataInvalidButServerCannotProvideValidData,
                               serverHasRequestedDataButUnableToProvideTemporarily,
                               serverDoesNotHaveRequestedData,
                               serverDoesNotRecognizeRequestedData,
                               undefined,
                                                                OPTIONAL,
                                                                            --Cond CheckorUpdate
                                ... }
                           CHOICE
                                        {
   dataResult
                               simulationResult INTEGER(0..5000),
                               data
                                                  OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerData,
                                 } OPTIONAL,
   errorCode
                           OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvideError OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerData ::= SEQUENCE {
   dataSerialNumber OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainer-DataSerialNumber data OCTET STRING,
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   validityPeriod OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod
                                                           OPTIONAL,
   validityArea
                           OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea
                                                           OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvideError ::= SEQUENCE {
    serverError
                   ENUMERATED { assistanceContainerUnknownDataIdentifier,
                                 assistanceContainerUnknownDataSerialNumber,
                                 assistanceContainerDataTemporarilyUnavailable,
                                 assistanceContainerDataNoLongerSupported,
                                 assistanceContainerVendorOrOperatorNotSupported,
```

... } OPTIONAL,

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
CheckOrUpdate	The field is mandatory present if the target requested CheckOrUpdate, otherwise it is not
	present.

#### OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvideList field descriptions

#### dataIdentifier

This field identifies the data being provided.

#### checkOrUpdateOrError

This field is used to carry the result of comparison between the *dataSerialNumber* of the target's data and of the server's data.

In case updated data SHALL be provided to the target, the field SHALL be set either to "targetDataNotLatest" or "targetDataInvalid" depending upon the request parameters.

#### dataResult

This field carries either the size of data (in simulated case) or the actual data (in data-request case).

In case of simulated case, the approximate size of the payload rounded upwards is returned. The scale factor is 1024 OCTETS. Thus in case the payload size is x octets, the number to be returned is ceil(x/1024). A value 5000 means >= 5 120 000 OCTETS.

In case simulation was requested together with Check-Or-Update, the '*simulationResult*' parameter is used to carry information on the payload size in case the check-or-update request would be fulfilled. Thus, for instance in case the target has the latest data, then the *checkOrUpdate* field indicates '*targetHasLatestData*' and the payload size is 0 octets. On the other hand, for example, in case the target data is invalid, the *checkOrUpdate* field indicates '*targetDataInvalid*' and the '*simulationResult*' indicates the would-be payload size.

In a special case that the target requests for updated data and the target data is not the latest, but the server only knows that the data is not the latest but does not have it, the server SHALL indicate

*'targetDataNotLatestButServerCannotProvideLatestData'* in *checkOrUpdate* field and does not provide *dataResult*. Similarly, in case the target requests for updated data in case the target data is invalid, but the server only knows the data is invalid but does not have valid data, the server SHALL indicate

'targetDataInvalidButServerCannotProvideValidData' in checkOrUpdate field and does not provide

#### dataResult.

#### dataSerialNumber

This field is used to indicate the version of the assistance data. When the server updates the assistance data, it labels the data with a new serial number. The combination of *OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID*, *dataIdentifier* and *dataSerialNumber* should uniquely and precisely identify the assistance data.

#### data

This field contains the actual data.

#### validityPeriod

This field is used to indicate when (in time) the assistance data is valid.

#### validityArea

This field is used to indicate the geographical area where the assistance data is valid. If this field is missing, the validity area is either self-evident from the data (e.g. a local map) or the data is global.

# OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequestList

The OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequestList is used by the target to request for vendor-/operator-specific assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequestList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxAssistanceContainerList)) OF
                                                                  OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequest
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
   dataIdentifier
                                   OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorAssistanceDataIdentifier,
   simulatedReg
                                  BOOLEAN,
   checkOrUpdateReq
                                 OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerCheckOrUpdateReq
                                                                                  OPTTONAL.
   validityTimeRequest
                                  OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod
                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
   proprietaryRequestParameters OCTET STRING
                                                                                  OPTIONAL.
}
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerCheckOrUpdateReg ::= SEQUENCE {
   dataSerialNumber OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainer-DataSerialNumber,
   checkLatest
                       ENUMERATED {returnLatestIfCurrentNotLatest,
                                    returnUpdateOnlyIfCurrentInvalid,
                                    ...},
    . . .
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequestList field descriptions

#### dataIdentifier

This field identifies the data being requested.

#### simulatedReq

This field is used for indicating if the target only requests information of the approximate size of the generic assistance data instead of requesting the actual data set. TRUE means request for data size and FALSE means request for the actual data.

#### checkOrUpdateReq

This field can be used to request comparison of the *dataSerialNumber* of the target's current data with the *dataSerialNumber* of the server's data.

#### validityTimeRequest

This field can be used for requesting the desired validity period for the data. This field may only be included for assistance data that has limited validity (e.g. SHALL NOT be included for a map data request).

#### proprietaryRequestParameters

This field can be used to carry non-standardized extensions to the request parameters. These are vendor/operator-specific and are associated with the *dataIdentifier*.

#### *dataSerialNumber*

This field is used to indicate the version of the assistance data. When the server updates the assistance data, it labels the data with a new serial number. The combination of OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID, dataIdentifier and dataSerialNumber should uniquely and precisely identify the assistance data.

#### *checkLatest*

This field can be used to indicate action when comparing the data version of the target's current data with the server's data. The target can choose the option *ReturnLatestIfCurrentNotLatest* to indicate that if there is more recent data available than that of the target's, that latest data SHALL be returned. On the other hand, option *ReturnUpdateOnlyIfCurrentInvalid* indicates that if the target's data is still valid, no update should be returned, even if the server would have a new issue of the data.

## OMA-LPPe-CellLocalldGERAN

The IE OMA-LPPe-CellLocalIdGERAN specifies the local identity of a cell in GERAN.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-CellLocalIdGERAN ::= SEQUENCE {

locationAreaCode BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),

cellIdentity BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),

...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-CellLocalIdGERAN field descriptions

*locationAreaCode* This field is a fixed length code identifying the location area within a PLMN.

cellIdentity

This field specifies the cell identifier which is unique within the context of the GERAN location area.

# OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIdGERAN

The IE OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIdGERAN specifies a non-unique Cell Identifier for GERAN.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIDGERAN ::= SEQUENCE {
   bsic INTEGER (0..63),
   bcch INTEGER (0..1023),
   ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIdGERAN field descriptions

This field identifies the Base Station Identity Code of the cell.

bcch

bsic

This field identifies the Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) for the Broadcast Control Channel of the cell.

#### OMA-LPPe-CharArray

The IE OMA-LPPe-CharArray is used to specify a character array.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-CharArray ::= VisibleString(FROM ("a".."z" | "A".."Z" | "0".."9" | ".-"))(SIZE (1..31))
-- ASN1STOP
```

charArray

OMA-LPPe-CharArray IE field descriptions

This type defines a character array.

# OMA-LPPe-CivicLocation

The IE OMA-LPPe-CivicLocation provides a civic location based on [RFC4776].

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-CivicLocation ::= SEQUENCE {
                               OCTET STRING (SIZE (2)),
    countryCode
    civicAddressElementList
                               OMA-LPPe-CivicAddressElementList,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-CivicAddressElementList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..128)) OF OMA-LPPe-CivicAddressElement
OMA-LPPe-CivicAddressElement ::= SEQUENCE {
             INTEGER(0..511),
    caType
               OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..256)),
    caValue
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-CivicLocation** field descriptions

countryCode

This parameter provides the two-letter ISO 3166 country code in capital ASCII letters, e.g., DE or US.

caType

This field defines the civic address type. Values 0 to 255 are defined in [RFC4776], and values greater than 255 are OMA defined civic address types.

#### caValue

This field defines the civic address value, as described in [RFC4776]. As defined in [RFC4776], this SHALL be encoded as UTF-8 and may employ mixed case.

## OMA-LPPe-Duration

The OMA-LPPe-Duration is used to provide information on / request the duration.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-Duration ::= SEQUENCE {
   duration INTEGER (1..63),
   durationLSB INTEGER (1..89) OPTIONAL,
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

duration	

#### **OMA-LPPe-Duration** field descriptions

The scale factor is 15 min. Range [15, 945 min], i.e. upto 16 hours. *durationLSB* Finer granularity duration.

The scale factor is 10 seconds. Range [10, 890] seconds.

# OMA-LPPe-FixedAccessTypes

The IE OMA-LPPe-FixedAccessTypes provides a list of fixed access types.

```
OMA-LPPe-FixedAccessTypes ::= BIT STRING { cable (0),
dsl (1),
lan (2),
pstn (3),
other (4) } (SIZE(1..16))
```

-- ASN1STOP

-- ASN1START

#### OMA-LPPe-FixedAccessTypes field descriptions

#### OMA-LPPe-FixedAccessTypes

This field provides a list of one or more fixed access types. A type is present if the associated bit is set one and absent if set to zero.

# OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-GroundMorphologyModel

The OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-GroundMorpholgyModel is used to provide models for ground altitude and buildings height. Altitude model and buildings height model are encoded in a grid of points, one grid for each kind of information.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-GroundMorphologyModel ::= SEQUENCE {
   altitudeModel OMA-LPPe-verl-1-AltitudeModel
buildingsProfileModel OMA-LPPe-verl-1-BuildingsHeightModel
                                                                                        OPTIONAL.
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
     . . .
    }
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AltitudeModel ::= SEQUENCE {
                                  Ellipsoid-Point, -- coordinates of North West corner of rectangle
   northWestCorner
    northWestCornerAltitude
                                 INTEGER (-500..9000), -- altitude of North West corner of rectangle
   nrows
                                   INTEGER (2..1012), -- number of rows along West-East direction
    ncols
                                   INTEGER (2..1012), -- number of columns along North-South direction
                                  INTEGER (6..14),
    spanX
    spanY
                                  INTEGER (6..14),
    deltaAltUnits
                                   INTEGER (1..128), -- units in meter
    altitudeGrid
                                  SEQUENCE SIZE (1..10000) OF DeltaAltitudes,
     . . .
    }
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BuildingsHeightModel ::= SEQUENCE {
                                  Ellipsoid-Point, -- coordinates of North West corner of rectangle
INTEGER (0..500), -- hight of North West corner of rectangle
   northWestCorner
    northWestCornerHeight
                                   INTEGER (2..1012), -- number of rows along West-East direction
    nrows
                                   INTEGER (2..1012), -- number of columns along North-South direction
    ncols
                                   INTEGER (6..14),
    spanX
```

```
spanY
                                 INTEGER (6..14),
    deltaHeightUnits
                                 INTEGER (1..16), -- units in meter
    buildingsHeightGrid
                                 SEQUENCE SIZE(1..10000) OF DeltaHeight,
    }
DeltaAltitudes ::= SEQUENCE {
   deltaAlt INTEGER (-15..16), -- in units of deltaAltUnits numGridPoints INTEGER (0..255),
     . . .
    }
DeltaHeight ::= SEQUENCE {
   deltaHeight INTEGER (-15..16), -- in units of deltaHeightUnits
    numGridPoints
                        INTEGER (0..255),
   }
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-GroundMon	whologyModelRea	field descriptions
	photosymbolicoulter	freid deser iprions

#### altitudeModel

This structures describes the behavior of ground altitude information in the selected area

#### buildingsHeightModel

This structures describes the behavior of buildings height information in the selected area

#### northWestCorner

This field specifies the coordinates of the North-West corner of the rectangular grid of points.

#### *northWestCornerAltitude*

This field specifies the altitude [in meters above sea level] of the North-West corner of the rectangular grid of points.

#### northWestCornerHeight

This field specifies the building height [in meters above street level] of the North-West corner of the rectangular grid of points.

#### spanX, spanY

These fields specify the width of the rectangular grid for which ground morphology assistance data (altitude or building height) is provided: The grid is oriented according to W-E and N-S directions, *spanX* defines the width in W-E direction, *spanY* defines the width in N-S direction, The North West corner of the grid is centered in *northWestCorner* point. The width of the rectangular grid in both directions expressed in meters is given by the expression

$$\dim_x[m] = 2^{spanX} m$$
$$\dim_y[m] = 2^{spanY} m$$

Admitted values of the grid sides width are comprised between 64 m and 16384 m

#### nrows, ncols

The *nrows* and *nclos* fields define the number of points of the ground morphology grid (altitude or building height).

Columns of the ground morphology grids are evenly spaced straight lines in a N-S direction and rows are evenly spaced straight lines in an E-W direction with the most extreme east and west columns and the most extreme north and south rows aligned with the perimeter of the rectangle defined by *northWestCorner*, *spanX* and *spanY*. Grid points are then defined by the intersection of rows and columns.

The resolution in N-S and W-E directions of the grid is given, in meters, by dividing the width of the rectangle by (ncols-1) and the height of the rectangle by (nrows-1), respectively.

The range of values for *nrows* and *ncols* is between 2 and 1012.

#### deltaAltUnits

This field represents the units of deltaAlt in meters. The value range is from 1 to 128.

#### deltaHeightUnits

This field represents the units of deltaHeight in meters. The value range is from 1 to 16.

#### altitudeGrid, deltaAlt, numGridPoints

The **altitudeGrid** structure contains altitude information for the defined grid of points. In the proposed encoding scheme the points are ordered from west to east along rows followed by north to south along columns.

For such ordered points, altitude information is encoded with a sequence of pairs (**D**,**N**) (*deltaAlt*, *numGridPoints*), where:

- *deltaAlt* represents the increment of altitude expressed in multiples of *deltaAltUnits* with respect to the previous (or initial) altitude value, admitted multiple values are integer numbers in the interval between -15 and 16.
- *numGridPoint* represents the number of consecutive points of the grid with the same defined altitude value; Admitted value for *numGridPoint* are integer number in the interval between 0 and 255.

For the first grid point of the grid (i.e., the north-west corner), the altitude is defined by the value of *northWestCornerAltitude*. Within each row of the grid, the altitude values for the point sequence in the interval [n, n +NumGridPoints-1] are given by the expression

# $alt_{[n,n+NumGridPoint-1]} = alt_{n-1} + deltaAltUnits * deltaAlt$

A new (D,N) pair is provided at the beginning (most westerly grid point) of each row, the *deltaAlt* for the initial pair in each row is relative to the altitude of the first point in the row just above. In the case of the first row, the first increment value is relative to the NW corner altitude value and it provides information starting from the second point of the first row (as the first one is provided by *northWestCornerAltitude* field).

If the difference between two consecutive points is greater than the maximum allowed increment value, then one or more pairs (+16/-15, 0), with maximum incremental value for a sequence of zero points, is added before the final pair (D,N). If the number of point in the sequence, assuming the same value, is greater than 255 one or more pairs (0, 255), with increment value equal to zero and number of points D equal to 255, is added before the final pair (N,D).

## buildingHeightGrid, deltaHeight, numGridPoints

Building height is defined relative to ground level where a height of zero means the absence of a building at that point. Ground level altitude is given by OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AltitudeModel when this is provided. The **buildingHeightGrid** structure contains buildings height information for the defined grid of points. In the proposed encoding schema the points are ordered from west to east along rows followed by north to south along columns.

For such ordered points, building height information is encoded with a sequence of pairs (**D**,**N**) (*deltaHeight*, *numGridPoints*), where:

- *deltaHeight* represents the increment of building height expressed in multiples of *deltaHeightUnits* with respect to the previous (or initial) altitude value, admitted multiple values are integer numbers in the interval between 15 and 16
- *numGridPoint* represents the number of consecutive points of the grid with the same defined altitude value; Admitted value for *numGridPoint* are integer number in the interval between 0 and 255.

For the first grid point of the grid (i.e., the north-west corner), the building height is defined by the value of *northWestCornerHeight*. Within each row of the grid, the height values for the point sequence in the interval [n, n +NumGridPoints-1] are given by expression

 $height_{[n,n+NumGridPoint-1]} = height_{n-1} + deltaHeightUnits * deltaHeight$ 

A new (D,N) pair is provided at the beginning (most westerly grid point) of each row, this *deltaHeight* for the initial pair of each row is relative to the building height for the first point in the row just above. In the case of the first row, the first increment value is relative to the NW corner height value and it provides information starting from the second point of the first row (as the first one is provided by *northWestCornerHeight* field).

If the jump between two consecutive points is grater then the maximum allowed increment value, then one or more pairs (+16/-15, 0), with maximum incremental value for a sequence of zero points, is added before the final pair (D,N). If the number of point in the sequence, assuming the same value, is greater than 255 one or more pairs (0, 255), with increment value equal to zero and number of points D equal to the maximum value, is added before the final pair (N,D).

## OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CellGlobalID

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CellGlobalID applies only to LPPe 1.1 and provides a global cell ID for GSM, WCDMA or LTE.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CellGlobalID ::= CHOICE {

    eUTRA CellGlobalIdEUTRA-AndUTRA,

    uTRA CellGlobalIdEUTRA-AndUTRA,

    gSM CellGlobalIdGERAN,

    ...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-CellGlobalID field descriptions

OMA-LPPe-CellGlobalID

This parameter provides a global cell ID for a GSM, WCDMA or LTE cell.

## OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition

The OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition provides the IE to carry high accuracy 3D position information.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition ::= SEQUENCE { latitude INTEGER(-2147483648..2147483647),
```

	longitude	INTEGER(-21474836482147483647),		
	cep	INTEGER(0255)	OPTIONAL,	Cond NoEllipse
	uncertainty-semimajor	INTEGER(0255)	OPTIONAL,	Cond NoCEP
	uncertainty-semiminor	INTEGER(0255)	OPTIONAL,	Cond NoCEP
	offset-angle	INTEGER(0179)	OPTIONAL,	Cond NoCEP
	confidenceHorizontal	INTEGER(099)	OPTIONAL,	
	altitude	INTEGER(-640001280000),		
	uncertainty-altitude	INTEGER(0255),		
	confidenceVertical	INTEGER(099)	OPTIONAL,	
}				
·				

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
NoEllipse	The field is mandatory present, if no uncertainty ellipse is present.
	The field SHALL NOT be present, if uncertainty ellipse present.
NoCEP	The field is mandatory present, if no CEP is present.
	The field SHALL NOT be present, if CEP present.

#### **OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition** field descriptions

#### latitude

Latitude based on WGS84 [GPS-ICD-200D] datum. The relation between the latitude X in range  $[-90^{\circ}, 90^{\circ}]$  and the coded number N is

$$N = floor(\frac{X}{90^{\circ}}2^{31}),$$

where value  $N=2^{31}$  is coded as  $N=2^{31}-1$ . Resolution 4.7 mm.

#### longitude

Longitude based on WGS84 [GPS-ICD-200D] datum. The relation between the longitude X in range [-180°, 180°) and the coded number N is

$$N = floor(\frac{X}{180^{\circ}}2^{31})$$

Worst-case resolution (at the Equator) 9.3 mm.

#### cep

Horizontal uncertainty expressed as Circular Error Probable expressed as the coded number N. The relation between the CEP and the coded number is given by

 $CEP = 0.3^{*}((1+0.02)^{N}-1)$  meters,

Range [0, 45.6) meters. The following table shows exemplary mappings from the coded number N to the component:

Ν	component-value, m
0	0
1	0.006
2	0.121
100	1.8734
200	15.4455
254	45.5738

OMA-LPPe-	HighAccuracy3Dposition field descriptions
uncertainty-semimajor	
	inty ellipse expressed as the coded number N. The relation between the semi
major axis and the coded number is given by	N.
	major axis = $0.3^{*}((1+0.02)^{N}-1)$ meters,
Range [0, 45.6) meters.	
uncertainty-semiminor	
semi-minor axis and the coded number is give	rtainty ellipse expressed as the coded number N. The relation between the en by
	ninor axis = $0.3^{*}((1+0.02)^{N}-1)$ meters,
Range [0, 45.6) meters.	
offset-angle	
	wise with respect to True North in steps of 1 degree.
confidenceHorizontal	
This field specifies the horizontal confidence which is included.	e percentage associated with the CEP or Uncertainty Ellipse depending upo
Confidence is encoded as a truncated percen <=C <1% percent. An encoded value of 1 rep	an 2D error distribution, 39% corresponds to $1\sigma$ confidence. tage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a confidence C where 0% presents a confidence C where $1\% \leq C \leq 2\%$ , and so on. An encoded value of the second sec
99 represents a confidence C where 99%<=C<	<100%.
altitude	
Altitude with respect to WGS84 [GPS-ICD-20	- •
Scale factor 2 <sup>-7</sup> meters. Range [-500, 10000] r	meters,
uncertainty-altitude	
The altitude uncertainty expressed as the coo	ded number N. The relation between the altitude uncertainty and the code
number is given by	
	ertainty= $0.3*((1+0.02)^{N}-1)$ meters,
Range [0, 45.6) meters.	
confidenceVertical	
	ge associated with the altitude uncertainty. In case vertical confidence is no g to $1\sigma$ value in case of 1D Gaussian error distribution.
Confidence is encoded as a truncated percen	tage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a confidence C where $0^{\circ}$

Confidence is encoded as a truncated percentage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a confidence C where 0% <=C <1% percent. An encoded value of 1 represents a confidence C where 1% <=C <2%, and so on. An encoded value of 99 represents a confidence C where 99% <=C <100%.

# OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity

The OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity provides the IE to carry high accuracy 3D velocity information.

ASN1START			
OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity enu-origin	OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition	OPTIONAL,	
east-component negative-sign-east	INTEGER(0511), NULL	OPTIONAL,	Cond West
north-component	INTEGER(0511),	,	
negative-sign-north up-component	NULL INTEGER(0511),	OPTIONAL,	Cond South
negative-sign-up	NULL	OPTIONAL,	Cond Down
cep	INTEGER(0255)	OPTIONAL,	Cond NoEllipse
uncertainty-semimajor	INTEGER(0255)	OPTIONAL,	Cond NoCEP,
uncertainty-semiminor	INTEGER(0255)	OPTIONAL,	Cond NoCEP,
offset-angle	INTEGER(0179)	OPTIONAL,	Cond NoCEP,

confidenceHorizontal	INTEGER(099)	OPTIONAL,
uncertainty-up-component	INTEGER(0255),	
confidenceUp	INTEGER(099)	OPTIONAL,

•

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation	
West	The field is mandatory present, if the speed component is towards West.	
South	The field is mandatory present, if the speed component is towards South.	
Down	The field is mandatory present, if the speed component is down.	
NoEllipse	The field is mandatory present, if no uncertainty ellipse is present.	
	The field SHALL NOT be present, if uncertainty ellipse present.	
NoCEP	The field is mandatory present, if no CEP is present.	
	The field SHALL NOT be present, if CEP present.	

#### OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity field descriptions

*enu-origin* Origin of the east-north-up coordinate system, in which the velocity is represented.

#### east-component

Eastward-speed expressed as the coded number N. The relation between the component and the coded number is given by component = $0.04*((1+0.016)^{N}-1)$  m/s,

Range [0, 133.24) m/s. The following table shows exemplary mappings from the coded number N to the speed component:

Ν	component-value, m/s
0	0
1	0.00064
2	0.0013
100	0.1556
200	0.9168
300	4.6392
400	22.8446
500	111.8816
509	129.0692
510	131.1350
511	133.2338

#### north-component

Northward-speed expressed as the coded number N. The relation between the component and the coded number is given by

component = $0.04*((1+0.016)^{N}-1)$  m/s,

Range [0, 133.24) m/s.

OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity field descriptions		
up-component		
Upward-speed expressed as the coded number N. The relation between the component and the co component = $0.04*((1+0.016)^{N}-1)$ m/s,	ded number is given by	
Range [0, 133.24) m/s.		
cep		
Uncertainty of the horizontal speed expressed as Circular Error Probable expressed as the coded between the CEP and the coded number is given by	d number N. The relation	
$CEP = 0.02^{*}((1+0.025)^{N}-1) \text{ m/s},$		
Range [0, 10.84) m/s.		
uncertainty-semimajor		
The semi-major axis of the horizontal speed uncertainty ellipse expressed as the coded number	N. The relation between	
the semi-major axis and the coded number is given by		
semi-major axis = $0.02*((1+0.025)^{N}-1)$ m/s,		
Range [0, 10.84) m/s.		
uncertainty-semiminor		
The semi-minor axis of the horizontal speed uncertainty ellipse expressed as the coded number	N. The relation betweer	
the semi-minor axis and the coded number is given by		
semi-minor axis = $0.02*((1+0.025)^{N}-1)$ m/s,		
Range [0, 10.84) m/s.		
offset-angle		
The clock-wise angle of the semi-major axis with respect to True North in steps of 1 degree.		
confidenceHorizontal		
This field specifies the horizontal confidence percentage associated with the speed CEP or Vel depending upon which is included.	locity Uncertainty Empse	
In case horizontal confidence is not included, the confidence is either 68% (in case of CEP) or Note that in case the ellipse represents Gaussian 2D error distribution, 39% corresponds to $1\sigma$ correspondent.		
Confidence is encoded as a truncated percentage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a		
<=C $<1%$ percent. An encoded value of 1 represents a confidence C where $1%<=$ C $<2%$ , and so 99 represents a confidence C where $99%<=$ C $<100%$ .	on. An encoded value of	
uncertainty-up-component		
The upward speed uncertainty expressed as the coded number N. The relation between the u number is given by	ncertainty and the codec	
uncertainty= $0.02*((1+0.025)^{N}-1)$ m/s,		
Range $[0, 10.84)$ m/s.		
confidenceUp		
This field specifies the confidence percentage associated with the upward speed uncertainty. In c	case upward confidence is	
not included, the confidence is 68% corresponding to $1\sigma$ value in case of 1D Gaussian error distri		
Confidence is encoded as a truncated percentage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a	confidence C where 0%	
<=C <1% percent. An encoded value of 1 represents a confidence C where $1% <=C <2%$ , and so		
99 represents a confidence C where $99\% \le C \le 100\%$ .		

# OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerID

The OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerID is used to identify vendor-/operator-specific location information.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerID ::= SEQUENCE {
    containerID INTEGER (0..65535),
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

## OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer

The OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer is a black-box data container meant for carrying vendor-/operator-specific location information.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer ::= SEQUENCE {
   vendorOrOperatorID OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
   locationInformationContainerDataList OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerDataList,
   ...
}
OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerDataList ::= SEQUENCE
   (SIZE(1..maxLocationInformationContainerDataList)) OF OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerData
OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerData ::= SEQUENCE {
    containerID OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerID,
    containerData OCTET STRING,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

 OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer field descriptions

 vendorOrOperatorID
 This field defines the vendor/operator providing the location data definition.

 locationInformationContainerDataList
 This parameter specifies a list of location information containers for the specified vendor or operator containing proprietary location information.

 containerID
 This field defines the vendor/operator specific location data.

 containerData
 This field defines the vendor/operator specific location data.

 this field contains proprietary location information.
 This field contains proprietary location information.

# OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerRequest

The OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerRequest is used by the server to request for vendor-/operator-specific location information.

```
additionalInformation OCTET STRING
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

}

OMA-LPPe-	LocationIn	formation	ContainerRed	quest field	descriptions

OPTIONAL,

vendorOrOperatorID		
This field defines the vendor/operator providing the location data definition.		
containerID		
This field defines the vendor/operator specific location data.		
additionalInformation		
This field contains optional additional and proprietary positioning instructions.		

# OMA-LPPe-MapDataReference

The IE OMA-LPPe-Map-Data-Reference provides a reference to map data that can be obtained from the server using the OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequest.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-MapDataReference ::= SEQUENCE {

    dataID OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerID,

    mapReference OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..64)),

    mapSize INTEGER (1..5000) OPTIONAL,

    ...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

dataID

# OMA-LPPe-MapDataReference field descriptions

This field provides the value for the assistanceDataID parameter in OMA-LPPe-

VendorOrOperatorAssistanceDataIdentifier. The value may be used to indicate that map data is being requested.

#### mapReference

This field indicates the precise map data being requested and provides either the entire content or the first set of octets in the proprietaryRequestParameters field in the OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequest.

#### mapSize

This field indicates the total size of the map data in units of 1024 octets after rounding up to a multiple of 1024. This field SHALL be provided if available. Value 5000 denotes that the data size  $\geq$  5 120 000 octets.

# **OMA-LPPe-Orientation**

The OMA-LPPe-Orientation is used to provide information on the object orientation in space.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-Orientation ::= CHOICE {
    eulerAngles SEQUENCE {
        alpha INTEGER (0..359),
        beta INTEGER (0..180),
        gamma INTEGER (0..359),
        ...
    },
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-Orientation** field descriptions

#### alpha, beta, gamma

-- ASN1START

The three Euler angles specifying the object orientation with respect to the global coordinate system. See Appendix C.9 for further information.

# **OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint**

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint* provides a well defined location and set of associated attributes relative to which other locations may be defined both in indoor and outdoor environments.

```
OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint ::= SEQUENCE {
   referencePointUniqueID
                                        OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID
                                                                            OPTIONAL,
   referencePointGeographicLocation
                                        CHOICE {
        location3D
                                                EllipsoidPointWithAltitude,
        location3DwithUncertainty
                                                EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid,
        locationwithhighaccuracy
                                                OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition,
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   referencePointCivicLocation
                                   OMA-LPPe-CivicLocation
INTEGER (-20..235)
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   referencePointFloorLevel
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   relatedReferencePoints
                                       SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF
                                           OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointRelationship
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   mapDataInformation
                                        OMA-LPPe-MapDataInformation
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-MapDataInformation ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-MapDataReferenceElement
OMA-LPPe-MapDataReferenceElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   mapDataUrl CHOICE {
       mapDataUrl
                                    OMA-LPPe-Uri,
        mapDataRef
                                    OMA-LPPe-MapDataReference
    },
    mapProvider CHOICE {
        sameAsRefPointProvider
                                   NULL,
        notSameAsRefPointProvider OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
    }
                                                                                OPTIONAL,
   mapAssociation CHOICE {
       referencePointUniqueID
                                    NULL,
                                    VisibleString (SIZE (1..64)),
        otherID
       mapOffset
                                    OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation,
       origin
                                   NULL,
        . . .
    },
   mapHorizontalOrientation
                                           INTEGER (0..359)
                                                                                OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointRelationship ::= SEQUENCE {
   referencePointUniqueID OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID,
   relativeLocation
                               OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation,
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# **OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint** field descriptions

# *referencePointUniqueID*

This field provides a unique ID for the reference point, which allows reference points to be referred to in different messages and different parts of the same message without repeating the complete definition. This also allows target devices and servers to reliably indicate the same reference point (e.g. when several reference points have almost the same location).

# *referencePointGeographicLocation*

This field provides the geodetic location of the reference point. Either *referencePointGeographicLocation* or *referencePointCivicLocation* or both SHALL be present unless either *referencePointUniqueID* or *relatedReferencePoints* is present and can be used to determine location (e.g. using a separate definition provided or available for the *referencePointUniqueID* or by making use of information provided for another reference point in *relatedReferencePoints*.

### *referencePointCivicLocation*

field provides This civic location information description of the reference а point. Either referencePointGeographicLocation or referencePointCivicLocation or both SHALL be present unless either referencePointUniqueID or relatedReferencePoints is present and can be used to determine location (e.g. using a separate definition provided or available for the referencePointUniqueID or by making use of information provided for another reference point in relatedReferencePoints).

# *referencePointFloorLevel*

This field provide the floor level or basement level of a reference point that is inside a building or other man made structure (e.g. parking garage) that has well defined floor levels. A value of zero corresponds to ground level, positive values are above ground level and negative values below ground level. Note that this information may duplicate part of *referencePointCivicLocation* (if this is provided) for the benefit of a recipient unable to decode the latter.

## *relatedReferencePoints*

This parameter provides a list of other reference points that are related to the reference point being defined. For each related reference point, the unique ID is provided and the relative location with respect to the location of the reference point being defined. Related reference points can be used to relate different sets of assistance data that are each provided in association with a distinct reference point or points.

### mapDataInformation

This field provides a map reference for the reference point. The reference can include one or more URLs.

### mapDataUrl

This field is formatted in accordance with [RFC3986] and provides a reference to map data information. The map data information could be an image or dataset that represents a map, floor plan, layout of a building or buildings, layout of a town or city, or any other form of representation/data understood by both the sender and recipient. Map data may be 2D or 3D.

# mapDataRef

This field provides a map reference specific to a particular map provider that may be used to obtain the map directly from the LPPe server.

## mapProvider

This parameter identifies the map provider which may be the same as the provider of the reference point or not the same. This parameter is optional. If absent, the map provider is not explicitly defined - e.g. but may be provided as part of the map data or may be inferred from the mapDataUrl.

#### mapAssociation

This parameter provides an exact association between the reference point and a particular location on the map. The choices are:

- **referencePointUniqueID**: a location identified by the unique ID is defined within the map. Note that the conventions for such identification may be specific to the map provider
- **otherID**: a location corresponding to the provided visible string is defined within the map. The conventions for such identification may be specific to the map provider.

**mapOffset**: the relative location is provided of the origin of the map coordinate system from the reference point. **origin**: the reference point coincides with the map origin.

# *mapHorizontalOrientation*

This field specifies the orientation (in degrees clockwise from North) of the map coordinate system with respect to North. If this field is absent, the North direction at the reference point coincides with the North direction of the map coordinate system.

# OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID

The IE OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID provides a unique ID for a reference point.

### OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID field descriptions

#### providerID

This field identifies the vendor or operator or other service provider with jurisdiction over the reference point.

#### providerAssignedID

This field provides a unique ID relative to the particular provider.

#### version

This field provides the version of the reference point. The initial version of any reference point SHALL be 1. In case data associated with a given reference point is updated, the version SHALL be incremented by 1. A target device SHALL delete all data associated with any previous version of a particular reference point when receiving data associated with a more recent version. For reference points without a unique ID, versioning is not applicable and the reference point cannot be uniquely referred to in any context where it is not completely defined.

# OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation

The *OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation* IE provides a location, referred to here as the subject location, relative to some known reference location. This can be used to define any of the following:

- (a) a fixed location (e.g. of a base station) relative to some other known fixed location
- (b) a temporary location (e.g. of a target device) relative to a known fixed or known temporary location (e.g. of another target device)
- (c) the change in location of a target device in moving from an initial known reference location to a new subject location.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
unitsENUMERATED {cm,dm, m10, ...}OPTIONAL,arc-second-unitsENUMERATED {as0-0003, as0-003, as0-03, as0-3, ...}OPTIONAL,relativeNorthINTEGER (-524288..524287),relativeEastINTEGER (-5242000, TETE)
OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation ::= SEQUENCE {
    relativeAltitude
                                  OMA-LPPe-RelativeAltitude
                                                                                                     OPTIONAL.
    horizontalUncertainty OMA-LPPe-HorizontalUncertaintyAndConfidence
                                                                                                     OPTIONAL.
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-HorizontalUncertaintyAndConfidence ::= SEQUENCE {
    uncShape
                   CHOICE {
                              circle
                                                 INTEGER (0..127),
                                                 SEQUENCE {
                              ellipse
                                   semimajor INTEGER (0..127),
semiminor INTEGER (0..127),
                                   offsetAngle INTEGER (0..179)
                              },
                              . . .
     },
```

```
confidence INTEGER (0..99) OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-RelativeAltitude ::= SEQUENCE {
    geodeticRelativeAltitude OMA-LPPe-GeodeticRelativeAltitude OPTIONAL,
    civicRelativeAltitude
                               OMA-LPPe-CivicRelativeAltitude
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-GeodeticRelativeAltitude ::= SEQUENCE {
    geodetic-height-depth INTEGER (-32768..32767),
    geodetic-uncertainty-and-confidence OMA-LPPe-GeodeticUncertaintyAndConfidence
                                                                                     OPTIONAL.
}
OMA-LPPe-GeodeticUncertaintyAndConfidence ::= SEQUENCE {
   uncertainty INTEGER (0..127),
confidence INTEGER (0..99)
                                           OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-CivicRelativeAltitude ::= SEOUENCE {
    civic-floors INTEGER (-255..256),
    civic-uncertainty-and-confidence OMA-LPPe-CivicUncertaintyAndConfidence OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-CivicUncertaintyAndConfidence ::= SEQUENCE {
    uncertainty
                    INTEGER (0..127),
    confidence
                   INTEGER (0..99)
                                           OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
```

### -- ASN1STOP

## **OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation** field descriptions

units

This field specifies the units for vertical and optionally horizontal distances. The choices are 1 cm, 1 dm, 1 meter and 10 meters. This field is optional. A unit of 1 meter is specified by the absence of the field.

#### arc-second-unit]

If arc-second-units is present, this field provides the difference in the latitude coordinates of the reference and subject locations. Otherwise, the field provides the equivalent distance along any line of longitude over the surface of the WGS 84 ellipsoid between the reference and subject latitude circles. Note that for distances less than 20 kilometers, a straight line approximation may be used since the error will be less than 2 centimeters. A positive value indicates the subject is north of the reference

#### *relativeNorth*

If arc-second-units is present, this field provides the difference in the latitude coordinates of the reference and subject locations. Otherwise, the field provides the equivalent distance along any line of longitude over the surface of the WGS 84 ellipsoid between the reference and subject latitude circles. Note that for distances less than 20 kilometers, a straight line approximation may be used since the error will be less than 2 centimeters. A positive value indicates the subject is north of the reference.

#### relativeEast

If arc-second-units is present, this field provides the difference in the longitude coordinates of the reference and subject locations. Otherwise, the field provides the equivalent distance along the line of latitude for the reference location over the surface of the WGS 84 ellipsoid between the reference and subject longitude circles. Note that for distances less than 10 kilometers, a straight line approximation may be used except near the poles (e.g. greater than 80° latitude). A positive value indicates the subject is east of the reference.

# OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation field descriptions

This field specifies the units for vertical and optionally horizontal distances. The choices are 1 cm, 1 dm, 1 meter and 10 meters. This field is optional. A unit of 1 meter is specified by the absence of the field.

# arc-second-unit]

units

If arc-second-units is present, this field provides the difference in the latitude coordinates of the reference and subject locations. Otherwise, the field provides the equivalent distance along any line of longitude over the surface of the WGS 84 ellipsoid between the reference and subject latitude circles. Note that for distances less than 20 kilometers, a straight line approximation may be used since the error will be less than 2 centimeters. A positive value indicates the subject is north of the reference

# OMA-LPPe-horizontalUncertaintyAndConfidence

This parameter provides the uncertainty in the relative horizontal location and is expressed either as a circle with given radius or as an ellipse with given semi major axis, semi minor axis and offset angle (0-179 degrees) subtended clockwise from North to the semi major axis. The center of the circle or ellipse is given by a location with the provided relative location to the reference location and the area enclosed defines possible values of the actual subject location. The encoded value N for the length L of the radius of the circle or the semi major axis or semi minor axis of the ellipse satisfies:

 $L = 5*(1.1^{N}-1)$  units (range is 0-903314 units for N in the range 0-127)

e.g. for 1 meter units, (N=1, L=0.5m), (N=2, L=1.05m), (N=10, L=8.0m), (N=20, L=28.6m), (N=40, L=221m), (N=60, L=1517m)

Associated with the uncertainty is an optional confidence parameter which gives the confidence that the actual subject location lies within the circle or ellipse defined by the horizontalUncertainty. The default value if confidence is absent is 68 %.

Horizontal uncertainty and confidence SHALL be provided if available.

Confidence is encoded as a truncated percentage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a confidence C where 0% <=C <1% percent. An encoded value of 1 represents a confidence C where 1%<=C<2%, and so on. An encoded value of 99 represents a confidence C where 99%<=C<100%.

# geodeticRelativeAltitude

This parameter provides the difference in the altitude coordinates of the reference and subject locations and contains these fields.

geodetic-height-depth (GH): altitude of subject less altitude of reference in the given units uncertainty (U): uncertainty in GH encoded as an integer N (0-127) with:  $U = 10*(1.05^{N}-1)$  units (range is 0-4900 units for N in the range 0-127)

e.g. for 1 meter units, (N=1, U=0.5m), (N=2, U=1.025m), (N=10, U=6.3m), (N=20, U=16.5m), (N=40, U=60.4m), (N=60, U=176.8m)

confidence: confidence that the actual difference GD of altitude is in the range

 $GH-U \leq GD \leq GH+U$ . The default if confidence is absent is 68%. A confidence value SHALL be provided if available.

Confidence is encoded as a truncated percentage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a confidence C where 0% <=C <1% percent. An encoded value of 1 represents a confidence C where 1% <=C <2%, and so on. An encoded value of 99 represents a confidence C where 99% <=C <100%.

# civicRelativeAltitude

This parameter provides the difference in the floor levels between the reference and subject locations and may only be present for a reference location that contains an explicit floor level (either as part of a civic location or as defined separately). It contains these fields.

civic-floors (CF): floor level of subject less floor level of reference in the given units uncertainty (U): uncertainty in CF in units of floors
 confidence: confidence (1-99%) that the actual difference CD of floor level is in the range
 CF-U ≤ CD ≤ CF+U. The default if confidence is absent is 68%. A confidence value SHALL be provided if available.

# OMA-LPPe-Session-ID

The OMA-LPPe-Session-ID is used to identify a Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer with Update procedure.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-Session-ID ::= SEQUENCE {
    provider-ID OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
    server-ID OCTET STRING (SIZE(4)),
    session-ID OCTET STRING (SIZE(4)),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-Session-ID field descriptions			
provider-ID			
Vendor or operator who owns or operates the server.			
server-ID			
Server ID unique to the provider.			
session-ID			
Session ID unique to the server.			

OMA-LPPe-Uri

The IE OMA-LPPe-Uri defines a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) according to [RFC3986]

```
OMA-LPPe-Uri ::= VisibleString (FROM ( "a".."z" | "A".."Z" | "0".."9" | ":" | "/" | "?" | "#" | "[" |
"]" | "@" | "!" | "$" | "&" | "'" | "(" | ")" | "*" | "+" | "," | ";" | "=" | "-" | "." | "_" | "~" |
"%" ))
```

-- ASN1STOP

-- ASN1START

# OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystemID

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystemID is used only in LPPe 1.1 and defines a specific broadcast system.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystemID ::= CHOICE {

standardSystemID INTEGER (1..16),

proprietarySystemID SEQUENCE {

vendorOrOperator OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,

proprietarySystemID INTEGER (1..16)

},

...
```

## OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystemID field descriptions

# standardSystemID

-- ASN1STOP

This field identifies a standardized broadcast system using an integer between 1 and 16. Assignments may be included in a later version of this specification and/or in specifications for particular broadcast systems. Assignments will be unique and will be be allocated by OMNA. The up-to-date allocations are available at [OMNA].

#### OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystemID field descriptions

*proprietarySystemID* 

This field identifies a broadcast system that is proprietary to a particular vendor or operator. Assignments will be made by the particular vendor or operator and will not be included in this specification.

# OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastADTypes

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastADTypes* is used only in LPPe 1.1 and defines a set S of assistance data types associated with delivery via broadcast. The assistance data types are defined using the labels and nesting levels defined in Appendix E. The set S is specified by providing a set of labels for LPP and another set of labels for LPPe referred to here as the LPP and LPPe label sets, respectively. Each label set is composed of one or more label subsets where each label subset contain labels with common initial elements and different final elements – e.g. a label subset such as {L1.L2.X1, L1.L2.X2, L1.L2.X3} where L1 and L2 are common initial elements and X1, X2 and X3 are different final elements. The assistance data items D referred to by the labels in any label subset may or may not contain data items at a deeper nesting level. In the former case, to avoid specifying these additional data items using additional label subsets, it is allowed as an option to indicate whether none or all of the additional data items contained within the data items with labels {L1.L2.X2.Y1, L1.L2.X3.Y3}, it can be specified whether none or all of these data items are to be included in S. As a further convention to reduce the number of label subsets that need to be provided, all assistance data items that are parents of assistance data items with labels L1 and L1.L2 would then be included in S.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastADTypes ::= SEQUENCE {
                   SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLPPLabelSets)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-LabelSet,
    lppLabels
    lppeLabels
                    SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLPPeLabelSets)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-LabelSet,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-LabelSet ::= SEQUENCE {
    level1-element SEOUENCE {
                    level1-element-value
                                             INTEGER (1..maxLevel1-element),
                    level2-element SEQUENCE {
                                     level2-element-value
                                                             INTEGER (1..maxLevel2-element),
                                     level3-element SEQUENCE {
                                                     level3-element-value
                                                                              INTEGER
                                                                                              (1..maxLevel3-
element),
                                                         OPTIONAL,
                        OPTIONAL,
       OPTIONAL,
    lastElements
                    BIT STRING (SIZE (1..maxFinal-element)),
    additionalElements ENUMERATED { none, all, ... }
                                                             OPTIONAL.
    . . .
                        INTEGER ::= 32
maxLevel1-element
                        INTEGER ::= 32
maxLevel2-element
maxLevel3-element
                        INTEGER ::= 32
maxFinal-element
                         INTEGER ::= 32
maxLPPLabelSets
                         INTEGER ::= 64
maxLPPeLabelSets
                         INTEGER ::= 128
-- ASN1STOP
```

	OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastADTypes field descriptions
ppLabels	
	abel set representing assistance data types for LPP.
ppeLabels	
	label set representing assistance data types for LPPe.
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-LabelSet	
1	ubset containing labels that differ only in their last elements. This parameter contains the
following fields:	
Level1-element-value	defines the common first (level 1) element for each label in the label subset; this fie
	SHALL only be included when defining labels at nesting level 2 or higher
Level2-element-value	defines the common second (level 2) element for each label in the label subset; th
	field SHALL only be included when defining labels at nesting level 3 or higher
Level3-element-value	defines the common third (level 3) element for each label in the label subset; this fie
	SHALL only be included when defining labels at nesting level 4
lastElements	defines the final elements for the labels in the label subset using a bit string where a or
	value at bit position n (n = 1 to 32) indicates that element n is present and a zero value $n = 1$ to n = 1 to $n = 1$ to $n = 1$ to $n = 1$
	or absence of bit n indicates the element is absent. The nesting level for the final lab
	elements is 1 if level1-element is not included and is otherwise 1 greater than higher
	level element (1, 2 or 3) included within label1-element.
additionalElements	in the area that the labels appointed by the proceeding fields can be suffixed wi
additionalElements	in the case that the labels specified by the preceding fields can be suffixed wi additional elements to create further valid labels, this field specifies whether none
	all of these further labels are to be included in the final label set (and thus wheth
	none or all of the associated data items are to be included in the set S). If this field
	not included and if further label subsets do not indicate which of the further labels a
	to be included and not included, the inclusion of the further labels is undefined in ar
	context where the associated assistance data types refer to target capabilities
	broadcast system support. This field SHALL NOT be included when the further labe
	are specified in additional label subsets.
	•
To another formula commutibility	y with later versions of LPP and LPPe, a receiver SHALL ignore any labels containing

elements values that it does not recognize and SHALL act as if these labels were not included.

# OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AccessNetworkID

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AccessNetworkID is used only in LPPe 1.1 and defines a particular access network.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AccessNetworkID ::= CHOICE {
   gSMAccess OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-MCC-MNC,
   wCDMAAccess OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-MCC-MNC,
   lTEAccess OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BSID,
   wLANAccess OMA-LPPe-well-1-BSID,
   wLANAccess OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID,
   ...
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-MCC-MNC ::= SEQUENCE {
   mcc SEQUENCE (SIZE (3)) OF INTEGER (0..9),
   mnc SEQUENCE (SIZE (2..3)) OF INTEGER (0..9),
   ...
}
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BSID ::= SEQUENCE {
    bsID-MSB BIT STRING (SIZE(24)),
    bsID-LSB BIT STRING (SIZE(24)),
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AccessNetworkID field descriptions	
gsmAccess	
This parameter provides the operator MCC and MNC values for GSM access.	
wCDMAAccess	
This parameter provides the operator MCC and MNC values for WCDMA access.	
lTEAccess	
This parameter provides the operator MCC and MNC values for LTE access.	
wiMaxAccess	
This parameter provides the operator BSID value for WiMax access.	
wLAnAccess	
This parameter provides the operator WLAN AP ID for WLAN access.	

# OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSetID

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSetID* is used only in LPPe 1.1 and uniquely identifies an authentication set comprising an RSA public key value. A server SHALL NOT reuse a particular authentication set ID for a new authentication set for a period of at least 24 hours following usage for the last broadcast for a previous authentication set. Note that because authentication public-private key pairs can be expensive to establish, a small number of IDs can suffice.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSetID ::= INTEGER (0..255)
```

-- ASN1STOP

 OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSetID
 field descriptions

 OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSetID
 This parameter provides an authentication set ID as an integer between 0 and 255.

# OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSet

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSet* is used only in LPPe 1.1 and defines an authentication set comprising an authentication ID, an RSA public key value and a salt length for encoding.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSet ::= SEQUENCE {
    authenticationSetID OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSetID,
    rsaPublicKey SEQUENCE {
        modulus BIT STRING (SIZE (2048)),
        exponent BIT STRING (SIZE (2..2048))
        },
        saltLength INTEGER (0..32),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### **OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSet** field descriptions

authenticationSetID

This parameter provides the authentication set ID.

## rsaPublicKey

This parameter provides an RSA public key consisting of a 2048 bit modulus and a 2 to 2048 bit exponent. Integer versions of the modulus and exponent are obtained by truncating any leading zero bits and treating the remaining bits as the binary representation of a positive integer.

### saltLength

This parameter provides the length in octets of the salt value used for the EMSA-PSS encoding method defined in [PKCS#1].

# OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSetID

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSetID* is used only in LPPe 1.1 and uniquely identifies a cipher set comprising a ciphering key value and first component C0 for the initial ciphering counter C1. A server SHALL NOT reuse a particular cipher set ID for a new cipher set for a period of at least 24 hours following usage for the last broadcast for a previous cipher set.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSetID ::= INTEGER (0..65535)

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSetID field descriptions

*OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSetID* This parameter provides a cipher set ID as an integer between 0 and 65535.

# - OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSet

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSet* is used only in LPPe 1.1 and defines a cipher set comprising a cipher set ID, a ciphering key value and first component C0 for the initial ciphering counter C1.

## OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSet field descriptions

*cipherSetID* This parameter provides the cipher set ID.

#### *cipherKey*

This parameter provides a cipher key as a bit string of size 128 bits.

сO

This parameter provides the first component of the initial ciphering counter C1. If less than 128 bits, c0 is padded out with zeroes in more significant bit positions to achieve 128 bits.

# OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-ServerID

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-ServerID is used only in LPPe 1.1 and defines the identity of a server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-ServerID ::= SEQUENCE {
    provider-ID OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
    server-ID OCTET STRING (SIZE(4)),
    ...
}
```

### OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-ServerID field descriptions

 provider-ID

 This parameter defines the vendor or operator ID.

 server-ID

 This parameter defines the server ID for the particular vendor or operator.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-XYZ-CoordinateFrame

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-XYZ-CoordinateFrame* is used only in LPPe 2.0 and defines a reference frame for providing X,Y,Z coordinates – e.g. for an indoor environment – where the Z coordinate is vertical and the X,Y coordinates are horizontal.

```
-- ASN1START
```

-- ASN1STOP

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-XYZ-CoordinateFrame ::= SEQUENCE {
   origin
             Origin,
   orientation-y-axis SEQUENCE {
                                              INTEGER (0..359),
                      integer-degrees
                       fractional-degrees
                                              INTEGER (0..16383)
                                                                     OPTIONAL
                             OPTIONAL,
                       }
    . . .
}
Origin ::= SEQUENCE {
   reference-point
                          OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID,
   relative-location
                          OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation
                                                                 OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

## *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-XYZ-CoordinateFrame* field descriptions

# Origin

This parameter defines the origin of the X,Y,Z coordinate frame using a reference point and optional relative location. The location of the origin is given by the location of the reference point plus any relative location displacement if present. If an altitude for the origin is not included in the reference point definition, local ground level SHALL be assumed for the origin.

#### **OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-XYZ-CoordinateFrame** field descriptions

#### orientation-y-axis

This parameter defines the clockwise angle at the origin from true North to the positive Y axis and contains the following fields:

integer-degrees: integer number of degrees in the range 0-359

fractional-degrees: fractional degrees in the range 0-16383 expressing a fraction n/16384 for an encoded value n. This field is optional.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ReferenceGrid

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ReferenceGrid* is used only in LPPe 2.0 and defines a horizontal 2-dimensional reference grid of points that may be used to provide RF heat map related information. A common reference grid may be used to provide RF heat map information for many RF transmitters (e.g. WiFi APs). The use of a common reference grid enables different RF heat maps to be aligned to the same set of grid points – e.g. enabling a target to obtain RSSI and/or RTT values for different transmitters at the same location points. Refer to Appendix G for more information concerning definition and encoding.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ReferenceGrid ::= SEQUENCE {
    xyz-coordinateframe OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-XYZ-CoordinateFrame,
    grid-spacing Grid-Spacing,
    ...
}
Grid-Spacing ::= SEQUENCE {
    units ENUMERATED {decameters (0), meters (1), decimeters (2), centimeters (3), ...},
    value INTEGER (1..1024),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ReferenceGrid** field descriptions

#### xyz-coordinateframe

This parameter defines the X,Y,Z coordinate frame for the reference grid.

#### grid-spacing

This parameter defines the common unit of length for integer X and Y coordinates for the reference grid. The common unit is an integer number, in the range 1 to 1024, of decameters, meters, decimeters or centimeters.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap* is used only in LPPe 2.0 and provides RF heat map information for a single transmitter. Refer to Appendix G for more information.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap ::= SEQUENCE {heatMap-IDOMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID,validity-periodOMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriodofferenceGridOMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ReferenceGridheatMap-SourceOMA-LPPe-ver2-0-HeatMap-SourcevoffsetINTEGER (-32768..32767)y-offsetINTEGER (-32768..32767)
```

x-length y-length compression reorientation	<pre>INTEGER (14096), INTEGER (14096), ENUMERATED {none (0), jpeg (1),}, SEQUENCE { orientation-angle INTEGER (-900900), shifting ENUMERATED {x-direction (0), y-direction (1)},</pre>	
run-lengths updateReqGridPoints rssi-map	 } OPTIONAL, OMA-LPPe-RleList OPTIONAL, OMA-LPPe-RleList OPTIONAL, SEQUENCE { rssi-mean-value OCTET STRING,	
	rssi-standard-deviation OCTET STRING OPTIONAL, range SEQUENCE { rssi-minimum INTEGER (-15010), rssi-range INTEGER (10256) } OPTIONAL,	
rtt-map	<pre> } OPTIONAL, SEQUENCE { units ENUMERATED {ns5 (0), ns10 (1), ns20 (2), ns50 (3),}, rtt-mean-value OCTET STRING, rtt-standard-deviation OCTET STRING OPTIONAL,</pre>	
- ASN1STOP	 } OPTIONAL,	

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap field descriptions

### heatmap-ID

}

This parameter provides a unique ID for the heat map.

#### validity-period

This parameter defines the validity period for a heat map and, if present, overrides any other validity period provided by a server for any assistance data that may contain the heat map. A target that receives a heat map should only make use of the heat map during the validity period. This parameter is optional.

### referenceGrid

This parameter defines the origin, orientation and grid spacing for a reference grid relative to which the heat map is defined. This parameter is optional. If included, the provided reference grid overrides any default reference grid provided by means of common group parameters (e.g. for a WLAN AP or SRN AP). If absent, a reference grid is taken from common group parameters (e.g. for a WLAN AP or SRN AP),

## heatMap-Source

This parameter defines the source of the heat map and may provide information associated with the source. This parameter is optional. If absent, the source is undefined.

## x-offset

This parameter provides the x coordinate offset relative to the reference frame origin for the corner of the heat map rectangular area that has minimum X and Y coordinates. This parameter is encoded as an integer with range -32768 to 32767 which expresses a length in units of the grid spacing. This parameter is optional. If not present, the x-offset is zero.

# y-offset

This parameter provides the y coordinate offset relative to the reference frame origin for the corner of the heat map rectangular area that has minimum X and Y coordinates. This parameter is encoded as an integer with range -32768 to 32767 which expresses a length in units of the grid spacing. This parameter is optional. If not present, the y-offset is zero.

#### x-length

This parameter defines the length of the rectangular area for the heat map in the X direction in units of the grid spacing. This is encoded as an integer in the range 1 to 4096.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap field descriptions

# y-length

This parameter defines the length of the rectangular area for the heat map in the Y direction in units of the grid spacing. This is encoded as an integer in the range 1 to 4096.

### compression

This parameter defines the method used to compress the included heat maps. Possible values are none (meaning no compression) and JPEG (meaning JPEG compression).

# reorientation

This parameter enables a heat map area to be reoriented at an angle  $\theta$  (-90°  $\leq \theta \leq$  90°) to the local Y axis as described in Appendix G.4.1. The reorientation is defined by the following fields:

orientation-angle gives the angle  $\theta$  in units of one tenth of a degree

shifting defines whether rows of grid points are shifted in the positive X direction or columns of grid points are shifted in the positive Y direction as defined in Appendix G.4.1

This parameter is optional and is only included when reorientation is used.

## run-lengths

This parameter enables a heat map area to fit an arbitrary shape by defining alternating run lengths of excluded and included grid points as defined in Appendix G.4.2. The parameter contains a sequence of integers I1, I2, I3, I4 etc. with values between 0 and 255 where integers in odd positions (I1, I3, I5 etc.) define a consecutive sequence of excluded grid points and integers in even positions (I2, I4 etc.) define a consecutive sequence of included grid points. The total number of all included and excluded grid points SHALL be less than or equal to the total number of original grid points. When the former is less than the latter, all remaining grid points (not so far included or excluded) SHALL be assumed by a receiver to be excluded. This parameter is optional and SHALL only be included when run lengths are used to create an arbitrary heat map area.

## updateReqGridPoints

This parameter provides a set of grid points for triggering a request for new transmitter assistance data from a target if the target estimates its position near to one of these grid points. This parameter is optional, but if this parameter is provided by the server, the server may send this information only for one of the grouped transmitter heat maps (and not for all of the heap maps). The parameter contains a sequence of integers I1, I2, I3, I4 etc. with values between 0 and 255 where integers in odd positions (I1, I3, I5 etc.) define a consecutive sequence of grid points that do not trigger updates and integers in even positions (I2, I4 etc.) define a consecutive sequence of grid points that do trigger updates. The total number of all included and excluded grid points SHALL be less than or equal to the total number of original grid points. When the former is less than the latter, all remaining grid points (not so far included or excluded) SHALL be assumed by a receiver to not trigger an update. The selection of update grid points is out-of-scope of this specification. Refer to Appendix G.5 for more information.

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap field descriptions

# <u>rssi-map</u>

This parameter provides a sequence of mean signal strength values and an optional sequence of signal strength standard deviations for successive included grid points within the heat map area as defined in Appendix G. Mean signal strength values are encoded as integers in the range 0 to 255 as follows:

encoded value = 1-254: mean signal strength = (rssi-minimum + (encoded value / 255)\*rssi-range)

encoded value = 255 : mean signal strength >= (rssi-minimum + rssi-range)

where: rssi-minimum = minimum RSSI in units of dBm (default is -117.5 dBm for WLAN and -128 dBm for SRN)

rssi-range = range of RSSI in units of dB (default is 127.5 dB for WLAN and 148 dB for SRN)

Signal strength standard deviations are encoded as integers in the range 0 to 255 as follows:

signal strength standard deviation = (encoded value / 2) dBm (note: the standard deviation applies to the signal strength level on a linear scale and is then converted to dBm)

Note that signal strength refers to the expected Received Channel Power of a Beacon frame, probe response frame or measurement pilot frame in the case of WLAN, or the RSSI of the received signal from the SRN in dBm, as defined by the specifications applicable to the particular SRN.

Successive RSSI values appear according to a scan order of grid points as defined in Appendix G. When JPEG compression is used, this parameter contains an octet string that results from JPEG compression of the original encoded RSSI values. When JPEG compression is used with run-lengths, dummy RSSI values are included for all grid points defined to be excluded by the run-lengths parameter.

# <u>rtt-map</u>

}

This parameter provides a sequence of mean RTT values and an optional sequence of RTT standard deviations for successive included grid points within the heat map area as defined in Appendix G. RTT values define round trip propagation time between any grid point and a particular transceiver (e.g. WLAN AP). Mean RTT values and RTT standard deviations are each encoded as integers in the range 0 to 255 in units of 5 ns, 10 ns, 20 ns or 50 ns. Use of JPEG compression is as defined for the rssi-map parameter.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-HeatMap-Source

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-HeatMap-Source is used only in LPPe 2.0 and provides information concerning the source of a particular RF heat map.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-HeatMap-Source ::= CHOICE {
   propagationModel OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PropagationModel-HeatMap,
   measurements
                          OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Measurements-HeatMap,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PropagationModel-HeatMap ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Measurements-HeatMap ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                           (0),
   measurementSource BIT STRING {crowdsourcing
                                       driveBy
                                                           (1),
                                       propagationModel
                                                          (2) } (SIZE (1..8)),
   referenceDevice
                          OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-DeviceType
                                                          OPTIONAL,
   rssiCalibrationModel SEQUENCE {
                           rssi-calibration-slope-param
                                                              INTEGER (-4096..4095),
                           rssi-calibration-constant-param
                                                              INTEGER (-4096..4095),
                           }
                                                          OPTIONAL,
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-HeatMap-Source field descriptions

#### propagationModel

This parameter indicates that a heat map was computed based on known map information (e.g. floorplan, building plan, street map) using a hypothetical reference transmitter with 10 dBm transmission power, 0 dBi antenna gain and 0 internal contribution to RTT.

#### measurements

This parameter indicates that a heat map was obtained from measurements of RSSI and/or RTT from one or more collection devices.

## measurementSource

This parameter indicates the measurement source or sources for a heat map derived using measurements. The sources are indicated using a bit string where a binary one indicates that a particular measurement source was used and a binary zero indicates a measurement source was not used. The possible sources comprise the the following:

crowdsourcing indicates multiple target devices supplied measurements

driveBy indicates measurements were obtained from one or just a few collection devices

propagationModel indicates measurements were validated, corrected and/or extrapolated using a propagation model

# referenceDevice

This parameter provides information about a reference device or collection device used or assumed for a heat map derived from measurements. A target device may assume that the RSSI and/or RTT values provided in the heatmap would be those measured by the indicated reference device in the absence of any calibration. This parameter is optional.

# rssiCalibrationModel

This parameter identifies parameters for an RSSI calibration model as defined in Appendix G.6. This model enables signal strength values measured by a target device to be recalibrated to correspond to signal strength values in the RF heatmap associated with specific reference device. The following fields are included:

rssi-calibration-slope-param: describes the slope of a linear function which transforms RSSI from a target device into RSSI for a reference device (scale factor : 0.01)

rssi-calibration-constant-param decribes the constant of a linear function which transforms RSSI from a target device into RSSI for a reference device (scale factor : 0.01).

This parameter is optional.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID is used only in LPPe 2.0 and provides a unique ID for an RF heat map.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID ::= SEQUENCE {
    vendorOrOperator OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
    heatmap-ID OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..16)),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID* field descriptions

# *vendorOrOperator*

This parameter defines the vendor or operator who has assigned the heat map ID. This parameter is mandatory,

### heatmap-ID

This parameter defines the heat map ID for the particular vendor or operator. The heat map ID may identify a particular transmitter (e.g. a WLAN or SRN AP) and may contain a version or timestamp using proprietary encoding. The heatmap-ID should change whenever a heatmap is updated and should differ for different transmitters. The heatmap-ID is encoded as an octet string of length 1 to 16 octets. This parameter is mandatory.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-Group-Data

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-Group-Data is used only in LPPe 2.0 and provides common data for a group of WLAN APs.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-Group-Data ::= SEQUENCE {
                           OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-GroupID,
   group-ID
                           INTEGER (0..255),
   version
   validity-period
                           OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod
                                                               OPTIONAL,
                           CHOICE {
   groupType
                           referenceGrid
                                                  OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ReferenceGrid,
                           location-area
                                                 OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-LocationAreaData,
                           wlan-properties
                                                 OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Transmitter-Properties,
                            . . .
                           },
    . . .
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-Group-Data

# group-ID

This parameter defines a unique ID for the group data,

### version

This parameter defines the version of group data. The provider of group data may increment the version (modulo 256) each time that group data (for a given group ID) is updated. The version is encoded as an integer in the range 0 to 255.

## validity-period

This parameter defines the validity period for group data and overrides any validity period provided for any broader set of WLAN data that includes the group data. This parameter is optional.

### groupType

This parameter indicates the type of group data and provides data specific to this type. The following mutually exclusive types are allowed:

referenceGrid: group data comprises a common reference grid applicable to RF heat maps

location-area group data comprises common location characteristics

wlan-properties group data comprises common properties of WLAN APs

A WLAN AP may belong to multiple groups. However, a server SHALL ensure that each WLAN AP belongs to at most one referenceGrid group and at most one wlan-properties group. For any WLAN AP, a target may ignore any group data that violates this restriction.

# – OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-GroupID

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-GroupID is used only in LPPe 2.0 and identifies particular group data for a number of WLAN APs.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-GroupID ::= SEQUENCE {
   vendorOrOperator OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
   groupID INTEGER (0..65535),
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-GroupID

*vendorOrOperator* This parameter defines the vendor or operator who assigns the group data.

groupID

This parameter defines a group ID assigned by the vendor or operator.

# - OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-LocationAreaData

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-LocationAreaData* is used only in LPPe 2.0 and provides common location characteristics for transmitters in the same local area and whose coverage areas may overlap with one another. A server should ensure that transmitters identified as being in the same location area group share a common altitude or common floor level.

A transmitter that is a WLAN AP may belong to more than one location area group – e.g. if location areas partially overlap. A target and server may each use location area groups to help determine when assistance data for additional WLAN APs needs to be sent to a target. For example, if a target reports visible APs belonging to certain location groups, a server may provide assistance data for these APs and other APs in the same location area groups. If a target detects APs that do not belong to any known location groups, the target may request assistance data for these APs and may expect to receive data for these APs and possibly for other APs in the same location groups as these APs.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-LocationAreaData ::= SEQUENCE {
   geographiclocationArea CHOICE {
                               circle
                                           Ellipsoid-PointWithUncertaintyCircle,
                               ellipse
                                           EllipsoidPointWithUncertaintyEllipse,
                               . . .
                                                                  OPTIONAL.
                            OMA-LPPe-CivicLocation
   civicLocationArea
                                                                 OPTIONAL,
   locationAreaType
                              OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-LocationAreaType
                                                                          OPTIONAL.
   horizontalCoverage
                             INTEGER (1..100) OPTIONAL,
INTEGER (1..100) OPTIONAL,
   verticalCoverage
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-LocationAreaType ::= SEQUENCE {
   areaType
                              ENUMERATED {undefined (0), walled-rooms (1), cubicle-office (2), high-
ceiling-large-area (3), parking-garage (4), outdoor (5), ...},
                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   exterior-Access ENUMERATED {yes (1), no (2), ...}
                                                                      OPTIONAL,
   altitude-change
                               ENUMERATED {yes (1), no (2), ...}
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-LocationAreaData field descriptions

# geographicLocationArea

This parameter defines the location area geographically. The area may approximately coincide with certain well defined features (e.g., the exterior of a building, a terminal in an airport). The geographic area should encompass the locations of all transmitters that belong to the location area group and should minimize the number of transmitters whose locations are encompassed that do not belong to the group. This parameter contains the following choices:

circle: the area is defined by the uncertainty area for an ellipsoid point with uncertainty circle; the altitude is assumed to be local ground level

ellipse: the area is defined by the uncertainty area for an ellipsoid point with uncertainty ellipse; the altitude is assumed to be local ground level; the confidence value is ignored

## civicLocationArea

This parameter provide a civic address for the location area (e.g. the address or name of a building and a floor level). This parameter is optional.

# *locationAreaType*

This parameter provides characteristics of the location area of significance to RF propagation.

### areaType

This parameter defines the type of location area. The following choices are available.

undefined: the type of location area is unknown or includes several different types

walled-rooms: describes a building with separate walled rooms such as offices, hotel rooms, apartments

cubicle-office: describes an office building with predominantly cubicle offices

high-ceiling-large-area: describes an auditorium, shopping mall, airport or other large area with a high ceiling

parking-garage: describes an indoor parking structure

outdoor: describes an area where WLAN APs can typically be received outdoors as well as indoors – e.g. an open air shopping mall or suburban housing area

### exterior-Access

This parameter defines whether an indoor location area has exterior access - e.g. via a doorway, opening or bridge to another building. The choices are yes (exterior access exists) or no (exterior access does not exist).

# altitude-change

This parameter defines whether an indoor location area contains means (e.g. stairs, an elevator, an escalator or ramp) by which a user can exit the location area by changing altitude (e.g. floor level). The choices are yes (altitude change is possible) and no (altitude change is not possible).

# *horizontalCoverage*

This parameter provides the size of the location area as a percentage of the total contiguous horizontal area (e.g. a floor in a building) of which this location area is a part and for which the server has assistance data. A target may use this parameter to determine the likelihood of needing and being able to obtain additional assistance data for transmitters from the server when the user moves outside the location area. This parameter is provided as an integer in the range 1 to 100 where a value of n indicates coverage in the range n-1% to n%.

### verticalCoverage

This parameter provides the reciprocal, expressed as a percentage, of the total number of floors or levels in a building or structure (including sub levels) of which this location area is a part and for which the server has assistance data. A target may use this parameter to determine the likelihood of needing and being able to obtain additional assistance data for transmitters from the server when a user moves up or down to another floor or level. This parameter is provided as an integer in the range 1 to 100 where a value of n indicates coverage in the range n-1% to n%.

# – OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Transmitter-Properties

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Transmitter-Properties is used only in LPPe 2.0 and provides common properties for a group of transmitters.

OPTIONAL

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Transmitter-Properties ::= SEQUENCE {
    ap-deviceType OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-DeviceType
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Transmitter-Properties

ap-deviceType

This parameter defines one or more of the vendor and model for a transmitter and the vendor and model for each wireless baseband chip in the transmitter.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-DeviceType

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-DeviceType is used only in LPPe 2.0 and provides information about a wireless device.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-DeviceType ::= SEQUENCE {

vendor OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,

model OMA-LPPe-CharArray OPTIONAL,

version OMA-LPPe-CharArray OPTIONAL,

chip SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..5)) OF OMA-LPPe-Chip OPTIONAL,

...

}

OMA-LPPe-Chip ::= SEQUENCE {

vendor OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,

model OMA-LPPe-CharArray OPTIONAL,

version OMA-LPPe-CharArray OPTIONAL,

...

}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-DeviceType

This parameter defines the vendor for a device.

#### model

vendor

This parameter defines the device model or type.

version

This parameter defines the version for a particular model or type.

chip

This parameter defines the vendor and optionally the model or type and the version of the model or type for each wireless baseband chip in the device. More than one chip may be applicable for a device that supports more than one type of wireless interface.

# – OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea* is used to define the area in which the given data (e.g. a local troposphere model or a local ionosphere model) are valid. The validity area is constructed with grid regions using Run-Length Encoding as specified in Appendix C.1. The parameters *areaWidth* and *rleList* are optional. If these parameters are left out, the validity area gets its simplest form: a rectangle in spherical coordinates.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea ::= SEQUENCE {
   regionSizeInv INTEGER (1..255),
   areaWidth INTEGER (2..9180) OPTIONAL,
   codedLatOfNWCorner INTEGER (0..4589),
   codedLonOfNWCorner INTEGER (0..9179),
   rleList OMA-LPPe-RleList OPTIONAL,
   ...
}
OMA-LPPe-RleList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..65535)) OF INTEGER (0..255)
```

-- ASN1STOP

# OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea field descriptions

# regionSizeInv

This field specifies the inverse of the size of each side of the region in degrees.

For value N the size is 10/N degrees.

# area Width

This field specifies the number of regions in the area in East-West direction. If the field is not present, the value is 1. *codedLatOfNWCorner* 

This field specifies the latitude of the North-West corner of the area, encoded as explained in Appendix C.1.

# codedLonOfNWCorner

This field specifies the longitude of the North-West corner of the area, encoded as explained in Appendix C.1.

# rleList

This field lists the regions in which the data is valid. If the field is not present, the data is valid in all the regions in the area. The field is not valid (not included or ignored), when the IE OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea is included in the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonoStormIndication.

# OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod

The IE OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod is used to define the validity time of the given assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod ::= SEQUENCE {
    beginTime GNSS-SystemTime,
    beginTimeAlt INTEGER (0..2881) OPTIONAL,
    duration INTEGER (1..2881),
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

## OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod field descriptions

beginTime

This field specifies the start time of the validity period.

## *beginTimeAlt*

This field specifies the alternative start time. It may be used by target if it lacks information of the current GNSS-SystemTime. The start time is is relative the time the message was received. The scale factor is 15 min. Range from 0 minutes to 43215 min = 30 days.

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## OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod field descriptions

*duration* This field specifies the duration of the validity period after the beginTime. The scale factor is 15 min. Range from 15 minutes to 43215 min = 30 days.

# OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorAssistanceDataIdentifier

The OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorAssistanceDataIdentifier is used to identify vendor-/operator-specific assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorAssistanceDataIdentifier ::= SEQUENCE {
   vendorOrOperatorID OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
   assistanceDataID OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerID,
   ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

## OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorAssistanceDataIdentifier field descriptions

 vendorOrOperatorID

 This field specifies the identification of the vendor/operator of the proprietary data.

 assistanceDataID

 This field identifies the proprietary data. Data IDs are managed by the vendor/operator.

\_

# OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID

The *OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID* is used to identify the vendor/operator using the proprietary data content. Two methods are provided. The first is a method, in which the vendor/operator identifier is standardized. The alternative method is not to use the standardized vendor/operator identifier, but the generalized method based on the CRC sum of the vendor/operator name.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID ::= CHOICE {
   standard-VendorOrOperatorID
                                       INTEGER(1..1024),
   nonStandard-VendorOrOperatorID
                                     OMA-LPPe-NonStandard-VendorOrOperatorID,
-- version 2.0 extension elements
   ver2-0-extended-VendorOrOperatorID
                                           OMA-LPPe-extended-VendorOrOperatorID
}
OMA-LPPe-NonStandard-VendorOrOperatorID ::= SEQUENCE {
   encodedTD
                              INTEGER(0..65535),
   visibleIdentification OMA-LPPe-CharArray OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-extended-VendorOrOperatorID ::= SEQUENCE {
   extended-standard-VendorOrOperatorID INTEGER (1..4096),
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   venueID
                                           INTEGER (1..16384)
    . . .
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID field descriptions

### standard-VendorOrOperatorID

This field identifies the vendor/operator of the proprietary data. The ID allocations are maintained by OMNA [OMNA] and the up-to-date allocations are available at http://www.openmobilealliance.org/Tech/OMNA/OMNA-vendor-operator-ID.aspx

## nonStandard-VendorOrOperatorID

This field provides one method of identifying the vendor/operator in the absence of the standard ID.

### encodedID

This field specifies the CRC-16 IBM encoded name of the vendor written in lower case. CRC-16 IBM is described in Appendix C.8.

### visibleIdentification

This field specifies the vendor/operator visible identification.

# ver2-0-extended-VendorOrOperatorID

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and identifies the vendor or operator using an extension of the standard-VendorOrOperatorID that may include the following fields:

extended-standard-VendorOrOperatorID: this field identifies a vendor or operator using the standard ID allocations maintained by OMNA. The field allows for IDs in the range 1 to 4096.

venueID; this field identifies an optional venue or site for a particular vendor or operator and allows a venue or operator to distinguish assistance data used at different venues and sites. This field is an integer in the range 1 to 16384 and may be encoded by each vendor and operator in a proprietary manner. This field is optional.

# OMA-LPPe-WirelessAccessTypes

The IE OMA-LPPe-WirelessAccessTypes provides a list of wireless access types.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-WirelessAccessTypes ::= BIT STRING {	gsm utra lte wimax wifi other	<pre>(0), (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) } (SIZE(116))</pre>
---	--	---

-- ASN1STOP

## **OMA-LPPe-WirelessAccessTypes** field descriptions

# OMA-LPPe-WirelessAccessTypes

This field provides a list of one or more wireless access types. A type is present if the associated bit is set to one and absent if set to zero.

# OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID defines the identity of a WLAN access point.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID ::= SEQUENCE {

    apMacAddress BIT STRING ( SIZE (48) ),

    ...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID field descriptions

apMacAddress

This field provides the 48-bit MAC address of the WLAN AP.

# OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type defines the type of a particular WLAN access point.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type ::= ENUMERATED {
    ieee802-11a,
    ieee802-11b,
    ieee802-11g,
    ieee802-11n,
    ...,
    ieee802-11ac,
    ieee802-11ad
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-List

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-List provides a list of one or more WLAN AP types.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-List ::= BIT STRING {

    ieee802-11a (0),

    ieee802-11b (1),

    ieee802-11g (2),

    ieee802-11n (3),

    ieee802-11ac (4),

    ieee802-11ad (5)} (SIZE (1..16))
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-List field descriptions

#### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-List

This field provides a list of one or more WLAN AP types. A type is present if the associated bit is set one and absent if set to zero.

# OMA-LPPe -WLANFemtoCoverageArea

The IE *OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageArea* provides information on the coverage area of a WLAN AP or Femto. The coverage area may be the coverage area of radio signals from the WLAN AP or Femto or may be defined according to the expected distribution of users within the coverage area.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageArea ::= SEQUENCE {

    truncation INTEGER(-127..128)

    areaType ENUMERATED { gaussian, binaryDistribution, ...}

    confidence INTEGER (0..99),
```

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OPTIONAL,

OPTIONAL,

```
componentList
                       SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageAreaElement,
}
OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageAreaElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   refPointAndArea SEQUENCE {
       referenceLocation ENUMERATED {antenna,
                                       referencePoint,
                                        ...},
       referencePoint
                           OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID
                                                              OPTIONAL,
       locationAndArea
                          OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation,
       },
                           ENUMERATED {indoor (0),
    type
                                       outdoor (1),
                                       mixed (2),
                                                              OPTIONAL,
                                        ...}
                           INTEGER (0..100)
    weight
                                                              OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
```

```
- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageArea field descriptions

#### truncation

This field specifies if the coverage area is truncated using a specified signal strength level (i.e. with any point within the area experiencing a signal level greater than or equal to the truncation level). This field SHALL be included if a truncation condition has been used. Scale factor 1 dBm.

# areaType

This field specifies, if the coverage area is described in terms of a bivariate (gaussian) distribution or as a hard boundary (binary) for which no particular distribution of signal strength can be assumed. The default value (if missing) is a uniform binary distribution.

### confidence

This field gives the confidence level as a percentage that a target device that can detect signals from the WLAN AP or Femto is within the defined coverage area.

Confidence is encoded as a truncated percentage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a confidence C where 0% <=C <1% percent. An encoded value of 1 represents a confidence C where 1% <=C <2%, and so on. An encoded value of 99 represents a confidence C where 99% <=C <100%.

#### *componentList*

This field specifies the coverage area components. Each coverage area component is a 2 dimensional area. Different coverage area components may have the same or different altitudes.

### refPointAndArea

This field provides the coverage area component description in terms of a relative location and area

referenceLocation	indicates if location is relative to the WLAN AP or Femto antenna or relative to a reference
	point
referencePoint	provides a reference point for location relative to a reference point; if absent, the reference
	point is the same one used to define the WLAN AP or Femto location
locationAndArea	provides the location of a center point for the area relative to the reference point. The area
	is defined by the horizontal uncertainty in OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation; horizontal

confidence, uncertainty of altitude and confidence of altitude SHALL NOT be included.

#### type

This field specifies if the coverage area component is indoors, outdoors or mixed. This field SHALL be included if available.

#### weight

This field specifies the weight of the coverage area component in percent and provides the probability that a target is within the area component given that it is within one of the area components. The sum of the weights over all the coverage area components for a given AP MUST be 100%. A weight of 0% signifies a probability of <1% and a weight of 99% signifies a probability of >99%.

If weight is missing, an equal weight is assumed for all the components.

# 6.4.2 LPPe Common Positioning IEs

Common positioning information elements are IEs that are included in the corresponding message extensions.

# OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestCapabilities carries common IEs for a Request Capabilities message extension.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
                                   OMA-LPPe-IP-Address-RequestCapabilities
   iP-Address-RequestCapabilities
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   assistanceContainerSupportReq
                                              OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerSupportReq
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   locationInformationContainerSupportReq
                                             OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerSupportReq
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   relativeLocationChange-RequestCapabilities OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChange-RequestCapabilities
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   highAccuracyFormatCapabilitiesReq
                                               OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracyFormatCapabilitiesReg OPTIONAL,
   segmentedAssistanceData-ReqCapabilities
                                               OMA-LPPe-SegmentedAssistanceData-ReqCapabilities
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   referencePointCapabilitiesReq
                                               OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointCapabilitiesReq
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   scheduledLocation-RequestCapabilities
                                               OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation-RequestCapabilities
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                               OMA-LPPe-AccessCapabilitiesReq
   accessCapabilitiesReq
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
   segmentedLocationInformation-ReqCapabilities
                                               OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLocationInformation-ReqCapabilities
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
 - version 1.1 extension elements
   ver1-1-localCellInformation-ReqCapabilities
                                                   OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-localCellInformation-ReqCapabilities
   OPTIONAL,
   ver1-1-broadcast-RegCapabilities
                                                   OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-broadcast-RegCapabilities
   OPTIONAL,
 - version 2.0 extension elements
   ver2-0-deviceType-Request
                                                   OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-deviceType-Request
                                                                                           OPTIONAL
OMA-LPPe-IP-Address-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
}
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerSupportReq ::= SEQUENCE {
   vendorOrOperatorIDList
                                               OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorIDList
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerSupportReq ::= SEQUENCE {
   vendorOrOperatorIDList
                                               OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorIDList
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorIDList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxVendorOrOperatorIDList)) OF
                                                                           OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID
maxVendorOrOperatorIDList INTEGER := 32
OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChange-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
}
OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracyFormatCapabilitiesReq ::= SEQUENCE {
OMA-LPPe-SegmentedAssistanceData-ReqCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointCapabilitiesReq ::= SEQUENCE {
   referencePointProviderSupportListReq SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..128)) OF
```

```
OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AccessCapabilitiesReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLocationInformation-RegCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-localCellInformation-RegCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-broadcast-ReqCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   broadcastSystems SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystemID
   OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-deviceType-Request ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

**OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestCapabilities** field descriptions

*iP-Address-RequestCapabilities* This parameter is included by the server to request the target capabilities to report its local IP address(es). *assistanceContainerSupportReq* This field is used to request for the proprietary data capabilities. The following parameters may be optionally included with this request:

vendorOrOperatorIDList This parameter provides a list of vendor or operators IDs. If present, the target SHALL only report its capabilities to support assistance containers associated with these vendors and operators. If absent, the target SHALL report its capabilities to support assistance containers for all vendors and operators.

## OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestCapabilities field descriptions

*iP-Address-RequestCapabilities* 

This parameter is included by the server to request the target capabilities to report its local IP address(es).

locationInformationContainerSupportReq

This presence of this parameter indicates a request for the level of support by the target for the Location Information Container. The following parameters may be optionally included with this request:

vendorOrOperatorIDList This parameter provides a list of vendor or operators IDs. If present, the target SHALL only report its capabilities to support location information containers associated with these vendors and operators. If absent, the target SHALL report its capabilities to support location information containers for all vendors and operators.

## relativeLocationChange-RequestCapabilities

This parameter is included by the server to request the target capabilities to report relative change of location.

highAccuracyFormatCapabilitiesReq

This parameter is included by the server to request the target capabilities to report position in high accuracy format.

# segmented Assistance Data-Req Capabilities

This parameter is included by the server to request the target capabilities to support segmented transfer of assistance data. *referencePointCapabilitiesReg* 

This parameter is included by the server to request the reference point capabilities of the target.

# scheduledLocation-RequestCapabilities

This parameter is included by the server to request the target capabilities to support scheduled location.

## accessCapabilitiesReq

This parameter is included by the server to request the access type capabilities of the target.

## segmentedLocationInformation-ReqCapabilities

This parameter is included by the server to request the target capabilities to support segmented transfer of location information.

### vendorOrOperatorIDList

This parameter is used to request vendor-/operator-specific assistance data / location information capabilties.

#### *referencePointProviderSupportListReq*

This field lists the reference point provider IDs for which the support indication is requested. If absent, a support indication is requested for all reference point provider IDs that are supported by the target.

# ver1-1-localCellInformation-ReqCapabilities

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and is included by the server to request the target capabilities to support assistance data containing information for local cells.

## ver1-1-broadcast-ReqCapabilities

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and is included by a server to request the target capabilities to support reception of assistance data via broadcast. A server may indicate that it wishes to receive capabilities for certain broadcast systems. In this case, a target SHALL return its capabilities only for the requested broadcast systems. If the server does not indicate particular broadcast systems, a target should report its capabilities for standard broadcast systems and may report its capabilities for proprietary broadcast systems.

# ver2-0-deviceType-Request

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and is included by a server to request information about the OEM and chip vendor for a target device.

# OMA-LPPe-CommonlEsProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideCapabilities carries common IEs for a Provide Capabilities message extension.

```
-- ASN1START
```

OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideCapabilities ::= S	SEQUENCE {	
iP-Address-Capabilities	OMA-LPPe-IP-Address-Capabilities	OPTIONAL,
assistanceContainerSupport	OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerSupport	OPTIONAL,
locationInformationContainerSupport	OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerSupport	OPTIONAL,
relativeLocationChange-Capabilities	OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChange-Capabilities	OPTIONAL,
highAccuracyFormatCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracyFormatCapabilities	OPTIONAL,

```
segmentedAssistanceData-ProvideCapabs
                                           OMA-LPPe-SegmentedAssistanceData-ProvideCapabs OPTIONAL,
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
   referencePointCapabilities
                                            OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointCapabilities
   scheduledLocation-Capabilities
                                            OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation-Capabilities
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
   accessCapabilities
                                           OMA-LPPe-AccessCapabilities
                                                                                            OPTIONAL.
    segmentedLocationInformation-ProvideCapabs
                                            OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLocationInformation-ProvideCapabs
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
-- version 1.1 extension elements
   ver1-1-localCellInformation-ProvideCapabilities OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-localCellInformation-
ProvideCapabilities OPTIONAL,
   ver1-1-broadcast-ProvideCapabilities
                                               OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-broadcast-ProvideCapabilities
   OPTIONAL,
-- version 2.0 extension elements
   ver2-0-deviceType
                                               OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-DeviceType
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
}
OMA-LPPe-IP-Address-Capabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   iP-Address-support
                         BIT STRING {
                                            iPv4
                                                        (0),
                                            iPv6
                                                        (1),
                                            nat
                                                        (2) \} (SIZE(1..8))
                                                                                OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerSupport
                                        ::=
                                                SEOUENCE
                                                              (SIZE(1..maxVendorOrOperatorIDList))
                                                                                                       OF
                                                    OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorAssistanceContainerList
OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorAssistanceContainerList ::= SEQUENCE {
   vendor0r0peratorID
                             OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
   assistanceContainerList
                               OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerList.
}
OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1.. maxAssistanceContainerList))OF
                                                                       OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerID
                                             ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxVendorOrOperatorIDList))
OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerSupport
                                                                                                       OF
                                            OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorLocationInformationContainerList
OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorLocationInformationContainerList ::= SEQUENCE {
   vendor0r0peratorID
                                       OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
   locationInformationContainerList
                                       OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerList,
}
OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxLocationInformationContainerList))OF
                                                               OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerID
maxLocationInformationContainerList INTEGER := 64
OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChange-Capabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   numberOfChanges
                       INTEGER (1..5)
                                               OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracyFormatCapabilities ::= BIT STRING {
                                                           hAposition(0),
                                                           hAvelocity(1) } (SIZE(1..8))
OMA-LPPe-SegmentedAssistanceData-ProvideCapabs ::= SEQUENCE {
   maxSegments INTEGER (2..4096) OPTIONAL,
                   INTEGER (1..5000)
   maxSize
                                           OPTIONAL,
   minSize
                   INTEGER (1..5000)
                                           OPTIONAL,
   resume
                   NULL
                                           OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   relativeLocationReportingSupport
                                       BIT STRING {
                                                                        (0),
                                                        qeo
                                                        civic
                                                                        (1),
                                                        otherProviders (2) } (SIZE (1..8)),
   referencePointProviderSupportList
                                       SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..128)) OF
                                            OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointProviderSupportElement OPTIONAL,
```

#### OMA-TS-LPPe-V2\_0-20141202-C

```
. . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointProviderSupportElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   referencePointProvider
                                    OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
   mapDataSupport
                                     SEQUENCE {
                                         mapDataFormat OCTET STRING OPTIONAL,
                                         . . .
                                         }
                                                 OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation-Capabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
                                                OPTIONAL,
   minimumWindow INTEGER (1..1024)
gnssTimeReference GNSS-ID-Bitmap
                                                     OPTIONAL,
   networkTimeReference ENUMERATED {serving,
                                        servingOrNonServing,
                                         ... } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AccessCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   accessTypeUnknown NULL
                                                                 OPTIONAL,
                                OMA-LPPe-FixedAccessTypes
    fixedAccessTypes
                                                                 OPTIONAL,
                               OMA-LPPe-WirelessAccessTypes OPTIONAL,
   wirelessAccessTypes
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLocationInformation-ProvideCapabs ::= SEQUENCE {
   maxSegments INTEGER (2..4096) OPTIONAL,
   maxSize INTEGER (1..5000)
                                             OPTIONAL,
                                           OPTIONAL,
   resume
                  NULL
                                            OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-localCellInformation-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   localCellInformation-Support BIT STRING {gnssTiming
                                                                        (0),
                                                     networkTiming (1),
                                                                         (2),
                                                     coverage
                                                     coordinates
                                                                        (3),
                                                     frequencyAccuracy (4) } (SIZE (1..16)),
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-broadcast-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-
BroadcastSystem-Capabs
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystem-Capabs ::= SEQUENCE {
   broadcastSystemIDOMA-LPPe-verl-1-BroadcastSystemID,broadcastADTypesOMA-LPPe-verl-1-BroadcastADTypes
   broadcastADTypesOMA-LPPe-verl-1-BroadcastADTypespoint2pointADOMA-LPPe-verl-1-point2pointADtinberingOMA-LPPe-verl-1-Ciphering
                                                                    OPTIONAL,
                                                                     OPTIONAL.
                                                                     OPTIONAL,
   authentication OMA-LPPe-verl-1-Authentication
                                                                    OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-point2pointAD ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-Ciphering ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-Authentication ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
```

-- ASN1STOP

### **OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideCapabilities** field descriptions

### *iP-Address-Capabilities*

This parameter is included to report the capabilities of a target to provide its local IP addresses. The parameter is not included if the target does not support IP address reporting. The parameter contains a bit string, with a one-value at any bit position meaning a particular capability is supported and a zero-value meaning not supported. The assigned bits and corresponding capabilities are as follows.

iPv4: the target supports and can report IPv4 addresses

iPv6: the target supports and can report IPv6 addresses

nat: the target may be able to determine and then report whether an IP address is subject to NAT

# *assistanceContainerSupport*

This field lists the vendor-/operator-specific data IDs for the vendor-/operator-specific assistance data sets that the target supports.

### *locationInformationContainerSupport*

This field lists the vendor-/operator-specific data IDs for the vendor-/operator-specific location information types that the target supports.

relativeLocationChange	OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideCapabilities field descriptions
*	ed by the target to indicate its capabilities to report relative change of location.
highAccuracyFormatCa	
	ed by the server to request the target capabilities to report position in high accuracy format. The
assigned bits and corresp	
	target supports and can report OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition
	target supports and can report OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity
segmentedAssistanceDa	
This parameter is include optionally include the fol	ded by the target to indicate support of segmented transfer of assistance data. The target ma llowing fields:
maxSegments	maximum number of separate LPP messages into which assistance data should be segmented by the server
maxSize	maximum overall size of all assistance data that is transferred for segmented transfer that
	supported by the target in multiples of 1024 octets after rounding up to a multiple of 1024.
	value of 5000 for maxSize indicates that the maximum overall size is not limited.
minSize	minimum overall size of all assistance data for which segmented assistance data transf
	should be used by the server in preference to sending all assistance data in a single LF
	message
resume	included if the target can support segmented transfer with the resume capability
F1. *	. 1.1
	ed by the target to indicate its capabilities to schedule location at a requested time. The following
fields can be provided:	ow minimum time window in units of 10 ms within which the target is capable scheduling location measurements indicates the target can use GNSS time to schedule location measurements an
fields can be provided: minimumWinde	ow minimum time window in units of 10 ms within which the target is capable scheduling location measurements ence indicates the target can use GNSS time to schedule location measurements an provides the GNSS IDs that can be supported for this
fields can be provided: minimumWindo gnssTimeRefero networkTimeRe	<ul> <li>minimum time window in units of 10 ms within which the target is capable scheduling location measurements</li> <li>indicates the target can use GNSS time to schedule location measurements an provides the GNSS IDs that can be supported for this</li> <li>indicates the target can use network time to schedule location measurements ar indicates whether network time can be supported only relative to a serving cell</li> </ul>
fields can be provided: minimumWindo gnssTimeRefero networkTimeRo accessCapabilities	<ul> <li>minimum time window in units of 10 ms within which the target is capable scheduling location measurements</li> <li>indicates the target can use GNSS time to schedule location measurements an provides the GNSS IDs that can be supported for this</li> <li>indicates the target can use network time to schedule location measurements ar indicates whether network time can be supported only relative to a serving cell</li> </ul>
fields can be provided: minimumWindo gnssTimeRefero networkTimeRo accessCapabilities	<ul> <li>minimum time window in units of 10 ms within which the target is capable scheduling location measurements</li> <li>ence indicates the target can use GNSS time to schedule location measurements an provides the GNSS IDs that can be supported for this</li> <li>eference indicates the target can use network time to schedule location measurements an indicates whether network time can be supported only relative to a serving cell</li> <li>the access capabilities of the target device. The following fields can be included:</li> </ul>
fields can be provided: minimumWindo gnssTimeRefero networkTimeRe accessCapabilities This parameter provides	<ul> <li>ow minimum time window in units of 10 ms within which the target is capable scheduling location measurements</li> <li>ence indicates the target can use GNSS time to schedule location measurements an provides the GNSS IDs that can be supported for this</li> <li>eference indicates the target can use network time to schedule location measurements an indicates whether network time can be supported only relative to a serving cell relative to a serving or non-serving cell</li> <li>the access capabilities of the target device. The following fields can be included:</li> <li>nown this field SHALL be included if the target cannot determine the access types supports – e.g. if the target is using a separate wireless or wireline modem unknown type.</li> </ul>
fields can be provided: minimumWinde gnssTimeRefere networkTimeRe accessCapabilities This parameter provides accessTypeUnka	<ul> <li>ow minimum time window in units of 10 ms within which the target is capable scheduling location measurements</li> <li>ence indicates the target can use GNSS time to schedule location measurements at provides the GNSS IDs that can be supported for this</li> <li>eference indicates the target can use network time to schedule location measurements at indicates whether network time can be supported only relative to a serving cell</li> <li>the access capabilities of the target device. The following fields can be included:</li> <li>nown this field SHALL be included if the target cannot determine the access types supports – e.g. if the target is using a separate wireless or wireline modem unknown type.</li> <li>bes this field indicates the fixed access types supported by the target and SHALL I included if the target can support one or more fixed access types.</li> </ul>

	OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideCapabilities field descriptions		
segmentedLocationInformation-ProvideCapabs			
This parameter is include optionally include the fol	d by the target to indicate support of segmented transfer of location information. The target may lowing fields:		
maxSegments	maximum number of separate LPP messages into which location information can be segmented		
maxSize	maximum overall size of all location information that can be transferred using segmented transfer in multiples of 1024 octets after rounding up to a multiple of 1024. A value of 5000		
minSize	for maxSize indicates that the maximum overall size is not limited. minimum overall size of all location information for which segmented transfer is preferred by the target in preference to sending all location information in a single LPP message		
resume	included if the target can support segmented transfer with the resume capability		

## assistanceContainerList

This parameter provides a list of the assistance data containers that a target supports for a particular vendor or operator. Each location assistance data container is identified by an integer in the range 0 to 65535. The identification is vendor or operator specific and may refer to a particular type of assistance data, a particular version of assistance data or to a combination of these or to some other characteristics.

## *locationInformationContainerList*

This parameter provides a list of the location information containers that a target supports for a particular vendor or operator. Each location information container is identified by an integer in the range 0 to 65535. The identification is vendor or operator specific and may refer to a particular type of location information, a particular version of location information or to a combination of these or to some other characteristics.

# numberOfChanges

This field indicates the maximum number of relative changes of location that can be reported by the target. The default if absent is one.

# relativeLocationReportingSupport

This parameter indicates that the target supports location reporting relative to a reference point. The bit map indicates the reference point location type (geographic, or civic) supported for relative location reporting and whether the target is able to support location reporting relative to other reference point providers not listed in referencePointProviderSupportList. A one value at the bit position indicates support and a zero value no support.

NOTE: location reporting relative to other providers includes the ability to report information associated with a reference point that is not dependent on proprietary assistance data from the provider of the reference point (e.g. includes an ability to use a reference point simply to report relative location).

### *referencePointProviderSupportList*

This parameter provides a list of reference point provider IDs that the target supports for location reporting and associated attributes that the target supports within reference point assistance data for these provider IDs. This parameter SHALL NOT be included if no reference point provider IDs are specifically supported.

# mapDataSupport

This field, if present, indicates whether the target supports map data information for this reference point provider and may include additional information specific to the provider in mapDataFormat about the supported map data format(s). If this field is absent, no map data information is supported for this reference point provider.

## **OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideCapabilities** field descriptions

ver1-1-localCellInformation-ProvideCapabilities

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and provides the target capabilities to support assistance data containing information for local cells. This is signified using a bit string with the following bit assignments. A bit value of one indicates a capability is supported and a bit value of zero indicates it is not supported.

gnssTiming	indicates whether the target supports receipt of cell GNSS timing information without network timing
networkTiming	indicates whether the target supports receipt of cell GNSS timing information with network timing
coverage	indicates whether the target supports receipt of cell coverage area
coordinates	indicates whether the target supports receipt of cell coordinates
frequencyAccuracy	indicates whether the target supports receipt of cell frequency accuracy

# ver1-1-broadcast-ProvideCapabilities

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and is included by a target to provide its capabilities to receive assistance data via broadcast.

## *broadcastSystemID*

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and specifies a particular broadcast system that is supported by a target.

### *broadcastADTypes*

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and specifies the types of assistance data a target can receive via broadcast using a particular broadcast system.

### point2pointAD

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and is included when a target can support receipt of assistance data sent point to point that provides information on a broadcast system used by the server.

#### ciphering

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and SHALL be included when the target supports ciphering of LPP/LPPe broadcast messages. The absence of this parameter implies that a target does not support ciphering.

#### authentication

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and SHALL be included when the target supports authentication of LPP/LPPe broadcast messages. The absence of this parameter implies that a target does not support authentication.

## ver2-0-deviceType

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides information about a target device OEM and chip vendor. The parameter SHALL be included if available when requested by a server and should be included if available when a target sends its capabilities unsolicited.

# OMA-LPPe-CommonlEsRequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestAssistanceData carries common IEs for a Request Assistance Data message extension.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {			
approximate-location	EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid	OPTIONAL,	
assistanceContainerRequestList	OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerRequestList	OPTIONAL,	
requestPeriodicADwithUpdate	OMA-LPPe-RequestPeriodicADwithUpdate	OPTIONAL,	

```
--Cond RequestPeriodicADWithUpdate
                                   ENUMERATED {useBasic, useResume, ...}
    segmentedADpreference
                                                                                      OPTIONAL.
   segmentedADResume
                                   OMA-LPPe-SegmentedADResume
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
                                                                   --Cond segmentedTransferResume
   referencePointAssistanceReq
                                   OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointAssistanceReq
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
   . . . ,
-- version 1.1 extension elements
   ver1-1-localCellInformationReg OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-LocalCellInformationReg
                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
   verl-l-BroadcastAssistanceDataReq OMA-LPPe-verl-l-BroadcastAssistanceDataReq
                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
    ver1-1-AccessNetwork
                                           OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AccessNetworkID
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
                                          OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-GroundMorphologyModelReq OPTIONAL
   ver1-1-groundMorphologyModelReq
}
OMA-LPPe-RequestPeriodicADwithUpdate ::= SEQUENCE {
                                 OCTET STRING (SIZE(4)),
   periodicAD-session-ID
   typeOfADRequest TypeOfADRequest,
    . . .
}
TypeOfADRequest ::= ENUMERATED {
   initialRequest,
   updateAndContinueIfUpdateFails,
   updateAndAbortIfUpdateFails,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SegmentedADResume ::= SEQUENCE {
   segmentedAD-session-ID
                                       OMA-LPPe-Session-ID,
   next-segment-number INTEGER (1..4096)
}
OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointAssistanceReq ::= SEQUENCE {
   referencePointReq
                              SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointAssistanceReqElement,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointAssistanceReqElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   referencePointProvider OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
                               OCTET STRING
   mapDataReq
                                                                  OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver-1-1-GroundMorphologyModelReq ::= SEQUENCE {
   modelsReq BIT STRING {altitude(0), buildings(1)}
                                                       (SIZE (1..8)),
   refAreaParam
                           SEQUENCE {
                           Ellipsoid-Point OPTIONAL,
       northWestCorner
                          INTEGER (6..14),
       spanX
       spanY
                           INTEGER (6..14),
        . . .
       }
                   OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-LocalCellInformationReq ::= SEQUENCE {
   localCellInformationReq BIT STRING {gnssTiming
                                                                  (0),
                                               networkTiming
                                                                  (1),
                                               coverage
                                                                  (2),
                                               coordinates
                                                                  (3),
                                               frequencyAccuracy (4) } (SIZE (1..16)),
   localCellTD
                                                                      OPTIONAL,
                                   OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CellGlobalID
                                                                                   _ _
                                                                                         Cond
                                                                                                 ver1-1
cellVisible
   numberOfCells
                                   INTEGER (0..7)
                                                          OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastAssistanceDataReq ::= SEQUENCE {
   broadcastSystem OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystem
                                                          OPTIONAL,
   . . .
```

	}	
(	OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastS	ystem ::= SEQUENCE {
	broadcastSystemID cipherSets authenticationSets	OMA-LPPe-verl-l-BroadcastSystemID, SEQUENCE (SIZE (116)) OF OMA-LPPe-verl-l-CipherSetID OPTIONAL, SEQUENCE (SIZE(14)) OF OMA-LPPe-verl-l-AuthenticationSetID OPTIONAL,
	}	

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation	
RequestPeriodicADWithU	The parameter SHALL be present in a new request or modified request for	
pdate	Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer with Target Update. The field SHALL be omitted in other cases.	
segmentedTransfeResume		
ver1-1-cellVisible	This parameter SHALL be included when the target has a serving cell, or is able to receive and decode signals in a cell, that is either GSM, WCDMA or LTE.	

OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestAssistanceData field descriptions	
approximate-location	
This parameter provides an approximate location for the target device.	
assistanceContainerRequestList	
This field is used by the target to request proprietary assistance data.	

## OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestAssistanceData field descriptions

# request Periodic AD with Update

This field is used to request periodic/triggered assistance data session (accompanied by the request for the actual data). *periodicAD-session-ID* 

This field provides the periodic/triggered session ID assigned to the Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer with Update procedure.

# segmentedADpreference

This field SHALL be included if the target prefers the server to use segmented transfer of assistance data. Values can indicate "use the basic method" or "use the basic method with resume capability".

# segmentedADResume

The parameter is used to request resumption of an LPPe segmented transfer of assistance data following realease or failure and later restoration of the connection and any location session between the server and the target. The parameter includes the following fields:

segmentedAD-session-ID session ID assigned by the server for the segmented transfer segment number of next expected LPP Provide Assistance Data

## *referencePointAssistanceReq*

This field is used by the target to specify the target preference for particular types of reference point in any subsequent assistance data sent by the server that includes one or more reference points.

### typeOfADRequest

This field indicates whether this is an initial request for a new procedure, an update request where the previously agreed assistance delivery will continue if the request cannot be supported or an update request where the previously agreed assistance data delivery will be aborted if the request cannot be supported.

# referencePointReq

This field provides a list of reference point types, in the order of preference. The first reference point type in the list is the most preferred type, etc.

### *referencePointProvider*

This field defines the preferred reference point provider.

# mapDataReq

This field, if present, indicates that map data is requested for any reference point assistance data provided later by the server to the target for the indicated provider. The content of the field is specific to the reference point provider and may indicate additional information on the map format or data requested.

### OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestAssistanceData field descriptions

# ver1-1-localCellInformationReq

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and is included by the target to request information for local cells. The requested types of information are indicated using a bit string with the following bit assignments. A bit value of one indicates the information type is requested and a bit value of zero indicates it is not requested.

gnssTiming	indicates whether the target requests receipt of GNSS timing information without network timing	
networkTiming	indicates whether the target requests receipt of GNSS timing information with cell network timing. Note that when gnssTiming and networkTiming are both requested, a server SHALL provide network timing if available and supported.	
coverage	indicates whether the target requests receipt of cell coverage area	
coordinates	indicates whether the target requests receipt of cell coordinates	
frequencyAccuracy	indicates whether the target requests receipt of cell frequency accuracy	
Other fields that may be included in this parameter are:		

localCellID	this field provides the global cell ID for the serving cell or primary serving cell for the target if this is GSM, WCDMA or LTE. If the target is not served by a GSM, WCDMA or LTE network, the field provides the global cell ID of the GSM, WCDMA or LTE cell with the strongest signal that the target can receive and decode. This field SHALL be omitted when the target cannot receive and decode signals from a local GSM, WCDMA or LTE cell.
numberOfCells	number of cells for which information is requested coded as an exponent N in the range 0 to 7, where the number of cells is 2**N. Information is always assumed to be requested for the cell identified by localCellID when included.

# ver 1-1-Broadcast Assistance Data Req

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and is included by the target to request assistance data associated with broadcast of (other) assistance data. The target may include information related to a particular broadcast system of interest in which case the server SHALL return information for this broadcast system if supported including an updated list of cipher sets for any target that supports ciphering and that the target is authorized to receive according to any subscription or service agreement. If the target does not specify a broadcast system, the server may return information for any supported broadcast system consistent with the target capabilities, location and serving network.

# broadcastSystem

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and identifies a particular broadcast system. A target SHALL include in this parameter the IDs for the most recent list of cipher sets and/or authentication sets previously received from the server for this broadcast system if any of the cipher sets and/or authentication sets, respectively, are currently being used (e.g. have not yet expired). A server may use the list to deduce service previously provided to the target without the need to keep records which may assist charging.

### ver1-1-AccessNetwork

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1. and provides the identity of the access network that the target is currently using or wishes to be associated with the assistance data being requested.

### OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestAssistanceData field descriptions

### ver1-1-groundMorphologyModelReq

This field is used to request ground morphology model assistance. Ground morphology information includes ground altitude and building heights information; this information can be used to increase accuracy of position estimation. The morphology information is provided for a 2D grid of points.

### *refAreaParam*

This structure is used by the target to define the rectangular area for which ground morphology assistance data is requested. This field may be omitted if the target has no information on its reference location.

# northWestCorner

This field specifies the North-West corner of the rectangular area for which the morphology information is requested. If the target does not know its reference location this parameter is not included.

## spanX, spanY

These fields specify the width of the rectangular area for which ground morphology assistance is requested : The rectangle is oriented according to W-E and N-S directions, *spanX* defines the width in W-E direction, *spanY* defines the width in N-S direction, The North West corner of the rectangle is centered in *northWestCorner* point.

The width of the rectangle in both directions expressed in meters is given by the expression

$$\dim_{x}[m] = 2^{spanX} m$$
$$\dim_{y}[m] = 2^{spanY} m$$

Admitted values of the grid width in both dimensions are comprised between 64 m and 16384 m.

# OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideAssistanceData carries common IEs for a ProvideAssistance Data message extension.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    assistanceContainerList OMA-LPPe-AssistanceContainerProvideList
providePeriodicADwithUpdate OMA-LPPe-ProvidePeriodicADwithUpdate
                                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
                                                                            --Cond ProvidePeriodicADWithUpdate,
    segmentedADTransfer
                                             OMA-LPPe-SegmentedADTransfer
                                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
                                                                           --Cond segmentedTransferWithResume
    default-reference-point
                                               OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint
                                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
     . . .
    version 1.1 extension elementver1-1-localCellInformationOMA-LPPe-ver1-1-LocalCellInformationver1-1-BroadcastAssistanceDataOMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastAssistanceDataver1-1-groundMorphologyModelOMA-LPPe-ver1-1-GroundMorphologyModel
   version 1.1 extension element
                                                                                                    OPTIONAL.
                                                                                                    OPTIONAL
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL
}
OMA-LPPe-ProvidePeriodicADwithUpdate ::= SEQUENCE {
    periodicAD-session-ID OCTET STRING (SIZE(4)),
    typeOfADProvide OMA-LPPe-TypeOfADProvide,
}
OMA-LPPe-TypeOfADProvide ::= ENUMERATED {
    responseToInitialRequest,
    providePeriodicAD,
    responseToTargetUpdateRequest,
    serverUpdate,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SegmentedADTransfer ::= SEQUENCE {
    segmentedAD-session-ID
                                          OMA-LPPe-Session-ID,
    segment-number INTEGER (1..4096),
```

}

```
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-LocalCellInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
   ver1-1-timingInformation
                                       SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCellSets)) OF GNSS-ReferenceTime
   OPTIONAL,
   ver1-1-other-CellInformation
                                      SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxCells)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CellInformation
   OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
maxCellSets INTEGER ::= 8
maxCells INTEGER ::= 128
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CellInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
   cellID
                            OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CellGlobalID,
                            CHOICE {
   coverage
                                        Ellipsoid-PointWithUncertaintyCircle,
                            circle
                            ellipse
                                        EllipsoidPointWithUncertaintyEllipse,
                                        EllipsoidArc,
                            arc
                            polygon
                                        Polygon,
                            . . .
                                                    OPTIONAL,
   coordinates
                            EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid OPTIONAL,
   frequencyAccuracy
                            INTEGER (1..6)
                                                    OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
   broadcastSystem
                            OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastSystemID,
   accessNetworks
                            SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AccessNetworkID,
   coverageArea
                            CHOICE {
                                                Ellipsoid-PointWithUncertaintyCircle,
                                    circle
                                    ellipse
                                                EllipsoidPointWithUncertaintyEllipse,
                                                Polygon,
                                    polygon
                                    · · · 
}
                                            OPTIONAL,
                            OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastADTypes
   broadcastADTypes
                                                                     OPTIONAL.
   broadcastMode
                                CHOICE {
                                                            NULL.
                                        unencapsulated
                                        encapsulated
                                                            OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-EncapsulatedMode,
                                         . . .
                                        },
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-EncapsulatedMode ::= SEQUENCE {
   serverID
                                OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-ServerID,
   cipherSets
                                SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-CipherSet
                                                                                         OPTIONAL.
   authentication
                                SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..4)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-AuthenticationSet OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
ProvidePeriodicADWith	The parameter SHALL be present in a Provide Assistance Data for Periodic/Triggered	
Update	Assistance Data Transfer with Update. The field SHALL be omitted in other cases.	
segmentedTransferWithR	This parameter SHALL be present in each LPP Provide Assistance Data message sent to a	
esume	target when a segmented transfer of assistance data with resume capability is either started or	
	resumed.	

# OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideAssistanceData field descriptions

assistanceContainerList This field is used to deliver the requested vendor-/operator-specific assistance data.

OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideAssistanceData field descriptions		
<i>providePeriodicADwithUpdate</i> This field is used in the periodic/triggered assistance data procedure to provide the session ID and the reason for providing		
the assistance data.		
segmentedADTransfer		
This parameter provides the following fields to support segmented transfer of assistance data with a resume capability.		
segmentedAD-session-ID session ID assigned by the server which should be unique across all servers segment-number segment number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provide Assistance Data message		
default-reference-point		
	eference point applicable to other assistance data for which a reference point is associated.	
	e point is specified in the description of other applicable assistance data. The default	
· · · · · ·	vided to support location reporting relative to a reference point.	
periodicAD-session-ID		
	ID assigned to the Periodic/Triggered Assistance Data Transfer with Update procedure.	
<i>typeOfADProvide</i> This field indicates whether this	s is a response to an initial request for a new procedure, normal delivery of	
	ata, a response to an update request from the target or an unsolicited server update.	
ver1-1-localCellInformation	ata, a response to an update request from the target of an unsonched server update.	
v	a 1.1 and provides timing and other information for up to 128 CSM WCDMA and/or LTE	
cells,	e 1.1 and provides timing and other information for up to 128 GSM, WCDMA and/or LTE	
ver1-1-timingInformation		
This field applies only to LPP	e 1.1 and provides either GNSS timing information alone or GNSS timing associated with	
	of cells. For each set of cells in the latter case, GNSS timing information is provided for up	
to 16 individual cells according to the data type GNSS-ReferenceTime defined for LPP [LPP].		
ver1-1-other-cellInformation		
This field applies only to LPPe	1.1 and provides the following information for one cell:	
cellID	Global Cell ID and cell type (GSM, WCDMA or LTE)	
coverage	Engineered coverage area of the cell as given by the location uncertainty area for a particular geographic shape. Confidence if included for a geographic shape SHALL be ignored	
coordinates	Location coordinates and accuracy for the cell tower antenna	
frequencyAccuracy	Frequency accuracy for the cell encoded as follows:	
	1: <= 25 ppb	
	2: 50 ppb	
	3: 100 ppb	
	4: 250 ppb	
	<ul> <li>4. 250 ppb</li> <li>5: 500 ppb</li> <li>6: &gt;=1000 ppb</li> </ul>	

# **OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideAssistanceData** field descriptions

OMA-LPPe-ver1-1-BroadcastAssistanceData

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and provides information on assistance data available via broadcast for a particular broadcast system. The following information can be included.

broadcastSystem	the broadcast system for which information is provided
accessNetworks	the access network or networks supporting this broadcast system in the vicinity of the target
coverageArea	a continuous broadcast coverage area that includes or is close to the location of the target
broadcastADTypes	the types of assistance data being broadcast
broadcastMode	identifies whether unencapsulated or encapsulated LPP and LPP/LPPe messages are broadcast

## *cipherSets*

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and to encapsulated mode and provides a list of 1 to 16 cipher sets each containing information relevant to ciphering for some or all assistance data being broadcast using a particular broadcast system. A target SHALL replace any previous cipher sets from a particular server with any new sets from the same server. A cipher set may refer to ongoing ciphering or to ciphering that is scheduled for a later time as well as to ciphering applicable to the target location or to other locations. A target that supports ciphering should request new assistance data from a server when it detects use of a cipher set by the server that it does not possess. To help avoid periods when a target does not have the right cipher set, a target may request new broadcast assistance data once it detects that a particular cipher set used previously has not been used for a period of one hour. A server should, if possible, use a cipher set over the entire area supported by the server for a period of at least 2 hours and should stagger the change to a new cipher set by introducing the new set over the entire area a piece at a time in order to avoid all targets in the area requesting new assistance data all at the same time. When this parameter is not included, a target may continue to use any cipher sets previously received from the server.

### authentication

This parameter applies only to LPPe 1.1 and is included when a server requires a target to authenticate every assistance data broadcast message received via the indicated broadcast system. Any broadcast assistance data message received via the indicated broadcast system that cannot be authenticated (e.g. that does include a digital signature) or that fails authentication or that is received after the end of its validity period SHALL be discarded by a target. This parameter provides protection to a target against broadcast messages that may be unauthorized or fraudulent.

This parameter provides a list of 1 to 4 authentication sets each containing information relevant to authentication for some or all assistance data being broadcast using a particular broadcast system. A target SHALL replace any previous authentication sets from a particular server with any new sets from the same server. An authentication applicable to the target location or to authentication that is scheduled for a later time as well as to authentication applicable to the target location or to other locations. A target that supports authentication should request new assistance data from a server for any broadcast system for which authentication has been mandated when it detects use of an authentication set, a target may request new broadcast assistance data once it detects that a particular authentication set used previously has not been used for a period of one hour. A server should, if possible, use an authentication set over the entire area supported by the server for a period of at least 24 hours and should stagger the change to a new cipher set by introducing the new set over the entire area a piece at a time in order to avoid all targets in the area requesting new assistance data all at the same time. When this parameter is not included, a target may continue to use any authentication sets previously received from the server.

# OMA-LPPe-CommonlEsRequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation carries common IEs for a Request Location Information message extension.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    iP-Address-Request
                                      OMA-LPPe-IP-Address-Request
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
    locationInformationContainerRequest OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainerRequest
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
    requestPeriodicLocInfoWithUpdate OMA-LPPe-RequestPeriodicLocInfoWithUpdate
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL.
                                                                      --Cond RequestPeriodicLocInfoWithUpdate
    relativeLocationChange-Request
                                            OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChange-Request
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,

    localPositionRequest
    OMA-LPPe-LocalPositionRequest

    scheduledLocation-Request
    OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation-

    accessTypeRequest
    OMA-LPPe-AccessTypeRequest

    segmentedLIpreference
    ENUMERATED {useBasic, useRest

    segmentedLIResume
    OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLIResume

                                              OMA-LPPe-LocalPositionRequest
    localPositionRequest
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                             OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation-Request
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                        ENUMERATED {useBasic, useResume, ...}
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
    segmentedLIResume
                                             OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLIResume
                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                                                      --Cond segmentedTransferResume
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-IP-Address-Request ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-RequestPeriodicLocInfoWithUpdate ::= SEQUENCE {
                        OCTET STRING (SIZE(4)),
est OMA-LPPe-TypeOfloatsfa
    session-TD
    typeOfLocInfoRequest
                                    OMA-LPPe-TypeOfLocInfoRequest,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-TypeOfLocInfoRequest ::= ENUMERATED {
    initialRequest,
    updateAndContinueIfUpdateFails,
    updateAndAbortIfUpdateFails,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChange-Request ::= SEQUENCE {
    numberOfChanges INTEGER (1..5)
                                                  OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-LocalPositionRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
                     ENUMERATED { localOptional, localMandatory, localOnly, ... },
    typeOfRequest
    referencePointReq
                                         SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF
                                                   OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID
                                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation-Request ::= SEQUENCE {
    gnssTime GNSS-SystemTime OPTIONAL,
                                                                          --Cond AtLeastOne
    networkTime NetworkTime
relativeTime INTEGER (1..1024)
windowSize INTEGER (1..1024)
                                                       OPTIONAL,
                                                                          --Cond AtLeastOne
                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                                                          --Cond AtLeastOne
                                                     OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AccessTypeRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLIResume ::= SEQUENCE {
    segmentedLI-session-ID INTEGER (1..256),
next-segment-number INTEGER (1..4096)}
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
RequestPeriodicLocInfo	The parameter SHALL be present in a new request or modified request for Periodic/Triggered	
WithUpdate	Location Information Transfer with Target Update. The field SHALL be omitted in other	
	cases.	
AtLeastOne	At least one of these parameters SHALL be present	
segmentedTransferResu	This parameter SHALL be included when the server requests resumption of a segmented	
me	transfer of location information. No other location information SHALL then be requested.	

OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation field descriptions

iP-Address-Request

This parameter is included by the server to request the target to report its local IP addresses.

# location Information Container Request

This parameter specifies the list of location information containers for a specified vendor or operator that the target should provide.

# OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation field descriptions

### request Periodic Loc Info With Update

This field is used to request periodic/triggered location information session (accompanied by the request for the actual location information).

## relativeLocationChange-Request

This parameter is included by the server to request the target to report its relative change of location.

#### *localPositionRequest*

This field is included by the server to request or permit the target to report its location relative to a reference point. This request only applies when the target has information on one or more reference points and is reporting a location estimate and SHALL be ignored by the target when the target has no information on reference points or reports location measurements but not a location estimate.

# scheduledLocation-Request

This parameter is included by the server to request the target to perform all requested location measurements and obtain any other requested location information (except for information that can be computed from other information) within a scheduled time window (see note) defined by the following parameters:

gnssTime	absolute GNSS time of the start of the time window
networkTime	network time of the start of the time window
relativeTime	relative Time in seconds from current time to the start of the time window. Current time is
	defined as the time the message was received.
windowSize	width of the time window in units of 10 ms; absence of this parameter implies best effort to
	perform all measurements as close to the start time as possible

This parameter should not be included by the server and SHALL if present be ignored by the target if other LPP or LPPe parameters are present that require repeated (e.g. periodic or triggered) location information reporting by the target or if qos is present containing responseTime in *CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation* in the LPP Request Location Information. When gnssTime and networkTime are both present, the target SHALL give precedence to gnssTime if the referenced GNSS time is known to within 1ms but SHALL other otherwise give precedence to networkTime. The target SHALL give lowest preference to relativeTime when another start time is present that can be used (e.g. gnssTime is present and the target knows the associated GNSS time).

NOTE: it is required that measurement time be within the scheduled window. Measurement time refers to the time or times at which a measurement is valid - e.g. the time a measurement was completed or the time to which a measurement can reliably and accurately be adjusted.

# accessTypeRequest

This parameter is included by the server to request the access type or types currently in use by the target device.

# segmentedLIpreference

This field SHALL be included if the server prefers the target to use segmented transfer of location information. Values can indicate "use the basic method" or "use the basic method with resume capability".

### segmentedLIResume

The parameter is used to request resumption of an LPPe segmented transfer of location information following realease or failure and later restoration of the connection and any location session between the server and the target. The parameter includes the following fields:

segmentedLI-session-ID session ID assigned by the target for the segmented transfer next-segment-number segment number of next expected LPP Provide Location Information

#### session-ID

This field provides the periodic/triggered session ID assigned to the Periodic/Triggered Location information Transfer with Update procedure.

### typeOfLocInfoRequest

This field indicates whether this is an initial request for a new procedure, an update request where the previously agreed location information delivery will continue if the request cannot be supported or an update request where the prevuiously agreed location information delivery will be aborted if the request cannot be supported.

# numberOfChanges

This field indicates the number of relative changes of location to be reported by the target. The default if absent is one. The target SHALL report the indicated number of changes if available or, if not available, the number of changes that are available.

#### OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation field descriptions

### typeOfRequest

This field indicates whether local position reporting is an optional addition to reporting of absolute location, a mandatory addition to reporting of absolute location, or a mandatory alternative to absolute location (which SHALL then not be reported).

#### *referencePointReq*

This field, if included, specifies a list of desired reference points relative to which the subject location is requested in the order of preference. The first reference point in the list is the most preferred reference point, etc. Details of the reference points would have been provided to the target in previous assistance data. If no reference points are specified, the target may reports its location using any available reference point.

# OMA-LPPe-CommonlEsProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation carries common IEs for a Provide Location Information message extension.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
   highAccuracy3Dposition
                                        OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition
                                                                                     OPTTONAL.
                                                               --Cond HighAccuracy
   localPosition
                                       OMA-LPPe-LocalPosition
                                                                                     OPTIONAL.
   highAccuracy3Dvelocity
                                        OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                                                --Cond HighAccuracy
   iP-Address-List
                                       OMA-LPPe-IP-Address-List
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   locationInformationContainer
                                        OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
   providePeriodicLocInfoWithUpdate
                                        OMA-LPPe-ProvidePeriodicLocInfowithUpdate OPTIONAL,
                                                                  --Cond ProvidePeriodicLocInfoWithUpdate
                                        OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChangeList
   relativeLocationChangeList
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
   scheduledLocation
                                        OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                                                 --Cond ScheduledLocationReguested
                                                                                    OPTIONAL,
   accessTypes
                                        OMA-LPPe-AccessTypes
   segmentedLITransfer
                                        OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLITransfer
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                                                --Cond segmentedTransferWithResume
   locationInformationTimeStamp
                                        OMA-LPPe-TimeStamp
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    . . . ,
    locationSource
                                        OMA-LPPe-LocationSource OPTIONAL --Cond LocationSource
}
OMA-LPPe-LocalPosition ::= SEQUENCE {
   referencePoint OMA-LPPe-ReferencePointUniqueID, subjectLocation OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation
   subjectLocation
                               OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation
                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-IP-Address-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxIPAddress)) OF OMA-LPPe-IP-Address
maxIPAddress INTEGER ::= 5
OMA-LPPe-IP-Address ::= SEQUENCE {
   local-IP-Address CHOICE
       iPv4 BIT STRING (SIZE(32)),
        iPv6 BIT STRING (SIZE(128)),
        . . .
        },
              OMA-LPPe-Bearer,
   bearer
   nat
               BOOLEAN
                                    OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-Bearer ::= ENUMERATED {
   unknown,
   qsm,
   utran,
   lte,
```

```
wlan,
    wimax,
    dsl,
   pktcable,
    other,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ProvidePeriodicLocInfowithUpdate ::= SEQUENCE {
   typeOfLocInfoProvide OMALIDE TO SEQUENCE
                                OMA-LPPe-TypeOfLocInfoProvide,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-TypeOfLocInfoProvide ::= ENUMERATED {
   responseToInitialRequest,
   providePeriodicLocInfo,
   responseToServerUpdateRequest,
   targetUpdate,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChangeList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRelativeLocation)) OF
                                                                           OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChange
OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocationChange ::= SEQUENCE {
   relativeTime
                                 INTEGER (0..65535)
                                                          OPTIONAL.
    transactionID
                                 INTEGER (0..255)
                                                          OPTIONAL,
   relativeLocation
                                OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation,
    . . .
}
maxRelativeLocation INTEGER ::= 5
OMA-LPPe-ScheduledLocation ::= SEQUENCE {
    disposition ENUMERATED {withinWindow,
                                 outsideWindowOrNoWindow,
                                 notSupportedDueToNoCapability,
                                 notSupportedDueToNoTimeReference,
                                 notSupportedDueToConflictWithAnotherRequest,
                                 notSupportedForOtherReasons,
                                  · · · },
   actualWindow SEQUENCE {
start INTEGER (-512..511),
duration INTEGER (0..2047)
    }
                                              OPTTONAL.
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AccessTypes ::= SEQUENCE {
    accessTypeUnknown NULL
                                                                   OPTIONAL,
    fixedAccessTypes
                                 OMA-LPPe-FixedAccessTypes
                                                                   OPTIONAL,
    wirelessAccessTypes
                                OMA-LPPe-WirelessAccessTypes
                                                                   OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SegmentedLITransfer ::= SEQUENCE {
   segmentedLI-session-ID INTEGER (1..256),
    segment-number INTEGER (1..4096),
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-TimeStamp ::= CHOICE {
   gnssTime GNSS-SystemTime,
networkTime NetworkTime,
relativeTime INTEGER (0..1024
                       INTEGER (0..1024),
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-LocationSource ::= SEQUENCE {
   agnss
                        NULL OPTIONAL,
    otdoa
                        NULL
                                 OPTIONAL,
    eotd
                        NULL
                               OPTIONAL,
```

	otdoaUTRA	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	ecidLTE	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	ecidGSM	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	ecidUTRA	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	wlanAP	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	srn	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	sensors	NULL	OPTIONAL,
}			
	ASN1STOP		

Conditional presence	Explanation	
HighAccuracy	This field SHALL be present, when providing high accuracy position/velocity, i.e. when the	
	highAccuracyMethodRequested is set true in AGNSS-PositioningInstructions.	
ProvidePeriodicLocInfo	The parameter SHALL be present in a Provide Location Information for Periodic/Triggered	
WithUpdate	Assistance Data Transfer with Target Update. The field SHALL be omitted in other cases.	
ScheduledLocationReque	The parameter SHALL be present in the first or only response to an LPP Request Location	
sted	Information if scheduledLocation-Request was included by the server in OMA-LPPe-	
	CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation.	
segmentedTransferWithR	This parameter SHALL be present in each LPP Provide Location Information message sent to	
esume	a server when a segmented transfer of location information with resume capability is either	
	started or resumed.	
LocationSource	This parameter SHALL be present in each LPP Provide Location Information message sent to	
	a server when a location estimate is sent in either low accuracy format in LPP (as part of LPP	
	<i>CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation</i> ) or in high accuracy format in LPPe (as part of LPPe	
	OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation).	

# OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

### highaccuracy3Dposition

This field provides a high accuracy location estimate. This field SHALL be used to deliver the location estimate in case the server requested high accuracy GNSS method.

#### *localPosition*

This field provides a subject location in a local coordinate system, whose origin is defined by a reference point. This field may only be included when a target provides a location estimate (e.g. SHALL NOT be provided when a target provides location measurements). The field may be provided in addition to or instead of an absolute location estimate as specified in an *OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation* message in the case of a solicited response.

### highaccuracy3Dvelocity

This field provides a high accuracy velocity estimate. This field SHALL be used to deliver the velocity estimate in case the server requested high accuracy GNSS method.

### iP-Address-List

This parameter provides a list of one or more local IP addresses assigned to the target for a particular bearer.

### *locationInformationContainer*

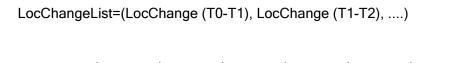
This parameter carries vendor-/operator-specific location information.

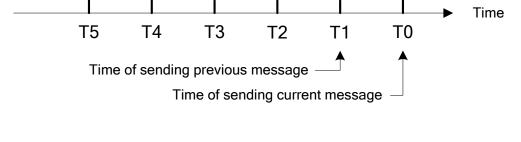
# provide Periodic Loc Info With Update

This field is used to provide periodic/triggered location information session (accompanied by the provide for the actual data).

### *relativeLocationChangeList*

This parameter provides a list of one or more consecutive relative changes in the location of the target device. The changes are relative to the times T0, T1, T2, T3 etc. when the target previously sent LPP Provide Location Information messages to the server. Here T0 represents the time of sending of the most recent LPP Provide Location Information message – i.e. the one carrying the relative changes in location; T1 represents the time of sending of the previous LPP Provide Location Information message – i.e. the one sent by the target immediately prior to T0; T2 represents the time of sending of the LPP Provide Location Information message sent by the target immediately prior to T1 etc. A segmented series of LPP Location Information messages sent by the target at almost the same time counts as one message and one time. The list of location changes sent by the target location at T0 relative to the reference location of the target at T1, the second change giving the target location at T1 relative to the reference location of the target at T2 etc. This information can be used by the server to obtain or improve the absolute location of the target – e.g. when the target is unable to provide other location information for some temporary duration.





scheduledLocation		e-CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation field descriptions
This parameter indicates	the degree	to which a scheduled location request was supported and contains the following fields.
winde		ttes whether all returned location information was obtained within the requested time or was obtained outside the window (including the case where no window wa I) or whether the request could not be supported due to no capability, no available time
actualWindow	indica obtained is define rounded exact sta window	e, conflict with another request or for some other reason. tes the precise window within which all measurements and location were actuall when a disposition value of "outsideWindowOrNoWindow" is provided. The window d by a start time relative to the requested start time in units of 10 ms and a duration up to a multiple of 10 ms with zero indicating interpolation or extrapolation to that time. This field SHALL be provided if applicable and available and if the actua can be accurately encoded. The field SHALL be omitted if the window start time of falls outside the allowed range.
accessTypes		
This parameter provides included:	the access	s type or types currently being used by the target device. The following fields can be
accessTypeUnk fixedAccessTyp		this field SHALL be included if the target cannot determine the access type in use e.g. if the target is using a separate wireless or wireline modem of unknown type. this field indicates the fixed access type or types currently in use by the target an
wirelessAccess	Гуреs	SHALL be included if the target is using one or more fixed access types this field indicates the wireless access type or types currently in use by the target and SHALL be included if the target is using one or more wireless access types
a a serie and a di tit serie of		
segmenteaLLITansfer		
capability.		owing fields to support segmented transfer of location information with a resum
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe	ession-ID er segme	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid n Information message
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe referencePoint	ession-ID er segm Locatio	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid n Information message
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe <i>referencePoint</i> This field identifies the r	ession-ID er segm Locatio	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe referencePoint This field identifies the r subjectLocation This field defines the su with the reference point	ession-ID er segme Locatio reference po bject locati	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid n Information message point for the subject location.
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe referencePoint This field identifies the r subjectLocation This field defines the su with the reference point local-IP-Address This parameter provides	ession-ID er segm Locatio reference po bject location.	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid n Information message point for the subject location.
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe <i>referencePoint</i> This field identifies the r <i>subjectLocation</i> This field defines the su with the reference point <i>local-IP-Address</i> This parameter provides <i>bearer</i> This parameter provides	ession-ID er segm Locatio reference po bject locati location. a local IPv	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid n Information message bint for the subject location.
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe <i>referencePoint</i> This field identifies the r <i>subjectLocation</i> This field defines the su with the reference point <i>local-IP-Address</i> This parameter provides <i>bearer</i> This parameter provides <i>nat</i> This parameter indicates (TRUE) or whether NAT	ession-ID er segm Locatio reference po bject locati location. a local IPv the bearer s whether N	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid in Information message point for the subject location. ion relative to the reference point. If this field is absent, the subject location coincide 4 or IPv6 address assigned to the target. associated with a particular IP address.
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe <i>referencePoint</i> This field identifies the r <i>subjectLocation</i> This field defines the su with the reference point in <i>local-IP-Address</i> This parameter provides <i>bearer</i> This parameter provides <i>bearer</i> This parameter indicates (TRUE) or whether NAT <i>session-ID</i> This field provides the with Update procedure.	ession-ID er segm Locatio reference po bject locati location. a local IPv the bearer s whether N <u>C is not use</u>	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid in Information message bint for the subject location. ion relative to the reference point. If this field is absent, the subject location coincide 4 or IPv6 address assigned to the target. associated with a particular IP address. Network Address Translation (NAT) is used or may be used for a particular IP address
This parameter provide capability. segmentedLI-se segment-numbe <i>referencePoint</i> This field identifies the r <i>subjectLocation</i> This field defines the su with the reference point <i>local-IP-Address</i> This parameter provides <i>bearer</i> This parameter provides <i>bearer</i> This parameter indicates (TRUE) or whether NAT <i>session-ID</i> This field provides the with Update procedure. <i>typeOfLocInfoProvide</i> This field indicates with	ession-ID er segm Locatio reference po bject locati location. a local IPv the bearer s whether N f is not use periodic/tri hether this	session ID assigned by the target which should be unique within the target ent number starting from 1 and incremented by 1 in each successive LPP Provid n Information message oint for the subject location. ion relative to the reference point. If this field is absent, the subject location coincide 4 or IPv6 address assigned to the target. associated with a particular IP address. Vetwork Address Translation (NAT) is used or may be used for a particular IP address d (FALSE). The default if not included is FALSE.

### OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

### transactionID

This field provides the LPP transaction ID that was used for the first or only LPP Provide Location Information message that was sent by the target when it occupied the reference location for a reported relative change in location. The indicated LPP Provide Location Information may have provided the server with the absolute value of this reference location (either directly or via measurements). Providing the transaction ID may help the server identify the particular Provide Location Information message (and hence the reference location) if there may otherwise be ambiguity. This parameter is optional and SHALL be provided if available.

#### *relativeLocation*

This parameter provides the relative change in location,

#### *locationInformationTimestamp*

This parameter provides the time or, when a time period is applicable, the most recent time for which the provided measurements or location estimate are valid. The parameter allows the following alternatives listed in priority order (highest priority first) with the highest priority alternative that is available being provided:

gnssTime	absolute GNSS time
networkTime	network time for network known by the target to be associated with the server. In all other
	cases network time SHALL have lowest priority.
relativeTime	time interval in seconds between the measurement(s) and the transmission of this information
	by the target

This parameter should not be included when all the included measurements and/or location estimate include their own timestamp(s). If the parameter is included and an included measurement or location estimate has its own timestamp, the latter SHALL have precedence. If the parameter is not included and an included measurement or location estimate does not have its own timestamp, the timestamp SHALL be assumed to be the time of location information transmission from the target.

#### locationSource

This parameter indicates the positioning technologies involved in calculating a UE-based position estimate sent by the target to the server. The parameter is encoded as a bitmap and lists the following positioning technologies:

agnss:	Assisted-GNSS
otdoa:	OTDOA on LTE
eotd:	E-OTD (GSM)
otdoaUTRA: OTDOA on UTRA	A
ecidLTE:	E-CID on LTE
ecidGSM:	E-CID on GSM
ecidUTRA: E-CID on UTRA	
wlanAP:	WLAN AP
srn:	SRN
sensors:	Sensors

If more than one positioning technology is indicated, the target calculated a final position result reported to the server by appropriately combining individual position results (hybrid positioning).

# OMA-LPPe-CommonlEsAbort

The OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsAbort carries common IEs for an Abort message extension.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsAbort ::= SEQUENCE {
    abortCause ENUMERATED {periodicADsessionStop,
        periodicADprocedureNotSupported,
        periodicLocInfoSessionStop,
        periodicLocInfoProcedureNotSupported,
```

perio	dicLocInfoProcedureNotAccepte	d,	
} periodicSessionIDtoAbort	OCTET STRING (SIZE(4))	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,	Cond periodicWithUpdate
}			

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
periodicWithUpdate	The parameter SHALL be present when a procedure for either Periodic/Triggered Transfer of
	Assistance Data with Update or Periodic/Triggered Transfer of Location Information with
	Update is aborted.

# OMA-LPPe-CommonlEsError

The OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsError carries common IEs for an Error message extension.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsError ::= SEQUENCE {
...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# 6.5 Positioning method IEs

Positioning method information elements are IEs included in the positioning method specific IEs in the corresponding messages.

# 6.5.1 AGNSS Positioning

# 6.5.1.1 AGNSS Assistance Data

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted AGNSS-based methods.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideAssis commonAssistData genericAssistData error	stanceData ::= SEQUENCE { OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistData OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistData OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Error	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
}		
ASN1STOP		

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistData

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistData is used to provide GNSS-independent assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted AGNSS-based methods.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistData ionosphericModel troposphereModel altitudeAssistance solarRadiation ccpAssistCommonProvide	::= SEQUENCE { OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModel OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModel OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceList OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiation OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
}		
ASN1STOP		

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistData

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceData is used to provide GNSS-dependent assistance for UE-based and UEassisted AGNSS-based methods.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistData ::	= SEQUENCE (SIZE (116)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGN	SS-GenericAssistDataElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistDataEle	~ (	
gnss-ID wideAreaIonoSurfacePerSVlist mechanicsForAllSVs	GNSS-ID, OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfacePerSV1: OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsForAllSVs	····· · · · ·
dcbsForAllSVs navModelDegradationModel	OMA-LPPE-AGNSS-DCBsForAllSVs OMA-LPPE-AGNSS-DCBsForAllSVs OMA-LPPE-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelL:	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
ccpAssistProvide	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericProvide	OPTIONAL,Cond CCP
navModelList	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelList (	OPTIONAL,
}		

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
CCP	The field is mandatory present, when providing continuous carrier phase assistance and
	reference time is included in the IE <i>AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide</i> . Otherwise the field SHALL NOT be present.

#### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistData field descriptions

gnss-ID

This field specifies the GNSS ID of the satellite system for which data is being provided.

#### 6.5.1.2 AGNSS Assistance Data Elements

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModel

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModel is used by the location server to provide local parameters to model the propagation delay of the GNSS signals through the ionosphere. Proper use of these fields allows a single-frequency GNSS receiver to remove parts of the ionospheric delay from the pseudorange measurements. The well-known Klobuchar ionospheric model is supported with the fields for the spatial and temporal validity. The parameters of the model can be localized where appropriate. The ionospheric storm indication reports the level of ionospheric activity in the region.

Periodic models, on the other hand, are based on the real-time GNSS observations and thus updated frequently to the target. The supported models include Wide Area Ionosphere Surface corrections that are provided to the target using the periodic AD procedure.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModel ::= CHOICE {
   staticModels SEQUENCE {
                       localKlobucharModelList OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModelList
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                       ionoStormIndication OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonoStormIndication
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                        . . .
                        }.
                   CHOICE {
   walono
                       controlParameters OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersProvide,
                       commonProvide OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceCommon,
                        . . .
                        },
}
 - ASN1STOP
```

	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModel field descriptions
localKlobucharModelList	
This field carries parameter	rs related to localized Klobuchar model.
ionoStormIndication	
This field carries information	on on the ionosphere conditions in the area.
walono	
This field carries the period	ic wide area ionosphere corrections. The field carries
controlParameters:	Control parameters of the periodic wide area ionosphere correction surface. This is a response
	to the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersRequest or a server-
	side update to the control parameters.
commonProvide:	Common part of the WA Iono assistance data

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModelList

The *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModelList* consists of multiple local Klobuchar models. The list can consist of up to 16 models. For instance, seven subsequent models, each with validity time of one hour, would result in totally seven hours of valid ionospheric model.

The local ionospheric model is given for the last known location of the target. It's possible that there are several valid models for the target location, or that the target location uncertainty area is so large that the area includes more than one model. In this case, the server can provide the target with multiple models, and the target makes the decision which model to use.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModelList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF
                                               OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModelElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModelElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   validityArea OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea,
   klobucharModel SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModel,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModel ::= SEQUENCE {
   validityPeriod OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod,
   alfa0
                   INTEGER (-128..127),
   alfal
                  INTEGER (-128..127),
   alfa2
                  INTEGER (-128..127),
   alfa3
beta0
                   INTEGER (-128..127),
                   INTEGER (-128..127),
   beta1
                   INTEGER (-128..127),
                   INTEGER (-128..127),
   beta2
```

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```
beta3 INTEGER (-128..127),
```

• • •

}

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModel field descriptions
validityArea
This field specifies the validity area of the local Klobuchar model parameters. Representation of the validity area is
described in Appendix C.1. The interpretation of the validity area is such that in case the target is within the validity area,
the target may utilize the model.
validityPeriod
This field specifies the start time and duration of the model validity period.
alpha0
This field specifies the $\alpha_0$ parameter of the Klobuchar model.
Scale factor 2 <sup>-30</sup> seconds.
alpha1
This field specifies the $\alpha_1$ parameter of the Klobuchar model.
Scale factor 2 <sup>-27</sup> seconds/semi-circle.
alpha2
This field specifies the $\alpha_2$ parameter of the Klobuchar model.
Scale factor 2 <sup>-24</sup> seconds/semi-circle <sup>2</sup> .
alpha3
This field specifies the $\alpha_3$ parameter of the Klobuchar model.
Scale factor 2 <sup>-24</sup> seconds/semi-circle <sup>3</sup> .
beta0
This field specifies the $\beta_0$ parameter of the Klobuchar model.
Scale factor 2 <sup>11</sup> seconds.
beta1
This field specifies the $\beta_1$ parameter of the Klobuchar model.
Scale factor 2 <sup>14</sup> seconds/semi-circle.
beta2
This field specifies the $\beta_2$ parameter of the Klobuchar model.
Scale factor 2 <sup>16</sup> seconds/semi-circle <sup>2</sup> .
beta3
This field specifies the $\beta_3$ parameter of the Klobuchar model.
Scale factor 2 <sup>16</sup> seconds/semi-circle <sup>3</sup> .

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonoStormIndication

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonoStormIndication provides the capability to carry ionospheric activity warnings to the target. In the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonoStormIndication the area is given as a grid, coded in the same way as the IE OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea, but instead of valid/non-valid –indications for the regions, the level of ionospheric activity in the region is indicated. The usage and the NOAA scale are explained in Appendix C.2. The ionospheric storm indication should be given for a sufficiently large area around the target.

In case the server provides several models, each for a different time period, the validity area stays the same.

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-StormElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   validityPeriod OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod,
   rleListIono
                                  OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RleListIono,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RleListIono ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..65535)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RleIonoElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RleIonoElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   regionCount INTEGER (0..255),
                  CHOICE {
   ionoIndex
                           noaaScales
                                      OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NoaaScales,
                           . . .
                           },
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NoaaScales ::=
                             ENUMERATED \{ g1, g2, g3, g4, g5, unknown, none, ... \}
-- ASN1STOP
```

	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonoStormIndication field descriptions
area	
This field sp	ecifies the area for which ionosphere storm indications are given. See Appendix C.1. and C.2 for further
information.	
stormlist	
This field pro	ovides information on the ionospheric activity in the area defined by <i>area</i> .
validityPerio	d
This field spe	ecifies the time interval over which the storm data is valid.
rleListIono	
This field spe	ecifies the ionospheric activity in the region.
ionoIndex	
This field spe	ecifies the level of ionospheric activity as explained in Appendix C.2.
regionCount	
0	dicates the number of subsequent regions with the same level of ionospheric activity. See Appendix C.2 for
further inform	nation.

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersProvide carries the control parameters of the periodic

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersProvide

Wide Area Ionosphere correction surface is another approach for providing ionosphere correction data to the target. Here real time ionosphere corrections are estimated by, say, a wide area reference station network. Ionosphere delay is calculated for each satellite by all the stations and a second-order interpolation model is estimated. The model is exploited by the target to estimate the ionosphere delay at the target position. The wide area corrections approach reduces the ionosphere residual to the decimetre-level.

The wide area ionosphere corrections are provided using the periodic AD framework. The framework handles the periodic AD session control by the inclusion of periodic AD session ID in each LPPe provide/request AD message that carries periodic AD. The WA Iono level control, on the other hand, provides the request mechanism as well the provision of the duration of the session, rate of the deliveries, the model reference position and the validity area.

The model is provided to the vicinity of the target so that the model reference position is as close to the last known location of the target as possible. The target location MUST at least lie within the validity area of the model. In case the target is moving out of the validity area, the target may update its location to the server, in which case the server may update the WA iono model control parameters to the target using the update procedure.

-- ASN1START

Wide Area ionosphere surface corrections.

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersProvide ::= SEQUENCE {			
duration	OMA-LPPe-Duration	OPTIONAL,	Cond FirstOrDurModify
rate	INTEGER(164)	OPTIONAL,	Cond FirstOrRateModify
referencePosition	Ellipsoid-Point	OPTIONAL,	Cond FirstOrPosModify
validityArea	OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea	OPTIONAL,	Cond FirstOrAreaModify
}			

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation	
FirstOrDurModify	This field is mandatory present, when providing a first message of a new WA Iono AD	
	session or when providing the modification of the duration. Otherwise it is not present.	
FirstOrRateModify	This field is mandatory present, when providing a first message of a new WA Iono AD	
	session or when providing the modification of the rate. Otherwise it is not present.	
FirstOrPosModify	This field is mandatory present, when providing a first message of a new WA Iono AD	
	session or when providing the modification of the reference position. Otherwise it is not	
	present.	
FirstOrAreaModify	This field is mandatory present, when providing a first message of a new WA Iono AD	
	session or when providing the modification of the validity area. Otherwise it is not present.	

 OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersProvide field description

 duration
 This field specifies the length of the continuous periodic assistance session.

 rate
 This field specifies the interval between the assistance data deliveries in seconds.

 referencePosition
 This field specifies the reference postion of ionospheric delay model according to WGS84 coordinates system

validityArea

This field specifies the validity area of the ionospheric interpolation model estimated by a wide area reference network. The interpretation of the validity area is such that in case the target is within the validity area, the target may utilize the model.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideArealonoSurfaceCommon

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceCommon carries the common parameters of the periodic Wide Area ionosphere surface AD.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceCommon ::= SEQUENCE {
   validityPeriod OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod,
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceCommon field desccription

validityPeriod

This field defines the validity period of the widea area ionosphere correction.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideArealonoSurfacePerSVlist

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfacePerSVlist consist of second order correction surface coefficients for each visible SV. The use of the model is explained in Appendix C.3. For more information on the usage, refer to OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersProvide. Calculating the delay using the parameters and the formula presented in Appendix C.3, yields the slant delay directly, i.e. there is no need to apply further scaling factors.

Wide Area Ionosphere Correction Surface is provided for each visible SV in each GNSS constellation for which corrections are requested. Visible in this context means an SV that can be observed within the validity area of the correction surface.

This IE is always accompanied by the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceCommon in the common part of the AGNSS AD delivery.

#### -- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfacePerSVlist ::=
                            SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfacePerSVelement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfacePerSVelement ::= SEQUENCE {
   svID SV-ID,
           INTEGER (0..8191),
   a0
   e1
          INTEGER (-4096..4095),
   n1
           INTEGER (-4096..4095),
           INTEGER (-4096..4095) OPTIONAL, --Cond SecondOrder
   e2
           INTEGER (-4096..4095) OPTIONAL, --Cond SecondOrder
   n2
           INTEGER (-4096..4095) OPTIONAL, --Cond SecondOrder
    en
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
SecondOrder	The field is mandatory present if the 2 <sup>nd</sup> -order model is being provided, otherwise it is not	
	present.	

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfacePerSVelement field desccription		
svID		
This field specifies the SV for which correction is applicable.		
<i>a</i> 0		
This parameter specifies the ionospheric delay for the SVat the reference position.		
Scale factor 0.1 TECU.		
<i>e1</i>		
This parameter describes the ionosphere first order dependency eastward from the origin.		
Scale factor 0.001 TECU/km.		
nl		
This parameter describes the ionosphere first order dependency northward from the origin.		
Scale factor 0.001 TECU/km.		
<i>e</i> 2		
This parameter describes the ionosphere second order dependency eastward from the origin.		
Scale factor $10^{-5}$ TECU/km <sup>2</sup> .		
<i>n</i> 2		
This parameter describes the ionosphere second order dependency northward from the origin.		
Scale factor $10^{-5}$ TECU/km <sup>2</sup> .		
en		
This parameter describes the ionosphere second order dependency cross-term.		
Scale factor $10^{-5}$ TECU/km <sup>2</sup> .		

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModel

The IE *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModel* is used by the location server to provide local parameters to model the propagation delay of the GNSS signals through the troposphere. Proper use of these fields allows a GNSS receiver to remove parts of the tropospheric delay from the pseudorange measurements.

There are two different parameter set options: One that provides the zenith troposphere delay components determined in a given location and the needed parameters to adjust the delay to the target's altitude. The other parameter set provides the surface pressure and optionally temperature that allow the target to compute the tropospheric delay using one of the known atmosphere models, such as the Hopfield or Saastamoinen model. Both parameter sets include the mapping function parameters that are used to map the zenith delay into the slant delay according to the satellite elevation angle.

Up to 64 parameter sets can be provided. For instance, if the target indicates that it supports multiple grid points, data can be provided for four different grid points around the target, and for four different time periods for each of the locations. If only one grid point is provided, it SHALL be the grid point that is closest to the last known position of the target. For the case of multiple grid points, the server chooses the points in the order of growing distance from the last known position.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModel ::= SEQUENCE {
    troposphereDelayList OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayList OPTIONAL,
    surfaceParametersList OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParametersList OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayList

The IE *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTropospherDelayList* is used to remove the troposphere delay from the pseudorange measurements. The main component of the local troposphere delay is the hydrostatic zenith delay. Optionally, also wet zenith delay and parameters to adjust these delay components to the user level can be given to provide a higher accuracy. Also gradients to North- and East- directions can be provided to compensate for azimuthal asymmetry of the tropospheric delay. The use of the parameters and of the mapping function are explained in Appendix C.4.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF
                                                         OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayAreaElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayAreaElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    validityArea
                                OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea,
    refAltitude
                                 INTEGER (-1000..8192)
                                                         OPTIONAL.
    gradientReferencePosition
                                Ellipsoid-Point
                                                         OPTIONAL,
    delavList
                                SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF
                                         OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayTimeElement,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayTimeElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    validityPeriod
                                OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod,
    zh0
                                INTEGER (0..4095),
                                INTEGER (0..4095)
                                                         OPTIONAL,
    eh
    zw0
                                 INTEGER (0..4095)
                                                         OPTIONAL,
    ew
                                INTEGER (0..4095)
                                                         OPTIONAL.
                                INTEGER (-8192..8191)
    qN
                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                INTEGER (-8192..8191)
                                                         OPTIONAL.
    qE
    mappingFunctionParameters
                                OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MappingFunctionParameters,
```

-- ASN1STOP

}

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayList field descriptions
validityArea
This field specifies the geographical validity area of the local troposphere model parameters.
refAltitude
This field specifies the reference altitude (from nominal sea level, EGM96) at which the delay measurements are made.
The field is optional, and if it is not included, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level.
The scale factor is 1m.
gradientReferencePosition
This field specifies the origion for the spatial gradients gN and gE. If absent, the origin is taken as the middle point of the
validity area.
delayList
This field species the troposphere delays.
validityPeriod
This field specifies the start time and duration of the local troposphere parameters validity period.
zh0
Parameter $Z_{h0}$ is the hydrostatic zenith delay (meters), measured at the reference altitude level.
The scale factor is 2 <sup>-10</sup> m.
eh
Parameter $e_h$ is the exponential fit parameter (1/m) for scaling $Z_{h0}$ to the target altitude.
The scale factor is $2^{-20}$ (1/m).
zw0
Parameter $Z_{w0}$ is the wet zenith delay (meters), measured at the reference altitude level.
The scale factor is 2 <sup>-10</sup> m.
ew
Parameter $e_w$ is the exponential fit parameter (1/m) for scaling $Z_{w0}$ to the target altitude.
The scale factor is $2^{-20}$ (1/m).
gN
$G_N$ is the gradient parameter (m) in North direction of the azimuthally asymmetric part of the tropospheric slant delay.
The scale factor is 2 <sup>-7</sup> m.
gE
$G_E$ is the gradient parameter (m) in East direction of the azimuthally asymmetric part of the tropospheric slant delay.
The scale factor is 2 <sup>-7</sup> m.
mappingFunctionParameters
Coefficients of the mapping functions.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParametersList

The IE *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParametersList* is used for providing the target with the surface atmospheric pressure and optionally temperature at a location close to the target. These parameters are the input to a chosen troposphere delay model, such as the Hopfield or Saastamoinen model, to calculate the zenith tropospheric delay. The mapping function parameters are used as described in Appendix C.4.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParametersList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParametersAreaElement ::= SEQUENCE {

validityArea OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea,

refAltitude INTEGER (-1000..8192) OPTIONAL,

gradientReferencePosition Ellipsoid-Point OPTIONAL,

parameterList SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF
```

		OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-	LocalSurfaceParametersTimeElement,
]	}		
C	MA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfacePara	metersTimeElement ::= SE	QUENCE {
	validityPeriod	OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod	l, <sup>-</sup>
	pressure	INTEGER (-10241023),	
	pressureRate	INTEGER (-128127),	
	gN-pressure	INTEGER (-128127)	OPTIONAL,
	gE-pressure	INTEGER (-128127)	OPTIONAL,
	temperature	INTEGER (-6463)	OPTIONAL,
	temperatureRate	INTEGER (-1616)	OPTIONAL,
	gN-temperature	INTEGER (-87)	OPTIONAL,
	gE-temperature	INTEGER (-87)	OPTIONAL,
	mappingFunctionParameters	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MappingF	'unctionParameters,
]	···· }		

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParametersList field descriptions

#### validityArea

This field specifies the geographical validity area of the local troposphere model parameters.

### refAltitude

This field specifies the reference altitude (from nominal sea level, EGM96) at which the surface measurements are made. The field is optional, and if it is not included, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level EGM96.

# The scale factor is 1m.

# gradientReferencePosition

This field specifies the origion for the spatial gradients gN and gE. If absent, the origin is taken as the middle point of the validity area.

#### *parameterList*

This field species the surface parameters.

#### validityPeriod

This field specifies the start time and duration of the surface parameter validity period.

#### pressure

Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude.

The scale factor is 0.1 hPa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa.

#### pressure Rate

Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period. The scale factor is 10 Pa/hour,

# gN-pressure

This field specifies the northward gradient of the atmospheric pressure. If this field is present, but gE is not given, the Eastward gradient is zero.

Scale factor 10 Pa/km.

#### gE-pressure

This field specifies the eastward gradient of the atmospheric pressure. If this field is present, but gN is not given, the Nothward gradient is zero.

#### Scale factor 10 Pa/km.

#### temperature

Local temperature measurement at the reference altitude refAltitude.

The scale factor 1K. The value is added to 273K.

### *temperatureRate*

Local temperature change rate.

The scale factor 1K/hour.

### gN-temperature

This field specifies the northward gradient of the temperature. If this field is present, but gE is not given, the Eastward gradient is zero.

Scale factor 1 K/km.

 OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParametersList field descriptions

 gE-temperature
 This field specifies the eastward gradient of the temperature. If this field is present, but gN is not given, the Nothward gradient is zero.

 Scale factor 1 K/km.
 mappingFunctionParameters

 Coefficients of the mapping functions.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MappingFunctionParameters

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MappingFunctionParameters is used for scaling the tropospheric zenith delay to the slant delay given by the satellite elevation angle. The mapping function parameters are used as described in Appendix C.4.2.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MappingFunctionParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
                                 INTEGER (0..16383),
    ah
                                 INTEGER (0..16383)
    bh
                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                 INTEGER (0..16383)
    ch
                                                           OPTIONAL,
    aw
                                 INTEGER (0..16383)
                                                           OPTIONAL,
    bw
                                 INTEGER (0..16383)
                                                           OPTIONAL,
                                 INTEGER (0..16383)
    CW
                                                           OPTIONAL,
    . . .
```

-- ASN1STOP

<b>OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MappingFunctionParameters</b> field descriptions		
ah		
a <sub>h</sub> is the a-coefficient of the hydrostatic mapping function.		
Scale factor $2^{-14}$ .		
bh		
b <sub>h</sub> is the b-coefficient of the hydrostatic mapping function.		
Scale factor 2 <sup>-14</sup> .		
ch		
c <sub>h</sub> is the c-coefficient of the hydrostatic mapping function.		
Scale factor $2^{-14}$ .		
aw		
$a_w$ is the a-coefficient of the wet mapping function.		
Scale factor 2 <sup>-14</sup> .		
bw		
b <sub>w</sub> is the b-coefficient of the wet mapping function.		
Scale factor 2 <sup>-14</sup> .		
<i>cw</i>		
$c_w$ is the c-coefficient of the wet mapping function.		
Scale factor $2^{-14}$ .		

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceList

The IE *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceList* is used for providing the target device with the surface atmospheric pressure and reference altitude measured in a location close to the target. A target device equipped with a barometer can use these values to deduce its own altitude. When multiple Area Elements are provided, they SHALL all have different validity areas (overlap of validity areas is allowed, though) or SHALL carry pressure assistance for different validity periods.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF
                                                                           OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceAreaElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceAreaElement ::= SEQUENCE {
     validityArea
                                          OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea,
    validityArea OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea,
gradientReferencePosition EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid
                                                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
    refAltitude
    refAltitude INTEGER (-1000..8192) OPTIONAL,
pressureAssistanceList SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PressureAssistanceElement,
                                          INTEGER (-1000..8192)
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PressureAssistanceElement ::= SEQUENCE{
    validityPeriod OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod,
pressure INTEGER (-1024..1023),
pressureRate INTEGER (-128..127)
gN INTEGER (-128..127)
                                        INTEGER (-128..127) OPTIONAL,
INTEGER (-128..127) OPTIONAL,
INTEGER (-128..127) OPTIONAL,
     gN
     gЕ
     . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

validityArea         This field specifies the geographical validity area of the altitude assistance.         gradientReferencePosition         This field specifies the origin for the spatial gradients gN and gE. If absent, the origin is taken as the middle point of the validity area.         refAltitude         This field specifies the reference altitude (from nominal sea level, [EGM96]) at which the surface measurements are made.         The field is optional, and if it is left out, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level.         The scale factor is 1m.         pressureAssistanceList         This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time.         validityPeriod         This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period.         pressure         Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude.         The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa.         pressureRate         Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
gradientReferencePosition         This field specifies the origin for the spatial gradients gN and gE. If absent, the origin is taken as the middle point of the validity area.         refAltitude         This field specifies the reference altitude (from nominal sea level, [EGM96]) at which the surface measurements are made.         The field is optional, and if it is left out, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level.         The scale factor is 1 m.         pressureAssistanceList         This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time.         validityPeriod         This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period.         pressure         Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude.         The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa.         pressureRate         Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
This field specifies the origin for the spatial gradients gN and gE. If absent, the origin is taken as the middle point of the validity area. <i>refAllitude</i> This field specifies the reference altitude (from nominal sea level, [EGM96]) at which the surface measurements are made. The field is optional, and if it is left out, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level. The scale factor is 1m. <i>pressureAssistanceList</i> This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time. <i>validityPeriod</i> This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period. <i>pressure</i> Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by <i>refAltitude</i> . The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. <i>pressureRate</i> Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
validity area. refAltitude This field specifies the reference altitude (from nominal sea level, [EGM96]) at which the surface measurements are made. The field is optional, and if it is left out, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level. The scale factor is 1 m. pressureAssistanceList This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time. validityPeriod This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period. pressure Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude. The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. pressureRate Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
refAltitude         This field specifies the reference altitude (from nominal sea level, [EGM96]) at which the surface measurements are made.         The field is optional, and if it is left out, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level.         The scale factor is 1m.         pressureAssistanceList         This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time.         validityPeriod         This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period.         pressure         Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude.         The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa.         pressureRate         Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
This field specifies the reference altitude (from nominal sea level, [EGM96]) at which the surface measurements are made. The field is optional, and if it is left out, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level. The scale factor is 1m. <i>pressureAssistanceList</i> This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time. <i>validityPeriod</i> This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period. <i>pressure</i> Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by <i>refAltitude</i> . The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. <i>pressureRate</i> Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
The field is optional, and if it is left out, the reference altitude is the zero nominal sea level. The scale factor is 1 m. <i>pressureAssistanceList</i> This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time. <i>validityPeriod</i> This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period. <i>pressure</i> Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by <i>refAltitude</i> . The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. <i>pressureRate</i> Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
The scale factor is 1m. pressureAssistanceList This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time. validityPeriod This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period. pressure Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude. The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. pressureRate Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
pressureAssistanceList         This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time.         validityPeriod         This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period.         pressure         Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude.         The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa.         pressureRate         Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
This field specifies the set of pressure assistance elements for different periods of time. validityPeriod This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period. pressure Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude. The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. pressureRate Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
<i>validityPeriod</i> This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period. <i>pressure</i> Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by <i>refAltitude</i> . The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. <i>pressureRate</i> Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
This field specifies the start time and duration of the altitude assistance validity period.  pressure Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude. The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa.  pressureRate Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
pressure         Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by refAltitude.         The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa.         pressureRate         Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the altitude given by <i>refAltitude</i> . The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. <i>pressureRate</i> Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
The scale factor is 10 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa. <i>pressureRate</i> Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
<i>pressureRate</i> Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
Rate of change of pressure. When calculating the pressure, the origin of time is the begin time of the validity period.
The scale factor is 10 Pa/hour,
gN
This field specifies the northward gradient of the atmospheric pressure.
Scale factor 10 Pa/km.
gE
This field specifies the eastward gradient of the atmospheric pressure.
Scale factor 10 Pa/km.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiation

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiation is used to provide information on the solar radiation intensity.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiation ::= SEQUENCE {
    solarRadiation INTEGER(1000..2000),
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiation field descriptions

solar Radiation

This field specifies the solar radiation at one AU from the Sun. Scale factor 1 Wm<sup>-2</sup>.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsForAllSVs

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsForAllSVs information element lists the satellite antenna phase center offsets for each of the SVs in the GNSS defined by GNSS-ID. Information on the use of phase center offsets can be found in Appendix C.5. The SV mass and effective combined reflectivity-area may be used for the orbit prediction purposes. Further information can be found in Appendix C.7.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsForAllSVs::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsElement ::= SEQUENCE {
                                SV-ID,
   svid
                                INTEGER(1..4095)
    mass
                                                             OPTIONAL,
    effectiveReflectivityArea INTEGER(1..511)
                                                             OPTIONAL,
    рсо
                                OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PCOelement
                                                            OPTIONAL,
    svInfo
                                SEQUENCE {
                                    svType
svNumber
                                    svType
                                                OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SVtype,
                                                INTEGER(0..1000),
                                     } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PCOelement ::= SEQUENCE {
   xOffsetSBF
                               INTEGER(-30000..30000),
    yOffsetSBF
                                INTEGER(-30000..30000),
    zOffsetSBF
                               INTEGER(-30000..30000),
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SVtype ::= ENUMERATED {
                                    gpsIIR, gpsIIRM, gpsIIF, gpsIII,
                                     glonassM, glonassK1, glonassK2, glonassKM,
                                    unknown,
                                     ...}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsForAllSVs field descriptions		
svid		
This field indicates the satellite id for which the information provided applies.		
mass		
This field specifies the SV mass. Scale factor 1 kg. See Appendix C.7 for further information.		
effectiveReflectivityArea		
This field specifies the effective combined SV solar panel reflectivity and area. Scale factor 0.1 m <sup>2</sup> . See Appendix C.7 for		
further information.		
pco		
This field specifies the SV phase center offset. See Appendix C.5 for further information.		
svInfo		
This field carries information on the satellite.		

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsForAllSVs field descriptions

### svType

This field carries information on the satellite type.

# svNumber

This field carries information on the SV number. The change in the number is interpreted as the change of satellite. For GPS SVs the number is the SVN (SV Number). For GLONASS SVs the number is the GLONASS Number.

## xOffsetSBF

This field specifies the x-coordinate offset from the SV center of mass to the SV antenna phace center in satellite body fixed coordinate frame. The coordinate frame is described in Appendix C.5. The scale factor is 0.0001 m.

# *yOffsetSBF*

This field specifies the y-coordinate offset from the SV center of mass to the SV antenna phace center in satellite body fixed coordinate frame. The coordinate frame is described in Appendix C.5. The scale factor is 0.0001 m.

# zOffsetSBF

This field specifies the z-coordinate offset from the SV center of mass to the SV antenna phace center in satellite body fixed coordinate frame. The coordinate frame is described in Appendix C.5. The scale factor is 0.0001 m.

#### \_

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBsForAllSVs

The *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBsForAllSVs* lists the differential code biases for each of the SVs in the GNSS. For each satellite, one of the signals is chosen as a reference, and the differential code biases are given with respect to this reference.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBsForAllSVs ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBlistElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBlistElement ::= SEQUENCE {
   svid
                   SV-ID,
    reference
                    SEQUENCE {
                        signal GNSS-SignalID,
                                ENUMERATED { pilot, data, notapplicable, ... },
                        pd
                         . . .
                         },
                    OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBlist,
    dcbList
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBlist ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBelement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBelement ::= SEQUENCE {
   signal
                            GNSS-SignalID,
                            ENUMERATED{ pilot, data, notapplicable, ... },
   pd
    dcb
                            INTEGER (-4096..4095),
    . . .
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBsForAllSVs field descriptions

 svid

 This field indicates the satellite id for which the information provided applies.

 reference

 The signal with respect to which the differential code biases of the other signals are given.

 dcbList

 The list of differential code biases of the signals with respect to the reference signal.

#### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBsForAllSVs field descriptions

This field indicates the signal id. The interpretation of the signal id depends on the GNSS as explained in 3GPP TS 36.355.

pd

signal

This field indicates whether the signal is pilot signal, data signal or if this indication is not applicable in this case.

dcb

This field specifies the differential code bias of the signal with respect to the reference signal.

The scale factor is  $2^{-35}$  seconds.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelList

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelList information element contains a list of elements that each have two degradation models: clock model degradation model and orbit model degradation model. Each of the elements is related to a specific SV. Navigation model degradation model is requested and provided only if the LPP message GNSS-NavigationModel is also requested. The degradation models are provided to the same set of satellites for which navigation models are provided in the LPP proper in the IE GNSS-NavigationModel. These degradation models are applicable to the navigation models delivered in the LPP simultaneously with the degradation models. The degradation models characterize the 1-sigma error.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF
                                                          OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    svid
                                    SV-ID,
    clockDegradationModel
                                    OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ClockModelDegradationModel.
    orbitDegradationModel
                                    OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-OrbitModelDegradationModel,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ClockModelDegradationModel ::= SEQUENCE {
    clockRMS0
                                     INTEGER(0..31),
    clockRMS1
                                     INTEGER(0..7)
                                                                  OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-OrbitModelDegradationModel ::= SEQUENCE {
    orbitRMS0
                                     INTEGER(0..31),
    orbitRMS1
                                     INTEGER(0..7)
                                                                  OPTIONAL,
    . . .
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelList field descriptions	
svid	
Specifies the SV for which degradation models are provided.	
clockDegradationModel	
This field provides the degradation model for the clock model.	
orbitDegradationModel	
This field provides the degradation model for the orbit model.	

### clockRMS0

This field specifies the constant term of the clock model degradation model by

$$cRMS_0 = ((1+0.1)^{clockRMS0} - 1)$$
 meters,

where *clockRMS0* = 31 denotes 'Use At Own Risk'. The range is [0, 16.45) meters. Exemplary values:

clockRMS0	cRMS <sub>0</sub>
	(meters)
0	0
1	0.10
2	0.21
5	0.61
10	1.59
20	5.73
30	16.45
31	N/A

The clock model polynomial is described in Appendix C.6.1.

The clock model degradation polynomial is used as described in Appendix C.6.1.

## clockRMS1

This field specifies the first order term of the clock model degradation model, cRMS<sub>1</sub>.

Scale factor  $2^{-14}$  m/s. Range [0, 4.3e-4) m/s.

The clock model degradation polynomial is used as described in Appendix C.6.1.

### orbitRMS0

This field specifies the constant term of the orbit model degradation model by

 $oRMS_0 = ((1+0.1)^{orbitRMS0} - 1)$  meters,

where *orbitRMS0* = 31 denotes 'Use At Own Risk'. The range is [0, 16.45) meters.

The orbit model degradation polynomial is used as described in Appendix C.6.2.

# orbitRMS1

This field specifies the first order term of the orbit model degradation model, oRMS<sub>1</sub>.

Scale factor  $2^{-14}$  m/s. Range [0, 4.3e-4) m/s.

The orbit model degradation polynomial is used as described in Appendix C.6.2.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide

The *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide* is used to provide information that is common to the CCP assistance data for all the GNSSs. This includes alternatively the CCP AD reference time (provided always together with CCP Generic AD) or CCP Control Parameters.

The CCP support area may be provided to the target based on the request or based on the server decision unsolicitedly, in case the CCP is not supported in the target area. Similarly to the neighbour list, it may be provided upon request or unsolicitedly. Before requesting the neighbour list the target should update its location to the server using unsolicited LPP Provide Location Information -procedure.

The CCP Reference Station list carries information on all the reference stations for which CCP assistance is provided. The server SHALL provide an updated reference station list, whenever there is a change to the set of reference stations for which AD is being provided for.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide ::= CHOICE {
    ccpProvideCommonParameters OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPprovideCommonParameters, ccpProvideControlParameters OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPprovideControlParameters,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPprovideCommonParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    ccpReferenceTime
                                          GNSS-SystemTime,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPprovideControlParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    ccpSupportArea OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupportArea
ccpNeighborList OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceSta
                                                                               OPTIONAL,
                               OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationList OPTIONAL,
    duration
                                OMA-LPPe-Duration
                                                                                OPTIONAL, --Cond FirstOrDurModify
                                                                               OPTIONAL, --Cond FirstOrRateModify
                                INTEGER(1..64)
    rate
    ccpReferenceStationList OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationList OPTIONAL, --Cond FirstOrRefModify
    . . .
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
FirstOrDurModify	This field is mandatory present, when initiating a new CCP AD session or when modifying	
	the duration. Otherwise it is not present.	
FirstOrRateModify	This field is mandatory present, when initiating a new CCP AD session or when modifying	
	the rate. Otherwise it is not present.	
FirstOrRefModify	This field is mandatory present, when initiating a new CCP AD session or when modifying	
	the list of the active reference stations (new reference stations or after stopping CCP AD for a	
	set of reference stations). This field is included always, when there are changes to the active	
	set of reference stations for which CCP AD is provided. Otherwise it is not present.	

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide field descriptions			
ccpProvideCommonParameters			
This field defines the CCP-specific common parameters.			
ccpProvideControlParameters			
This field defines the CCP-specific control parameters.			
ccpReferenceTime			
This field defines the reference time for the CCP assistance data delivery. This field SHALL be accompanied b			
ccpAssistProvide in the generic part of the AGNSS AD for at least one GNSS.			
ccpSupportArea			
This field provides information on the area, in which CCP is supported.			
ccpNeighborList			
This field provides information on the possible neighbour reference stations.			
duration			
This field specifies the length of the continuous periodic assistance session.			
rate			
This field specifies the interval between the assistance data deliveries in seconds.			

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide field descriptions

ccpReferenceStationList

This field provides the locations of the reference stations for which CCP assistance is being provided. The set of reference stations SHALL be static during the CCP AD session unless the target explicitly requests for new reference stations or requests removing stations from the active set. The reference stations SHALL be static.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupportArea

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupportArea is used to provide information on the area to which CCP assistance can be provided and for which GNSS signals in the area the assistance can be provided.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupportArea ::= SEQUENCE {
    areaDescription OMA-LPPe-ValidityArea,
    signalSupport SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsignalSupport,
    ...
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsignalSupport ::= SEQUENCE {
    gnss GNSS-ID,
    signals GNSS-SignalIDs,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupportArea field descriptions		
areaDescription		
This field provides the description of the area.		
signalSupport		
This field provides the GNSS signal support information.		
gnss		
This field specifies the GNSS.		
signals		
This field specifies the GNSS signal types for which CCP assistance can be provided in the area. This is represented by a		
bit string in GNSS-SignalIDs, with a one-value at the bit position means CCP assistance for the particular GNSS signal		

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationList

type is supported; a zero-value means not supported.

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationList is used to provide the locations and ID numbers of the reference stations for which CCP assistance is provided or information on the nearby reference stations for the purposes of reference station change.

In order to receive a valid neighbour list the target should update its location to the server in case the target moves. The server SHALL generate the neighbour list based on the last known location of the target.

Note that the empty neighbour list does not imply the server being unable to change the reference station (there might not be neighbour list in case the server generates reference stations dynamically). Neither does the non-empty neighbour list imply the server being able to provide CCP AD for multiple reference station to the target simultaneously (required for the reference station change).

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(0..maxReferenceStations)) OF

	OMA-LPPe-A0	GNSS-CCPreferenceStationElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStat referenceStationID referenceStationLocation antennaDescription	ionElement ::= SEQUENCE { OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationID, OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition, OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AntennaDescription	OPTIONAL,Cond IfPhysical
}		

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation	
IfPhysical	The field is mandatory present, if the reference station is a physical one. It is not present, if the	
	reference station is a virtual one.	

#### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationList field descriptions

<b>rr</b>		
referenceStationID		
This field defines the ID of the reference station.		
referenceStationLocation		
This field defines the location of the reference station, of which ID is <i>referenceStationID</i> .		
antennaDescription		
This field specifies the antenna type used at the reference station.		

cnr

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericProvide

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CPPassistGenericProvide is used by the location server to provide continuous carrier phase reference measurement assistance to the target device for a specific GNSS. Reference assistance can be provided for multiple reference stations (for the purposes of multi-baseline solution or reference station change, see Appendix D.1.5) and for up to 8 signals per GNSS and for up to 64 SVs in each constellation. CCP Assistance is provided only for the visible satellites. The IE supports a straightforward mapping from RTCM 10403.1.

# -- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericProvide ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxReferenceStations)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericProvideElement OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericProvideElement::= SEQUENCE { referenceStationID OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationID, ccpPerSignalList SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPperSignalElement, } OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPperSignalElement ::= SEQUENCE { signal-ID GNSS-SignalID, ccpPerSVlist SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPperSVelement, . . . } OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPperSVelement::= SEQUENCE { SV-ID, svID integerCodePhase INTEGER(0..255) codePhase INTEGER(0..14989622), OPTIONAL, --Cond IfAvailable IntegercodernationINTEGER(0.. 14989622),codePhaseINTEGER(0.. 14989622),codePhaseErrorOMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CodePhaseErrorphaseRangeDeltaINTEGER(-524288.. 524287),phaseRangeRMSerrorINTEGER(0..127)lockIndicatorBOOLEAN, } OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CodePhaseError ::= CHOICE { codePhaseRMSError INTEGER(0..63), INTEGER(0..255),

• • •

}

-- ASN1STOP

*referenceStationID* 

~	
Conditional presence	Explanation
IfAvailable	The server SHALL make the best effort to include the information.

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericProvide field descriptions

# This field defines the ID of the reference station to which the CCP assistance is provided. The ID SHALL match with one of the reference station IDs provided in ccpReferenceStationList in OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide. svID This field identifies the SV for which CCP assistance is being provided. *integerCodePhase* This field indicates the integer milli-second part of the code phase. *codePhase* This field contains the sub-millisecond part of the code phase observation for the particular satellite signal at the reference time (in AGNSS-CCPassistCommonProvide). Scale factor 0.02 meters. Range [0, 299792.44] meters, The target SHALL reconstruct the full pseudorange by Pseudorange = (Integer Code Phase) + (Code Phase) after the appropriate scaling. If (Integer Code Phase) is not available, the target SHALL reconstruct the integer code phase using the knowledge on the reference station location. *phaseRangeDelta* This field defines the (Phase Range – Pseudorange). Scale factor 0.5 mm. Range [-262.144, 262.1435] meters. phaseRangeRMSerror This field contains the RMS error of the continuous carrier phase. Scale factor $2^{-10}$ meters, in the range [0, 0.12403) meters. lockIndicator This field is set to true if the carrier phase tracking has been continuous between the previous and the current assistance data delivery. If false, a cycle slip has occurred. *codePhaseRMSError*

This field contains the pseudorange RMS error value. This parameter is specified according to a floating-point representation defined in the corresponding table in 3GPP TS 36.355 in section "GNSS-MeasurementList".

cnr

Carrier-to-noise ratio. Scale factor 0.25 dB-Hz. Range [0, 63.75] dB-Hz.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelList

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelList provides navigation models for SVs.

-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelList ::= SEQUENCE {
 coordinateBased OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-CoordinateBased OPTIONAL, --Cond ModelId-1
 ...
}
-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation	
ModelId-1	This field SHALL be included, if the target requests Navigation Model with ID=1 and the	
	server can provide that. Otherwise it is not present.	

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-CoordinateBased

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-CoordinateBased is used to provide the SV position, velocity and clock information at discrete points in time. The format supports a straightforward mapping from [RFC3986]. Up to 97 discrete PVT records may be provided – given 15-minute spacing between the records, 97 records are sufficient for providing information for 24 hours. The server SHALL provide velocity and clock rate records to the target, if the server has the records available. However, the availability cannot be guaranteed and, thus, the target MUST also be capable of autonomously deriving the velocity and clock rate information from the position and clock records.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-CoordinateBased ::= SEQUENCE {
   fixedInterval
                  SEQUENCE {
                       beginTime
                                   GNSS-SystemTime,
                       interval
                                   INTEGER(1..30),
                        } OPTIONAL, --Cond FixedInterval
                   SEQUENCE {
   bases
                       baseForPosVel INTEGER(-100000000..10000000)
                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                       baseForCcRate OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber
                                                                          OPTTONAL.
                        } OPTIONAL, --Cond DefaultsNotApplicable
                   ENUMERATED { centerOfMass, antennaPhaseCenter, ... },
   referencedTo
                   SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..97)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-CoordinateBasedElement,
   pointList
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-CoordinateBasedElement::= SEQUENCE {
   time-of-record GNSS-SystemTime OPTIONAL, --Cond NoFixedInterval
   svIdList
                   SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-PVTelement,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-PVTelement ::= SEQUENCE {
    svID
                       SV-ID.
   svClockOffset
                       OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber,
   ecefPositionX
                       OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber,
   ecefPositionY
                       OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber,
   ecefPositionZ
                       OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber,
   clockPosSTD
                       OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-STDmatrix,
                       SEQUENCE {
   rateRecord
                               svClockRate
                                                   OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber,
                                                 OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber,
                               ecefVelocityX
                               ecefVelocityY
                                                   OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber,
                               ecefVelocityZ
                                                   OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber,
                               clockRateVelSTD
                                                   OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-STDmatrix,
                                } OPTIONAL, --Cond RateAvailable
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-BigNumber::= SEQUENCE {
   msb
         INTEGER(-100000000..100000000),
           INTEGER(1..100)
    lsb
                                               OPTIONAL,
    . . .
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModel-STDmatrix ::= SEQUENCE {
   e11
         INTEGER(0..1000),
    e22
           INTEGER(0..1000),
    e33
           INTEGER(0..1000),
         INTEGER(0..1000000),
   e44
```

	e12	INTEGER(01000000)	OPTIONAL,	Cond	CrossTermAvailable
	e13	INTEGER(01000000)	OPTIONAL,	Cond	CrossTermAvailable
	e14	INTEGER(01000000)	OPTIONAL,	Cond	CrossTermAvailable
	e23	INTEGER(01000000)	OPTIONAL,	Cond	CrossTermAvailable
	e24	INTEGER(01000000)	OPTIONAL,	Cond	CrossTermAvailable
	e34	INTEGER(01000000)	OPTIONAL,	Cond	CrossTermAvailable
}					

Conditional presence	Explanation	
FixedInterval	This field SHALL be included, when the records are distributed evenly in time. Otherwise it is	
	not present.	
NoFixedInterval	This field SHALL be included, when the records are not distributed evenly in time. Otherwise	
	it is not present.	
DefaultsNotApplicable	This field SHALL be included, in case the default scaling factors need to be overridden.	
	Otherwise it is not present.	
RateAvailable	This field SHALL be included, in case the server can provide velocity and clock rate records	
	to the target. Otherwise it is not present.	
CrossTermAvailable	This field SHALL be included, in case the server can provide the non-diagonal components.	
	Otherwise it is not present.	

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelCoordinateBased field descriptions

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelCoordinateBased field descriptions

### beginTime

In case the position-velocity records have constant intervals, this field is used to provide the time of the first record. *interval* 

In case the position-velocity records have constant intervals, this field is used to provide the interval between the records. Scale factor 1 minute.

In case the records are given at fixed temporal intervals, the time of the record can be deduced by

time-of-record = begin time + (index of the record in the point list sequence) \* interval,

where it has been assumed that the indexing begins from zero.

### baseForPosVel

The default scaling factors for position and velocity are  $10^{-6}$  km (mm) and  $10^{-6}$  dm/s, respectively. This field can be used to override the default scaling factors. In case the field is included, scaling the value with  $10^{-7}$  results in the scaling factor for position records in millimetres. Likewise scaling the value with  $10^{-7}$  results in the scaling factor for velocity records in the units of  $10^{-6}$  dm/s.

For instance, if the value in the *baseForPosVel* field is 1250000, scaling the value with  $10^{-7}$  results in 1.25. Thus the scaling factor for position records will be 1.25 mm and  $1.25 \times 10^{-6}$  dm/s for the velocity records, respectively.

#### baseForCcRate

The default scaling factors for clock and clock rate are  $10^{-6} \,\mu s$  (ps) and  $10^{-10} \,\mu s/s$  ( $10^{-4} \,ps/s$ ), respectively. This field can be used to override the default scaling factors. In case the field is included, the new scaling factors for clock and clock rate are given by

clock:	$(\text{ value}_{MSB} * 10^{-7} + \text{value}_{LSB} * 10^{-9}) 10^{-6}  \mu s  (ps)$
clock rate:	(value MSB $*10^{-7}$ + value LSB $*10^{-9}$ ) $10^{-10}$ µs/s ( $10^{-4}$ ps/s)

For instance, if the value in the *baseForCcRate* field is 1250000 (only MSB part used), scaling the value with  $10^{-7}$  results in 1.25. Thus the scaling factor for the clock record will be 1.25 ps and 1.25 \*  $10^{-4}$  ps/s for the clock rate record,

referencedTo

Indicated, if the navigation model is referenced to the SV center-of-mass or the antenna phase center.

time-of-record

In case the records do not have constant intervals, this field is used to indicate the epoch time.

svID

Identifies the satellite for which data is being provided.

#### svClockOffset

This field specifies the SV clock offset. The default scaling factor for the MSB part is  $10^{-4} \mu s$  and for the LSB part  $10^{-6} \mu s$ . The total clock offset is given by

value\_MSB \*  $10^{-4} \mu$ s + value\_LSB \*  $10^{-6} \mu$ s.

The scaling factors are affected by *baseForCcRate*.

ecefPositionX, ecefPositionY, ecefPositionZ

This field specifies the satellite position in the WGS84 ECEF system. The default scaling factor for the MSB part is  $10^{-4}$  km and for the LSB part  $10^{-6}$  km. The position is given by

value\_MSB \*  $10^{-4}$  km + value\_LSB \*  $10^{-6}$  km.

The scaling factors are affected by baseForPosVel.

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelCoordinateBased field descriptions clockPosSTD This field specifies the Clock-Position STD Matrix in the following manner: x pos y pos z pos clock x pos $e_{11}$  $e_{12}$  $e_{13}$  $e_{14}$ y pos $e_{12}$  $e_{22}$  $e_{23}$  $e_{24}$ z pos $e_{13}$  $e_{23}$  $e_{33}$  $e_{34}$ clock $e_{14}$  $e_{24}$  $e_{34}$  $e_{44}$ Scaling factor for positioning components is mm and for clock component ps. The scaling factor for the cross-components is mm\*ps, respectively. Scaling factors are not affected by *baseForPosVel* and *baseForCcRate*. svClockRate This field specifies the rate of the SV clock offset. The default scaling factor for the MSB part is 10<sup>-8</sup> µs/s and for the LSB part  $10^{-10}$  µs/s. The total clock offset is given by value\_MSB \*  $10^{-8} \,\mu s/s + value \, LSB * 10^{-10} \,\mu s/s$ . The scaling factors are affected by *baseForCcRate*. ecefVelocityX, ecefVelocityY, ecefVelocityZ This field specifies the satellite position in the WGS84 ECEF system. The default scaling factor for the MSB part is  $10^{-4}$ dm/s and for the LSB part  $10^{-6}$  dm/s. The velocity is given by value MSB \*  $10^{-4}$  dm/s + value LSB \*  $10^{-6}$  dm/s. The scaling factors are affected by *baseForPosVel*. *clockRateVelSTD* This field specifies the Clock Rate - Velocity STD Matrix in the following manner: x vel y vel z vel clock rate x vel $e_{11}$  $e_{12}$  $e_{13}$  $e_{14}$ y vel $e_{12}$  $e_{22}$  $e_{23}$  $e_{24}$ z vel $e_{13}$  $e_{23}$  $e_{33}$  $e_{34}$ clock rate $e_{14}$  $e_{24}$  $e_{34}$  $e_{44}$ Scaling factor for velocity components is  $10^{-4}$  mm/s and for clock component  $10^{-4}$  ps/s. The scaling factor for the crosscomponents is  $10^{-4}$  mm/s \* $10^{-4}$  ps/s, respectively. Scaling factors are not affected by *baseForPosVel* and *baseForCcRate*.

# 6.5.1.3 AGNSS Assistance Data Request

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted AGNSS-based methods.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestAssis	tanceData ::= SEQUENCE {	
commonAssistDataReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistanceDataReq	OPTIONAL,
genericAssistDataReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDataReq	OPTIONAL,

... } -- ASN1STOP

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistanceDataReq

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistanceDataReq is used to request GNSS-independent assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted AGNSS-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistanceDataReq ::= SEQUENCE {

ionosphericModelReq OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelReq OPTIONAL,

troposphereModelReq OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModelReq OPTIONAL,

altitudeAssistanceReq OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceReq OPTIONAL,

solarRadiationRequest OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiationReq OPTIONAL,

ccpRequestControlParameters OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPrequestControlParameters OPTIONAL,

...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistanceDataReq field descriptions		
ionosphereModelReq		
This field is used to request for ionosphere models.		
troposphereModelReq		
This field is used to request troposphere models.		
altitudeAssistanceReq		
This field is used to request altitude assistance for improved availability.		
solarRadiationReq		
This field is used to request for solar radiation intensity.		
ccpRequestControlParameters		
This field is used to request for the control parameters of the CCP AD session. The field SHALL be accompanied by the		
field ccpAssistGenericReq in the generic part of the AGNSS request.		

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDataReq

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDataReq is used to request GNSS-dependent assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted AGNSS-based methods.

ASN1START	
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDa	taReq ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (116)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistDataReqElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistDataRe	qElement ::= SEQUENCE {
gnss-ID	GNSS-ID,
waIonoSurfaceReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WalonoSurfaceRequest OPTIONAL,Cond Waiono
mechanicsReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsReq OPTIONAL,
dcbReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBreq OPTIONAL,
navModelDegradationModelReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelReq OPTIONAL,
ccpAssistGenericReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericReq OPTIONAL,Cond CCPreq
navigationModelReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelReq OPTIONAL,
}	

Conditional presence	Explanation	
WAiono	The field SHALL be present only, when initiating the periodic AD session for WA Ionosphere	
	Corrections, i.e. it is not possible to change the GNSSs for which corrections are provided	
	intra-session.	
CCPreq	The field SHALL be present, when requesting a new CCP assistance data session, i.e. when requesting a reference station (based on position or ID) for the first time during the AD session.	
	The field SHALL NOT be present, when requesting an update to the AD session or CCP control parameters, i.e. it is not possible to change the requested GNSSs and signals during the CCP session.	

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDataReq field descriptions		
waIonoSurfaceReq		
This field specifies, if wide area ionosphere correction surface is requested for the SVs of this GNSS. The GNSS-		
independent request parameters for the wide area model are carried in OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelReq.		
mechanicsReq		
This field is used for requesting the SV mechanics information.		
dcbReq		
This field is used for requesting the differential code biases to gain higher accuracy.		
navModelDegradationModelReq		
This field is used for requesting the accuracy models for the SV orbit and clock models to get a better understanding of the		
accuracy of the computed position.		
ccpAssistGenericReq		
This field is used to request for the CCP reference assistance data for high accuracy.		
navigationModelReq		
This field is used to request for the navigation models defined in LPPe.		

# 6.5.1.4 AGNSS Assistance Data Request Elements

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelReq

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelReq is used by the target device to request for the ionospheric model from the location server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelReq ::= CHOICE {
   staticModels SEQUENCE {
                 BIT STRING {klobucharModel (0),
        ionoreq
                                        ionoStormWarning (1) } (SIZE (1..8)),
       requestBeginTime GNSS-SystemTime
duration OMA-LPPe-Duration,
                                                  OPTIONAL,
        . . .
    },
    periodicModels SEQUENCE {
        waIonoSurface OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersRequest,
        . . .
    },
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelReq field descriptions

*staticModels* This field is used to request for the one-shot ionosphere models.

#### ionoreq

This field specifies, which ionosphere models are being requested for.

If bit 0 is set, the local Klobuchar model, as specified in OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalKlobucharModel, is requested.

If bit 1 is set, ionosphere storm warnings, as specified in OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonoStormIndication, are requested.

### requestBeginTime

This field specifies the first time instant when an ionosphere model is needed. The field is optional, and if it is missing, the begin time is the current time.

### duration

This field specifies for how long period the ionospheric model is requested.

### *periodicModels*

This field is used to request for periodic ionosphere models. These ionosphere model types utilizes the periodic AD procedure and thus their use mandates the inclusion of periodic AD control parameters in the common part of the AD request.

### waIonoSurface

This field is used for requesting Wide Area ionosphere surface corrections as specified in Appendix C.3. When initiating the WA Ionosphere session, the field is accompanied by the corrections request for specific GNSSs in the generic part of the AGNSS AD request. WA Ionosphere AD is periodic AD type and is thus also accompanied by periodic/triggered session ID in the common AD request parameters.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideArealonoSurfaceControlParametersRequest

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersRequest is used by the target device to request for the periodic ionosphere corrections from the location server.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
    duration OMA-LPPe-Duration OPTIONAL, --Cond FirstOrDurModify
    rate INTEGER(1..64) OPTIONAL, --Cond FirstOrRateModify
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
FirstOrDurModify	This field is mandatory present, when initiating a new WA Iono AD session or when	
	requesting for the modification of the duration. Otherwise it is not present.	
FirstOrRateModify	This field is mandatory present, when initiating a new WA Iono AD session or when	
	requesting for the modification of the rate. Otherwise it is not present.	

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WideAreaIonoSurfaceControlParametersRequest field descriptions
duration
This field specifies the length of the continuous periodic assistance session.
rate
This field specifies the interval between the assistance data deliveries in seconds.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModelReq

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModelReq is used by the target device to request the local OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModel assistance from the location server.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModelReq troposphereModelReq	::= SEQUENCE { BIT STRING {delay (0),
	<pre>surface (1) } (SIZE (18)),</pre>
supportForMultipleGridPoints	BOOLEAN,
requestBeginTime	GNSS-SystemTime OPTIONAL,
duration	OMA-LPPe-Duration,

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModelReq field descriptions

#### troposphereModelReq

This bit string field specifies the desired model or models. One-value at bit position 0 indicates that the OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereDelayList -model is requested, and one-value at bit position 1 indicates the request for the OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParameterList -model.

#### *supportForMultipleGridPoints*

This field indicates if the target is requesting parameter sets originating from multiple locations around it (value 1). Value 0 means that only the nearest grid point parameters are requested.

#### *requestBeginTime*

This field specifies the first time instant when a valid troposphere model is needed. The field is optional, and if it is missing, the begin time is the current time.

duration

This field specifies how long time the tropospheric model is requested for.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceReq

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceReq is used by the target device to request the local OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceList from the location server.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceReq ::= SEQUENCE {

requestBeginTime GNSS-SystemTime OPTIONAL,

duration OMA-LPPe-Duration OPTIONAL,

...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceReq field descriptions

### *requestBeginTime*

This field specifies the first time instant when altitude assistance is needed. The field is optional, and if it is missing, the begin time is the current time.

### duration

This field specifies how long time the altitude assistance is requested for. In case the parameter is omitted, altitude assistance is requested for the current moment.

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiationReq

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiation is used by the target device to request the Solar radiation intensity.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiationReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WalonoSurfaceRequest

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WalonoSurfaceRequest is used by the target device to request the wide area ionosphere correction surface.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-WalonoSurfaceRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelReq

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelReq is used by the target device to request the navigation model degradation models for the SVs.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelDegradationModelReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBreg

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBreq is used to request differential code bias assistance.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBreq ::= SEQUENCE {

reference SEQUENCE {

    signal GNSS-SignalID,

    pd ENUMERATED { pilot, data, notapplicable, ... },

    ...

    }

    OPTIONAL,

    ...

}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBreq field descriptions

reference

The signal with respect to which the differential code biases of the other signals are requested.

signal

This field indicates the signal id. The interpretation of the signal id depends on the GNSS as explained in 3GPP TS 36.355 [LPP].

```
pd
```

This field indicates whether the signal is pilot signal, data signal or if this indication is not applicable in this case.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsReq

The *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsReq* is used to request SV mechanical information including phase-center offset, mass and effective area-reflectivity information. The SVs mechanics information can be used for extending the orbit information applicability in the target. See Appendix C.7 for further information.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsReq::= SEQUENCE {

    massRequest BOOLEAN,

    effectiveReflectivityAreaRequest BOOLEAN,

    pcoRequest BOOLEAN,

    svInfoRequest BOOLEAN,

    ...

}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsReq field descriptions
massRequest
This field is used to request for the mass information for all the SVs.
effectiveReflectivityAreaRequest
This field is used to request for the effective combined reflectivity-area information for all the SVs.
pcoRequest
This field is used to request for the phase-center offset information for all the SVs.
svInfoRequest
This field is used to request for the satellite type information for all the SVs.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPrequestControlParameters

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPrequestControlParameters is used to request continuous carrier phase assistance or an update to the CCP control parameters. Continuous carrier phase information together with the knowledge on the reference station position allows for deducing the high accuracy baseline between the target and the reference station by solving the full cycle integer ambiguities. Using the control parameters the target may request for the information on the area, in which CCP is supported, information on the neighbouring reference stations and request for a new reference station or stopping a CCP assistance data delivery to a given reference station.

The periodic AD procedures related to the CCP AD are illustrated in Appendix D.1 for reference.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPrequestContro	lParameters ::= SEQUENCE {	
ccpSupportAreaRequest	NULL OPTIONAL	1,
ccpNeighborListRequest	NULL OPTIONAL	1,
ccpCommonRequest	SEQUENCE {	
duration		OPTIONAL,Cond FirstOrDurModify
rate		OPTIONAL,Cond FirstOrRateModify
refStation	CHOICE {	
-	-	SEQUENCE {
	puestedReferenceStationLocatio	
qor		OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-QoR,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
idBased	ReferenceStationRequest	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ReferenceStationIDlist,
	-	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ReferenceStationIDlist,
} OPTIC	NAL,Cond FirstOrRefModify	
},		
· · · ·		

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ReferenceStationIDlist ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxReferenceStations)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationID

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-QoR ::= ENUMERATED {m10, km1,km10,km100, ...}

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
FirstOrDurModify	This field is mandatory present, when initiating a new CCP AD session or when requesting for
	the modification of the duration. Otherwise it is not present.
FirstOrRateModify	This field is mandatory present, when initiating a new CCP AD session or when requesting for
	the modification of the rate. Otherwise it is not present.
FirstOrRefModify	This field is mandatory present, when initiating a new CCP AD session or when requesting for
	the modification of the active reference station list (new reference stations or stopping CCP
	AD for a set of reference stations). Otherwise it is not present.

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPRequestControlParameters field descriptions

### ccpSupportAreaRequest

This field specifies, if the target requests for the information on the CCP assistance availability in the target area.

### ccpNeighborListRequest

This field specifies, if the target requests for the information on the reference stations in the vicinity of the target. The neighbour list information is used for the purposes of changing the reference station.

#### ccpCommonRequest

This field is used to request for a new reference station or stopping CCP AD delivery for a reference station.

duration

This field specifies the length of the continuous periodic assistance session.

rate

This field specifies the interval between the assistance data deliveries in seconds.

refStation

This field specifies the request/modification of the active reference station set. The modification is used, when requesting CCP assistance for a new reference station for the reference station change and, after the reference station change, stopping the CCP assistance for the old reference station.

### requestedReferenceStationLocation

This field is used to request for a new reference station based on the position. The position may or may not be the target position.

qor

This field (Quality-of-Reference station) defines how close to the requested location the closest reference station MUST be. In case the closest reference station is within the uncertainty area of the target location, the QoR parameter is neglected.

Note: Fulfilling QoR=10 m requires that a virtual reference receiver is generated at the requested location. Baselines up to 10 km are feasible with single frequency receivers and longer baselines require multi-frequency receivers

### *idBasedReferenceStationRequest*

This field allows for requesting CCP AD for a new reference station based on the reference station ID.

#### referenceStationKillList

This field allows the target to terminate CCP AD deliveries for selected reference stations based on their reference station IDs.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericReq

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericReq is used to request Continuous Carrier Phase assistance for the set of signals for a specified GNSS.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericReq ::= SEQUENCE {

    ccpAssist-SignalsReq GNSS-SignalIDs,

    ...

}
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPassistGenericReq field descriptions**

#### ccpAssist-SignalsReq

This field specifies the GNSS signal types for which the CCP assistance is requested by the target device. This is represented by a bit string in *GNSS-SignalIDs*, with a one-value at the bit position means CCP assistance for the particular GNSS signal type is requested; a zero-value means not requested.

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelReq

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelReq is used to request SV navigation models.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelReq ::= SEQUENCE {
    navModelID-PrefList SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF INTEGER(1..8) OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelReq** field descriptions

### navModelID-PrefList

This field is used to request the navigation models in the order of decreasing preference, i.e. the model-ID in the first slot is the most preferred one. The server SHALL respect the preference list.

Model- ID	Туре
1	Coordinate-based

In case preference lists are also included in the LPP proper, they SHALL be handled first. Only if the target cannot be served based on request in the LPP proper, the preference list in LPPe SHALL be considered. The LPPe side navigation model delivery SHALL also obey the list of the SVs, for which navigation models are being

# requested, in the LPP proper.

# 6.5.1.5 AGNSS Location Information

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideLocationInformation is used to provide AGNSS-based position estimate (UE-based) and measurements (UE-assisted).

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {

highAccuracyReferenceTime GNSS-SystemTime OPTIONAL, --Cond HighAccuracy

highAccuracyMeasurements OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssProvide OPTIONAL,

ionosphereMeasurements OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphereMeasurements OPTIONAL,

localSurfaceMeasurements OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurements OPTIONAL,

error OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Error OPTIONAL,
```

}

Conditional presence	Explanation
HighAccuracy	This field SHALL be present, when providing high accuracy position/velocity estimates.
	Otherwise it is not present.

#### **OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideLocationInformation** field descriptions

highAccuracyReferenceTime

This field indicates the GNSS system time at which the high accuracy position/velocity estimate provided in the IE OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation is valid.

### 6.5.1.6 AGNSS Location Information Elements

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssProvide

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssProvide is used to provide periodic high accuracy AGNSS measurements from the target device to the server. Unless otherwise instructed in LPP proper CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation, the target SHALL report its position and reference time information. However, in case the target is allowed to report only measurements (locationMeasurementsRequired and onlyReturnInformationRequested in LPP proper

*CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation*), position and reference time are not included. Appendix D.1 shows a few examples of periodic HA GNSS sessions.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssProvide ::= CHOICE {
   controlParameters SEQUENCE {
       duration
                               OMA-LPPe-Duration,
       rate
                               INTEGER(1..64),
       antennaDescription
                              OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AntennaDescription
                                                                      OPTIONAL, --Cond HAantenna
        . . .
    },
   measurements
                 SEQUENCE {
       position
                      EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid OPTIONAL,
                                                                                     -Cond NotForbidden
       referenceTime GNSS-SystemTime,
       localPressure SEQUENCE {
                           pressure
                                                   INTEGER(-1024..1023),
                           pressureUncertainty
                                                   INTEGER(0..127),
                        } OPTIONAL, --Cond HApressure
       antennaOrientation OMA-LPPe-Orientation
                                                       OPTIONAL, --Cond HAantOrientation
                               SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssMeasurementElement,
       signalMeasurements
        . . .
       },
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssMeasurementElement::= SEQUENCE {
   gnss-ID
                           GNSS-TD.
   haGNSSperSignalList
                          SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-HAgnssPerSignalElement,
}
OMA-LPPe-HAgnssPerSignalElement ::= SEQUENCE {
                   GNSS-SignalID,
SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-HAgnssPerSVelement,
   signal-ID
   haGNSSperSVlist
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-HAgnssPerSVelement ::= SEQUENCE {
   svID
                       SV-ID,
```

}

Conditional presence	Explanation
HAantenna	This field SHALL be included in case the server requested for the antenna description
	information in the HA GNSS measurement session request and antenna description
	information is supported. Otherwise it is not present.
NotForbidden	This field SHALL be present unless otherwise instructed in LPP proper.
HApressure	This field SHALL be included in case the server requested for pressure measurements in the
_	HA GNSS measurement session request and pressure information is supported. Otherwise it is
	not present.
HAantOrientation	This field SHALL be present, if the server requests for the antenna orientation information
	and such can be provided. Otherwise the field SHALL NOT be present.
IfAvailable	This field SHALL be present, if the target has position fix and can report millisecond
-	ambiguity. Otherwise the target SHALL NOT be present.

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssProvide field descriptions
---

OMA-LI I e-AONSS-IIAgnssi Toviae Jieu aescriptions
controlParameters
This field specifies the control parameters of the HA GNSS session
duration
This field specifies the length of the HA GNSS measurement session.
rate
This field specifies the rate of delivery of the HA GNSS measurements. Scale factor 1 second.
antennaDescription
This field species the GNSS antenna in the target device.
measurements
This field species the HA GNSS measurements.
position
This field species the position of the target device.
referenceTime
This field specifies the time, when the measurements included are applicable.
localPressure
This field specifies the local atmospheric pressure measurement at the target's altitude for improved altitude or delta-
altitude performance.
pressure
Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the target's altitude.
The scale factor is 0.1 hPa. The value is added to the average pressure 1013hPa.
pressureUncertainty
The 1-sigma standard deviation of the pressure measurement.
The scale factor is 0.1 hPa.
antennaOrientation
This field specifies the orientation of the antenna with respect to the earth-fixed coordinate system.
signalMeasurements
This field carries the HA GNSS signal measurements.

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gnss-ID
This field defines the ID of the GNSS for which measurements are being provided.
haGNSSperSignalList
This field carries the HA GNSS measurements for the given signals.
signal-ID
This field defines the ID of the GNSS signal for which measurements are being provided.
haGNSSperSVlist
This field carries the HA GNSS measurements for specific satellites.
svID
This field identifies the SV for which HA GNSS measurements are provided.
integerCodePhase
This field indicates the integer milli-second part of the code phase.
codePhase
This field contains the sub-millisecond part of the code phase observation for the particular satellite signal at the reference
time. The target SHALL reconstruct the full pseudorange by Pseudorange = (Integer Code Phase) + (Code Phase).
Scale factor 0.02 meters. Range [0, 299792.44] meters,
codePhaseRMSError
This field contains the pseudorange RMS error value. This parameter is specified according to a floating-per representation defined in the corresponding table in 3GPP in section "GNSS-MeasurementList".
multipathDetection
This field contains an estimate of the multipath environment.
cnr
This field contains an estimate of the carrier-to-noise ratio. Scale factor 0.25 dB-Hz. Range [0, 63.75] dB-Hz.
adr
This field contains the continuous carrier phase with direct data polarity.
Scale factor $2^{-10}$ meters, in the range [0, 524287.999023438) meters.
adrRMSerror
This field contains the RMS error of the continuous carrier phase.
Scale factor $2^{-10}$ meters, in the range [0, 0.12403) meters.
Scale factor 2 <sup>-10</sup> meters, in the range [0, 0.12403) meters. <i>lockIndicator</i>

delivery. If false, a cycle slip has occurred.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphereMeasurements

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphereMeasurements is used by the target to deliver ionosphere measurements to the location server. The measurements may consist either of a set of TEC values towards each of the SVs seen by the target, or a single zenith TEC value at the target's location. The location server can use the values collected from several targets to model the local ionospheric conditions.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphereMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {
    gnssTime GNSS-SystemTime,
    position EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid,
    tecPerSV OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TECPerSV OPTIONAL, --Cond TecPerSV
    tecAtZenith OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TECAtZenith OPTIONAL, --Cond ZenithTec
    ...
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TECPerSV ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TECPerSVElement
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TECPerSVElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    azimuth INTEGER(0..359),
    elevation INTEGER(0..90),
    tecValue INTEGER(0..63),
```

```
...
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TECAtZenith ::= SEQUENCE {
   tecValueAtZenith INTEGER(0..511),
   tecUncertaintyAtZenith INTEGER(0..63),
   ...
}
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
TecPerSV	The field is mandatory present if the location server requests <i>TecPerSV</i> ; otherwise it is not
	present.
ZenithTec	The field is mandatory present if the location server requests ZenithTEC; otherwise it is not
	present.

gnssTime
This field indicates the measurement time.
position
This field indicates the measurement location.
tecPerSV
This field contains the list of TEC values from the target towards each of the SVs seen by the target.
tecAtZenith
This field contains the target's estimate of the zenith TEC value at the target's position.
azimuth
This field indicates the azimuth angle of the ionosphere measurement, i.e. the direction from the user where the TEC
values are observed. The azimuth angle is defined as the clockwise angle from the true North.
The scale factor is 1 degree.
elevation
This field indicates the elevation angle of the ionosphere measurement, i.e. how high or low in the sky the TEC value is
observed.
The scale factor is 1 degree.
tecValue
This field indicates the measured TEC value towards the SV concerned.
The scale factor is 1 TEC unit, $10^{16} \text{ e}^{-}/\text{m}^2$ .
tecUncertainty
This field indicates the 1-sigma standard deviation of the TEC measurement.
The scale factor is 1 TEC unit, $10^{16} \text{ e}^{-}/\text{m}^2$ .
<i>tecValueAtZenith</i>
This field indicates the measured vertical TEC value.
The scale factor is 1 TEC unit, $10^{16} \text{ e}^{-}/\text{m}^2$ .
tecUncertaintyAtZenith
This field indicates the 1-sigma standard deviation of the TEC measurement.
The scale factor is 1 TEC unit $10^{16} \text{ e}^{-}/\text{m}^2$ .

\_

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurements

The *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurements* information element is used to deliver the target's surface measurements to the server. Collecting the pressure-altitude –measurement combinations allows the server to model the current local atmospheric circumstances and generate altitude assistance for targets equipped with a barometer.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {

gnssTime position pressure pressureUncerta temperatureMeas	INTEGER(-10. inty INTEGER(0 urement SEQUENCE { tempera	intWithAltitudeAn 241023), 127),	ndUncertaintyEllipso INTEGER(-6463) INTEGER(07)	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
	} OPTIO	NAL,Cond Temp	eratureAvailable	
}				

Conditional presence	Explanation	
TemperatureAvailable	The field is mandatory present if the target is able to provide temperature measurement with	
	the pressure measurement, otherwise it is not present.	

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurements field descriptions
gnssTime
This field indicates the measurement time.
position
This field indicates the measurement location.
pressure
Local atmospheric pressure measurement (hPa) at the target's altitude.
The scale factor is 0.1 hPa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 1013hPa.
pressureUncertainty
The 1-sigma standard deviation of the pressure measurement.
The scale factor is 0.1 hPa.
temperature
Local temperature measured by the target. The value is added to 273K.
The scale factor is 1K.
<i>temperatureUncertainty</i>
The 1-sigma standard deviation of the temperature measurement.
The scale factor is 1 K.

# 6.5.1.7 AGNSS Location Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestLocationInformation is used to request AGNSS-based position estimate (UE-based) and measurements (UE-assisted).

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestLocationI positioningInstructions	nformation ::= SEQUENCE { OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PositioningInstructions	OPTIONAL,
ionosphereMeasurementsReq	BIT STRING {tecPerSV(0), zenithTEC(1) }(SIZE(18))	OPTIONAL,
localSurfaceMeasurementReq	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurementReq	OPTIONAL,
}		

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

#### ionosphereMeasurementsReq

This field is used by the location server to request the target's ionosphere measurements. This is represented by a bit string with a one value at bit position 0 meaning that a TEC value per each satellite is requested and a one value at bit position 1 meaning that a zenith TEC value at the target's position is requested.

### localSurfaceMeasurementReq

This field is used by the location server to request the targets local surface measurements such as atmospheric pressure and temperature.

# 6.5.1.8 AGNSS Location Information Request Elements

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PositioningInstructions

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PositioningInstructions is used to provide AGNSS positioning and measuring instructions to the target device.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PositioningInstructions ::= SEQUENCE {
    highAccuracyMethodRequested BOOLEAN,
    haGNSSreq OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssRequestControlParameters OPTIONAL, --Cond HAgnssReq
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
HAgnssReq	This field SHALL be present, when requesting for continuous high accuracy GNSS
	measurements or an update to the currently ongoing periodic Location Information session.
	The request SHALL be accompanied by RequestPeriodicLocInfoWithUpdate in OMA-LPPe-
	CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation. Otherwise the field is not present.

### **OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-PositioningInstructions** field descriptions

### *highAccuracyMethodRequested*

This field indicates that the server requests the target to use UE-based high accuracy AGNSS method. Note that this implies using the CCP assistance and performing positioning in the UE-based mode. Thus, the *highAccuracyMethodRequested* SHALL be accompanied by the setting *locationEstimateRequired* in the 3GPP LPP proper in the *LocationInformationType* of *CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation*.

In case the high accuracy AGNSS method is requested, the target is expected to return the location information using the High Accuracy 3D Position information element. Likewise, in case velocity is requested (in the 3GPP LPP proper in the *QoS* information element in the *CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation* information element), the velocity SHALL be returned using the High Accuracy 3D Velocity information element. Thus *locationCoordinateTypes* and velocityTypes in the 3GPP LPP proper in the *CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation* information element are not applicable, when requesting High Accuracy AGNSS method.

Note that since high accuracy location estimate IE carry a full 3D representation, such full 3D information SHALL be returned even in case the vertical coordinate was not requested in the 3GPP LPP proper in the *QoS* information element in the *CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation* information element and providing additional information was forbidden in the 3GPP LPP proper in the *additionalInformation* information element in the *CommonIEsRequestLocationInformation* information element.

Response time defined in the 3GPP LPP proper in the *QoS* information element SHALL be obeyed, when the high accuracy AGNSS method has been requested. In case the requested response time cannot be met, the target SHALL report the failure using the appropriate error codes in the 3GPP LPP proper.

The target SHALL also obey the IE gnss-Methods, i.e. instructions to use only allowed GNSSs in positioning, in the GNSS-PositioningInstructions in A-GNSS-RequestLocationInformation in the 3GPP LPP proper.

In case the target does not support high accuracy method, the target SHALL return AGNSS Target Device Error "HighAccuracyMethodNotSupported".

### haGNSSreq

This field is used by the server to request for the High Accuracy GNSS measurements for UE-assisted HA GNSS

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurementsReq

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurementsReq is used to request local surface measurements (pressure, temperature) from the target.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceMeasurementReq ::= SEQUENCE {

...

}

-- ASN1STOP
```

-- ASN1START

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssRequestControlParameters

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssRequestControlParameters is used to request for periodic high accuracy AGNSS measurements from the target device or to request modification to the session parameters of the on-going session. Note that the requested GNSSs and signals cannot be modified intra-session.

```
      OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssRequestControlParameters ::= SEQUENCE {

      duration
      OMA-LPPe-Duration
      OPTIONAL, --Cond FirstOrModify

      rate
      INTEGER(1..63)
      OPTIONAL, --Cond FirstOrModify

      antennaInformationReq
      ENUMERATED {antennaDescriptionOnly,
```

	<pre>antennaDescriptionAndOrientation,    } OPTIONAL,</pre>
pressureInformationReg	BOOLEAN,Cond FirstOrModify
signalReqList	SEQUENCE (SIZE(116)) OF
	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssSignalReqElement OPTIONAL,Cond First
····	
}	
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssSignalReq qnssID GNSS-ID,	Element ::= SEQUENCE {
signals GNSS-SignalIDs,	,
}	

Conditional presence	Explanation
<i>FirstOrModify</i>	This field SHALL be present in the first message or when requesting for periodic HA GNSS
	measurements. Otherwise it SHALL NOT be present.
First	This field SHALL be present in the first message in the HA GNSS session. Otherwise it
	SHALL NOT be present.

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssRequestControlParamaters field descriptions

### duration

This field specifies the length of the HA GNSS measurement session.

rate

This field specifies the rate of delivery of the HA GNSS measurements. Scale factor 1 second.

#### antennaInformationReq

This field is used to request for the target antenna information,

### pressureInformationReq

This field is used to request for the pressure information at the target site. TRUE means requested, FALSE means not requested.

### signalReqList

- ----

This field is used to request HA GNSS measurements for specific GNSS signals.

gnssID

This field carries the ID of the GNSS for which HA GNSS measurements are requested.

### signals

This field specifies the GNSS signal types for which HA GNSS measurements are requested by the server. This is represented by a bit string in *GNSS-SignalIDs*, with a one-value at the bit position means HA GNSS measurements for the particular GNSS signal type is requested; a zero-value means not requested.

# 6.5.1.9 AGNSS Capability Information

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideCapabilities is used by the target to provide its LPPe AGNSS capabilities to the server.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-ProvideCapabilities assistanceDataSupportList environmentObservationSupportLis haGNSSsupport	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AssistanceDataSupportList	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
}		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AssistanceDataSupport commonAssistanceDataSupport genericAssistanceDataSupport	tList ::= SEQUENCE { OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistanceDataSupport, OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDataSupport,	

}

### 6.5.1.10 AGNSS Capability Information Element

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-EnvironmentObservationSupportList

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-EnvironmentObservationSupportList is used by the target to provide its environment observation capabilities to the server.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistanceDataSupport

The *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistanceDataSupport* is used by the target to provide its GNSS-independent LPPe AGNSS capabilities to the server.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CommonAssistance	DataSupport ::= SEQUENCE {	
ionosphericModelSupport	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericMod	elSupport OPTIONAL,Cond IonoSupport
troposphereModelSupport	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereMod	elSupport OPTIONAL,Cond TropoSupport
altitudeAssistanceSupport	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssist	anceSupport
		OPTIONAL,Cond AltAssistSupport
solarRadiationSupport	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiation	Support
		OPTIONAL,Cond SolarRadiationSupport
ccpSupport	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupport	OPTIONAL,CCPsupport
}		

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
IonoSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports LPPe ionosphere models, otherwise it is not present.
TropoSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target device supports LPPe troposphere models, otherwise it is not present.
AltAssistSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target device supports altitude assistance, otherwise it is not present.
SolarRadiationSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target device supports Solar Radiation information. Otherwise the field is not present.
CCPsupport	This field is mandatory present, if the target supports CCP. Otherwise it is not present.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelSupport

The *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelSupport* information element is used by the target to specify to the server which ionospheric model or models the target supports.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelSupport ::= SEQUENCE {
    ionoModel BIT STRING { localKlobuchar (0),
        ionoStormWarning (1),
        wideAreaIonoSurface (2) } (SIZE (1..8)),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-IonosphericModelSupport** field descriptions

#### ionoModel

This field specifies the ionospheric model(s) supported by the target device. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular ionospheric model is supported; a zero-value means not supported.

If bit 2 for wide area ionosphere correction surface is set, the target SHALL support the corrections for all the supported GNSSs.

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModelSupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModelSupport information element is used by the target to specify to the server which troposphere model or models the target supports.

#### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TroposphereModelSupport field descriptions

#### tropoModel

This field specifies the troposphere model(s) supported by the target device. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular troposphere model is supported; a zero-value means not supported. *supportForMultipleGridPoints* 

This field specifies, if the target supports combining troposphere information from several grid points surrounding the target.

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceSupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistaceSupport is used by the target to provide its altitude assistance capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AltitudeAssistanceSupport ::= SEQUENCE {
....
```

. . .

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiationSupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiationSupport is used by the target to provide its solar radiation assistance capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-SolarRadiationSupport ::= SEQUENCE {
....
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupport is used by the target to provide its CCP capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupport ::= SEQUENCE {
    supportAreaAssistanceSupported BOOLEAN,
    multiReferenceStationSupported BOOLEAN,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPsupport** field descriptions

supportAreaAssistanceSupported
This field indicates, if the target supports the CCP Support Area assistance.
multiReferenceStationSupported
This field indicates, if the target supports multibaseline solution.

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDataSupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDataSupport is used by the target to provide its GNSS-dependent LPPe AGNSS assistance data capabilities to the server.

I	ASN1START				
OMA-	LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanc SEQUENC		OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-G	enericAssist	DataSupportElement
OMA-	LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistDat	aSupportElement	::= SEQUENCE {		
	gnss-ID		GNSS-ID,		
	mechnanicsSupport		OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Mech	anicsSupport	OPTIONAL,
					Cond MechSupport
	dcbSupport		OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBs	upport	OPTIONAL,
				C	ond DCBsupport
	navModelAccuracyModelDegrad	ationSupport	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavM	odelAccuracy	ModelDegradationSupport
			OPTIONAL,		Cond NavModDegrSupport
	ccpAssistanceSuppport		GNSS-SignalIDs	OPTIONAL,	Cond CCPsupport
	navModelSupport	OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-	NavModelSupport	OPTIONAL,	Cond NavModSupport

}

Conditional presence	Explanation		
MechSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target device supports SV mechanics assistance.		
	Otherwise the field is not present.		
DCBsupport	The field is mandatory present if the target device supports differential code bias assistance.		
	Otherwise the field is not present.		
NavModDegrSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target device supports navigation model degradation		
	model assistance. Otherwise the field is not present.		
CCPsupport	This field is mandatory present, if the target supports CCP assistance for at least one signal of		
	the GNSS. Otherwise it is not present.		
NavModSupport	This field SHALL be included, if the target supports one or more LPPe navigation model		
	types. Otherwise it is not present.		

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-GenericAssistanceDataSupport field descriptions

#### *ccpAssistanceSupport*

This field specifies the GNSS signal types for which CCP assistance is supported by the target device. This is represented by a bit string in *GNSS-SignalIDs*, with a one-value at the bit position means CCP assistance for the particular GNSS signal type is supported; a zero-value means not supported.

#### \_

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsSupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsSupport is used by the target to provide its mechanics assistance capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsSupport ::= SEQUENCE {
```

-- ASN1STOP

. . .

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBsupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MechanicsSupport is used by the target to provide its Differential Code Bias assistance capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-DCBsupport ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelAccuracyModelDegradationSupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS- NavModelAccuracyModelDegradationSupport is used by the target to provide its navigation model degradation model assistance capabilities to the server.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelAccuracyModelDegradationSupport ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelSupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS- NavModelSupport is used by the target to provide its navigation model assistance capabilities to the server.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelSupport ::= SEQUENCE {
    navModelSupport SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF INTEGER(1..8) OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavModelSupport field descriptions

navModelSupport

This field is used to indicate the navigation model support to the server. The sequence carries within the Model-IDs of the supported navigation mode types. IDs are specified in the description of *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-NavigationModelReq*.

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssSupport

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssSupport is used by the target to provide its HA GNSS capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssSupport ::= SEQUENCE {
                                        BIT STRING {ueBased (0), ueAssisted (1) } (SIZE(2)),
    modeSupport
    haGNSSpressureInformationSupport
                                        BOOLEAN,
                                        BIT STRING { antennaDescriptionSupported (0),
    haGNSSantennaInformationSupport
                                                      antennaOrientationSupported (1)
                                                      { (SIZE(8)),
   haGNSSperGNSSsupport
                                        SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssPerGNSSsupport,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssPerGNSSsupport::= SEQUENCE {
    gnss-ID
                          GNSS-TD.
    haGNSSsignalSupport
                            GNSS-SignalIDs,
    . . .
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-HAgnssSupport field descriptions

### modeSupport

This field is used to indicate

If bit 0 set, UE-based supported.

If bit 1 set, UE-assisted supported.

### haGNSSpressureInformationSupport

This field is used to provide information, if the target is capable of providing absolute pressure information for improved delta-altitude performance.

### haGNSSantennaInformationSupport

This field is used to carry the antenna information support.

haGNSSperGNSS support

This field is used to carry the HA GNSS signal measurement capabilities of the target.

gnss-ID

This field specifies the ID of the GNSS for which HA GNSS capabilities are provided.

### haGNSSsignalSupport

This field specifies the GNSS signal types for which HA GNSS signal measurements are supported by the target device. This is represented by a bit string in *GNSS-SignalIDs*, with a one-value at the bit position means HA GNSS measurements for the particular GNSS signal type is supported; a zero-value means not supported.

# 6.5.1.11 AGNSS Capability Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestCapabilities is used to request LPPe AGNSS capabilities information from the target.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    assistanceDataSupportListReq NULL OPTIONAL,
    environmentObservationSupportListReq NULL OPTIONAL,
    haGNSSsupportReq NULL OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-RequestCapabilities field descriptions
assistanceDataSupportListReq
This field is used to request the common and generic assistance data capabilities of the target.
environmentObservationSupportListReq
This field is used to request environment observation capabilities.
haGNSSsupportReq
This field is used to request UA CNSS conshibition of the terrest

This field is used to request HA GNSS capabilities of the target.

# 6.5.1.12 AGNSS Error Elements

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Error

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Error is used by the target or server to provide GNSS Error Reasons.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Error ::= CHOICE {
    agnss-locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    agnss-targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the server to provide GNSS Error Reasons to the target. The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocationServerErrorCauses is used, when the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Error is included in the LPP Provide Assistance Data message extension by the server.

ASN1START	
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocationServerErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {     waIonoErrorCauses ENUMERATED {         undefined,         waIonoNotSupporte         waIonoNotSupporte         waIonoNotSupporte         vaIonoNotSupporte         vaIo	- ,
ccpQorCannotBeMet ccpUnableToModify	TargetArea, orAnyRequestedSignal,
ccpNeighborListNo	
ASN1STOP	

#### \_

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target to provide GNSS Error Reasons to the server. In addition, the target may return an additional error reason in the LPP proper. The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used, when the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Error is included in the LPP Provide Location Information message extension by the target.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-TargetDeviceErrorCauses highAccuracyErrorCauses	::= SEQUENCE { ENUMERATED {	undefined, highAccuracyMethodNotSupported, } OPTIONAL,
ionosphereMeasurementErrorCauses	ENUMERATED {	<pre>undefined, ionosphereMeasurementsNotSupported, ionosphereMeasurementsNotAvailable, } OPTIONAL,</pre>
environmentObservationErrorCauses	ENUMERATED {	<pre>undefined, surfaceMeasurementsNotSupported, surfaceMeasurementsNotAvailable, } OPTIONAL,</pre>
haGNSSerrorCauses	ENUMERATED {	<pre>undefined, haGNSSnotSupportedByTarget, haGNSSunavailableForAllRequestedSignals, haGNSSantennaInformationNotSupported, haGNSSantennaInformationNotAvailable, haGNSSpressureInformationNotSupported, haGNSSpressureInformationNotAvailable, haGNSSunableToModifyControlParameters, } OPTIONAL,</pre>
}		
ASN1STOP		

# 6.5.1.13 Common AGNSS Information Elements

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationID

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationID IE defines a GNSS reference station.

```
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationID ::= SEQUENCE {
    stationID INTEGER(0..65535),
    ...
}
maxReferenceStations INTEGER ::= 8
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-CCPreferenceStationID field descriptions

stationID

-- ASN1START

Defines the ID of the reference station. Reference stations IDs are used to link the CCP assistance to the correct reference station. IDs are allocated by the server. One reference station SHALL have one ID. The ID SHALL NOT change during the CCP assistance session.

#### maxReferenceStations

This field species the maximum number of reference stations that can be provided to the target at a time.

\_

# OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AntennaDescription

The OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AntennaDescription is used to provide the target information on the antenna at the reference station.

The IE supports a straightforward mapping from RTCM 10403.1.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AntennaDescription ::= SEQUENCE {
   antennaDescription
                          CHOICE {
                              igsAntennaName
                                                OMA-LPPe-CharArray,
                              proprietaryName OMA-LPPe-CharArray,
                               . . .
                               },
   antennaSetupID
                          INTEGER(0..255)
                                                OPTIONAL,
   antennaSerialNumber
                          OMA-LPPe-CharArray
                                                 OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-AntennaDescription field descriptions

igsAntennaName

This field specifies the antenna equipment name as specified in RTCM 10403.1.

proprietaryName

This field carries proprietary antenna information.

antennaSetupId

Antenna setup information as specified in RTCM 10403.1.

antennaSerialNumber

Antenna serial number as issued by the antenna manufacturer.

# 6.5.1.14 AGNSS Abort Elements

# **OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Abort**

The IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-Abort is used by the target or server to provide GNSS Abort Reasons.

```
-- ASN1START
```

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.5.2 OTDOA Positioning

# 6.5.2.1 OTDOA Assistance Data

# OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData

The IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for UE-based OTDOA (E-UTRAN).

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo OPTIONAL,
    otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList OPTIONAL,
    otdoa-Error OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-Error OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# 6.5.2.2 OTDOA Assistance Data Elements

# – OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo

The IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo is used by the location server to provide reference cell information for OTDOA assistance data.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
   referenceCellInfo OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo,
   positionCalculationInfoRef OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-PositionCalculationInfoRef,
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ReferenceCellInfo field descriptions

*referenceCellInfo* This field provides OTDOA reference cell information as specified in [LPP]. *positionCalculationInfoRef* This field provides position calculation assistance data for the reference cell.

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-PositionCalculationInfoRef

The IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-PositionCalculationInfoRef is used by the location server to provide location and other information of the reference cell useful for UE-based OTDOA.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-PositionCalculationInfoRef ::= SEQUENCE {
   systemFrameNumber BIT STRING (SIZE(10))
                                                           OPTIONAL, --Cond driftRate
                          OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RTDquality
   rtdReferenceStd
                                                            OPTIONAL,
   cellLocation
                          SEOUENCE {
                             reference-point OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint
                                                                             OPTIONAL,
                             relative-location OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation
                                                                              OPTIONAL,
                              . . .
                              },
   femtoCellInfo
                          SEQUENCE {
                                 location-reliability INTEGER(1..100) OPTIONAL,
                                  . . .
                                  }
                                                            OPTIONAL, --Cond femto
   . . .
}
 - ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
driftRate	The field is mandatory present if <i>fineRTDdriftRate</i> is included in OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-
	NeighbourCellInfoList.
femto	This field is mandatory present if the reference cell is a HeNB femto cell; otherwise it is not
	present.

#### **OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-PositionCalculationInfoRef** field descriptions

#### *systemFrameNumber*

This field specifies the E-UTRA system frame number of the reference cell at which the *rtdInfo* included in *OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList* is valid.

#### rtdReferenceStd

This field specifies the standard deviation of the timing of the reference cell, used to determine the RTD values provided in *OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList*. This field SHALL be provided if available.

#### cellLocation

This field defines the antenna location of the reference cell.

### reference-point

This field provides the reference point used to define the cell location. If this field is absent the reference point is the default reference point provided in LPPe common IEs.

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-PositionCalculationInfoRef field descriptions

#### relative-location

This field provides the location of the cell relative to the reference point. If this field is absent the cell location coincides with the reference point location.

#### location-reliability

The field provides the reliability R of the HeNB location. The probability that the HeNB location has not changed is given as a percentage. R may be based on historic change or persistence of the HeNB location over a period of time and the time interval since the HeNB location was last provided to or verified by the server. Note that location reliability is distinct from location accuracy and refers to the possibility of an HeNB having been moved to a new location. This field SHALL be provided if available.

# OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList

The IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList is used by the location server to provide neighbour cell information for OTDOA assistance data.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxFreqLayers)) OF
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourFreqCellInfoList
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourFreqCellInfoList ::= SEQUENCE {
neighbourCellInfoList-eNB SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLTEeNBS)) OF
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-eNB OPTIONAL,
neighbourCellInfoList-HeNB SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLTEHeNBS)) OF
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-HeNB OPTIONAL,
...
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoList field descriptions

#### neighbourCellInfoList-eNB

This field provides OTDOA neighbour cell information for eNodeBs. Either *neighbourCellInfoList-eNB* or *neighbourCellInfoList-HeNB* or both SHALL be present.

neighbourCellInfoList-HeNB

This field provides OTDOA neighbour cell information for Home eNodeBs. Either *neighbourCellInfoList-eNB* or *neighbourCellInfoList-HeNB* or both SHALL be present.

# OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-eNB

The IE *OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-eNB* is used by the location server to provide neighbour cell information for one eNodeB or several co-located eNodeBs as part of OTDOA assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-eNB ::= SEQUENCE {
   relative-Location OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation,
   otdoa-eNB-CellDataList SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLTEMacroCells)) OF OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-CellData,
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-eNB field descriptions

#### relative-Location

This field provides the location and optional uncertainty in location of the antenna of the eNodeB relative to the reference point used to define the location of the reference cell. For an eNodeB with multiple antennas or a set of co-located eNodeBs, the location may be averaged.

### otdoa-eNB-CellDataList

This field provides OTDOA neighbour cell information for one or more eNodeBs sharing a common eNodeB antenna, or using antennas in close proximity to one another.

# - OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-HeNB

The IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-HeNB is used by the location server to provide neighbour cell information for one Home eNodeB as part of OTDOA assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-HeNB ::= SEQUENCE {
   relative-Location OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation,
   location-reliability INTEGER (1..100)
   otdoa-HeNB-CellDataList OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-CellData,
   ...
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellInfoElement-HeNB field descriptions

OPTIONAL.

### relative-Location

This field provides the location and optional uncertainty in location of the antenna of the Home eNodeB relative to the reference point used to define the location of the reference cell.

### location-reliability

The field provides the reliability R of the HeNB location. The probability that the HeNB location has not changed is given as a percentage. R may be based on historic change or persistence of the HeNB location over a period of time and the time interval since the HeNB location was last provided to or verified by the server. Note that location reliability is distinct from location accuracy and refers to the possibility of an HeNB having been moved to a new location. This field SHALL be provided if available.

### otdoa-HeNB-CellDataList

This field provides OTDOA neighbour cell information for the Home eNodeB.

# - OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-CellData

The IE *OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-CellData* is used by the location server to provide neighbour cell information for one eNodeB or Home eNodeB as part of OTDOA assistance data.

#### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-NeighbourCellData field descriptions

otdoa-NeighbourCellInfoElement

This field provides OTDOA neighbour cell information as specified in [LPP].

#### rtdInfo

This field specifies the real time difference between this neighbour cell and the reference cell.

### subframeOffset

This field specifies the subframe offset between this cell and the reference cell. Define  $T_{ref}$  as the time of beginning of frame with SFN<sub>ref</sub>=0 of the reference cell; define  $T_{nc}$  as the time of beginning of frame with SFN<sub>nc</sub>=0 of this neighbour cell occuring immediately after the time  $T_{ref}$ . Then *subframeOffset* =  $T_{nc}$  -  $T_{ref}$  in units of 1-subframe (1ms). In other words, SFN<sub>nc</sub> = SFN<sub>ref</sub> + (*subframeOffset*/10). This field SHALL be provided if available.

### fineRTD

This field specifies the Real Time Difference between this cell and the reference cell in units of 10 ns. Define  $t_{ref}$  as the time of beginning of a subframe of the reference cell; define  $t_{nc}$  as the time of beginning of the subframe of this neighbour cell occuring immediately after the time  $t_{ref}$ . Then *fineRTD* =  $t_{nc}$  -  $t_{ref}$  in units of 10 ns.

#### fineRTDstd

This field specifies the standard deviation of the *fineRTD* value.

#### fineRTDdriftRate

This field specifies the drift rate of the RTD between this cell and the reference cell in units of 1 nano-second per second. A positive value indicates that the reference cell clock is running at a greater frequency than the neighbouring cell clock. This field SHALL be provided if available.

# – OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RTDquality

The IE *OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RTDquality* is used by the location server to provide the quality of the Real Time Difference (RTD) information.

-- ASN1STOP

#### **OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RTDquality** field descriptions

resolution

This field specifies the resolution of the provided *quality* field. Enumerated values correspond to 5, 10, 50, and 100 ns, respectively.

quality

This field specifies the standard deviation of the RTD (or of the timing of the reference cell).

### 6.5.2.3 OTDOA Assistance Data Request

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for UE-based OTDOA.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {

lteCell SEQUENCE {

physCellId INTEGER(0..503),

eARFCN ARFCN-ValueEUTRA,

ecgi CellGlobalIdEUTRA-AndUTRA OPTIONAL,
```

	<pre>, eARFCN-ext },</pre>	ARFCN-ValueEUTRA-v9a0	OPTIONAL Cond EARFCN-ext
requestedCells	BIT STRING { eNBs heNBs	(0), (1) } (SIZE (18)),	
}			
ASN1STOP			

Conditional presence	Explanation
EARFCN-ext	This field is mandatory present if the value of E-UTRA ARFCN is greater than 65535. Otherwise this field is not present.

#### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

lteCell

This field specifies the Cell-ID of the serving or non-serving but visible LTE cell of the target device.

#### eARFCN

This parameter represents E-UTRA ARFCN. If the value of E-UTRA ARFCN is greater than 65535, this parameter SHALL be set to 65535.

eARFCN range: (0..65535).

### eARFCN-ext

This field specifies the value of E-UTRA ARFCN of the cell as defined in [36.101], if an extended value is used i.e., if the value of E-UTRA ARFCN is > 65535. In this case, this parameter SHALL be sent and set to the value of E-UTRA ARFCN.

eARFCN-ext range: (65536..262143)

### requestedCells

This field specifies whether OTDOA assistance data is requested for eNodeBs, Home eNodeBs, or both. A one value at the bit position means requested.

# 6.5.2.4 OTDOA Location Information

# OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation

The *OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideLocationInformation* is used to provide OTDOA-based position estimate (UE-based). It may also be used to provide UE-based OTDOA positioning specific error reason. The actual location estimate is provided in the LPP proper (CommonIEsProvideLocationInformation).

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideLocationInfo	ormation ::= SEQUENCE {	
otdoaLocationInformation	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-LocationInformation	OPTIONAL,
otdoaError	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-Error	OPTIONAL,
}		
ASN1STOP		

# 6.5.2.5 OTDOA Location Information Elements

# OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-LocationInformation

The IE *OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-LocationInformation* is used by the target device to provide OTDOA location information to the location server. Note that in the event that the target device is unable to calculate a location estimate using UE-based OTDOA, it may still return OTDOA measurements to the server using LPP if permitted by the server in the LPP common IEs in the Request Location Information message.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-LocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
   systemFrameNumber BIT STRING (SIZE (10)),
   physCellId INTEGER (0..503),
   cellGlobalId CellGlobalIdEUTRA-AndUTRA OPTIONAL,
   ...
}
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-LocationInformation** field descriptions

systemFrameNumber

This field specifies the SFN for which the location Estimate (provided in the LPP common IEs) is valid.

physCellId

This field specifies the physical cell identity of the cell for which the systemFrameNumber is provided.

#### cellGlobalId

This field specifies the ECGI, the globally unique identity of a cell in E-UTRA, of the cell for which the *systemFrameNumber* is provided.

### 6.5.2.6 OTDOA Location Information Request

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation is used to request OTDOA-based position estimate (UE-based).

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    assistanceAvailability BOOLEAN,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

#### *assistanceAvailability*

This field indicates whether the target device may request additional OTDOA assistance data from the server. TRUE means allowed and FALSE means not allowed.

### 6.5.2.7 OTDOA Capability Information

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideCapabilites is used by the target to provide its OTDOA capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {

    eNodeB-AD-sup SEQUENCE { ... } OPTIONAL,

    home-eNodeB-AD-sup SEQUENCE { ... } OPTIONAL,

    ... }
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-ProvideCapabilites field descriptions	
--	--

# eNodeB-AD-sup

This field, if present, indicates that the target supports OTDOA assistance data for eNodeBs.

home-eNodeB-AD-sup

This field, if present, indicates that the target supports OTDOA assistance data for Home eNodeBs.

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## 6.5.2.8 OTDOA Capability Information Request

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestCapabilities
```

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestCapabilities is used to request OTDOA capabilities information from the target.

-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
 ...
}
-- ASN1STOP

# 6.5.2.9 OTDOA Error Elements

-- ASN1START

### - OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-Error

The IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-Error is used by the location server or target device to provide OTDOA error reasons to the target device or location server, respectively.

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide OTDOA error reasons to the target device.

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide OTDOA error reasons to the location server.

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.5.3 EOTD Positioning

### 6.5.3.1 EOTD Assistance Data

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideAssistanceData

The IE OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted EOTD-based methods.

ASN1START			
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideAssistance	eData ::= SEQUENCE {		
referenceBTS	OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ReferenceBTSForAssistance	OPTIONAL,	Cond NotError
msrAssistDataList	OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistDataList	OPTIONAL,	
systemInfoAssistDataList	OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList	OPTIONAL,	
eotdError	OMA-LPPe-EOTD-Error	OPTIONAL,	
}			

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation		
NotError	The field is mandatory present unless the IE OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideAssistanceData		
	contains an error message.		

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideAssistanceData field descriptions
referenceBTS
This field defines the reference BTS for E-OTD positioning.
msrAssistDataList
This field identifies the BTSs that are used for E-OTD positioning.
systemInfoAssistDataList
This field identifies the BTSs that are used for E-OTD positioning. This field is used in dedicated mode, packet idle mode,
packet transfer mode, or dual transfer mode.
eotdError
This field provides the E-OTD assistance data error.

### 6.5.3.2 EOTD Assistance Data Elements

\_

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ReferenceBTSForAssistance

The IE OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ReferenceBTSForAssistance is used to define the reference BTS for E-OTD positioning. The RTD and 51 multiframe offset values in the OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistDataList IE and in the OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList are calculated relative to the BTS indicated in this element.

Inclusion of this parameter is mandatory for E-OTD since it is not possible to reliably default to the current serving BTS for the target, as there is a chance that the server does not know this. If the E-OTD *systemInfoAssistDataList* in IE *OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideAssistData* is present, the current serving cell MUST be the same as reference BTS identified in this element.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ReferenceBTSForAssistance ::= SEQUENCE {

    bsicAndCarrier OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIDGERAN,

    timeSlotScheme OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TimeSlotScheme,

    btsPosition CHOICE {

        ellipsoidPoint Ellipsoid-Point,

        ellipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid

        EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid
```

		· · · · }	OPTIONAL,	Cond UE-based
}				
	ASN1STOP			

Conditional presence	Explanation	
UE-based	The field is mandatory present if the assistance is for UE-based E-OTD, otherwise it is not	
	present.	

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ReferenceBTSForAssistance field descriptions
bsicAndCarrier
This field includes the BSIC and BCCH of the reference BTS.
timeSlotScheme
The time slot scheme field indicates the type of transmission scheme the particular BTS is using.
btsPosition
In this field, the reference BTS position is given.

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistDataList

This element identifies BTSs that are used for E-OTD measurements. This element helps the UE to make measurements from neighbor BTS (even below decoding level). This element is optional in the E-OTD assistance data. The presence of this element means that the UE should try to measure the E-OTD values between the reference BTS and the BTSs identified in this element.

This element is used to deliver E-OTD measurement assistance data for those BTSs, that are not included in the *systemInfoAssistDataList* of the reference BTS in the IE *OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideAssistanceData*, if necessary.

The RTD and 51 multiframe offset values are calculated relative to the BTS indicated in the E-OTD Reference BTS in Provide Assistance Data.

ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistDataList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (115)) OF OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistBTS
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistBTS ::= SEQUENCE {
bsicAndCarrier       OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIDGERAN,         multiFrameOffset       OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameOffset,         timeSlotScheme       OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TimeSlotScheme,         roughRTD       OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RoughRTD,         expectedOTD       OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ExpectedOTD,         calcAssistanceBTS       OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CalcAssistanceBTS
} ··· }

-- ASN1STOP

- ----

Conditional presence Explanation	
UE-based	The field is mandatory present if the assistance is required for UE-based positioning.

#### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistDataList field descriptions

*bsicAndCarrier* 

This field includes the BSIC and BCCH of the reference BTS.

#### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistDataList field descriptions

#### *multiFrameOffset*

This field indicates the frame difference between the start of the 51 multiframes frames being transmitted from this BTS and the reference BTS.

#### timeSlotScheme

The time slot scheme field indicates the type of transmission scheme the reference BTS is using.

#### roughRTD

This field indicates the rough RTD value between this BTS and reference BTS.

#### expectedOTD

This field indicates the OTD value that the target is expected to measure between this BTS and reference BTS in the estimated location of the target.

#### calcAssistanceBTS

This field specifies the coordinates of the neighbour BTSs that are used for E-OTD measurements, and also fine RTD values. This information allows the target to calculate its own location. This IE is used for UE-based E-OTD positioning.

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList

This element identifies those BTSs in the System Information Neighbor List that are used for E-OTD measurements. This list is sent in the dedicated mode, packet idle mode, packet transfer mode, or dual transfer mode. This element helps the target to make measurements from those neighbour BTSs (even below decoding level). This element is optional. The presence of this element means that the target should use the BTSs identified here to the E-OTD measurements.

The RTD and 51 multiframe offset values are calculated relative to the reference BTS.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..32)) OF OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistBTS
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistBTS ::= CHOICE{
    notPresent NULL,
    present OMA-LPPe-EOTD-AssistBTSData
}
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-AssistBTSData ::= SEQUENCE {
    bsic INTEGER(0..63),
    multiFrameOffset OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameOffset,
    timeSlotScheme OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TimeSlotScheme,
    roughRTD OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RoughRTD,
    expectedOTD OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ExpectedOTD OPTIONAL,
    calcAssistanceBTS OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CalcAssistanceBTS OPTIONAL, --Cond UE-based
    ...
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
UE-based	The field is mandatory present if the assistance is required for UE-based positioning.	

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList field descriptions

This field indicates that assistance data related to the BTS corresponding to the current location in OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList is not present.

```
present
```

notPresent

This field contains the assistance data related to the BTS corresponding to the current location in OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList.

bsic

This field indicates the BSIC (Base Station Identity Code) of the particular BTS.

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#### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList field descriptions

#### *multiFrameOffset*

This field indicates the frame difference between the start of the 51 multiframes frames being transmitted from this BTS and the reference BTS.

#### timeSlotScheme

The time slot scheme field indicates the type of transmission scheme the reference BTS is using.

#### roughRTD

This field indicates the rough RTD value between this BTS and reference BTS.

#### expectedOTD

This field indicates the OTD value that UE is expected to measure between this BTS and reference BTS in its current estimated location.

#### calcAssistanceBTS

This field specifies the coordinates of neighbour BTSs that are used for E-OTD measurements, and also fine RTD values. This information allows the UE to calculate its own location. This field is used in UE-based E-OTD positioning.

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CalcAssistanceBTS

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CalcAssistanceBTS tells the coordinates of neighbour BTSs that are used for E-OTD measurements, and also fine RTD values. This information allows the target to calculate its own location.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CalcAssistanceBTS ::= SEQUENCE {
               OMA-LPPe-EOTD-FineRTD,
   fineRTD
   relativePos
                      OMA-LPPe-EOTD-relativePos,
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-relativePos ::= SEQUENCE {
   relativeNorth OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RelDistance,
   relativeEast
                      OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RelDistance,
   relativeAlt
                       OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RelativeAlt
                                                      OPTIONAL,
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-FineRTD ::= INTEGER(0..255)
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RelDistance ::= INTEGER(-200000..200000)
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RelativeAlt ::= INTEGER(-4000..4000)
-- ASN1STOP
```

### **OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CalcAssistanceBTS** field descriptions

### fineRTD

This field indicates the fine RTD value between this BTS and reference BTS. It provides the 1/256 bit duration resolution to the value expressed in the corresponding Rough RTD field. This RTD value is the RTD value of TS0s (i.e. the difference in starting of TS0), not only the RTD between starts of bursts. The RTD is defined as  $T_{BTS}$  -  $T_{Ref}$ , where  $T_{BTS}$  is the time of the start of TS0 in the BTS in question, and  $T_{Ref}$  is the time of the start of the TS0 in the reference BTS.

### Scale factor 1/256 GSM bits. Range [0..1-2<sup>-8</sup>] GSM bits.

### *relativePos*

This field specifies the position of the cell with respect to the reference cell.

### relativeNorth

This field indicates the distance of the neighbour BTS from the reference BTS in North (negative values mean South) direction. The used reference ellipsoid is WGS 84 ellipsoid.

Scale factor 0.03/3600 degrees, range [-6000..6000] 1/3600 degrees.

### **OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CalcAssistanceBTS** field descriptions

### relativeEast

This field indicates the distance of the neighbour BTS from the reference BTS in East (negative values mean West) direction. The used reference ellipsoid is WGS 84 ellipsoid.

Scale factor 0.03/3600 degrees, range [-6000..6000] 1/3600 degrees.

### relativeAlt

This field indicates the altitude of the neighbor BTS relative to the reference BTS in meters. This field is optional. Scale factor 1 m, range [-4000, 4000] meters.

### 6.5.3.3 EOTD Assistance Data Request

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted EOTD-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    eotdAssistanceReq BIT STRING { ueAssisted (0), ueBased (1) },
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

### *eotdAssistanceReq*

This field specifies, which kind of assistance data is requested for. If bit 0 is set, assistance for UE-assisted E-OTD positioning is requested. If bit 1 is set, assistance for UE-based E-OTD positioning is requested.

### 6.5.3.4 EOTD Location Information

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideLocationInformation

The purpose of the *OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideLocationInformation* element is to provide OTD measurements of signals sent from the reference and neighbor base stations. The length of this element depends on the number of neighbor cells for which OTD measurements have been collected. BTSs which cannot be measured or whose measurements are excessively inaccurate need not be reported. The target may include measurements for other BTSs not given in the assistance data by the server.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {

eotdMsrElement OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrElement OPTIONAL,

eotdError OMA-LPPe-EOTD-Error OPTIONAL,

...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### 6.5.3.5 EOTD Location Information Elements

### - OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrElement

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrElement consists of the EOTD location information measurements provided by the target to the server.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    LPPE-E01D-MSTElementSEQUENCErefFrameNumberINTEGER(0..42431),referenceTimeSlotOMA-LPPe-EOTD-ModuloTimeSlot,toaMeasurementsOfRefOMA-LPPe-EOTD-TOA-MeasurementsOfRefstdResolutionBIT STRING(SIZE(2)),
                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
     stdResolution
     taCorrection
                                     INTEGER(0..960)
                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
     otd-FirstSetMsrs SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..15)) OF OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MeasurementWithID
                                                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TOA-MeasurementsOfRef ::= SEQUENCE {
     refQuality BIT STRING(SIZE(5)),
numOfMeasurements BIT STRING(SIZE(3)),
     . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrElement field descriptions

### refFrameNumber

This field indicates the frame number of the last measured burst from the reference BTS modulo 42432. This information can be used as a time stamp for the measurements.

## Scale factor 1 frame.

### referenceTimeSlot

Reference Time Slot indicates the time slot modulo 4 relative to which the target reports the reference BTS measurements.

NOTE: If target does not know timeslot scheme, the target reports the used timeslot. Target can only report results based on one time slot (N) or two time slots (N and N+4). If the target knows the timeslot scheme, it can make measurements from several timeslots and reports that the used timeslot is zero (and makes correction).

#### toaMeasurementsOfRef

This field consists of reference quality and number of measurements.

#### stdResolution

Std Resolution field includes the resolution used in Reference Quality field and Std of EOTD Measurements field. Encoding on 2 bits as follows:

'00'	10 meters;
'01'	20 meters;
'10'	30 meters;
'11'	Reserved.

#### taCorrection

This field indicates the estimate of the time difference between the moment that the target uses to adjust its internal timing for reception and transmission (e.g. corresponding to maximum energy) and the estimate of the reception of the first arriving component from the serving BTS. This value can be used as a correction by the server to the Timing Advance (TA) value when the distance between the target and the serving BTS is estimated based on TA.

The value *TACorrection* in this field corresponds to the TA Correction in bit periods as follows:

- TA Correction in bit periods = *TACorrection*/64 -8.

Scale factor 1/64 bit period, range [-8..+7] bit periods.

Negative TA Correction in bits indicates that the first signal component from the serving BTS is estimated to arrive before the moment used for communication.

#### otd-FirstSetMsrs

Measured neighbors in OTD measurements.

	OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrElement field descriptions			
refQuality			<b>A</b>	
Reference Qual	ity field includes the s	standard deviat	ion of the TOA measurements from the reference BTS with respect to	
optional. The R		l can be used to	m the reference BTS used to calculate the OTD values). This field is o evaluate the reliability of E-OTD measurements in the server and in lation.	
Following linea	r 5 bit encoding is use	ed:		
'00000'	0 - (R*1-1)	meters;		
'00001'	R*1 -	(R*2-1)	meters;	
'00010'	R*2 - (R*3-1)	meters;		
	Dial			
'11111'	R*31 meters or	more.		
	resolution defined by meters, 40 - 59 meters		In field. For example, if $R=20$ meters, corresponding values are 0 - 19 ers.	
	meters, 40 - 59 meters			
meters, 20 - 39 <i>numOfMeasure</i> Number of Mea reference base s	meters, 40 - 59 meters ements asurements for the Re site TOA. The field in	s,, 620+ met ference Quality adicates how m	y field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the any measurements have been used in the target to define the standard	
meters, 20 - 39 <i>numOfMeasur</i> Number of Mea reference base a deviation of the	meters, 40 - 59 meters ements asurements for the Re- site TOA. The field in measurements. The field	s,, 620+ met ference Quality adicates how m	y field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the any measurements have been used in the target to define the standard	
meters, 20 - 39 <i>numOfMeasure</i> Number of Mea reference bases deviation of the '000':	meters, 40 - 59 meters ements asurements for the Res site TOA. The field in measurements. The fe 2-4;	s,, 620+ met ference Quality adicates how m	y field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the any measurements have been used in the target to define the standard	
meters, 20 - 39 <i>numOfMeasure</i> Number of Mea reference base a deviation of the '000': '001':	meters, 40 - 59 meters ements asurements for the Re site TOA. The field in measurements. The for 2-4; 5-9;	s,, 620+ met ference Quality adicates how m	y field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the any measurements have been used in the target to define the standard	
meters, 20 - 39 <i>numOfMeasure</i> Number of Mea reference base a deviation of the '000': '001': '010':	meters, 40 - 59 meters ements asurements for the Resiste TOA. The field in measurements. The for 2-4; 5-9; 10-14	s,, 620+ met ference Quality adicates how m	y field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the any measurements have been used in the target to define the standard	
meters, 20 - 39 <b>numOfMeasure</b> Number of Mea reference base of deviation of the '000': '001': '010': '011':	meters, 40 - 59 meters ements asurements for the Resiste TOA. The field in measurements. The for 2-4; 5-9; 10-14 15-24;	s,, 620+ met ference Quality adicates how m	y field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the any measurements have been used in the target to define the standard	
meters, 20 - 39 <i>numOfMeasure</i> Number of Mea reference base a deviation of the '000': '001': '010':	meters, 40 - 59 meters ements asurements for the Resiste TOA. The field in measurements. The for 2-4; 5-9; 10-14	s,, 620+ met ference Quality adicates how m	y field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the any measurements have been used in the target to define the standard	
meters, 20 - 39 <i>numOfMeasure</i> Number of Mea reference base a deviation of the '000': '001': '001': '010': '100':	meters, 40 - 59 meters ements asurements for the Resiste TOA. The field in measurements. The for 2-4; 5-9; 10-14 15-24; 25-34;	s,, 620+ met ference Quality adicates how m	y field is used together with Reference Quality to define quality of the any measurements have been used in the target to define the standard	

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MeasurementWithID

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MeasurementWithID defines the EOTD measurement for BTS with known ID.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MeasurementWithID ::= SEQUENCE {
     neighborIdentity OMA-LPPe-EOTD-NeighborIdentity,
nborTimeSlot OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ModuloTimeSlot,
eotdQuality OMA-LPPe-EOTD-EOTDQuality,
otdValue OMA-LPPe-EOTD-COTDQuality,
                                      OMA-LPPe-EOTD-EOTDQuality,
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-OTDValue,
     otdValue
      . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-NeighborIdentity ::= CHOICE {
     bsicAndCarrier OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIDGERAN,
ci OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CellID,
     multiFrameCarrier OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameCarrier,
     requestIndex OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestIndex,
systemInfoIndex OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoIndex,
ciAndLac OMA-LPPe-CellLocalIdGERAN,
      . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-EOTDQuality ::= SEQUENCE {
     nbrOfMeasurements BIT STRING(SIZE(3)),
     stdOfEOTD
                                              BIT STRING(SIZE(5)),
      . . .
}
```

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-OTDValue ::= INTEGER (0..39999)
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-CellID ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestIndex ::= INTEGER (1..16)
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoIndex ::= INTEGER (1..32)
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameCarrier ::= SEQUENCE {
    bcchCarrier OMA-LPPe-EOTD-BCCHCarrier,
    multiFrameOffset OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameOffset,
    ...
}
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-BCCHCarrier ::= INTEGER (0..1023)
```

#### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MeasurementWithID field descriptions

#### neighborIdentity

This field identifies the neighbour cell.

### nborTimeSlot

-- ASN1STOP

Neighbor Time Slot indicates the time slot modulo 4 relative to which the UE reports the neighbor BTS measurements.

NOTE: If the UE does not know the timeslot scheme, the target reports the used timeslot. Target can only report a result based on one time slot (N) or two time slots (N and N+4). If the target knows the timeslot scheme, the target can make measurements from several timeslots and reports that the used timeslot is zero (and makes the correction).

#### *eotdQuality*

This field includes the number of measurements and the standard deviation of EOTD measurements.

#### otdValue

This field indicates the measured OTD value between the receptions of signals from the reference and the neighbour BTS. The OTD is defined as  $T_{Nbor}$  -  $T_{Ref}$  (modulo burst length) where  $T_{Nbor}$  is the time of arrival of signal from the neighbour BTS, and  $T_{Ref}$  is the time of arrival of signal from the reference BTS.

The scale factor is 1/256 GSM bits. Range [0..156.2461] GSM bits.

#### *bsicAndCarrier*

Cell identity is specified using BSIC and BCCH carrier.

#### ci

Cell identity is told using CI, and the LAC is the same as the current serving BTS.

### multiFrameCarrier

Cell identity is specified using 51 Multiframe offset and BCCH carrier.

### requestIndex

Cell identity is specified using an index referring to the BTS listed in the assistance data component OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MsrAssistdDataList.

### systemInfoIndex

Cell identity is specified using an index referring to the BTS listed in the BCCH allocation list of the serving BTS, *OMA-LPPe-EOTD-SystemInfoAssistDataList* component of assistance data. This type of neighbor identity SHALL NOT be used by the target unless it has received the "E-OTD Measurement Assistance Data for System Information List Element" from the server for this cell.

### ciAndLac

Cell identity is specified using CI and the LAC.

### **OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MeasurementWithID** field descriptions

### nbrOfMeasurements

Number of Measurements field is used together with Std of EOTD Measurements field to define quality of a reported EOTD measurement. The field indicates how many EOTD measurements have been used in the target to define the standard deviation of these measurements. The following 3 bit encoding is used.

'000':	2-4;
'001':	5-9;
'010':	10-14;
'011':	15-24;
'100':	25-34;
'101':	35-44;
'110':	45-54;
'111':	55 or more.

### stdOfEOTD

Std of EOTD Measurements field includes standard deviation of EOTD measurements. It can be used to evaluate the reliability of EOTD measurements in the server and in weighting of the OTD values in location calculation.

Following linear 5 bit encoding is used:

'00000'	0 - (R*1-1) meters;
'00001'	R*1 - (R*2-1) meters;
'00010'	R*2 - (R*3-1) meters;
 '11111'	R*31 meters or more.

where R is the resolution defined by Std Resolution field. For example, if R=20 meters, corresponding values are 0 - 19 meters, 20 - 39 meters, 40 - 59 meters, ..., 620+ meters.

#### *multiFrameOffset*

This field indicates the frame difference between the start of the 51 multiframes frames arriving from this BTS and the reference BTS. The multiframe offset is defined as  $T_{BTS}$  -  $T_{Ref}$ , where  $T_{BTS}$  is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the BTS in question, and  $T_{Ref}$  is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the reference BTS.

The scale factor is 1 frame.

### 6.5.3.6 EOTD Location Information Request

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestLocationInformation is used to request EOTD-based position estimate (UE-based) and measurements (UE-assisted).

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
```

} ...

-- ASN1STOP

### 6.5.3.7 EOTD Capability Information

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideCapabilites is used by the target to provide its EOTD capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    eotdSupport BIT STRING{ ueBased(0), ueAssisted(1) },
```

•••

}

-- ASN1STOP

### 6.5.3.8 EOTD Capability Information Request

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestCapabilities is used to request EOTD capabilities information from the target.

-- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE { ... }

-- ASN1STOP

### 6.5.3.9 EOTD Error Elements

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-Error

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-Errors is used by the location server or target device to provide E-OTD error reasons to the target device or location server, respectively.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-EOTD-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-LocationServerErrorCauses

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide E-OTD error reasons to the target device.

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide E-OTD error reasons to the location server.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TargetDeviceErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {
    cause ENUMERATED{ undefinedError,
        notEnoughBTsforEOTD,
        assistanceDataMissing,
        referenceCellNotServingCell,
        eotdMeasurementsNotSupported,
        eotdMeasurementsNotAvailable,
        uebasedEOTDnotSupported,
        ...},
    ...
```

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.5.3.10 EOTD Common Information

### - OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TimeSlotScheme

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TimeSlotScheme ::= ENUMERATED {
    equalLength (0),
    variousLength (1)
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TimeSlotScheme field descriptions

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-TimeSlotScheme

The time slot scheme field indicates the type of transmission scheme the reference BTS is using. If the target measures BTSs signals from time slots other than 0 or 4 and the target is informed about the burst length schemes used by BTSs, the target can compensate for the possible error. (This is necessary if the target averages bursts from different time slots, and the BTS uses varying lengths of bursts.)

0' = all time slots are 156,25 bits long.

'1' = time slots 0 and 4 are 157 bits long and other time slots are 156 bits long.

## OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameOffset

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameOffset ::= INTEGER (0..51)

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameOffset field descriptions

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-MultiFrameOffset

This field indicates the frame difference between the start of the 51 multiframes frames being transmitted from this BTS and the reference BTS. The multiframe offset is defined as  $T_{BTS} - T_{Ref}$ , where  $T_{BTS}$  is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the BTS in question, and  $T_{Ref}$  is the time of the start of the 51 multiframe in the reference BTS. This field is mandatory. Multiframe Offset may be used to calculate the Expected Multiframe Offset (the Multiframe Offset value that the target is expected to measure between this BTS and reference BTS in its current estimated location).

Expected Offset Offset Multiframe = (Multiframe +Adjustment) modulo 51 Adjustment = 1 if Rough RTD - Expected OTD  $\geq 850$ -1 if Rough RTD - Expected OTD =< -850 Adjustment = 0 if -400 =< Rough RTD - Expected OTD =< 400 Adjustment =

If the Rough RTD - Expected OTD is not within any of the ranges above, an error has occurred and the Expected OTD should be ignored and no Expected Multiframe Offset can be calculated.

Usable range of Multiframe Offset value is 0 - 50. The Multiframe Offset value 51 SHALL NOT be encoded by the transmitting entity and SHALL be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RoughRTD

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RoughRTD ::= INTEGER (0..1250)
```

-- ASN1STOP

### **OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RoughRTD** field descriptions

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-RoughRTD

This field indicates the rough RTD value between this BTS and reference BTS. The used resolution is 1 bit. This RTD value is the RTD value of TS0s (i.e. the difference in starting of TS0), not only the RTD between starts of bursts. The RTD is defined as  $T_{BTS}$  -  $T_{Ref}$ , where  $T_{BTS}$  is the time of the start of TS0 in the BTS in question, and  $T_{Ref}$  is the time of the start of the TS0 in the reference BTS. This field is mandatory.

Usable range of Rough RTD value is 0 - 1249. The Rough RTD value 1250 SHALL NOT be encoded by the transmitting entity and SHALL be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

Accurate RTD values are needed for UE-based E-OTD, i.e. when the target calculates its own position. The scale factor is 1 GSM bit.

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ExpectedOTD

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ExpectedOTD ::= SEQUENCE {
    expectedOTD INTEGER(0..1250),
    expOTDUncertainty INTEGER(0..7),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### **OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ExpectedOTD** field descriptions

*expectedOTD* This field indicates the OTD value that the target is expected to measure between this BTS and reference BTS in its current estimated location. The server can estimate target's location roughly e.g. based on serving BTS coordinates, TA, and possibly some other information.

This OTD value is the OTD value of TS0s (i.e. the difference in starting of TS0), not only the OTD between starts of bursts. The OTD is defined as  $T_{BTS}$ - $T_{Ref}$ , where  $T_{BTS}$  is the time of the start of TS0 in the BTS in question, and  $T_{Ref}$  is the time of the start of the TS0 in the reference BTS. The server SHALL send this element to the target supporting UE-Assisted or UE-Based E-OTD.

Usable range of Expected OTD value is 0 - 1249. The Expected OTD value 1250 SHALL NOT be encoded by the transmitting entity and SHALL be treated by the receiving entity as 0.

The scale factor is 1 GSM bit.

### *expOTDUncertainty*

This field indicates the uncertainty in Expected OTD value. The uncertainty is related to server's estimation of target's location. The uncertainty defines following search window for the target, which window the target can use to speed up the OTD measurements:

Expected OTD - Uncertainty < measured OTD < Expected OTD + Uncertainty.

Range is 0 - 7 with following encoding:

'0'	$0 < $ uncertainty $\leq 2$ bits;
'1'	$2 < $ uncertainty $\leq 4$ bits;
'2'	$4 < $ uncertainty $\leq 8$ bits;
'3'	$8 < $ uncertainty $\leq 12$ bits;
'4'	12 < uncertainty <= 16  bits
'5'	$16 < \text{uncertainty} \le 22 \text{ bits}$
'6'	$22 < \text{uncertainty} \le 30 \text{ bits}$
'7'	uncertainty $> 30$ bits.
OTE	If uncertainty in LIE's locatio

NOTE: If uncertainty in UE's location is x bits, uncertainty in Expected OTD is 2\*x (in the worst case). When the uncertainty is given with value '7' no upper bound exists for the uncertainty.

### OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ModuloTimeSlot

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ModuloTimeSlot ::= INTEGER(0..3)
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ModuloTimeSlot field descriptions

OMA-LPPe-EOTD-ModuloTimeSlot

This field indicates the time slot modulo 4.

# 6.5.4 OTDOA-UTRA Positioning

# 6.5.4.1 OTDOA-UTRA Assistance Data

# OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted

### OTDOA-UTRA -based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
   referenceCellInfo OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ReferenceCellInfo OPTIONAL,
   neigborCellList OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellList OPTIONAL,
   otdoaUtraError OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Error OPTIONAL,
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideAssistanceData field descriptions

referenceCellInfo

This field defines the reference cell information.

*neighborCellList* This field lists the neighbor cells.

otdoaUtraError

This field provides the OTDOA-UTRA assistance data error.

### 6.5.4.2 OTDOA-UTRA Assistance Data Elements

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ReferenceCellInfo

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ReferenceCellInfo information element contains the data related to the reference cell.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ReferenceCellInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
                               INTEGER(0..4095)
                                                               OPTIONAL,
    sfn
    modeSpecificInfo
                          CHOICE {
         fdd
                               SEQUENCE {
             primaryCPICH-info
                                             OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryCPICH-Info
             },
                               SEQUENCE {
         tdd
             cellAndChannelIdentity
                                             OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellAndChannelIdentity
             }
         },
    frequencyInfo OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfo
refPosAssist OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RefPosAs
                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                              OMA-LPPE-OTRA-FrequencyIIIOOPTIONAL,OMA-LPPE-OTDOA-UTRA-RefPosAssistOPTIONAL,OMA-LPPE-OTDOA-UTRA-IPDL-ParametersOPTIONAL,
    refPosAssist
                                                                                           --Cond UE-based
    ipdl-parameters
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RefPosAssist ::= SEQUENCE {
    cellPosition
                                CHOICE {
             ellipsoidPoint
                                             Ellipsoid-Point,
             ellipsoidPointWithAltitude EllipsoidPointWithAltitude,
             . . .
             },
    roundTripTime
                                  INTEGER (0..32766)
                                                                    OPTIONAL,
    roundTripTimeExtension
                                  INTEGER (0..70274)
                                                                    OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Conditional presence Explanation		
UE-based	<i>based</i> The field is mandatory present if UE-based OTDOA positioning is used.		
	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ReferenceCellInfo field descriptions		
afa	OMA-LITE-OIDOA-OIKA-KejerenceCeutnjo neu descriptions		
<i>sfn</i> Time stamp (SFN of Reference Cell) of the SFN-SFN relative time differences and SFN-SFN drift rates. Included if any			
	cluded in IE OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellInfo.		
<i>primaryCPICH-info</i> Primary scrambling code for FDD.			
<i>cellAndChannelIdentity</i>			
	e measured on (TDD)		
Identifies the channel to be measured on (TDD). <i>frequencyInfo</i>			
Default value is the existing value of frequency information.			
refPosAssist			
This field contains the information related to the reference cell, needed for the UE-based OTDOA positioning.			
<i>ipdl-parameters</i>	Annalon related to the reference cent, needed for the OD bused OTD of r positioning.		
	ded there are no idle periods present.		
cellPosition			
Defines the reference cell antenna position.			
roundTripTime			
Round trip time in chips.			
Scale factor 0.0625 chips.			
The actual value of the round-trip-time is given by: $RTT = IE$ value * 0.0625 + 876 chips.			
roundTripTimeExtension			
Round trip time extension in chips. Default =0.			
Round trip time = IE "rour	Round trip time = IE "roundTripTime" + IE "roundTripTimeExtension"		
Scale factor 0.0625 chips.			
Range [04392.125] chips			

## OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellList

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellList IE lists the neighbor cell information.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..utra-maxCellMeas)) OF
                                                                               OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellInfo
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
          fdd
                                  SEQUENCE {
              primaryCPICH-info
                                                 OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryCPICH-Info
               },
          tdd
                                  SEQUENCE {
              cellAndChannelIdentity
                                                 OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellAndChannelIdentity
               }
         },
    J,OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfofrequencyInfoOMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfoipdl-parametersOMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IPDL-Parameterssfn-SFN-relTimeDifferenceOMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-SFN-RelTimeDifference1sfn-offsetValidityOMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-OffsetValidityControl wiftOMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-SFN-Drift
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                            OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-SFN-RelTimeDifferencel,
                                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
    searchWindowSize
                                            OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SearchWindowSize,
    positioningAssistance OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PositioningAssistance OPTIONAL, --Cond UEbased
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-SFN-RelTimeDifference1 ::= SEQUENCE {
    sfn-offset
                                       INTEGER (0..4095),
```

```
sfn-sfn-relTimeDifference INTEGER (0..38399)
}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PositioningAssistance ::= SEQUENCE {
                    INTEGER (-20000..20000),
   relativeNorth
                               INTEGER (-20000..20000),
   relativeEast
   relativeAltitude
                             INTEGER (-4000..4000)
                                                                  OPTIONAL,
   fineSFN-SFN
                             OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-fineSFN-SFN,
   roundTripTime
                              INTEGER (0..32766)
                                                                  OPTIONAL,
   roundTripTimeExtension
                              INTEGER (0..70274)
                                                                  OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
                  INTEGER ::= 32
utra-maxCellMeas
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-OffsetValidity ::= ENUMERATED { false }
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-SFN-Drift ::= ENUMERATED {
           sfnsfndrift0, sfnsfndrift1, sfnsfndrift2,
           sfnsfndrift3, sfnsfndrift4, sfnsfndrift5,
           sfnsfndrift8, sfnsfndrift10, sfnsfndrift15,
           sfnsfndrift25, sfnsfndrift35, sfnsfndrift50,
           sfnsfndrift65, sfnsfndrift80, sfnsfndrift100,
           sfnsfndrift-1, sfnsfndrift-2, sfnsfndrift-3,
           sfnsfndrift-4, sfnsfndrift-5, sfnsfndrift-8,
           sfnsfndrift-10, sfnsfndrift-15, sfnsfndrift-25,
           sfnsfndrift-35, sfnsfndrift-50, sfnsfndrift-65,
           sfnsfndrift-80, sfnsfndrift-100,
            OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SearchWindowSize ::= ENUMERATED { c20, c40, c80, c160, c320,
                                                    c640, c1280, moreThan1280, ... }
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-fineSFN-SFN ::= INTEGER (0..15)
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
UEbased	The field is mandatory present if the UE-based OTDOA positioning is used. Otherwise it is	
	not present.	

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellList field descriptions
primaryCPICH-info
Primary scrambling code for FDD.
cellAndChannelIdentity
Identifies the channel to be measured on for TDD.
frequencyInfo
Default value is the existing value of frequency information.
ipdl-parameters
If this element is not included there are no idle periods present.
sfn-SFN-relTimeDifference
Consists of SFN offset and SFN-SFN relative time difference.
sfn-offsetValidity
Absence of this element means SFN offset is valid. FALSE means SFN offset is not valid.
sfn-sfn-drift
Drift value in 1/256 chips per second.
searchWindowSize
Search window size in chips. If the value is X then the expected SFN-SFN observed time difference is in the range [RTD-
X, RTD+X] where RTD is the value of the field SFN-SFN relative time difference.
positioningAssistance
This field contains the information related to the neighbor cell, needed for the UE-based OTDOA positioning.

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborCellList field descriptions

*sfnOffset* Define SFNref as the system frame number of the reference cell. Let the system frame number of the neighbour cell be SFNnc. Then SFNnc=SFNref-SFNoffset modulo 4096.

### sfn-sfnRelTimeDifference

Gives the relative timing compared to the reference cell. Equal to floor (  $(Tnc - Tref)^*(3.84^*10^6)$ ). In chips, Tnc = the time of beginning of a system frame from the neighbour cell, Tref = the time of beginning of a system frame from the reference cell.

#### relativeNorth

Relative position compared to reference cell.

Scale factor 0.03/3600 degrees, range [-600..600] 1/3600 degrees.

#### relativeEast

Relative position compared to reference cell.

Scale factor 0.03/3600 degrees, range [-600..600] 1/3600 degrees.

### relativeAltitude

Relative altitude compared to reference cell.

Scale factor 1m, range [-4000..4000] meters

### fineSFN-SFN

Gives finer resolution.

Scale factor 0.0625 chips, range [0..0.9375] chips.

### roundTripTime

Round trip time in chips. Included if cell is in active set.

The round-trip-time may be recovered from the IE value by: RTT = IE value \* 0.0625 + 876 chips.

Scale factor 0.0625 chips, range [876.00..2923.875] chips.

### *roundTripTimeExtension*

Round trip time extension in chips. Included if cell is in active set. Default =0. Round trip time = IE "roundTripTime" + IE "roundTripTimeExtension" Scale factor 0.0625 chips, range [0.4392.125] chips.

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IPDL-parameters

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IPDL-parameters introduces the IPDL parameters. For reference on all the fields, see [25.214] and [25.224].

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IPDL-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE {
   modeSpecificInfo CHOICE {
        fdd
                               SEOUENCE {
            ip-spacing
                                    OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IP-Spacing,
            ip-length
                                    OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IP-Length,
           ip-Offset
                                    INTEGER (0..9),
           seed
                                    INTEGER (0..63),
           burstModeParameters
                                    OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-BurstModeParameters
                                                                                OPTIONAL
        },
        t.dd
                                SEQUENCE {
                                    OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IP-Spacing-TDD,
            ip-spacing-tdd
            ip-slot
                                   INTEGER (0..14),
           ip-start
                                   INTEGER (0..4095),
                                    OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IP-PCCPCH
           ip-PCCPCH
                                                                                OPTIONAL,
           burstModeParameters
                                    OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-BurstModeParameters
        }
    }
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IP-Spacing ::= ENUMERATED { e5, e7, e10, e15, e20, e30, e40, e50}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IP-Length ::= ENUMERATED {ip15, ip110}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IP-Spacing-TDD ::= ENUMERATED { e30, e40, e50, e70, e100 }
```

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-IP-PCCPCH ::= BOOLEAN
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-BurstModeParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    burstStart INTEGER (0..15),
    burstLength INTEGER (10..25),
    burstFreq INTEGER (1..16)
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### 6.5.4.3 OTDOA-UTRA Assistance Data Request

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted OTDOA-UTRA-based methods.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    otdoaUtraAssistanceReq BIT STRING { ueAssisted (0), ueBased (1) } (SIZE(1..8)),
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

#### otdoaUtraAssistanceReq

If bit 0 is set, assistance for UE-assisted OTDOA-UTRA positioning is requested.

If bit 1 is set, assistance for UE-based OTDOA-UTRA positioning is requested.

### 6.5.4.4 OTDOA-UTRA Location Information

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation

The purpose of the OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation element is to provide measurements of signals sent from the reference and neighbor base stations.

ASN1START			
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {			
otdoaUtraMeasurement	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Measurement	OPTIONAL,	
otdoaUtraError	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Error	OPTIONAL,	
timeStampData	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeStampData	OPTIONAL,Cond UE-based	
}			
ASN1STOP			

Conditional presence	Explanation	
UEbased	The field is mandatory present if the UE-based OTDOA positioning is used. Otherwise it is	
	not present.	

#### OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideLocatioInformation field descriptions

### otdoa Utra Measuruement

This field specifies the UTRA OTDOA measurements.

```
otdoaUtraError
```

This field specifies the UTRA OTDOA errors.

OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideLocatioInformation field descriptions

timeStampData

-- ASN1START

This field specifies the time of the location estimate.

### 6.5.4.5 OTDOA-UTRA Location Information Elements

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Measurement

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Measurement consists of the OTDOA-UTRA location information measurements provided by the target to the server.

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Measurement ::= SEQUENCE {
                          INTEGER (0..4095),
   sfn
   modeSpecificInfoMeas
                         CHOICE {
                               SEQUENCE {
       fdd
           referenceCellIdentity
                                               OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryCPICH-Info,
           ue-RX-TX-TimeDifferenceType2Info
                                               OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-UE-RX-TX-TimeDifferenceType2Info,
            },
                               SEQUENCE {
       tdd
           cellAndChannelIdentity
                                               OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellAndChannelIdentity,
            . . .
            }
    },
   neighborList
                          OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborList
                                                                  OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-UE-RX-TX-TimeDifferenceType2Info ::= SEQUENCE {
   ue-RX-TX-timeDifferenceType2 OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeDifferenceType2,
   neighborQuality
                                       OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborQuality
}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeDifferenceType2 ::= INTEGER(0..8191)
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..utra-maxCellMeas)) OF
                                           OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Neighbor
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Neighbor ::= SEQUENCE {
   modeSpecificInfo
                     CHOICE {
       fdd
                           SEQUENCE {
           neighborIdentity
                                               OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryCPICH-Info
                                                                                      OPTIONAL.
           ue-RX-TX-timeDifferenceType2Info
                               OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-UE-RX-TX-TimeDifferenceType2Info
                                                                                       OPTIONAL.
            ...},
       t.dd
                           SEQUENCE {
           cellAndChannelIdentity
                                       OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellAndChannelIdentity OPTIONAL,
           uarfcn
                                       ARFCN-ValueUTRA
                                                                                   OPTIONAL.
           ... }
    },
    neighborQuality
                                   OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborQuality,
   sfn-sfn-ObsTimeDifference2
                                   OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference2,
}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-NeighborQuality ::= SEQUENCE {
   quality OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Quality,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-SFN-SFN-ObsTimeDifference2 ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Quality ::= SEQUENCE {
   stdResolution
                                   BIT STRING (SIZE (2)),
   numberOfOTDOA-Measurements
                                   BIT STRING (SIZE (3)),
   stdOfOTDOA-Measurements
                                   BIT STRING (SIZE (5)),
```

}

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Measurement field descriptions
<i>sfn</i> SFN during which the last measurement was performed.
modeSpecificInfoMeas
This field contains TDD- and FDD- specific information.
<i>referenceCellIdentity</i> Identifies reference cell.
ue-RX-TX-TimeDifferenceType2Info
The difference in time between the uplink and downlink and the quality of measurements.
cellAndChannelIdentity
Identifies the channel to be measured.
neighborList
Lists the neighbor cell measurements.
<i>ue-RX-TX-TimeDifferenceType2</i> The difference in time between the UE unlink DECCH/DEDCH from transmission and the first detected path (in time) of
The difference in time between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first detected path (in time), of the downlink DPCH or F-DPCH frame from the measured radio link.
neighborQuality
Quality of the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement from the reference cell.
modeSpecificInfo
This field contains TDD- and FDD- specific information.
neighborIdentity
Identifies neighbour cell.
<i>sfn-sfn-ObsTimeDifference2</i> This field specifies the timing relative to the reference cell.For further information see [25.214] and [25.224]
quality
Specifies standard deviation and resolution of standard deviation of the measurements and number of measurements.
stdResolution
Std Resolution field includes the resolution used in Std of OTDOA Measurements field. Encoding on two bits as follows:
'00' 10 meters
'01' 20 meters '10' 30 meters
'11' Reserved
numberOfOTDOA-Measurements
This field indicates how many OTDOA measurements have been used in the UE to determine the sample standard
deviation of the measurements. Following 3 bit encoding is used:
'001' 5-9
'002' 10-14 '011' 15 24
'011' 15-24 '100' 25-34
'101' 35-44
'110' 45-54
'111' 55 or more
Special case:
'000': In this case the field 'Std of OTDOA measurements' contains the std of the reported SFN-SFN otd value = $sqrt(E[(x-y^2)])$
$\mu$ )2]), where x is the reported value and $\mu$ = E[x] is the expectation value (i.e. the true value) of x. This std can be used
irrespective of the number of measurements and reporting of the number of measurements is not needed. Also other measurements such as Ea/No or By loyale can be utilized in this case to evaluate the 'Std of OTDOA measurements'

measurements such as Ec/No or Rx levels can be utilised in this case to evaluate the 'Std of OTDOA measurements'

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Measurement field descriptions

*stdOfOTDOA-Measurements* Std of OTDOA Measurements field includes sample standard deviation of OTDOA measurements (when number of measurements is reported in 'Number of OTDOA measurements field') or standard deviation of the reported SFN-SFN otd value =  $sqrt(E[(x-\mu)2])$ , where x is the reported value and  $\mu = E[x]$  is the expectation value (i.e. the true value) of x (when '000' is given in 'Number of OTDOA measurements' field). Following linear 5 bit encoding is used: '00000' 0 - (R\*1-1) meters '00001' R\*1 - (R\*2-1) meters '00010' R\*2 - (R\*3-1) meters ... '11111' R\*31 meters or more where R is the resolution defined by Std Resolution field. E.g. R=20 m corresponds to 0-19 m, 20-39 m,...,620+ m.

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeStampData

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeStampData consists of the OTDOA-UTRA frame information that can be used to time stamp the position estimate in UE-based case.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeStampData ::= SEQUENCE {
   sfn INTEGER(0..4095),
   utraCellGlobalID CellGlobalIdEUTRA-AndUTRA,
   frequencyInfo OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfo OPTIONAL,
   nonUniqueCellID CHOICE {
     primaryScramblingCode OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryScramblingCode, --FDD
     cellParametersId OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellParametersID, --TDD
     ...},
   ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

sfn

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeStampData field descriptions

SFN during which the measurement was performed.

utraCellGlobalID

This field identifies the UTRAN cell ID to which the SFN refers to.

frequencyInfo

This field gives information on the frequency.

nonUniqueCellID

This field identifies the primary scrambling code for FDD or cell parameters ID for TDD.

### 6.5.4.6 OTDOA-UTRA Location Information Request

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestLocationInformation is used to request OTDOA-UTRA-based position estimate (UE-based) and measurements (UE-assisted).

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### 6.5.4.7 OTDOA-UTRA Capability Information

### – OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideCapabilites is used by the target to provide its OTDOA-UTRA capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    ueBasedSupported BOOLEAN,
    ueAssistedSupported BOOLEAN,
    ipdlSupported BOOLEAN,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities field descriptions		
ueBasedSupported		
This field indicates whether the UE supports UE based OTDOA (TRUE) or not (FALSE)		
ueAssistedSupported		
This field indicates whether the UE supports UE assisted OTDOA (TRUE) or not (FALSE)		
ipdlSupported		
This field indicates whether the UE supports IPDL (TRUE) or not (FALSE)		

### 6.5.4.8 OTDOA-UTRA Capability Information Request

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestCapabilities is used to request OTDOA-UTRA capabilities information from the target.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### 6.5.4.9 OTDOA-UTRA Error Elements

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Error

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Errors is used by the location server or target device to provide OTDOA-UTRA error reasons to the target device or location server, respectively.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-LocationServerErrorCauses

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide OTDOA-UTRA error reasons to the target device.

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide OTDOA-UTRA error reasons to the location server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {
    cause ENUMERATED{ undefinedError,
        notEnoughOTDOA-cells,
        assistanceDataMissing,
        referenceCellNotServingCell,
        otdoaMeasurementsNotSupported,
        otdoaMeasurementsNotAvailable,
        uebasedOTDOAnotSupported,
        ...},
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### 6.5.4.10 OTDOA-UTRA Common Elements

- <b>OMA</b> -	LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryCPICH-Info
----------------	-----------------------------------

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryCPICH-Info ::= SEQUENCE {
    primaryScramblingCode OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryScramblingCode
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryScramblingCode

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryScramblingCode ::= INTEGER (0..511)

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellAndChannelldentity

#### -- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellAndChannelIdentity ::= SEQUENCE {
    burstType OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-BurstType,
    midambleShift OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-MidambleShiftLong,
    timeslot OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeSlotNumber,
    cellParametersID OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellParametersID,
    ...
}
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-BurstType ::= ENUMERATED { type1, type2 }
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-MidambleShiftLong ::= INTEGER (0..15)
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-TimeSlotNumber ::= INTEGER (0..14)
OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellParametersID ::= INTEGER (0..127)
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellAndChannelIdentity field descriptions

#### *burstType*

Identifies the channel in combination with the midamble shift and slot number. It is not used in 1.28 Mcps TDD and may be set to either value. This IE should be ignored by the receiver for 1.28Mcps TDD.

midambleShift

This shift, when present, applies to all the HS-PDSCH resources assigned to the target.

timeSlot

This IE is present only if no IPDL scheme is configured in the reference cell. Otherwise the slot is defined by the IPDL configuration.

cellParametersID

### Identifies the cell.

# 6.5.5 LTE Enhanced Cell ID Positioning

### 6.5.5.1 LTE ECID Assistance Data

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted LTE ECID based methods.

-- ASN1STOP

### 6.5.5.2 LTE ECID Assistance Data Elements

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-NetworkData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-NetworkData is used by the location server to provide eNodeB and HeNB information for one LTE network as part of LTE ECID assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-NetworkData ::= SEQUENCE {
                         SEQUENCE {
   plmn-Identity
                               mcc
                                       SEQUENCE (SIZE (3))
                                                              OF INTEGER (0..9),
                                       SEQUENCE (SIZE (2..3)) OF INTEGER (0..9),
                               mnc
                               . . .
                           },
   multiple-PLMNs
                           BOOLEAN.
   reference-location
                           OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint
                                                       OPTIONAL,
                                                                  --Cond eNBlocations
                           SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLTEeNBs)) OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-eNodeBData,
   ecid-lte-eNodeB-list
   ecid-lte-HeNB-list
                         SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLTEHeNBs)) OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-HeNBData OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
maxLTEeNBs INTEGER ::= 32
maxLTEHeNBs INTEGER ::= 128
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
eNBlocations	The field is mandatory when one or more eNodeB or HeNB locations are provided for the	
	network and a default reference point is not provided in LPPe common IEs.	

#### **OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-NetworkData** field descriptions

#### plmn-Identity

This field identifies the PLMN as defined in [23.003]. For a network supporting multiple PLMNs, this field identifies the first listed (i.e. primary) PLMN.

#### multiple-PLMNs

This field indicates whether the network supports multiple PLMNs (true) or not (false).

#### reference-location

This field specifies an arbitrary reference location for the LTE network. If this field is absent, the reference location is provided by the default reference point in LPPe common IEs.

#### ecid-lte-eNodeB-list

This parameter provides information for one or more eNodeBs belonging to the indicated LTE network. Either ecid-lte-eNodeB-list or ecid-lte-HeNB-list or both SHALL be included.

#### ecid-lte-HeNB-list

This parameter provides information for one or more HeNBs belonging to the indicated LTE network. Either ecid-lte-eNodeB-list or ecid-lte-HeNB-list or both SHALL be included.

### – OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-eNodeBData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-eNodeBData is used by the location server to provide information for one LTE eNodeB or several collocated eNodeBs as part of LTE ECID assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-eNodeBData ::= SEQUENCE {
   relative-location OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation OPTIONAL,
   ecid-lte-eNodeB-CellData SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLTEMacroCells)) OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-CellData,
   ...
}
maxLTEMacroCells INTEGER ::= 8
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-eNodeBData field descriptions

#### relative-location

This field provides the location and optional uncertainty in location of the antenna of the eNodeB relative to the reference location for the network. For an eNodeB with multiple antennas or a set of collocated eNodeBs, the location can be averaged. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### ecid-lte-eNodeB-CellData

This field provides information for one or more LTE macro or pico cells sharing a common eNodeB antenna or using antennas in close proximity to one another.

### – OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-HeNBData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-HeNBData is used by the location server to provide information for one LTE HeNB as part of LTE ECID assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-HeNBData ::= SEQUENCE {
   relative-location OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation OPTIONAL,
   location-reliability INTEGER (1..100) OPTIONAL,
   coverageArea OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageArea OPTIONAL,
   ecid-lte-HeNB-CellData OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-CellData,
   ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-HeNBData field descriptions

#### relative-location

This field provides the location and optional uncertainty in location of the antenna of the HeNB relative to the reference location for the network.

#### *location-reliability*

The field provides the reliability R of the HeNB location. The probability that the HeNB location has not changed is given as a percentage. R may be based on historic change or persistence of the HeNB location over a period of time and the time interval since the HeNB location was last provided to or verified by the server. Note that location reliability is distinct from location accuracy and refers to the possibility of an HeNB having been moved to a new location. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### coverageArea

This parameter provides the coverage area of the HeNB. This parameter SHALL be provided if requsted and available.

#### ecid-lte-HeNB-CellData

This field provides information for the HeNB femtocell.

### – OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-CellData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-CellData is used by the location server to provide information for one LTE macro, pico or femto cell as part of LTE ECID assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-CellData ::= SEQUENCE {
   physCellId
                                    INTEGER (0..503)
                                                                    OPTIONAL, --Cond AtLeastOne
    cellIdentity
                                    BIT STRING (SIZE (28))
                                                                    OPTIONAL, --Cond AtLeastOne
   dl-CarrierFreq
                                   ARFCN-ValueEUTRA,
   rs-transmit-power
                                   INTEGER (-127..128)
                                                                                OPTIONAL.
   antennaPortConfig
                                    ENUMERATED {port1, ports2, ports4, ... }
                                                                                OPTIONAL.
                                    INTEGER (-127..128)
                                                                                OPTIONAL.
   antenna-gain
   beam-width
                                    INTEGER (1..360)
                                                                                OPTIONAL.
```

transmit-direction frequency-accuracy	INTEGER (0360) INTEGER (0100),	OPTIONAL,
, dl-CarrierFreq-ext	ARFCN-ValueEUTRA-v9a0	OPTIONAL Cond EARFCN-ext

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation		
EARFCN-ext	This field is mandatory present if the value of E-UTRA ARFCN is greater than 65535.		
	Otherwise this field is not present.		
AtLeastOne	At least one of the fields with the condition "AtLeastOne" MUST be present.		

#### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-CellData field descriptions

### physCellId

This field specifies the physical cell identity, as defined in [36.331].

#### *cellIdentity*

This field defines the identity of the cell within the context of the PLMN as defined in [36.331].

### dl-CarrierFreq

This field specifies the value of E-UTRA ARFCN of the cell as defined in [36.101]. If the value of E-UTRA ARFCN is greater than 65535, this field SHALL be set to 65535.

### dl-CarrierFreq range: (0..65535).

#### rs-transmit-power

This field specifies the downlink reference signal transmit power for the cell in dBm as defined in [36.314]. The RS EPRE can be derived from this as defined in [36.213]. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### antennaPortConfig

This field specifies whether 1, 2 or 4 antenna ports are used for downlink cell reference signals. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### antenna-gain

This field specifies the antenna gain in dBi. This field is applicable to a macro or pico cell only and SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### beam-width

This field specifies the engineered horizontal width of the antenna beam in degrees. This field is applicable to a macro or pico cell only and SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### transmit-direction

This field specifies the direction of the center of the main downlink transmission lobe in degrees clockwise from true north (0-359). A value of 360 indicates omnidirectional transmission. This field is applicable to a macro or pico cell only and SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### frequency-accuracy

This field specifies the minimum frequency accuracy of the cell in units of 0.005 ppm. A value of zero indicates frequency accuracy is outside the provided range.

### dl-CarrierFreq-Ext

This field specifies the value of E-UTRA ARFCN of the cell as defined in [36.101], if an extended value is used i.e., if the value of E-UTRA ARFCN is > 65535. In this case, this parameter SHALL be sent and set to the value of E-UTRA ARFCN.

*dl-CarrierFreq-Ext* t range: (65536..262143).

### 6.5.5.3 LTE ECID Assistance Data Request

### OMA-LPPe- ECID-LTE-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe- ECID-LTE-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted LTE ECID based methods.

-- ASN1START

ON	MA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-Reque	stAssistanceD	Data	::= SEQUENCE {			
	eNBrequestedAD	BIT STRING	{	bslist	(0),		
				bslocation	(1),		
				transmit-power	(2),		
				antennaPortConfig	(3),		
				antenna-gain	(4),		
				beam-width	(5),		
				transmit-direction	(6),		
				frequency-accuracy	(7),		
				non-serving	(8) }	(SIZE(116))	OPTIONAL,
	heNBrequestedAD	BIT STRING	{	bslist	(0),		
				bslocation	(1),		
				locationreliability	(2),		
				transmit-power	(3),		
				antennaPortConfig	(4),		
				frequency-accuracy	(5),		
				coveragearea	(6),		
				non-serving	(7) }	(SIZE(116))	OPTIONAL,
}							

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

#### *eNBrequestedAD*

This parameter specifies the LTE E-CID assistance data requested for eNodeBs associated with macro and pico cells. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is requested; a zero-value means not requested. If this parameter is absent, no assistance data is requested for macro or pico cells. The following assistance data types are included:

bslist: include mandatory eNodeB and cell information bslocation: include the location of each eNodeB if available transmit-power: include the downlink transmit power for each cell if available antennaPortConfig: include the antenna port configuration for the downlink RS antenna-gain: include the antenna gain for each cell if available beam-width: include the beam width for each cell if available transmit-direction: include the transmit direction for each cell if available frequency-accuracy: include the frequency accuracy for each cell if available non-serving: include information for non-serving LTE networks in addition to the serving LTE network (or include information for multiple LTE networks if the serving network is either unknown or not LTE)

### *heNBrequestedAD*

This parameter specifies the LTE E-CID assistance data requested for HeNBs associated with femto cells. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is requested; a zero-value means not requested. If this parameter is absent, no assistance data is requested for femto cells. The following assistance data types are included:

bslist: include mandatory HeNB and cell information bslocation: include the location of each HeNB if available locationreliability: include the reliability of HeNB location if available transmit-power: include the transmit power for each cell if available antennaPortConfig: include the antenna port configuration for the downlink RS frequency-accuracy: include the frequency accuracy for each cell if available coveragearea: include the coverage area for each HeNB if available non-serving: include information for non-serving LTE networks in addition to the serving LTE network (or include information for multiple LTE networks if the serving network is either unknown or not LTE)

#### 6.5.5.4 LTE ECID Location Information

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE -ProvideLocationInformation is used to provide ECID measurements (UE-assisted) for LTE

access networks at both current and historic times. Assuming the target device supports LPP E-CID measurement reporting, the target device SHALL use LPP and not LPPe to report LTE E-CID measurements to the server if either of the following conditions apply:

- (a) The server sends an LPP Request Location Information message to the target containing an LPP request for E-CID measurements and the target is served by an LTE network.
- (b) The target sends an unsolicited LPP Provide Location Information message to the server carrying current but not historic E-CID measurements for a serving LTE network and the target is either aware that the server supports LPP E-CID location information or is both not aware of the level of server LPP E-CID support and not aware that the server supports LPPe E-CID location information.

For all other cases of E-CID reporting for LTE, the target SHALL use LPPe and not LPP.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
   ecid-LTE-CombinedLocationInformation SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLTEECIDSize))
                                            OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationInformationList
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
    ecid-LTE-Error
                                            OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-Error OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationInformationList ::= SEQUENCE {
    ecid-LTE-LocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationInformation,
   relativeTimeStamp
                                    INTEGER (0..65535)
                                                                             OPTIONAL,
                                    BOOLEAN.
   servingFlag
    . . .
}
maxLTEECIDSize INTEGER ::= 64
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

### ecid-LTE-CombinedLocationInformation

This parameter provides E-CID measurements for one or more LTE access networks at the current time and/or for historic times. This parameter supports part of the Location ID and Multiple Location IDs parameters in SUPL 2.0.

### ecid-LTE-Error

This parameter provides error information when not all requested LTE E-CID measurements can be reported. This parameter should be included when some but not all requested measurements are reported and SHALL be included when no requested measurements are reported.

### *relativeTimeStamp*

This parameter SHALL be included for historic LTE E-CID measurements and provides the time of the historic measurements relative to current time in units of 0.01 seconds. If absent, current time is implied which is equivalent to a relativeTimeStamp of zero. Current time refers to the time when the target sends LTE E-CID measurements to the server.

### serving Flag

This parameter indicates whether a set of E-CID measurements were obtained for a serving LTE access network (TRUE) or non-serving LTE access network (FALSE). A target device with multiple radio support may indicate more than one type of serving access network for the same time instant.

### 6.5.5.5 LTE ECID Location Information Elements

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationInformation

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationInformation* is used by the target device to provide E-CID measurements for a serving or non-serving LTE network to the server.

-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
 lpp-ECID-SignalMeasurementInformation ECID-SignalMeasurementInformation,
 ...
}
-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationInformation field descriptions

*lpp-ECID-SignalMeasurementInformation* This parameter provides E-CID measurements for a serving or non-serving LTE access network.

### 6.5.5.6 LTE ECID Location Information Request

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestLocationInformation is used to request ECID measurements (UE-assisted).

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
   requestedMeasurements BIT STRING {
        rsrq (1),
        ueRxTx (2),
        non-serving (3),
        historic (4) } (SIZE(1..8)),
   ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

#### requestedMeasurements

This field specifies the LTE E-CID measurements requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following measurement requests can be included.

rsrp: RSRP rsrq: RSRQ ueRxTx: UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement non-serving: E-CID measurements for non-serving LTE networks (in addition to a serving LTE network) historic: historic LTE E-CID measurements (in addition to current measurements)

### 6.5.5.7 LTE ECID Capability Information

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideCapabilites is used by the target to provide its ECID capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {

ecid-lte-MeasSupported BIT STRING {rsrp (0),

rsrq (1),

ueRxTx (2),

non-serving (3),

historic (4) } (SIZE(1..8)),

ecid-lte-eNodeB-ADSupported BIT STRING {bslist (0),
```

		bslocation transmit-power antennaPortConfig antenna-gain beam-width transmit-direction frequency-accuracy	(7),
ecid-utra-HeNB-ADSupported	BIT STRING	<pre>non-serving {bslist bslocation locationreliability transmit-power antennaPortConfig frequency-accuracy coveragearea non-serving</pre>	(3), (4),
}			

-- ASN1STOP

#### **OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideCapabilities** field descriptions

### ecid-lte-MeasSupported

This field specifies the E-CID measurements supported by the target device for LTE using LPPe. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions in the bit string means only the basic Cell ID positioning method is supported by the target device for LTE using LPPe. The following bits are assigned for the indicated measurements.

rsrp: RSRP rsrq: RSRQ ueRxTx: UE Rx-Tx time difference measurement non-serving: E-CID measurements for non-serving LTE networks (in addition to a serving LTE network) historic: historic LTE E-CID measurements

### ecid-lte-eNodeB-ADSupported

This field specifies the E-CID assistance data supported by the target device for LTE eNodeBs. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions or absence of this field means no assistance data is supported. The following bits are assigned for the indicated assistance data.

bslist: mandatory eNodeB and cell information bslocation: location of each eNodeB transmit-power: transmit power for each cell antennaPortConfig: antenna port configuration for downlink RS antenna-gain: antenna gain for each cell beam-width: beam width for each cell transmit-direction: transmit direction for each cell frequency-accuracy: frequency accuracy for each cell non-serving: information for non-serving LTE networks in addition to the serving LTE network (or information for multiple LTE networks if the serving network is not LTE)

### **OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-ProvideCapabilities** field descriptions

### ecid-lte-HeNB-ADSupported

This field specifies the E-CID assistance data supported by the target device for LTE HeNBs. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions or absence of this field means no assistance data is supported. The following bits are assigned for the indicated assistance data.

bslist: mandatory HeNB and cell information bslocation: location of each HeNB locationreliability: location reliability of each HeNB transmit-power: transmit power for each cell antennaPortConfig: antenna port configuration for downlink RS frequency-accuracy: frequency accuracy for each cell coveragearea: coverage area for each HeNB non-serving: information for non-serving LTE networks in addition to the serving LTE network (or information for multiple LTE networks if the serving network is not LTE)

### 6.5.5.8 LTE ECID Capability Information Request

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestCapabilities is used to request ECID capabilities information from the target.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## 6.5.5.9 LTE ECID Error Element

### - OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-Error

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-Error is used by the location server or target device to provide LTE E-CID error reasons to the target device or location server, respectively.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide LTE E-CID error reasons to the target device.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationServerErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {

    cause ENUMERATED { undefined,

        requestedADNotAvailable,

        notAllrequestedADAvailable,
```

•••		
},		
eNodeBMandatoryDataUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
eNodeBLocationsUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
eNodeBcellTransmitPowerUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
eNodeBcellAntennaPortConfigUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
eNodeBcallAntennaGainUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
eNodeBcellBeamWidthUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
eNodeBcellTransmitDirectionUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
eNodeBcellFrequencyAccuracyUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
eNodeBnonservingADUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
heNBMandatoryDataUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
heNBLocationUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
heNBLocationReliabilityUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
heNBcellTransmitPowerUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
heNBcellAntennaPortConfigUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
heNBcellFrequencyAccuracyUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
heNBCoverageAreaUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
heNBnonservingADUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,

-- ASN1STOP

#### **OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-LocationServerErrorCauses** field descriptions

#### cause

This field provides a LTE ECID specific error cause for the server applicable to provision of assistance data. If the cause value is '*requestedADNotAvailable*', none of the requested assistance data could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is '*notAllRequestedADAvailable*', the server was able to provide some but not all requested LTE ECID assistance data. In this case, the server should include any of the specific error indications as applicable. Note that inclusion of these fields is applicable when some of the associated information can be provided for some base stations or cells but not for all base stations and cells.

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide LTE E-CID error reasons to the location server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-TargetDeviceErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {
               ENUMERATED {undefined,
   cause
                           requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable,
                           notAllrequestedMeasurementsPossible,
                            . . .
                            },
   rsrpMeasurementNotPossible
                                      NULL
                                                   OPTIONAL.
   rsrqMeasurementNotPossible
                                       NULL
                                                   OPTIONAL,
                                     NULL
                                                   OPTIONAL.
   ueRxTxMeasurementNotPossible
   non-servingMeasurementsNotAvailable NULL
                                                   OPTIONAL,
   historicMeasurementsNotAvailable NULL
                                                   OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### **OMA-LPPe-ECID-LTE-TargetDeviceErrorCauses** field descriptions

### cause

This field provides an LTE ECID specific error cause. If the cause value is 'requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable', none of the requested measurements could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is 'notAllRequestedMeasurementsPossible', the target device was able to provide some but not all requested LTE ECID measurements. In this case, the target device should include any of the other fields, as applicable.

# 6.5.6 GSM Enhanced Cell ID Positioning

This section defines support for GSM ECID.

### 6.5.6.1 **GSM ECID Assistance Data**

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted GSM ECID based methods.

-- ASN1STOP

### 6.5.6.2 GSM ECID Assistance Data Elements

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-NetworkData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-NetworkData is used by the location server to provide base station information for one GSM network as part of GSM ECID assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-NetworkData ::= SEQUENCE {
   plmn-Identity SEQUENCE {
                          mcc
                                   SEQUENCE (SIZE (3))
                                                          OF INTEGER (0..9),
                                  SEQUENCE (SIZE (2..3)) OF INTEGER (0..9)
                           mnc
                           },
   reference-location OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint
                                                 OPTIONAL,
                                                              --Cond BSlocations
   base-station-list SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxGSMBaseStations)) OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-BaseStationData,
    . . .
}
maxGSMBaseStations INTEGER ::= 32
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation		
BSlocations	The field is mandatory when one or more base station locations are provided for the network		
	and a default reference point is not provided in LPPe common IEs.		

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-NetworkData field descriptions

### plmn-Identity

This field identifies the PLMN as defined in [23.003].

reference-Location
This field defines an arbitrary reference location for the GSM network. If this field is absent, the reference location i
provided by the default reference point in LPPe common IEs.

#### base-station-list

This parameter provides information for one or more base stations belonging to the indicated GSM network.

is

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-BaseStationData

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-BaseStationData* is used by the location server to provide information for one GSM base station as part of GSM ECID assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-BaseStationData ::= SEQUENCE {
   relative-location OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation OPTIONAL,
   ecid-gsm-CellData SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxGSMCells)) OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-CellData,
   ...
}
maxGSMCells INTEGER ::= 8
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-BaseStationData field descriptions

### relative-location

This field provides the location and optional uncertainty in location of the antenna of the GSM base station relative to the reference location for the network. For a base station with multiple antennas or a set of collocated base stations, the location can be averaged. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### ecid-gsm-CellData

This field provides information for one or more GSM cells sharing a common base station antenna or using antennas in close proximity to one another.

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-CellData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-CellData is used by the location server to provide information for one GSM Cell as part of GSM ECID assistance data.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-CellData ::= SEQU cellNonUniqueIDGERAN cellLocalIDGERAN transmit-power antenna-gain beam-width transmit-direction frequency-accuracy	JENCE { OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIDGERAN OMA-LPPe-CellLocalIdGERAN INTEGER (-127128) INTEGER (-127128) INTEGER (1360) INTEGER (0360) INTEGER (0100)	OPTIONAL,Cond AtLeastOne OPTIONAL,Cond AtLeastOne OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
ASN1STOP		

Conditional presence	Explanation		
AtLeastOne	At least one of the fields with the condition "AtLeastOne" MUST be present.		

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-CellData field descriptions

*cellNonUniqueIDGERAN* This field provides the BCCH and BSIC for the GSM cell, as defined in [23.003] and [45.001].

```
cellLocalIDGERAN
```

This field provides the location area and cell ID of the GSM cell. This field SHALL be provided if available.

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-CellData field descriptions

#### transmit-power

This field specifies the transmit power used for the BCCH in dBm. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### antenna-gain

This field specifies the antenna gain in dBi. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### beam-width

This field specifies the engineered horizontal width of the antenna beam in degrees. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### transmit-direction

This field specifies the direction of the center of the main transmission lobe in degrees clockwise from true north (0-359). A value of 360 indicates omnidirectional transmission. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### frequency-accuracy

This field specifies the minimum frequency accuracy of the cell in units of 0.005 ppm. A value of zero indicates frequency accuracy is outside the provided range.

## 6.5.6.3 GSM ECID Assistance Data Request

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted GSM ECID based methods.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
   requestedAD
                   BIT STRING {
                                  bslist
                                                        (0),
                                    bslocation
                                                        (1).
                                    transmit-power
                                                        (2),
                                    antenna-gain
                                                        (3),
                                    beam-width
                                                        (4).
                                    transmit-direction (5),
                                    frequency-accuracy (6),
                                    non-serving
                                                        (7)
                                     } (SIZE(1..16)),
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

### requestedAD

This parameter specifies the GSM E-CID assistance data requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following assistance data types are included:

bslist: include base station and cell information bslocation: include the location of each base station if available transmit-power: include the transmit power for each cell if available antenna-gain: include the antenna gain for each cell if available beam-width: include the beam width for each cell if available transmit-direction: include the transmit direction for each cell if available frequency-accuracy: include the frequency accuracy for each cell if available non-serving: include information for non-serving GSM networks in addition to the serving GSM network (or include information for multiple GSM networks if the serving network is either unknown or not GSM)

## 6.5.6.4 GSM ECID Location Information

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideLocationInformation is used to provide ECID measurements (UE-assisted) for one or more GSM access types and at both current and historic times.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    ecid-GSM-CombinedLocationInformation SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxGSMECIDSize))
                                            OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationInformationList
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
   ecid-GSM-Error
                                            OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-Error
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationInformationList ::= SEQUENCE {
   ecid-GSM-LocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationInformation,
   relativeTimeStamp
                                    INTEGER (0..65535) OPTIONAL,
                                    BOOLEAN,
   servingFlag
    . . .
}
maxGSMECIDSize INTEGER ::= 64
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

#### ecid-GSM-CombinedLocationInformation

This parameter provides E-CID measurements for one or more GSM networks at the current time and/or for historic times. This parameter supports part of the Location ID and Multiple Location IDs parameters in SUPL 2.0.

#### ecid-GSM-Error

This parameter provides error information when not all requested GSM E-CID measurements can be reported. This parameter should be included when some but not all requested measurements are reported and SHALL be included when no requested measurements are reported.

#### relativeTimeStamp

This parameter SHALL be included for historic GSM E-CID measurements and provides the time of the historic measurements relative to current time in units of 0.01 seconds. If absent, current time is implied which is equivalent to a relativeTimeStamp of zero. Current time refers to the time when the target sends GSM E-CID measurements to the server.

### serving Flag

This parameter indicates whether a set of E-CID measurements were obtained for a serving GSM access network (TRUE) or a non-serving GSM access network (FALSE). A target device capable of multiple radio support may indicate more than one type of serving access network for the same time instant.

## 6.5.6.5 GSM ECID Location Information Elements

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationInformation

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationInformation is used by the target device to provide E-CID measurements for a serving or non-serving GSM network to the server.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {

    cellGlobalIdGERAN CellGlobalIdGERAN,

    rxLevel INTEGER (0..63) OPTIONAL,

    tA INTEGER(0..255) OPTIONAL,
```

	nMR-GERAN	OMA-LPPe-NMR-GERAN	OPTIONAL,
		OTHI DITC MIN ODIUN	OPIIONAL,
1			
}			
		ENCE (SIZE (115)) OF SEQUENCE OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIDGERAN, OMA-LPPe-CellLocalIdGERAN INTEGER (063),	{ OPTIONAL,
}			
J	SN1STOP		

### cellGlobalIdGERAN

This field provides the GERAN global cell ID of the measured cell which is either the serving cell or a cell in a nonserving GSM network that is treated like a serving cell for the purpose of reporting measurements.

### rxLevel

This field specifies the received signal level for a measured cell. Rx-level is encoded according to [45.008] as:

0: 1: 2:	< -110 dBm -109 dBm	to to	-110 dBm. -109 dBm. -108 dBm.
62: 63:	-49 dBm >= -48 dBm.	to	-48 dBm.

## *tA*

This field specifies the timing advance of the measured cell in units of  $48/13\mu$ s (length of a GSM bit). This provides an approximation for the round trip propagation time between the target and the base station of the measured cell.

### nMR-GERAN

This field provides the GERAN Network Measurements Report for up to 15 cells.

### cellNonUniqueIDGERAN

This field provides the BSIC and BCCH for a measured cell.

### cellLocalIDGERAN

This field provides the location area and cell ID of a measured cell and SHALL be included if available.

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestLocationInformation is used to request GSM ECID measurements (UE-assisted).

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
   requestedMeasurements BIT STRING {
        rxLevel (0),
        tA (1),
        nMR-GERAN (2),
        non-serving (3),
        historic (4) } (SIZE(1..8)),
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

### *requestedMeasurements*

This field specifies the GSM E-CID measurements requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following measurement requests can be included.

rxLevel: RX level tA: timing advance nMR-GERAN: network measurement report for neighboring cells non-serving: E-CID measurements for non-serving GSM networks (in addition to a serving GSM network) historic: historic GSM E-CID measurements (in addition to current measurements)

## 6.5.6.6 GSM ECID Capability Information

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideCapabilites is used by the target to provide its GSM ECID capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   ecid-gsm-MeasSupported BIT STRING {
                                            rxLevel
                                                        (0),
                                            tΑ
                                                        (1),
                                            nMR-GERAN
                                                       (2),
                                            non-serving (3),
                                            historic (4) } (SIZE(1..8)),
                           BIT STRING { bslist
                                                                (0),
    ecid-gsm-ADSupported
                                          bslocation
                                                                (1),
                                                                (2),
                                          transmit-power
                                          antenna-gain
                                                                (3),
                                          beam-width
                                                                (4),
                                          transmit-direction
                                                                (5),
                                          frequency-accuracy
                                                                (6),
                                                                (7) } (SIZE(1..16)),
                                          non-serving
    . . .
}
 - ASN1STOP
```

### **OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideCapabilities** field descriptions

### ecid-gsm-MeasSupported

This field specifies the E-CID measurements supported by the target device for GSM. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions in the bit string means only the basic Cell ID positioning method is supported by the target device for GSM. The following bits are assigned for the indicated measurements.

rxLevel: RX level tA: timing advance nMR-GERAN: network measurement report for neighboring cells non-serving: E-CID measurements for non-serving GSM networks (in addition to a serving GSM network) historic: historic GSM E-CID measurements

#### **OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-ProvideCapabilities** field descriptions

#### ecid-gsm-ADSupported

This field specifies the E-CID assistance data supported by the target device for GSM. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions or absence of this field means no assistance data is supported. The following bits are assigned for the indicated assistance data.

bslist: base station and cell information bslocation: location of each base station transmit-power: transmit power for each cell antenna-gain: antenna gain for each cell beam-width: beam width for each cell transmit-direction: transmit direction for each cell frequency-accuracy: frequency accuracy for each cell non-serving: information for non-serving GSM networks in addition to the serving GSM network (or information for multiple GSM networks if the serving network is not GSM)

## 6.5.6.7 GSM ECID Capability Information Request

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestCapabilities is used to request GSM ECID capabilities information from the target.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## 6.5.6.8 GSM ECID Error Element

## – OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-Error

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-Error is used by the location server or target device to provide GSM E-CID error reasons to the target device or location server, respectively.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide GSM E-CID error reasons to the target device.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationServerErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {

    cause ENUMERATED { undefined,

        requestedADNotAvailable,

        notAllrequestedADAvailable,
```

},		
mandatoryDataUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
bsLocationsUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
cellTransmitPowerUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
callAntennaGainUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
cellBeamWidthUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
cellTransmitDirectionUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
cellFrequencyAccuracyUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
nonservingADUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
}		

-- ASN1STOP

cause

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-LocationServerErrorCauses field descriptions

This field provides a GSM ECID specific error cause for the server applicable to provision of assistance data. If the cause value is '*requestedADNotAvailable*', none of the requested assistance data could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is '*notAllRequestedADAvailable*', the server was able to provide some but not all requested GSM ECID assistance data. In this case, the server should include any of the specific error indications as applicable. Note that inclusion of these fields is applicable when some of the associated information can be provided for some base stations or cells but not for all base stations and cells.

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide GSM E-CID error reasons to the location server.

ASN1START			
OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-TargetDeviceE cause ENUMERATED {	undefine requeste	ed, edMeasurement	NCE { ssNotAvailable, rementsPossible,
},			
rxLevelMeasurementNotPossib	le	NULL	OPTIONAL,
taMeasurementNotPossible		NULL	OPTIONAL,
nMRMeasurementNotPossible		NULL	OPTIONAL,
non-servingMeasurementsNotA	vailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
historicMeasurementsNotAvai	lable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
}			

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-GSM-TargetDeviceErrorCauses field descriptions

#### cause

This field provides a GSM ECID specific error cause. If the cause value is 'requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable', none of the requested measurements could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is 'notAllRequestedMeasurementsPossible', the target device was able to provide some but not all requested GSM ECID measurements. In this case, the target device should include any of the 'rxLevelMeasurementNotPossible', 'taMeasurementNotPossible', 'non-servingMeasurementsNotAvailable' or 'historicMeasurementsNotAvailable' fields, as applicable.

# 6.5.7 UTRA Enhanced Cell ID Positioning

This section defines support for UTRA ECID.

## 6.5.7.1 UTRA ECID Assistance Data

## – OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideAssistanceData

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideAssistanceData* is used to provide assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted UTRA ECID based methods.

-- ASN1STOP

## 6.5.7.2 UTRA ECID Assistance Data Elements

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NetworkData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NetworkData is used by the location server to provide Node B and/or HNB information for one UTRA network as part of UTRA ECID assistance data.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NetworkData ::= SEQUENCE {
   plmn-Identity
                   SEQUENCE {
                                        SEQUENCE (SIZE (3)) OF INTEGER (0..9),
                               mcc
                                        SEQUENCE (SIZE (2..3)) OF INTEGER (0..9)
                                mnc
                           },
   multiple-PLMNs BOOLEAN, reference-location OMA-LPPe
                           OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint
                                                       OPTIONAL,
                                                                    --Cond nodeBlocations
   ecid-utra-nodeB-list SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxUTRAnodeBs))
                                                            OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NodeBData OPTIONAL,
   ecid-utra-HNB-list
                          SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxUTRAHNBS)) OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-HNBData OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
maxUTRAnodeBs
               INTEGER ::= 32
maxUTRAHNBs
               INTEGER ::= 128
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
nodeBlocations	The field is mandatory when one or more Node B or HNB locations are provided for the	
	network and a default reference point is not provided in LPPe common IEs.	

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NetworkData field descriptions

#### plmn-Identity

This field identifies the PLMN as defined in [23.003]. For a network supporting multiple PLMNs, this field identifies the first listed (i.e. primary) PLMN.

#### multiple-PLMNs

This field indicates whether the network supports multiple PLMNs (true) or not (false).

#### reference-Location

This field specifies an arbitrary reference location for the UTRA network. If this field is absent, the reference location is provided by the default reference point in LPPe common IEs.

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#### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NetworkData field descriptions

ecid-utra-nodeB-list

This parameter provides information for one or more Node Bs belonging to the indicated UTRA network. Either ecid-utra-nodeB-list or ecid-utra-HNB-list or both SHALL be included.

#### ecid-utra-HNB-list

This parameter provides information for one or more HNBs belonging to the indicated UTRA network. Either ecid-utra-nodeB-list or ecid-utra-HNB-list or both SHALL be included.

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NodeBData

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NodeBData* is used by the location server to provide information for one UTRA Node B or several collocated Node Bs as part of UTRA ECID assistance data.

OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-NodeBData field descriptions

#### relative-location

-- ASN1START

This field provides the location and optional uncertainty in location of the antenna of the UTRA Node B relative to the reference location for the network. For a Node B with multiple antennas or a set of collocated Node Bs, the location can be averaged. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### ecid-utra-nodeB-CellData

This field provides information for one or more UTRA macro or pico cells sharing a common Node B antenna or using antennas in close proximity to one another.

## – OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-HNBData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-HNBData is used by the location server to provide information for one UTRA HNB as part of UTRA ECID assistance data.

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-HNBData ::= SEQUENCE {
   relative-location OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation OPTIONAL,
   location-reliability INTEGER (1..100) OPTIONAL,
   coverageArea OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageArea OPTIONAL,
   ecid-utra-HNB-CellData OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellData,
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-HNBData field descriptions

#### relative-location

This field provides the location and optional uncertainty in location of the antenna of the HNB relative to the reference location for the network.

#### location-reliability

The field provides the reliability R of the HNB location. The probability that the HNB location has not changed is given as a percentage. R may be based on historic change or persistence of the HNB location over a period of time and the time interval since the HNB location was last provided to or verified by the server. Note that location reliability is distinct from location accuracy and refers to the possibility of an HNB having been moved to a new location. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### coverageArea

This parameter provides the coverage area of the HNB. This parameter SHALL be provided if requested and available. *ecid-utra-HNB-CellData* 

This field provides information for the HNB femtocell.

## – OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellData

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellData* is used by the location server to provide information for one UTRA macro, pico or femto cell as part of UTRA ECID assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
```

OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellData cellIdentity modeSpecificInfo fdd		2)) OPTIONAL,Cond AtLeas	stOne
SEG	QUENCE {		
	primaryCPICH-Scrambling-Code	e OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-Pri	.maryScramblingCode,
	primaryCPICH-Tx-Power uarfcn-dl	INTEGER (-127128) ARFCN-ValueUTRA,	OPTIONAL,
	},		
tdd			
2F(	QUENCE {     cellParametersID	OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellPar	amotorgID
	primaryCCPCH-Tx-Power	INTEGER (-127128)	OPTIONAL,
	uarfcn-nt	ARFCN-ValueUTRA,	of Honkey
	}		
} OPTIONAL,Con	nd AtLeastOne		
antenna-gain	INTEGER (-127128)	OPTIONAL,	
beam-width	INTEGER (1360)	OPTIONAL,	
transmit-direction	INTEGER (0360)	OPTIONAL,	
frequency-accuracy	INTEGER (0100)	OPTIONAL,	
3			
ASN1STOP			

Conditional presence	Explanation		
AtLeastOne	At least one of the fields with the condition "AtLeastOne" MUST be present.		

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellData field descriptions

cellIdentity

This field defines the identity of the cell within the context of the PLMN as defined in [25.331]. The size of the bit string allows for the 32-bit extended UTRAN cell ID; in case the cell ID is shorter, the first bits of the string are set to 0.

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellData field descriptions

### primaryCPICH-Scrambling-Code

This field provides the scrambling code for the primary CPICH and is applicable to FDD only.

## primaryCPICH-Tx-Power

This field specifies the transmit power for the primary CPICH in dBm and is applicable to FDD only. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### uarfcn-dl

This field provides the downlink UARFCN for FDD and is encoded as defined in [25.101].

### cellParametersID

This field provides the cell parameter ID (0-127) for TDD as defined in [25.331].

#### primaryCCPCH-Tx-Power

This field provides the transmit power for the primary CCPCH for TDD as defined in [25.331]. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### uarfcn-nt

This field provides the UARFCN for TDD and is encoded as defined in [25.102].

### antenna-gain

This field specifies the antenna gain in dBi. This field is applicable to a macro or pico cell only and SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### beam-width

This field specifies the engineered horizontal width of the antenna beam in degrees. This field is applicable to a macro or pico cell only and SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### transmit-direction

This field specifies the direction of the center of the main transmission lobe in degrees clockwise from north (0-359). A value of 360 indicates omnidirectional transmission. This field is applicable to a macro or pico cell only and SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### frequency-accuracy

This field specifies the minimum frequency accuracy of the cell in units of 0.005 ppm. A value of zero indicates frequency accuracy is outside the provided range.

## 6.5.7.3 UTRA ECID Assistance Data Request

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted UTRA ECID based methods.

	ASN1START
--	-----------

OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Requ nBrequestedAD	estAssistanceDa BIT STRING {	<pre>ta ::= SEQUENCE {    bslist    bslocation    transmit-power    antenna-gain    beam-width    transmit-direction    frequency-accuracy</pre>	<pre>(0), (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6),</pre>
hNBrequestedAD	BIT STRING {	non-serving bslist bslocation locationreliability transmit-power frequency-accuracy coveragearea non-serving	<pre>(7) } (SIZE(116)) OPTIONAL, (0), (1),</pre>
}			
ASN1STOP			

#### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

#### nBrequestedAD

This parameter specifies the UTRA E-CID assistance data requested for node Bs associated with macro and pico cells. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is requested; a zero-value means not requested. If this parameter is absent, no assistance data is requested for macro or pico cells. The following assistance data types are included:

bslist: include mandatory Node B and cell information bslocation: include the location of each Node B if available transmit-power: include the transmit power for each cell if available antenna-gain: include the antenna gain for each cell if available beam-width: include the beam width for each cell if available transmit-direction: include the transmit direction for each cell if available frequency-accuracy: include the frequency accuracy for each cell if available non-serving: include information for non-serving UTRA networks in addition to the serving UTRA network (or include information for multiple UTRA networks if the serving network is either unknown or not UTRA)

### *hNBrequestedAD*

This parameter specifies the UTRA E-CID assistance data requested for HNBs associated with femto cells. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is requested; a zero-value means not requested. If this parameter is absent, no assistance data is requested for femto cells. The following assistance data types are included:

bslist: include mandatory HNB and cell information

bslocation: include the location of each HNB if available

locationreliability: include the reliability of HNB location if available

transmit-power: include the transmit power for each cell if available

frequency-accuracy: include the frequency accuracy for each cell if available

coveragearea: include the coverage area for each HNB if available

non-serving: include information for non-serving UTRA networks in addition to the serving UTRA network (or include information for multiple UTRA networks if the serving network is either unknown or not UTRA)

## 6.5.7.4 UTRA ECID Location Information

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation is used to provide ECID measurements (UE-assisted) for one or more UTRA access networks and at both current and historic times.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    ecid-UTRA-CombinedLocationInformation SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxECIDUTRASize))
                                           OF OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformationList
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
    ecid-Error
                   OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Error
                                               OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformationList ::= SEQUENCE {
   ecid-utra-LocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformation,
                                       INTEGER (0..65535) OPTIONAL,
   relativeTimeStamp
   servingFlag
                                       BOOLEAN,
    . . .
maxECIDUTRASize INTEGER ::= 64
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

### ecid-UTRA-CombinedLocationInformation

This parameter provides E-CID measurements for one or more UTRA access networks at the current time and/or for historic times. This parameter supports part of the Location ID and Multiple Location IDs parameters in SUPL 2.0.

### ecid-Error

This parameter provides error information when not all requested UTRA E-CID measurements can be reported. This parameter should be included when some but not all requested measurements are reported and SHALL be included when no requested measurements are reported.

### relativeTimeStamp

This parameter SHALL be included for historic UTRA E-CID measurements and provides the time of the historic measurements relative to current time in units of 0.01 seconds. If absent, current time is implied which is equivalent to a relativeTimeStamp of zero. Current time refers to the time when the target sends UTRA E-CID measurements to the server.

### serving Flag

This parameter indicates whether a set of E-CID measurements were obtained for a serving UTRA access network (TRUE) or non-serving access network (FALSE). A target device with multiple radio support may indicate more than one type of serving access network for the same time instant.

## 6.5.7.5 UTRA ECID Location Information Elements

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformation

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformation is used by the target device to provide E-CID measurements for a serving or non-serving UTRA network to the server.

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    cellGlobalIdUTRA CellGlobalIdEUTRA-AndUTRA,
                                 OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfo
                                                                                             OPTTONAL.
    frequencyInfo
    primaryScramblingCodeOMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryScramblingCodemeasuredResultsListOMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-MeasuredResultsListcellParametersIdOMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellParametersIDutratimingAdvanceOMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-UTRATimingAdvance
                                                                                             OPTIONAL.
                                                                                                            --Cond FDD
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                           --Cond TDD
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                          --Cond TDD
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-UTRATimingAdvance ::= SEQUENCE {
    tA INTEGER (0..8191),
tAResolution OMA-LPPe-ECTD-UTPA
                                OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-TAResolution
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
    chipRate
                                 OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ChipRate
                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-TAResolution ::= ENUMERATED {
    res1-Ochip,
    res0-5chip,
    res0-125chip,
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ChipRate ::= ENUMERATED {
    tdd128.
    t.dd384.
    t.dd768.
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    modeSpecificInfo OMA-LPPe-UTRA-ModeSpecificInfo,
```

}

```
OMA-LPPe-UTRA-ModeSpecificInfo ::= CHOICE {
          OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfoFDD,
    fdd
    tdd
                 OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfoTDD,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfoFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
   uarfcn-UL ARFCN-ValueUTRA
uarfcn-DL ARFCN-ValueUTRA,
                                        OPTIONAL,
    ...}
OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfoTDD ::= SEQUENCE {
                  ARFCN-ValueUTRA,
   uarfcn-Nt
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-MeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxFreq)) OF
                                                                         OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-MeasuredResults
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-MeasuredResults ::= SEQUENCE {
   frequencyInfo OMA-LPPe-UTRA-FrequencyInfo,
utra-CarrierRSSI OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CarrierRS
                                  OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CarrierRSSI
                                                                                       OPTIONAL,
    cellMeasuredResultsList OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellMeasuredResultsList
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellMeasuredResultsList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..utra-maxCellMeas)) OF
                                                                     OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellMeasuredResults
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CarrierRSSI ::= INTEGER(0..127)
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CellMeasuredResults ::= SEQUENCE {
    cellIdentity
                     BIT STRING (SIZE (32))
                                                     OPTIONAL,
                       CHOICE
    modeSpecificInfo
    {
        fdd
                 SEQUENCE {
                         primaryCPICH-Info OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryScramblingCode,
                         cpich-Ec-N0 OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CPICH-Ec-N0
cpich-RSCP OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CPICH-RSCP
                                                                                           OPTIONAL.
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                         pathloss
                                             OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Pathloss
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                          . . .
                 },
        t d d
                 SEQUENCE {
                         cellParametersID OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellParametersID,
primaryCCPCH-RSCP OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP
                                                                                           OPTIONAL,
                         pathloss
                                              OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Pathloss
                                                                                           OPTIONAL.
                          . . .
                 }
    },
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP ::= INTEGER(0..127)
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CPICH-Ec-N0 ::= INTEGER(0..63)
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CPICH-RSCP ::= INTEGER(0..127)
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Pathloss ::= INTEGER(46..173)
maxFreq INTEGER ::= 8
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
FDD	The field may optionally be included for FDD. The field SHALL be omitted for TDD.
TDD	The field may optionally be included for TDD. The field SHALL be omitted for FDD.

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformation field descriptions

### cellGlobalIdUTRA

This field provides the UTRAN global cell ID of the measured cell which is either the serving cell or a cell in a nonserving UTRA network that is treated like a serving cell for the purpose of reporting measurements.

### frequencyInfo

For FDD, this parameter provides the downlink and optionally the uplink UARFCN which is encoded as defined in [25.101]. For TDD, this parameter provides the UARFCN which is encoded as defined in [25.102]. This information should be provided if available.

#### *primaryScramblingCode*

This field provides the scrambling code for the primary CPICH and is applicable to FDD only. This information should be provided if applicable.

#### measuredResultsList

This parameter provides the inter-frequency measured results list information as defined in [25.331]. It contains the following information.

List of 1 to 8 frequencies with the following optional parameters included for each frequency:

frequencyInfo: if missing this is the same as reported for the measured cell in OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformation

utra-CarrierRSSI: UTRA Carrier RSSI level value in the range 0-76 as defined and encoded in [25.133] for FDD and [25.123] for TDD. Values over 76 are spare (not used).

cellMeasuredResultsList: measurement results for 1 to 32 other cells

OMA	A-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformation field descriptions
cellMeasuredResultsList	
This parameter provides trhe fol	lowing measurements for one UTRA cell.
Cell identity (28 or 32 b	bits, first 4 bits set to zero for a 28 bit cell ID)
For FDD the following:	
primaryCPICF	I-Info: scrambling code (0-511) of the primary CPICH
the C that is for ea	encoded value for CPICH_Ec/Io. This is the ratio of the received energy per PN chip for PICH to the total received power spectral density at the UE antenna connector. For a Us able to simultaneously receive signals from more than 1 carrier, CPICH_Ec/Io is define ach carrier individually. The encoding is as defined in [25.133]. The value range for this so 0-63, but values over 49 are not used. This field is optional.
	encoded value for the CPICH RSCP. Encoding is based on [25.331] and [25.133] a
	cpich-RSCP = 123 CPICH RSCP < -120 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $124 - 120 \le$ CPICH RSCP $< -119$ dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $125 -119 \le$ CPICH RSCP < -118 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $126$ -118 $\leq$ CPICH RSCP $<$ -117 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $127 - 117 \le$ CPICH RSCP < -116 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = 0 $-116 \le$ CPICH RSCP $< -115$ dBm
	cpich-RSCP = 1 $-115 \le$ CPICH RSCP $< -114$ dBm
	·
	cpich-RSCP = 89 $-27 \le$ CPICH RSCP < -26 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = 90 $-26 \le$ CPICH RSCP < -25 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = 91 $-25 \le$ CPICH RSCP dB
Value	e range of this field is 0-127 with values in the range 92-122 not used. This parameter is optional.
Pathloss: path	loss in the range 46-158 dB. Values above 158 are spare. This field is optional.
For TDD the following:	
cellParameters	ID: the cell parameter ID (0-127) as defined in [25.331]
	H-RSCP: encoded value for the primary CCPCH RSCP. Encoding is based on [25.33] 25.123] as follows:
	cpich-RSCP = 123 CPICH RSCP < -120 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $124 - 120 \le$ CPICH RSCP < -119 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $125 -119 \le$ CPICH RSCP < -118 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $126 - 118 \le$ CPICH RSCP $< -117$ dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $127 - 117 \le$ CPICH RSCP < -116 dBm
	cpich-RSCP = 0 $-116 \le$ CPICH RSCP $< -115$ dBm
	cpich-RSCP = 1 $-115 \le$ CPICH RSCP $< -114$ dBm
	cpich-RSCP = $89 -27 \le$ CPICH RSCP < $-26$ dBm
	cpich-RSCP = 90 $-26 \le$ CPICH RSCP $< -25$ dBm
	cpich-RSCP = 91 $-25 \le$ CPICH RSCP dB
Value	e range of this field is 0-127 with values in the range 92-122 not used. This parameter is optional.
pathloss: path	loss in the range 46-158 dB. Values above 158 are spare. This field is optional.

### **OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationInformation** field descriptions

### *cellParametersId*

This field provides the cell parameter ID (0-127) as defined in [25.331]. This is optional for TDD and not applicable for FDD.

### utraTimingAdvance

This field may only be included for TDD and provides the timing advance used by the UE. This is measured as defined in [25.225] for 1.28Mcps TDD (though applies also to 3.84 and 7.68 Mcps). Encoding uses the following fields:

tA: timing advance in the range 0-8191 tAResolution: units for tA res1-0chip: 1.0 chips res0-5chip: 0.5 chips res0-125chip: 0.125 chips (default value if absent) chipRate : chip rate tdd128: 1.28 Mcps (default if absent) tdd384: 3.84 Mcps tdd768: 7.68 Mcps

## 6.5.7.6 UTRA ECID Location Information Request

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestLocationInformation is used to request UTRA ECID measurements (UE-assisted).

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    requestedMeasurements BIT STRING {
                                               measuredResultsList
                                                                            (0),
                                               tdd-timingAdvance
                                                                           (1),
                                               mRL-utra-CarrierRSSI
                                                                           (2),
                                               mRL-FDD-cpich-Ec-N0
                                                                           (3),
                                               mRL-FDD-cpich-RSCP
                                                                           (4),
                                               mRL-FDD-pathloss
                                                                           (5),
                                               mRL-TDD-primaryCCPCH-RSCP
                                                                           (б),
                                               mRL-TDD-pathloss
                                                                           (7),
                                               non-serving
                                                                           (8),
                                               historic
                                                                           (9) } (SIZE(1..16)),
        . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

### *requestedMeasurements*

This field specifies the UTRA E-CID measurements requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following measurement requests can be included.

measuredResultsList: inter-frequency measured results list information as defined in [25.331] tdd-timingAdvance: timing advance for TDD mRL-utra-CarrierRSSI: UTRA Carrier RSSI level in the measured results list mRL-FDD-cpich-Ec-N0: CPICH Ec/Io value for FDD in the measured results list mRL-FDD-cpich-RSCP: CPICH RSCP for FDD in the measured results list mRL-FDD-pathloss: pathloss for FDD in the measured results list mRL-TDD-primaryCCPCH-RSCP: primary CPICH RSCP for TDD in the measured results list mRL-TDD-pathloss: pathloss for TDD in the measured results list non-serving: E-CID measurements for non-serving UTRA networks (in addition to a serving network) historic: historic UTRA E-CID measurements (in addition to current measurements)

## 6.5.7.7 UTRA ECID Capability Information

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities is used to provide the UTRA ECID capabilities of the target.

OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities ::= ecid-utra-MeasSupported BIT STRING {	<pre>SEQUENCE {   measuredResultsList     tdd-timingAdvance     mRL-utra-CarrierRSSI     mRL-FDD-cpich-Ec-N0     mRL-FDD-cpich-RSCP     mRL-FDD-pathloss     mRL-TDD-primaryCCPCH-RSCP     mRL-TDD-pathloss     non-serving     historic</pre>	<pre>(0), (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9) } (SIZE(116)),</pre>
ecid-utra-nodeB-ADSupported BIT STRING	<pre>{ bslist (0), bslocation (1), transmit-power (2), antenna-gain (3), beam-width (4), transmit-direction (5), frequency-accuracy (6), non-serving (7) }</pre>	(SIZE(116)),
ecid-utra-HNB-ADSupported BIT STRING	<pre>{ bslist (0), bslocation (1), locationreliability (2), transmit-power (3), frequency-accuracy (4), coveragearea (5), non-serving (6) }</pre>	(SIZE(116)),
}		
ASN1STOP		

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-ProvideCapabilities field descriptions

### ecid-utra-MeasSupported

This field specifies the E-CID measurements supported by the target device for UTRA. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions in the bit string means only the basic Cell ID positioning method is supported by the target device for UTRA. The following bits are assigned for the indicated measurements.

measuredResultsList: inter-frequency measured results list information as defined in [25.331] tdd-timingAdvance: timing advance for TDD mRL-utra-CarrierRSSI: UTRA Carrier RSSI level in the measured results list mRL-FDD-cpich-Ec-N0: CPICH Ec/Io value for FDD in the measured results list mRL-FDD-cpich-RSCP: CPICH RSCP for FDD in the measured results list mRL-FDD-pathloss: pathloss for FDD in the measured results list mRL-TDD-primaryCCPCH-RSCP: primary CPICH RSCP for TDD in the measured results list mRL-TDD-pathloss: pathloss for TDD in the measured results list non-serving: E-CID measurements for non-serving UTRA networks (in addition to a serving network) historic: historic UTRA E-CID measurements

### ecid-utra-nodeB-ADSupported

This field specifies the E-CID assistance data supported by the target device for UTRA node Bs. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions or absence of this field means no assistance data is supported. The following bits are assigned for the indicated assistance data.

bslist: mandatory node B and cell information bslocation: location of each node B transmit-power: transmit power for each cell antenna-gain: antenna gain for each cell beam-width: beam width for each cell transmit-direction: transmit direction for each cell frequency-accuracy: frequency accuracy for each cell

non-serving: information for non-serving UTRA networks in addition to the serving UTRA network (or information for multiple UTRA networks if the serving network is not UTRA)

### ecid-utra-HNB-ADSupported

This field specifies the E-CID assistance data supported by the target device for UTRA HNBs. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions or absence of this field means no assistance data is supported. The following bits are assigned for the indicated assistance data.

bslist: mandatory HNB and cell information bslocation: location of each HNB locationreliability: location reliability of each HNB transmit-power: transmit power for each cell frequency-accuracy: frequency accuracy for each cell coveragearea: coverage area for each HNB

non-serving: information for non-serving UTRA networks in addition to the serving UTRA network (or information for multiple UTRA networks if the serving network is not UTRA)

## 6.5.7.8 UTRA ECID Capability Information Request

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestCapabilities is used to request UTRA ECID capabilities information from the target.

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
```

```
...
```

}

-- ASN1STOP

## 6.5.7.9 UTRA ECID Error Element

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Error

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Error is used by the location server or target device to provide UTRA E-CID error reasons to the target device or location server, respectively.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide UTRA E-CID error reasons to the target device.

-	ASN1START		
C	MA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationServerErrorCaus cause ENUMERATED { undefined, requestedA notAllrequ	DNotAvail	able,
	,		
	},		
	nodeBMandatoryDataUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	nodeBLocationUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	nodeBcellTransmitPowerUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	nodeBcallAntennaGainUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	nodeBcellBeamWidthUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	nodeBcellTransmitDirectionUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	nodeBcellFrequencyAccuracyUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	nodeBnonservingADUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	hNBMandatoryDataUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	hNBLocationUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	hNBLocationReliabilityUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	hNBcellTransmitPowerUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	hNBcellFrequencyAccuracyUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	hNBCoverageAreaUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
	hNBnonservingADUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
}			

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-LocationServerErrorCauses field descriptions

*cause* This field provides a UTRA ECID specific error cause for the server applicable to provision of assistance data. If the cause value is *'requestedADNotAvailable'*, none of the requested assistance data could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is *'notAllRequestedADAvailable'*, the server was able to provide some but not all requested UTRA ECID assistance data. In this case, the server should include any of the specific error indications as applicable. Note that inclusion of these fields is applicable when some of the associated information can be provided for some node Bs or HNBs but not for all node Bs and HNBs.

## OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide UTRA E-CID error reasons to the location server.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses ::= SEQUENC cause ENUMERATED { undefined, requestedMeasurementsM notAllrequestedMeasure	NotAvailabl	•
····		
mRLMeasurementsNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
tdd-timingAdvanceMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
mRL-utra-CarrierRSSIMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
mRL-FDD-cpich-Ec-N0MeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
mRL-FDD-cpich-RSCPMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
mRL-FDD-pathlossMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
mRL-TDD-primaryCCPCH-RSCPMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
mRL-TDD-pathlossMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
non-servingMeasurementsNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
historicMeasurementsNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
···· }		
,		

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-TargetDeviceErrorCauses field descriptions

#### cause

This field provides a UTRA ECID specific error cause. If the cause value is '*requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable*', none of the requested measurements could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is '*notAllRequestedMeasurementsPossible*', the target device was able to provide some but not all requested UTRA ECID measurements. In this case, the target device should include any of the other fields as applicable. An error cause SHALL NOT be included for omission of TDD measurements for an FDD cell or omission of FDD measurements for a TDD cell since these are not considered to be errors.

# 6.5.8 WLAN Enhanced Cell ID Positioning

This section defines support for positioning using measurements related to a WLAN AP.

## 6.5.8.1 WLAN AP Assistance Data

## OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted WLAN AP based methods.

```
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    wlan-DataSet SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxWLANDataSets)) OF OMA-LPPe-WLAN-DataSet OPTIONAL,
    wlan-AP-Error OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Error OPTIONAL,
    ...,
    -- version 2.0 extension elements
    ver2-0-WLAN-Group-Data SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxWLANGroups)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-Group-Data
OPTIONAL,
    ver2-0-server-tracking NULL OPTIONAL
}
maxWLANDataSets INTEGER ::= 8
ver2-0-maxWLANGroups INTEGER ::= 64
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-AP-ProvideAssistanceData field descriptions

#### wlan-DataSet

This parameter provides data for up to 8 sets of WLAN APs, This parameter is optional.

#### wlan-AP-Error

This parameter provides error information and may be included when an LPPe Provide Assistance Data is sent in response to an LPPe Request Assistance Data. It is allowed to include both a wlan-DataSet parameter and a wlan-AP-Error parameter (e.g. when only some requested WLAN assistance data is provided). This parameter is optional.

### ver2-0-WLAN-Group-Data

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides one or more sets of WLAN group data. The provided WLAN group data may apply to one or more WLAN APs provided via the wlan-DataSet parameter as indicated by inclusion of one or WLAN group IDs in the data provided for these APs. This parameter is optional. A target SHALL use the included WLAN group ID in each set of group data to identify whether it already has group data with the same WLAN Group ID. Any previous group data with the same WLAN group ID SHALL be deleted.

### ver2-0-server-tracking

This parameter indicates whether the server tracks WLAN assistance data sent to a target. A target need not indicate to a server its possession of any assistance data received previously that is tracked when sending an LPPe Request Assistance Data for WLAN APs. This parameter is optional and encoded as a null value. Inclusion of the parameter indicates the server tracks data for WLAN APs and omission indicates the server does not.

## 6.5.8.2 WLAN AP Assistance Data Elements

## OMA-LPPe-WLAN-DataSet

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-DataSet is used by the location server to provide WLAN AP information for one set of WLAN APs.

 ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-DataSet ::= SEQUENCE {		
plmn-Identity	SEQUENCE {	
	mcc SEQUENCE (SIZE (3))	OF INTEGER (09),
	mnc SEQUENCE (SIZE (23)	) OF INTEGER (09)
	} OPTIONAL,	
reference-point	OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint OPTIC	NAL,Cond APlocations
supported-channels-11a	Supported-Channels-11a OPTIONAL,	
supported-channels-11bg	Supported-Channels-11bg OPTIONAL,	
wlan-ap-list	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1maxWLANAPs)) C	)F OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Data,
,		
version 2.0 extension element	ts	
ver2-0-defaultVendorOrOpera	tor OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-WLAN-Group-IDs	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-max	WLANGroupIDs)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-
GroupID OPTIONAL,		
ver2-0-validity-period	OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-purge-time	INTEGER (14096)	OPTIONAL

```
}
maxWLANAPs INTEGER ::= 128
ver2-0-maxWLANGroupIDs
                            INTEGER ::= 16
Supported-Channels-11a ::= SEQUENCE {
    ch34
          BOOLEAN,
    ch36
           BOOLEAN,
    ch38
            BOOLEAN,
    ch40 BOOLEAN,
    ch42 BOOLEAN,
    ch44
           BOOLEAN,
    ch46
           BOOLEAN,
    ch48
         BOOLEAN,
    ch52
           BOOLEAN,
            BOOLEAN,
    ch56
    ch60
           BOOLEAN.
    ch64
           BOOLEAN,
    ch149
           BOOLEAN,
    ch153 BOOLEAN,
    ch157 BOOLEAN,
    ch161 BOOLEAN
}
Supported-Channels-11bg ::= SEQUENCE {
    ch1 BOOLEAN, ch2 BOOLEAN,
    ch3 BOOLEAN,
    ch4 BOOLEAN,
    ch5
        BOOLEAN,
    ch6 BOOLEAN,
    ch7 BOOLEAN,
    ch8 BOOLEAN,
ch9 BOOLEAN,
    ch10 BOOLEAN,
    ch11 BOOLEAN,
    ch12 BOOLEAN,
    ch13 BOOLEAN.
    ch14 BOOLEAN
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
APlocations	The field is mandatory when one or more WLAN AP locations are provided for the WLAN	
	AP set and a default reference point is not provided in LPPe common IEs.	

#### **OMA-LPPe-WLAN-DataSet** field descriptions

### plmn-Identity

This field identifies any PLMN operator who manages the WLAN APs via any wide area PLMN owned by the operator and accessible from each of the WLAN APs. PLMN ID is defined in [23.003]. This field is optional.

#### reference-point

This field specifies a reference location for the locations of the WLAN APs in the data set. If this field is absent, the reference location is provided by the default reference point in LPPe common IEs.

#### supported-Channels-11a

This parameter defines the superset of all channels supported by all WLAN APs in the data set of type 801.11a. This parameter is optional.

#### supported-Channels-11bg

This parameter defines the superset of all channels supported by all WLAN APs in the data set of type 801.11b or 802.11g. This parameter is optional.

#### wlan-ap-list

This parameter provides information for one or more WLAN APs in the data set.

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-DataSet field descriptions

#### ver2-0-defaultVendorOrOperator

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides the vendor or operator who is the source for all WLAN related data provided by the OMA-LPPe-WLAN-DataSet. This parameter is optional.

#### ver2-0-WLAN-Group-IDs

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides up to 16 WLAN group IDs identifying corresponding sets of WLAN group data that apply to all WLAN APs identified in the wlan-ap-list parameter. The different sets of WLAN group data may have been provided in the OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData and/or may already be known to a target from previous WLAN assistance data. This parameter is optional.

#### ver2-0-validityPeriod

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides the validity period for the provided WLAN data.

#### ver2-0-purgePeriod

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides a period after which all WLAN data provided in the OMA-LPPe-WLAN-DataSet data type SHALL be purged from the target. The period starts at receipt of the data and is defined in units of 15 minutes in the range 1 to 4096 (corresponding to just over 39 days).

## – OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Data

The IE *OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Data* is used by the location server to provide information for one WLAN AP as part of WLAN AP assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Data ::= SEQUENCE {
   relative-location
   wlan-ap-id
                                    OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID,
                                                               OPTIONAL,
                                   OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation
   location-reliability
                                   INTEGER (1..100)
                                                                   OPTIONAL,
   wlan-ap-Type-Data
                                    SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxWLANTypes)) OF OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-Data,
   coverageArea
                                    OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageArea OPTIONAL, --Cond Oneonly
-- version 2.0 extension elements
                                    OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Propagation OPTIONAL,
-LPPe-ver2-0-AP-LocationSource OPTIONAL,
   ver2-0-propagation
                                                                                   -- Cond Oneonly
   ver2-0-locationSource
                               OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AP-LocationSource
                              SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxWLANGroupIDs)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-
   ver2-0-WLAN-Group-IDs
GroupID OPTIONAL
maxWLANTypes
               INTEGER ::= 5
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
Oneonly	The field SHALL be provided when requested and available but SHALL be provided once	
	only – either in <i>OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP</i> -Data (applicable to all WLAN types) or in <i>OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-Data</i> (applicable to each distinct WLAN type) but not in both	

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Data field descriptions

This field provides the location and optional uncertainty in location of the WLAN AP relative to the reference point for this data set. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### location-reliability

relative-location

The field provides the reliability R of the WLAN AP location. The probability that the WLAN AP location has not changed given as a percentage. R may be based on both historic change or persistence of the AP location over a period of time and the time interval since the AP location was last provided to or verified by the server. Note that location reliability is distinct from location accuracy and refers to the possibility of a WLAN AP having been moved to a new location. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Data field descriptions

#### wlan-ap-Type-Data

This field provides information for one or more WLAN AP types (e.g. for a multi-band and/or multimode device) sharing a common physical AP.

#### coverageArea

This parameter provides the coverage area of the WLAN AP for each WLAN type supported

#### ver2-0-propagation

This field applies only to LPPe 2.0 and indicates the radio propagation characteristics of the WLAN AP for a particular WLAN type.

### ver2-0-locationSource

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides the source of the AP location and an indication (via the locationType) of its reliability and accuracy. sourceVendorOrOperator: this field identifies the source vendor or operator for the AP location.

### ver2-0-WLAN-Group-IDs

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides up to 16 WLAN group IDs identifying corresponding sets of WLAN group data that apply to the particular WLAN AP identified by the wlan-ap-id parameter. The different sets of WLAN group data may have been provided in the OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData and/or may already be known to a target from previous WLAN assistance data. This parameter is optional.

## – OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AP-LocationSource

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AP-LocationSource applies only to LPPe 2.0 and is used by a location server to provide the source of an AP location and an indication of its reliability and accuracy.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AP-LocationSource ::= SEQUENCE {
    locationType ENUMERATED {undefined (0), survey (1), crowdsourcing (2), drive-by (3), mixed (4),
    ...},
    sourceVendorOrOperator OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AP-LocationSource field descriptions

### *locationType*

This field indicates how an AP location was obtained. Permitted values are: undefined, survey (accuracy may be high but also subject to human error), crowdsourcing, drive-by and mixed (meaning 2 or more methods and likely to be of high accuracy).

### sourceVendorOrOperator

This field identifies the source vendor or operator for an AP location.

## OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-Data

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-Data is used by the location server to provide information for a particular type of WLAN AP.

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-Data ::= SEQU	JENCE {	
wlan-AP-Type	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type,	
transmit-power	INTEGER (-127128)	OPTIONAL,
antenna-gain	INTEGER (-127128)	OPTIONAL,
coverageArea	OMA-LPPe-WLANFemtoCoverageA	area OPTIONAL,Cond Oneonly
· · · · ,		
version 2.0 extension elements		
ver2-0-propagation	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Propagat	ion OPTIONAL, Cond Oneonly
ver2-0-operatingClass	INTEGER (0255)	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-channelNumber	INTEGER (0255)	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-rf-heatmap	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap	OPTIONAL
}		

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation	
Oneonly	The field SHALL be provided when requested and available but SHALL be provided once	
	only - either in OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Data (applicable to all WLAN types) or in OMA-	
	LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-Data (applicable to each distinct WLAN type) but not in both	

#### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-Data field descriptions

#### wlan-AP-Type

This field provides the type of the WLAN AP.

#### transmit-power

This field specifies the transmit power of the WLAN AP for a beacon frame, probe response frame or measurement pilot frame in dBm. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### antenna-gain

This field specifies the antenna gain in dBi. This field SHALL be provided if requested and available.

#### coverageArea

This parameter provides the coverage area of the WLAN AP for a particular WLAN type

#### ver2-0-propagation

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0. This field indicates the propagation characteristics of the WLAN AP for a particular WLAN type.

### ver2-0-operatingClass

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and defines the Operating Class for this type of WLAN AP as defined in [IEEE 802.11 Rev. MC]. This parameter SHALL be provided if available.

#### ver2-0-channelNumber

This parameter apples only to LPPe 2.0 and provides the channel number for which the transmit-power parameter applies. This parameter may be <sub>included</sub> by a server if transmit-power is included. If this parameter is not included, a target may assume that transmit-power applies to all channels supported by the AP for the operating class (if included) and AP type.

### ver2-0-rf-heatmap

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides RF heat map data for the WLAN AP in the form of signal strength and/or RTT data. This parameter is optional. A target that receives new RSSI or RTT heat map data for an AP of a particular type SHALL delete any previously received RSSI or RTT heat map data, respectively, for this AP and AP type.

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Propagation

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Propagation* is used by the location server to provide the propagation model for a particular type of transmitter.

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Propagation field descriptions

*propModel-1* Selected propagation model of type 1

## – OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-CircularPropagation

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-CircularPropagation* is used by the location server to provide the propagation model for a particular transmitter expressed using circular contours with a window of applicability that defines where the model applies.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-CircularPropagation ::= SEQUENCE {
                INTEGER (-1024..1023) OPTIONAL,
   propModelx
                           INTEGER (-1024..1023) OPTIONAL,
   propModely
   applicability
                                   OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-ApplicabilityWindow OPTIONAL,
   startRssi
                                   INTEGER (-128..127),
   stepSize
                                   INTEGER (1..16),
                                   SEQUENCE (SIZE(1.. ver2-0-maxPropContours))
   propagationModel
                                      OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-PropContourModel,
   stddev
                                   INTEGER(1..8) OPTIONAL,
    . . .
ver2-0-maxPropContours INTEGER ::= 10
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### *propModelx*

This field gives the x (easterly) offset of the location of the transmitter assumed by the propagation model for this transmitter, with respect to the reference transmitter location (metres). Zero is assumed if this field is omitted.

#### *propModely*

This field gives the y (northerly) offset of the location of the transmitter assumed by the propagation model for this transmitter, with respect to the reference transmitter location (metres), Zero is assumed if this field is omitted.

#### applicability

This field defines the area over which the model is applicable. If this field is omitted, the model is applied everywhere. *startRssi* 

the received signal strength represented by the first contour, in dBm

```
stepSize
```

the received signal strength difference between each successive contour, in dB

propagationModel

This field defines the propagation model itself

stddev

standard deviation of fit of contour pattern to estimated propogation pattern (<2\*n dB for values 1 to 7 or 8 for 14 dB or more)

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-ApplicabilityWindow

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-ApplicabilityWindow gives the window of applicability of a propagation model for a transmitter.

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Ap	plicabilityWindow ::= SEQUENCE {
cornerx	INTEGER (-10241023),
cornery	INTEGER (-10241023),
directiononly	BOOLEAN OPTIONAL,
baseMagnitude	INTEGER (1512),
baseAngle	INTEGER (0359),
width	INTEGER (0511),
zoneSizexPrime	INTEGER (1512),
zoneSizeyPrime	INTEGER (1512),
rleList	OMA-LPPe-ApplRleList OPTIONAL,
}	
,	
OMA-LPPe-ApplRleList	::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(165535)) OF INTEGER (0511)
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~

#### -- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-ApplicabilityWindow field descriptions

#### cornerx

This field gives the x (easterly) offset of the location of applicability window, with respect to the point represented by (*propModelx*, *propModely*) (metres)

#### cornery

This field gives the y (northerly) offset of the location of applicability window, with respect to the point represented by (*propModelx*, *propModely*) (metres)

#### directiononly

If this value is included and set to true, the contours are treated as straight lines perpendicular to the (cornerx, cornery) vector (see Figure 24).

#### *baseMagnitude*

Length of base vector of applicability window (metres).

baseAngle

Angle (a) of base vector of applicability window (metres), wrt. W-E axis (in units of degrees).

#### width

Width of applicability window (metres) in the direction perpendicular (90 degrees anticlockwise) to the base vector

#### zoneSizexprime

This parameter defines the width of the zones used in the applicability window (expressed as number per base vector length), along the base vector

### zoneSizeyprime

This parameter defines the width of the zones used in the applicability window (expressed as number per width), in the direction perpendicular (90 degrees anticlockwise) to the base vector

#### rleList

This parameter indicates the zones within the window that are applicable to the propagation model using the run-length encoding scheme as described in C1, except that in this case the coding runs in the direction of the base vector, from the top left of the rectangle to the bottom right (i.e. with increasing rle number) and the zones are in units of zoneSize metres, has a range up to 511.

A valid rle region indicates a good zone (e.g. large number of training samples have been used to confirm the coverage model; a non-valid rle region indicates a bad zone (e.g. where very few training samples have verified the coverage model)

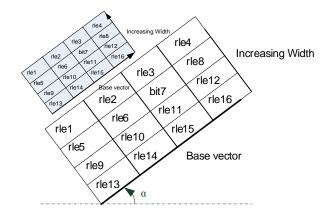


Figure 16 Example mapping of applicability bits for 4x4 rectangle

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-PropContourModel

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-PropModel gives the propagation model that is applicable to the transmitter, expressed as a set of contours of equal mean RSSI.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-PropContourModel ::= SEQUENCE {
    contourRadius INTEGER(0..2047),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-PropContourModel field descriptions

contour Radius

Estimated mean radial distance (in metres) from (propmodelx, propmodely) where the signal strength is equal to startRSSI-(stepSize\*numCntr) dBm, where numCntr is the index (starting from 0) of the contour within the propagation model array

## 6.5.8.3 WLAN AP Assistance Data Request

## OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for UE-based and UE-assisted WLAN AP location methods.

(0),

(1),

(2),

(3),

(4),

(5),

(6),

(7),

(8),

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {

requestedAD BIT STRING {

aplocation

locationreliability

transmit-power

antenna-gain

coveragearea

non-serving

ver2-0-propagation

ver2-0-rssiHeatMap
```

<pre>ver2-0-rttHeatMap (9), ver2-0-locationAreaGroup (10), ver2-0-transmitterPropertiesGroup (11)} (SIZE(116)),</pre>
requestedAPTypes OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-List,
version 2.0 extension elements
ver2-0-propModel OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-PropagationTypes OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-visible-APs SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-maxVisibleAPs)) OF OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-AP-Data SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-maxKnownAPs)) OF OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-AP-Group-Data SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-maxGroups)) OF SEQUENCE {
group-ID OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-WLAN-GroupID,
version INTEGER (0255)
<pre>} OPTIONAL,</pre>
ver2-0-AP-HeatMaps SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-maxHeatMaps)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID
OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-AP-HeatMapUpdateReq SEQUENCE { heatMap-ID OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID,
updatingIndex INTEGER (116777216),
targetHeading OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity OPTIONAL,
} OPTIONAL
}
ver2-0-maxVisibleAPs INTEGER ::= 32
ver2-0-maxKnownAPs INTEGER ::= 2048
ver2-0-maxGroups INTEGER ::= 128
ver2-0-maxHeatMaps INTEGER ::= 4096
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-PropagationTypes ::= SEQUENCE {
propModel-1 NULL OPTIONAL, Circular Propoagtion Model
}
ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

### requestedAD

This parameter specifies the WLAN AP assistance data requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following assistance data types are included:

anlight include mandatory WI AN AD information				
aplist: include mandatory WLAN AP information				
aplocation: include the location of each WLAN AP if available				
locationreliability: include the reliability of the WLAN AP location if available				
transmit-power: include the transmit power for each WLAN AP if available				
antenna-gain: include the antenna gain for each WLAN AP if available				
coveragearea: include the coverage area for each WLAN AP if available				
non-serving: include information for WLAN APs belonging to different operators than the serving WLAN				
AP in addition to WLAN APs belonging to the same operator (or include information for				
multiple WLAN AP data sets if the serving WLAN AP is not associated with a PLMN operator				
or if the target device is not served by a WLAN AP)				
ver2-0-propagation: include propagation estimation for each WLAN AP if available. This bit only applies to				
LPPe 2.0.				
ver2-0-rssiHeatMap: include an RSSI heat map for each WLAN AP if available and, optionally, group data				
containing a reference grid. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.				
ver2-0-rttHeapMap: include an RTT heat map for each WLAN AP if available and, optionally, group data				
containing a reference grid. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.				
ver2-0-locationAreaGroup: include location area group information if available. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0				
ver2-0-transmitterPropertiesGroup: include transmitter propeties group information if available. This bit only				
applies to LPPe 2.0				
requestedAPTypes				
This parameter lists the WLAN AP types for which assistance data is requested.				

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

### ver2-0-propModel

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and specifies the propagation estimation model required, when propagation estimation is requested.

### ver2-0-visible-APs

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and enables a target to indicate to a server the identities of up to 16 currently visible WLAN APs. This may assist a server to provide assistance data for WLAN APs nearby to the target. A target SHALL provide visible APs in order of received signal strength with the AP with the highest signal strength provided first. This parameter is optional.

### ver2-0-AP-Data

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and enables a target to indicate to a server the identities of WLAN APs for which the target has assistance data received previously from this server. This may enable a server to avoid resending data for the same APs. This parameter is optional. A target need not include this parameter if a server included the ver2-0-server-tracking field in the OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData data type for all AP data provided by this server. Otherwise, a target should include this parameter for any APs for which data was previously received and indicated as not tracked by the server if the target is requesting data for additional APs.

### ver2-0-AP-Group-Data

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and enables a target to indicate to a server the identities of WLAN groups for which group assistance data was previously received from this server. This may enable a server to avoid resending data for the same WLAN groups. This parameter is optional. A target need not include this parameter if a server included the ver2-0-server-tracking field in the OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData data type for all group data provided by this server. Otherwise, a target should include this parameter for any previously received group data indicated as not tracked by the server if the target is requesting additional group data from the server.

### ver2-0-AP-HeatMaps

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and enables a target to indicate to a server the identities of all RF heap maps previously received from this server for WLAN APs. This may enable a server to avoid resending the same heat maps. This parameter is optional. A target need not include this parameter if a server included the ver2-0-server-tracking field in the OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideAssistanceData data type for all RF heat maps provided by this server for WLAN APs. Otherwise, a target should include this parameter for any previously received RSSI or RTT heat maps for WLAN APs that were indicated as not tracked by the server if the target is requesting additional RSSI or RTT heatmaps, respectively, from the server for WLAN APs.

### ver2-0-AP-HeatMapUpdateReq

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides the ID of a heat map and an index of a reference grid point within the heat map that has triggered an update request for new assistance data when the target estimates its position at or near to this grid point. The heat map and the reference grid point would have been provided earlier to the target via the *updateReqGridPoints* parameter in the *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap* IE. Appendix G.5 contains more information on this update request. Optionally, the target may also send its heading and velocity information. This parameter is optional.

## 6.5.8.4 WLAN AP Location Information

#### \_

## OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideLocationInformation is used to provide measurements (UE-assisted) for one or more WLAN APs and at both current and historic times.

ASN1START					
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE { wlan-AP-CombinedLocationInformation SEQUENCE (SIZE (1maxWLANAPSize)) OF OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformationList OPTIONAL.					
wlan-AP-Error	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Error	OPTIONAL,			
}					
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformationList ::= SEQUENCE {					
wlan-AP-LocationInformation relativeTimeStamp servingFlag	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-ÀP-LocationInformation, INTEGER (065535) OPTIONAL, BOOLEAN,				

maxWLANAPSize INTEGER ::= 64

-- ASN1STOP

}

#### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

#### wlan-AP-CombinedLocationInformation

This parameter provides measurements for one or more WLAN APs at the current time and/or for historic times. This parameter supports part of the Location ID and Multiple Location IDs parameters in SUPL 2.0.

#### wlan-AP-Error

This parameter provides error information when not all requested WLAN AP measurements can be reported. This parameter should be included when some but not all requested measurements are reported and SHALL be included when no requested measurements are reported.

#### *relativeTimeStamp*

This parameter SHALL be included for historic WLAN AP measurements and provides the time of the historic measurements relative to current time in units of 0.01 seconds. If absent, current time is implied which is equivalent to a relativeTimeStamp of zero. Current time refers to the time when the target sends WLAN AP measurements to the server.

### serving Flag

This parameter indicates whether a set of WLAN AP measurements were obtained for a serving WLAN AP (TRUE) or a non-serving WLAN AP (FALSE). A target device with multiple radio support may indicate more than one type of serving access for the same time instant.

## 6.5.8.5 WLAN AP Location Information Elements

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformation

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformation is used by the target device to provide measurements to the server for a serving or non-serving WLAN AP. Measurements are based on those defined in [IEEE 802.11].

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformation ::= SEOUENCE {					
apMACAddress	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID,				
apSSID	OCTET STRING (SIZE (132))	OPTIONAL,			
apSignaltoNoise	INTEGER(-127128)	OPTIONAL,			
apDeviceType	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type	OPTIONAL,			
apPHYtype	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-PHY-Type	OPTIONAL,			
apSignalStrength	INTEGER(-127128)	OPTIONAL,			
apChannelFrequency	INTEGER(0256)	OPTIONAL,			
apRoundTripDelay	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-RTD	OPTIONAL,			
ueTransmitPower	INTEGER(-127128)	OPTIONAL,			
ueAntennaGain	INTEGER (-127128)	OPTIONAL,			
apReportedLocation	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-ReportedLocation	OPTIONAL,			
,	-				
apTransmitPower INT	TEGER (-127128) OPTIONAL,				
apAntennaGain	INTEGER (-127128) OPTIONAL,				
ueSignaltoNoise	INTEGER (-127128) OPTIONAL,				
ueSignalStrength	INTEGER (-127128) OPTIONAL,				
apSignalStrengthDelta	INTEGER (01) OPTIONAL, Con	d APSSDelta			
ueSignalStrengthDelta	INTEGER (01) OPTIONAL, Con	d UESSDelta			
apSignaltoNoiseDelta	INTEGER (01) OPTIONAL, Con	d APSNDelta			
ueSignaltoNoiseDelta	INTEGER (01) OPTIONAL, Con	d UESNDelta			
operatingClass	INTEGER (0255) OPTIONAL				
}					
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-PHY-Type ::= ENUMERATED { unknown, any, fhss, dsss, irbaseband, ofdm, hrdsss, erp,					
ht, ihv, }					
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-RTD ::= SEQUENCE {					
ONA-PERG-MPHN-KID ··= SEGORNCE {					

```
rTDValue INTEGER(0..16777215),
rTDUnits OMA-LPPe-WLAN-RTDUnits,
     rTDAccuracy INTEGER(0..255)
                                                           OPTIONAL,
      . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-RTDUnits ::= ENUMERATED {
     microseconds,
     hundredsofnanoseconds,
     tensofnanoseconds,
     nanoseconds,
     tenthsofnanoseconds,
      . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-ReportedLocation ::= SEQUENCE {
     locationDataLCI
                                                     OMA-LPPe-WLAN-LocationDataLCI
                                                                                                                   OPTIONAL.
      . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-LocationDataLCI ::= SEQUENCE {
     latitudeResolutionBIT STRING (SIZE (6)),latitudeBIT STRING (SIZE (34)),longitudeResolutionBIT STRING (SIZE (6)),
     longitudeBIT STRING (SIZE (6)),altitudeTypeBIT STRING (SIZE (34)),altitudeResolutionBIT STRING (SIZE (4)),altitudeBIT STRING (SIZE (6)),altitudeBIT STRING (SIZE (30)),datumDIT STRING (SIZE (30)),
                                         BIT STRING (SIZE (8)),
     datum
      . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
APSSDelta	This parameter is conditional and may be used if the apSignalStrength IE is used. Otherwise this parameter MUST NOT be used.
UESSDelta	This parameter is conditional and may be used if the ueSignalStrength IE is used. Otherwise this parameter MUST NOT be used.
APSNDelta	This parameter is conditional and may be used if the apSignaltoNoiseIE is used. Otherwise this parameter MUST NOT be used.
UESNDelta	This parameter is conditional and may be used if the ueSignaltoNoise IE is used. Otherwise this parameter MUST NOT be used.

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformation field descriptions

### apMACAddress

This field provides the 48 bit MAC address of the reported WLAN AP (which is identical to the BSSID of the AP).

#### apSSID

This field provides the SSID of the wireless network served by the AP.

### apSignaltoNoise

This field provides the AP signal to noise ratio of a beacon, probe response or measurement pilot frame in dB as measured at the target.

### apDeviceType

This field provides the AP device type -802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n 802.11ac or 802.11ad. The AP device type refers to the device type being used for signalling as opposed to the capability of the AP (for instance an 802.11n capable AP in e.g., 802.11a signalling mode).

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformation field descriptions				
apPHYtype				
This field provides the IEEE 802.11 PHY and media type. The enumerated values are as follows:				
<i>unknown</i> specifies an unknown or uninitialized PHY type.				
any specifies any PHY type.				
fhss	specifies a frequency-hopping spread-spectrum (FHSS) PHY.			
dsss	specifies a direct sequence spread spectrum (DSSS) PHY type.			
irbaseband	specifies an infrared (IR) baseband PHY type.			
ofdm	specifies an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) PHY type.			
hrdsss	specifies a high-rate DSSS (HRDSSS) PHY type.			
erp	specifies an extended rate PHY type (ERP).			
ht	specifies the 802.11n PHY type.			
ihv	specifies a PHY type that is developed by an independent hardware vendor (IHV).			
apSignalStrength				
This field provides the AP signal strength (RCPI – Received Channel Power Indicator) of a beacon frame, probe response frame or measurement pilot frame measured at the target in dBm on the channel indicated by <i>apChannelFrequency</i> field.				
apChannelFrequency				
This field provides the AP cha	annel number identification of the reported WLAN AP.			
apRoundTripDelay				
This field provides the measured round trip delay between the target and WLAN AP and optionally the accuracy expressed as the standard deviation of the delay. Units for each of these are 1000ns, 100ns, 10ns, 1ns or 0.1ns.				
ueTransmitPower				
This field provides the transmit power used by the target to access the WLAN AP in dBm				
.ueAntennaGain				
This field provides the antenna gain of the target in dBi for transmission to the WLAN AP				
apReportedLocation				
This field provides the location of the WI AN AP				

This field provides the location of the WLAN AP,

	OMA	-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformation field descriptions
location	nDataLCI	
		ocation of the AP in form of the Location Configuration Information (LCI) defined in ludes the following subfields:
	latitudeResolution:	6-bits indicating the number of valid bits in the fixed-point value of <i>latitude</i> . (This value is the number of high-order Latitude bits that should be considered valid. Any bits entered to the right of this limit should not be considered valid. Values above decimal 34 are undefined and reserved.)
	latitude:	A 34-bits fixed point value consisting of 9-bits of integer and 25-bits of fraction indicating the Latitude (+/- 90 degrees) of the AP.
longitudeResolution:		6-bits indicating the number of valid bits in the fixed-point value of <i>longitude</i> . (This value is the number of high-order Longitude bits that should be considered valid. Any bits entered to the right of this limit should not be considered valid. Values above decimal 34 are undefined and reserved.)
	longitude:	A 34-bits fixed point value consisting of 9-bits of integer and 25-bits of fraction indicating the Longitude (+/- 180 degrees) of the AP.
	altitudeType:	<ul><li>Defines the altitude type. Codes defined are:</li><li>1:Meters of altitude.</li><li>2: Building floors of altitude. <i>altitude</i> value 0.0 represents the floor level associated with ground level.</li></ul>
	altitudeResolution:	6-bits indicating the number of valid bits in the <i>altitude</i> . (This value is the number of high-order Altitude bits that should be considered valid. Any bits entered to the right of this limit should not be considered valid. Values above decimal 30 are undefined and reserved.)
	altitude:	A 30-bit fixed point value consisting of 22-bits of integer and 8-bits of fraction indicating the Altitude of the AP in units defined by <i>altitudeType</i> .
datum:		<ul> <li>Defines the map datum used for the coordinates. Codes defined are:</li> <li>1: World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS-84)</li> <li>2: North American Datum 1983 (NAD-83) with North American Vertical Datum 1988 (NAVD-88)</li> <li>3: North American Datum 1983 (NAD-83) with Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW) vertical datum.</li> </ul>

### *apTransmitPower*

This field provides the power the AP transmits on a beacon, probe response or measurement pilot frame in dBm.

### apAntennaGain

This field provides the antenna gain of the AP in dBi

### *ueSignaltoNoise*

This field provides the target's signal to noise ratio measured at the AP in dB.

### ueSignalStrength

This field provides the target's signal strength (RCPI – Received Channel Power Indicator) measured at the AP on the channel indicated by the *apChannelFrequency* field in dBm.

### apSignalStrengthDelta

This parameter is used when the AP's signal strength (measured at the target) resolution is 0.5 dB (as opposed to 1.0 dB when this parameter is not used). Range: INTEGER (0..1), Units: 0.5 dB

The AP signal strength is then: (*apSignalStrength* + *apSignalStrengthDelta*).

## *ueSignalStrengthDelta*

This parameter is used when the target's signal strength (measured at the AP) resolution is 0.5 dB (as opposed to 1.0 dB when this parameter is not used). Range: INTEGER (0..1), Units: 0.5 dB

The target signal strength is then: (*ueSignalStrength* + *ueSignalStrengthDelta*).

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationInformation field descriptions

### apSignaltoNoiseDelta

This parameter is used when the AP's signal to noise ratio (measured at the target) resolution is 0.5 dB (as opposed to 1.0 dB when this parameter is not used). Range: INTEGER (0..1), Units: 0.5 dB

The AP signal to noise ratio is then: (apSignaltoNoise + apSignaltoNoiseDelta).

## ueSignal toNoiseDelta

This parameter is used when the target's signal to noise ratio (measured at the AP) resolution is 0.5 dB (as opposed to 1.0 dB when this parameter is not used). Range: INTEGER (0..1), Units: 0.5 dB The target signal to noise ratio is then: (ueSignaltoNoise + ueSignaltoNoiseDelta).

operatingClass

This parameter defines the Operating Class as defined in [IEEE 802.11].

## 6.5.8.6 WLAN AP Location Information Request

## OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestLocationInformation

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestLocationInformation is used to request WLAN AP measurements (UE-assisted).

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    requestedMeasurements
                            BIT STRING {
                                              apSSID
                                                           (0),
                                              apSN
                                                           (1),
                                              apDevType
                                                           (2),
                                              apPhyType
                                                           (3),
                                                           (4),
                                              apRSSI
                                              apChanFreq (5),
                                              apRTD
                                                           (6),
                                              ueTP
                                                           (7),
                                              ueAG
                                                           (8),
                                              apRepLoc
                                                           (9),
                                              non-serving (10),
                                                           (11),
                                              historic
                                              apTP
                                                           (12).
                                              apAG
                                                           (13),
                                              ueSN
                                                           (14),
                                              ueRSSI
                                                           (15)} (SIZE(1..16)),
    additionalRequestedMeasurements BIT STRING {
                                                           (0) } (SIZE(1..16)) OPTIONAL
                                              oc
}
  ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

#### *requestedMeasurements*

This field specifies the WLAN AP measurements requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following measurement requests can be included.

apSSID: SSID of the WLAN apSN: AP S/N received at the target apDevType: AP Device type apPhyType: AP PHY type apRSSI: AP signal strength at the target apChanFreq: AP channel/frequency of Tx/Rx apRTD: Round Trip Delay between target and AP ueTP: target transmit power ueAG: target antenna gain apRepLoc: AP Location as reported by AP non-serving: measurements for non-serving WLAN APs (in addition to a serving WLAN AP) historic: historic WLAN AP measurements (in addition to current measurements) apTP: AP transmit power apAG: AP antenna gain ueSN: UE S/N received at the AP ueRSSI: target signal strength at the AP

## additionalRequestedMeasurements

This field specifies additional WLAN AP measurements that are requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following measurement requests can be included.

oc: operating class

## 6.5.8.7 WLAN AP Capability Information

## OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideCapabilites is used by the target to provide its capabilities for WLAN AP positioning to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
```

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideCapa wlan-ecid-MeasSupported		QUENCE {		
	•	apSSID	(0),	
		apSN	(1),	
		apDevType	(2),	
		apPhyType	(3),	
		apRSSI	(4),	
		apChanFreq	(5),	
		apRTD	(6),	
		ueTP	(7),	
		ueAG	(8),	
		apRepLoc	(9),	
		non-serving		
		-		
		historic	(11),	
		apTP	(12),	
		apAG	(13),	
		ueSN	(14),	
		ueRSSI	(15)}	(SIZE(116)),
wlan-types-Supported	OMA-LPPe-WL	AN-AP-Type-Li	.st	OPTIONAL,
ap-Capability	OMA-LPPe-WL	AN-AP-Capabil	itv	OPTIONAL,
wlan-ap-ADSupported BIT			(0)	
	aplocat	tion	(1)	·
	-	onreliability		
	IOCALI	JIII CITADITICY	(2)	1

```
transmit-power
                                                            (3),
                                                            (4),
                                    antenna-gain
                                                            (5),
                                    coveragearea
                                    non-serving
                                                            (6),
                                                            (7),
                                    ver2-0-propagation
                                    ver2-0-rssiHeatMap
                                                            (8),
                                    ver2-0-rttHeatMap
                                                            (9),
                                                              (10),
                                    ver2-0-jpeg
                                                            (11),
                                    ver2-0-reorientation
                                    ver2-0-run-lengths
                                                               (12),
                                    ver2-0-update-required-grid-points (13),
                                    ver2-0-locationAreaGroup (14),
                                    ver2-0-transmitterPropertiesGroup (15) { (SIZE(1..16)),
-- version 2.0 extension elements
   additional-wlan-ecid-MeasSupported BIT STRING {
                                                       (0)} (SIZE(1..16)) OPTIONAL,
                                           OC
   ver2-0-propModel-Capability OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Propagation-Capability
                                                                                    OPTIONAL.
   ver2-0-sta-Capability
                            OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Capability OPTIONAL
}
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Capability ::= SEQUENCE {
   apMACAddress OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID,
apTypes OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type-List,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Propagation-Capability ::= SEQUENCE {
                          NULL OPTIONAL, -- Circular Propagation Model
   propModel-1
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideCapabilities field descriptions

### wlan-ecid-MeasSupported

This field specifies the E-CID measurements supported by the target device when accessing a WLAN AP. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions in the bit string means only the basic WLAN positioning method is supported by the target device which is reporting of the WLAN AP identity. The following bits are assigned for the indicated measurements.

apSSID: SSID of the WLAN apSN: AP S/N received at the target apDevType: AP Device type apPhyType: AP PHY type apRSSI: AP signal strength at the target apChanFreq: AP channel/frequency of Tx/Rx apRTD: Round Trip Delay between target and AP ueTP: target transmit power ueAG: target antenna gain apRepLoc: AP Location as reported by AP non-serving: measurements for a non-serving WLAN AP (in addition to a serving WLAN AP) historic: historic WLAN AP measurements apTP: AP transmit power apAG: AP antenna gain ueSN: UE S/N received at the AP ueRSSI: target signal strength at the AP

### **OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ProvideCapabilities** field descriptions

### wlan-types-Supported

This field provides the WLAN AP types supported by the target device when functioning as a WLAN station. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular WLAN type is supported; a zero-value means not supported. This field SHALL be provided if the supported WLAN AP types are available.

### ap-Capability

This parameter if present indicates that the target can function as a WLAN AP (e.g. as a mobile broadband router). The parameter provides the MAC address of the target and the WLAN types supported when functioning as an AP.

### wlan-ap-ADSupported

This field specifies the WLAN AP assistance data supported by the target device. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions or absence of this field means no assistance data is supported. The following bits are assigned for the indicated assistance data.

aplist: mandatory WLAN AP data

aplocation: location of each WLAN AP

locationreliability: reliability of WLAN AP location

transmit-power: transmit power for each WLAN AP

antenna-gain: antenna gain for each WLAN AP

coveragearea: coverage area for each WLAN AP

non-serving: information for WLAN APs belonging to a different operator than the serving WLAN AP (or information for multiple WLAN AP data sets if the serving WLAN AP is not associated with a PLMN operator or if the target device is not served by a WLAN AP)

ver2-0-propagation: propagation estimation for each WLAN AP

ver2-0-rssiHeatMap: RSSI heat map for an AP and reference grid group data. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0 ver2-0-rttHeatMap: RTT heat map for an AP and reference grid group data. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0

ver2-0-jpeg: compression of a heat map using JPEG. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0

ver2-0-reorientation: reorientation of a heat map as in Appendix G.4.1. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

ver2-0-run-lengths: heat maps with arbitrary shape via run lengths as in Appendix G.4.2. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

ver2-0-update-required-grid-points: heat maps containing grid points that trigger a target request for new assistance data when a target is near such a grid point. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

ver2-0-locationAreaGroup: location area group data for APs. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0

ver2-0-transmitterPropertiesGroup: transmitter properties group data. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0,

### additional-wlan-ecid-MeasSupported

This field specifies the additional E-CID measurements supported by the target device when accessing a WLAN AP. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions in the bit string means only the basic WLAN positioning method is supported by the target device which is reporting of the WLAN AP identity. The following bits are assigned for the indicated measurements.

oc: operating class

### ver2-0-propModel-Capability

This parameter only applies to LPPe 2.0 and defines the types of RF propagation model supported by the target for WLAN APs.

### ver2-0-sta-Capability

This parameter only applies to LPPe 2.0 and provides the MAC address of the target and the WLAN types supported when functioning as an STA. This parameter is optional. If the target includes the ap-Capability parameter and uses the same MAC address and supports the same WLAN types when functioning as both an AP and an STA, then the ver2-0-sta-Capability parameter need not be included.

# 6.5.8.8 WLAN AP Capability Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestCapabilities is used to request WLAN AP positioning capabilities information from the target.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
```

-- ASN1STOP

. . .

}

# 6.5.8.9 WLAN AP Error Element

# - OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Error

The IE *OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Error* is used by the location server or target device to provide error reasons for WLAN AP positioning to the target device or location server, respectively.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# WLAN-AP-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE WLAN-AP-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide error reasons for WLAN AP positioning to the target device.

 ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationServerErrorCau cause	ses ::= SEQU ENUMERATED	ENCE { {undefined, requestedADNotAvailable, notAllrequestedADAvailable,
apMandatoryDataUnavailable apLocationsUnavailable	NULL NULL	}, Optional, Optional,
apLocationReliabilityUnavailable apTransmitPowerUnavailable	NULL NULL	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
apAntennaGainUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
apCoverageAreaUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
nonservingADUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
<pre>,  version 2.0 extension elements ver2-0-propagationModelUnavailable ver2-0-rssiHeatMapsUnavailable ver2-0-rttHeatMapsUnavailable ver2-0-locationAreaGroupsUnavailable ver2-0-transmitterPropertiesGroupsUnavailable }</pre>		OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, NULL OPTIONAL
ASN1STOP		
ADIATOTOT		

# OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-LocationServerErrorCauses field descriptions

cause

This field provides a WLAN AP specific error cause for the server applicable to provision of assistance data. If the cause value is '*requestedADNotAvailable*', none of the requested assistance data could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is '*notAllRequestedADAvailable*', the server was able to provide some but not all requested WLAN AP assistance data. In this case, the server should include any of the specific error indications as applicable. Note that inclusion of these fields is applicable when some of the associated information can be provided for some WLAN APs but not for all WLAN APs.

# WLAN-AP-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE WLAN-AP-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide error reasons for WLAN AP positioning to the location server.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-TargetDeviceErrorCauses cause	::= SEQUENCE ENUMERATED	{undefined, requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable, notAllrequestedMeasurementsPossible,
		····
apSSIDnotAvailable	NULL	/, OPTIONAL,
apSNMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
apDevTypeNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
apPhyTypeNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
apRSSIMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
apChanFreqNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
apRTDMeasurementNotPossible	NULL	OPTIONAL,
ueTPNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
ueAGNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
apRecLocNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
non-servingMeasurementsNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
historicMeasurementsNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
• • • • •		
apTPNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
apAGNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
ueSNNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
ueRSSINotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,
ocNotAvailable	NULL	OPTIONAL
}		

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-TargetDeviceErrorCauses field descriptions

### cause

This field provides a WLAN AP specific error cause. If the cause value is '*requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable*', none of the requested measurements could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is '*notAllRequestedMeasurementsPossible*', the target device was able to provide some but not all requested WLAN AP measurements. In this case, the target device should indicate those measurements that could not be obtained.

# 6.5.9 WiMax Enhanced Cell ID Positioning

This section defines support for WiMax ECID.

# 6.5.9.1 WiMax ECID Location Information

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideLocationInformation is used to provide ECID measurements (UE-assisted) for one or more WiMax access networks and at both current and historic times.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
   ecid-wimax-CombinedLocationInformation SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxWiMaxECIDSize)) OF
                                               OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationInformationList OPTIONAL,
    ecid-wimax-Error
                                                OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-Error
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationInformationList ::= SEQUENCE {
    ecid-wimax-LocationInformation OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationInformation,
   relativeTimeStamp
                                        INTEGER (0..65535) OPTIONAL,
   servingFlag
                                        BOOLEAN,
    . . .
}
                 INTEGER ::= 1264
maxWiMaxECIDSize
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

### ecid-wimax-CombinedLocationInformation

This parameter provides E-CID measurements for one or more WiMax networks at the current time and/or for historic times. This parameter supports part of the Location ID and Multiple Location IDs parameters in SUPL 2.0.

### ecid-wimax-Error

This parameter provides error information when not all requested WiMax E-CID measurements can be reported. This parameter should be included when some but not all requested measurements are reported and SHALL be included when no requested measurements are reported.

### *relativeTimeStamp*

This parameter SHALL be included for historic WiMax E-CID measurements and provides the time of the historic measurements relative to current time in units of 0.01 seconds. If absent, current time is implied which is equivalent to a relativeTimeStamp of zero. Current time refers to the time when the target sends WiMax E-CID measurements to the server.

### serving Flag

This parameter indicates whether a set of E-CID measurements were obtained for a serving WiMax access network (TRUE) or a non-serving WiMax access network (FALSE). A target device with multiple radio support may indicate more than one type of serving access network for the same time instant.

# 6.5.9.2 WiMax ECID Location Information Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationInformation

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationInformation is used by the target device to provide E-CID measurements for a serving or non-serving WiMax network to the server.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {

wimaxBsID OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxBsID,

wimaxRTD OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxRTD OPTIONAL,

wimaxNMRList OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxNMRList OPTIONAL,

...

}

OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxBsID ::= SEQUENCE {

bsID-MSB BIT STRING (SIZE(24)) OPTIONAL,

bsID-LSB BIT STRING (SIZE(24)),

...
```

}

```
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxRTD ::= SEQUENCE {
                INTEGER (0..65535),
    rTD
    rTDstd
                         INTEGER (0..1023)
                                                         OPTIONAL,
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxNMRList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxWimaxBSMeas)) OF
                                                                                                    OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxNMR
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxNMR ::= SEQUENCE {
    wimaxBsID OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-WimaxBsID,
relDelay INTEGER (-32768..32767)
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    relDelaystd INTEGER (-32768...
relDelaystd INTEGER (0..1023)
rSSI INTEGER (0..255)
rSSIstd INTEGER (0..63)
bSTxPower INTEGER (0..255)
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                         OPTIONAL.
    cINRINTEGER (0..255)cINRstdINTEGER (0..63)bSLocationOMA-LPPe-WLAN-ReportedLocation
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
     . . .
}
maxWimaxBSMeas INTEGER ::= 32
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationInformation field descriptions

### wimaxBsID

This field provides the identifier for the primary WiMax base station for which measurements are being reported. The ID contains 48 bits. The least significant 24 bits (bsID-LSB) are provided and optionally the most significant 24 bits (bsID-MSB). If not provided, bsID-MSB is assumed to be identical to that for the current serving BS or camped on network value.

### wimaxRTD

This field provides the Round Trip Delay (rTD) between the target device and the WiMax BS in units of 10 ns and with a range of 0 -65535. The field also optionally includes the Standard deviation of the Round Trip Delay measurement (rTDstd) in units of 10 ns and with a range of 0-1023.

OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationInformation field descriptions
wimaxNMRList
This field provides a network measurement report for up to 32 other neighbour WiMax base stations. For each neighbour base station, the following parameters can be included:
wimaxBsID: base station ID encoded as for wimaxBsID above. This parameter is mandatory.
relDelay: Relative Delay as measured by the target device between the neighboring BS and the primary BS in units of 10 ns. This measurement is not applicable for the primary BS. The range is -32768 to 32767. This parameter is optional.
relDelaystd: Standard deviation of the Relative delay in units of 10 ns, range 0-1023. This parameter is optional.
rSSI: received signal strength of the neighbour BS at the target device in dBm. This is expressed in steps of 0.25 dBm, starting from -103.75 dBm. Encoded range is 0 -255. This parameter is optional.
rSSIstd: standard deviation of BS signal strength received at the target device in dB. Range is 0-63.
bSTxPower: the equivalent isotropic transmit power of the neighbour BS in steps of 0.25 dBm and starting from - 103.75 dBm. Encoded range is 0-255. This parameter is optional.
cINR: Carrier to Noise and Interference Ratio in dB of the neighbour BS as received at the target device. Range is 0-255. This parameter is optional.
cINRstd: standard deviation in dB of the BS Carrier to Noise and Interference Ratio as received at the target device. Range is 0-63.
bSLocation: Location of the neighbour BS as reported by the neighbour BS. This is optional and contains the following fields.
locationEncodingDescriptor: either LCI as in [RFC3825] or ASN.1 as in [X.694]
locationData: location value in the format defined in locationEncodingDescriptor and optional location accuracy in units of 0.1 meters.

### 6.5.9.3 WiMax ECID Location Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestLocationInformation is used to request WiMax ECID measurements (UE-assisted).

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestLocationInforma requestedMeasurements BIT STRING {	rTD rTDstd nMR	(0), (1), (2), (3),
}		
ASN1STOP		

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

### *requestedMeasurements*

ASN1STOP

This field specifies the WiMax E-CID measurements requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following measurement requests can be included.

rTD; round trip delay to a primary (e.g. serving) BS rTDstd: standard deviation of round trip delay nMR: network measurement report for neighbouring BSs nMRrelDelay: Relative Delay between the neighboring BS and the primary BS nMRrelDelaystd: Standard deviation of the Relative delay nMRrSSI: received signal strength of the neighbour BS nMRrSSIstd: standard deviation of BS signal strength nMRbSTxPower: transmit power of the neighbour BS nMRcINR: Carrier to Noise and Interference Ratio of the neighbour BS nMRcINRstd: standard deviation of the BS Carrier to Noise and Interference Ratio bSLocation: Location of the neighbour BS as reported by the neighbour BS non-serving: E-CID measurements for non-serving WiMax base stations (in addition to a serving base station)

historic: historic WiMax E-CID measurements (in addition to current measurements)

# 6.5.9.4 WiMax ECID Capability Information

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideCapabilites is used by the target to provide its WiMax ECID capabilities to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    ecid-wimax-MeasSupported
                               BIT STRING {
                                                 rTD
                                                                  (0),
                                                  rTDstd
                                                                  (1),
                                                  nMR
                                                                  (2),
                                                 nMRrelDelay
                                                                  (3),
                                                  nMRrelDelaystd (4),
                                                  nMRrSSI
                                                                  (5),
                                                  nMRrSSIstd
                                                                  (6),
                                                 nMRbSTxPower
                                                                  (7),
                                                                  (8),
                                                  nMRcINR
                                                  nMRcINRstd
                                                                  (9),
                                                  nMRbSLocation
                                                                 (10).
                                                  non-serving
                                                                  (11),
                                                  historic
                                                                  (12) } (SIZE(1..16)),
    . . .
}
```

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-ProvideCapabilities field descriptions

### ecid-wimax- MeasSupported

This field specifies the E-CID measurements supported by the target device for WiMax. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular measurement is supported; a zero-value means not supported. A zero-value in all bit positions in the bit string means only the basic Cell ID positioning method is supported by the target device for WiMax. The following bits are assigned for the indicated measurements.

rTD; round trip delay to a primary (e.g. serving) BS rTDstd: standard deviation of round trip delay nMR: network measurement report for neighbouring BSs nMRrelDelay: Relative Delay between the neighboring BS and the primary BS nMRrelDelaystd: Standard deviation of the Relative delay nMRrSSI: received signal strength of the neighbour BS nMRrSSIstd: standard deviation of BS signal strength nMRrbSTxPower: transmit power of the neighbour BS nMRcINR: Carrier to Noise and Interference Ratio of the neighbour BS nMRcINRstd: standard deviation of the BS Carrier to Noise and Interference Ratio nMRbSLocation: Location of the neighbour BS as reported by the neighbour BS non-serving: E-CID measurements for non-serving WiMax base stations (in addition to a serving base station) historic: historic WiMax E-CID measurements

# 6.5.9.5 WiMax ECID Capability Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestCapabilities is used to request WiMax ECID capabilities information from the target.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.5.9.6 WiMax ECID Error Element

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax -Error

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-Error is used by the location server or target device to provide WiMax E-CID error reasons to the target device or location server, respectively.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide WiMax E-CID error reasons to the target device.

# OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide WiMax E-CID error reasons to the location server.

-	- ASN1START			
С	MA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-TargetDeviceErrorCauses cause	::= SEQUENCH ENUMERATED		<pre>undefined, requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable, notAllrequestedMeasurementsPossible, </pre>
	rTDMeasurementNotPossible rTDstdMeasurementNotPossible nMRMeasurementNotPossible nMRrelDelayMeasurementNotPossible nMRrelDelaystdMeasurementNotPossible nMRrSSIMeasurementNotPossible nMRrSSIstdMeasurementNotPossible nMRcINRMeasurementNotPossible nMRcINRMeasurementNotPossible nMRcINRstdMeasurementNotPossible nMRSLocationNotAvailable non-servingMeasurementSNotAvailable historicMeasurementSNotAvailable	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	OPT OPT OPT OPT OPT OPT OPT OPT	IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL, IONAL,
}				

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-ECID-WiMax-TargetDeviceErrorCauses field descriptions

```
cause
```

This field provides a WiMax ECID specific error cause. If the cause value is '*requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable*', none of the requested measurements could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the cause value is '*notAllRequestedMeasurementsPossible*', the target device was able to provide some but not all requested WiMax measurements. In this case, the target device should indicate the requested measurements that could not be provided.

# 6.5.10 Sensor Positioning

# 6.5.10.1 Sensor Assistance Data

# OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for sensor-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
```

 $\verb+atmosphericPressureAD \quad OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureAD \quad OPTIONAL$ 

-- ASN1STOP

}

. . . .

### **OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideAssistanceData** field descriptions

atmosphericPressureAD

This field is used to provide reference atmospheric pressure at nominal sea level, EGM96 to the target.

# 6.5.10.2 Sensor Assistance Data Elements

### OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureAD.

The OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureAD is used to provide reference atmospheric pressure at nominal sea level, EGM96 to the target.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureAD ::= SEQUENCE {
                                    INTEGER (-20000..10000),
   referencePressure
                SEQUENCE {
    period
                pressureValidityPeriod
                                                  OMA-LPPe-ValidityPeriod,
                referencePressureRate
                                                  INTEGER (-128..127)
                                                                           OPTIONAL.
                 . . .
                         OPTIONAL.
                SEQUENCE {
    area
                pressureValidityArea
                                                 OMA-LPPe-PressureValidityArea,
                                                  INTEGER (-128..127) OPTIONAL,
INTEGER (-128..127) OPTIONAL,
                 gN-pressure
                gE-pressure
                         OPTIONAL,
                 }
}
OMA-LPPe-PressureValidityArea ::= SEQUENCE {
   centerPoint Ellipsoid-Point, -- coordinates of the center of the rectangular validity area
   validityAreaWidth
validityAreaHeight
INTEGER (1..128), -- units in Kilometers
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureAD field descriptions

### *referencePressure*

This field specifies the atmospheric pressure (Pa) at nominal sea level, EGM96 to the target. If *pressureValidityArea* is provided, the *referencePressure* applies to the center of the *pressureValidityArea*. The pressure within the *pressureValidityArea* outside the center can be calculated using the pressure gradients (*gN-pressure* and *gE-pressure*) if provided. If no northward and eastward pressure gradients are provided, the pressure is assumed to be constant throughout the pressureValidityArea. If no *referencePressureRate* is provided, the pressure is assumed to be constant at each location throughout the *pressureValidityPeriod*. The scale factor is 1 Pa. The value is added to the nominal pressure of 101325 Pa.

### pressureValidityPeriod

This field specifies the start time and duration of the reference pressure validity period. If this parameter is not present, the atmospheric pressure assistance data is valid only at precisely the time the assistance data is received at the target.

### referencePressureRate

This field specifies the rate of change of pressure. When this field is included, the referencePresssure applies only at the start of the pressureValidityPeriod. The scale factor is 10 Pa/hour,

### OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureAD field descriptions

### pressureValidityArea

This field specifies the area within which the provided atmospheric reference pressure is valid. If this field is not present, the provided atmospheric reference pressure is only valid at the target's position at the moment the atmospheric reference pressure is provided.

The pressure validity area is a rectangle defined by its Center Point (*centerPoint*), width (*validityAreaWidth*) and height (*validityAreaHeight*). Width is measured from the center along the latitude and height is measured from the center along the longitude. Width and height are measured as the total width and height of the rectangle. The scale factor is Km.

### gN-pressure

This field specifies the northward gradient of the reference pressure calculated from the center of the *pressureValidityArea*. The scale factor is 10 Pa/Km. If this field is not provided, the gradient is assumed to be zero.

### gE-pressure

This field specifies the eastward gradient of the reference pressure calculated from the center of the *pressureValidityArea*. The scale factor is 10 Pa/Km. If this field is not provided, the gradient is assumed to be zero.

# 6.5.10.3 Sensor Assistance Data Request

# OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for sensor-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...,
    pressureSensorAD OMA-LPPe-PressureSensorAD OPTIONAL
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.5.10.4 Sensor Assistance Data Request Elements

# OMA-LPP-PressureSensorAD

The OMA-LPPe-PressureSensorAD is used to request atmospheric reference pressure assistance data.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-PressureSensorAD ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# 6.5.10.5 Sensor Location Information

# OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideLocationInformation is used to provide location information for sensor-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    motionStateList OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateList OPTIONAL,
    sensorError OMA-LPPe-Sensor-Error OPTIONAL,
    ...,
    atmosphericPressure OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressure OPTIONAL
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

### *motionStateList*

This field is used to provide one or more motion states to the server. The motion state may indicate e.g. that the target is stationary or that it is moving in a car.

### sensorError

This field is used to provide error information on the sensor location information.

### *atmosphericPressure*

This field is used to provide the atmospheric pressure as measured by the target's pressure sensor. This field SHALL be included if requested and available.

# 6.5.10.6 Sensor Location Information Elements

# - OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateList

The *OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateList* carries target motion state information. The list allows for reporting up to eight motion state elements. Each element contains one primary motion state (the one with the highest sustained velocity) and optionally multiple secondary motion states in order to be able to describe, say, that the person carrying the target is walking (secondary motion) in a train (primary motion). The confidence represents the confidence of <u>the primary motion state is included or</u> the combination of primary+secondary, in case the secondary motion state is included.

-- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateElement OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateElement ::= SEQUENCE { primaryMotionState ENUMERATED { unknown, stationary, pedestrian, running, cycling, car, train, aeroplane, boat, fidgeting, . . . }, confidence INTEGER(0..99), secondaryMotionState BIT STRING { stationary (0), pedestrian (1), running (2), cycling (3), car (4), train (5), (6), aeroplane boat (7), fidgeting (8), -- version 2.0 extension elements ver2-0-hold (9), ver2-0-onear (10), ver2-0-inpocket (11), ver2-0-swing (12), ver2-0-elevator (13), ver2-0-escalator (14) } (SIZE(1..16)) OPTIONAL, . . . } - ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateList field descriptions

### *primaryMotionState*

This field specifies the primary motion state, i.e. the one with the heighest sustained speed.

confidence

This field specifies the confidence that the target is in the indicated motion state (primary+secondary).

Confidence is encoded as a truncated percentage. An encoded value of 0 therefore represents a confidence C where 0% <=C <1% percent. An encoded value of 1 represents a confidence C where 1%<=C<2%, and so on. An encoded value of 99 represents a confidence C where 99%<=C<100%.

### *secondaryMotionState*

This field specifies one or more seconday motion states. Secondary motion states are indicated by the bit string, in which each bit position indicates a distinct secondary motion. The presence of two or more secondary motion states indicates that all occur simultaneously - e.g. fidgeting while stationary on a train.

Note: a secondary motion state which is set to false implies that the target is asserting that the motion state is not in effect. Note: The following bits indicate secondary motion states applicable to the pedestrian primary motion state.

hold: identifies a motion state where a pedestrian holds the UE while viewing the screen. onear: identifies a motion state where a pedestrian holds the UE to his ear. inpocket: identifies a motion state where a pedestrian has the UE close to his body (e.g. in his pocket). swing: identifies a motion state where a pedestrian swings the UE in his hands while walking. elevator: identifies a motion state where a pedestrian is in a moving elevator. escalator: identifies a motion state where a pedestrian is on a moving escalator.

# OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressure

The OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressure represents the atmospheric pressure measured by the target.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressure ::= SEQUENCE {
    pressureMeasurement OMA-LPPe-PressureMeasurement,
    pressureStats
                                           PressureStats OPTIONAL,
CalibrationPoints OPTIONAL,
    calibrationPoints
     ...}
PressureStats ::= SEQUENCE {
    sensorMeanPressureINTEGER(30000..115000),sensorStddevPressureINTEGER(0..2000)OPTIONAL,durationINTEGER(5..40),
...}
CalibrationPoints ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..10)) OF SEQUENCE {
    pressure OMA-LPPe-PressureMeasurement,
    time UTCTime,
location EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid,
motionState OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateList OPTIONAL,
velocity Velocity OPTIONAL,
    locationSource OMA-LPPe-LocationSource
                                                                      OPTIONAL,
     . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressure field descriptions

### pressureMeasurement

This field provides an instantaneous current atmospheric pressure at the target.

### OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressure field descriptions

### pressureStats

This field corresponds to the mean and (optional) standard deviation of the sensor(s) pressure measurement without any added or subtracted adjustment that prevailed for a time period (duration) immediately before the pressure measurement reported by the target was obtained. The scale factor for mean and standard deviation is 1 Pa. Time units are in seconds. For the pressureStats to be reported, the duration MUST be at least 5 seconds (maximum duration is 40 seconds).

This field enables a server to remove noise from the current pressure measurement through averaging and evaluate the stability of the current pressure measurement (e.g. whether increasing or decreasing). A target may obtain the statistics while performing any other measurements requested by the server. The current pressure measurement (in *pressureMeasurement*) should be obtained exactly at the end of the duration for *pressureStats*.

### *calibrationPoints*

This parameter provides a sequence of up to 10 calibration points for the target where both a 3D location and a pressure measurement were obtained by the target. Each calibration point includes the following mandatory and conditional fields.

pressure	the measured pressure in units of Pa (mandatory)
time	UTC time (mandatory)
location	location of the target which MUST have been obtained without use of either the pressure
	measurement or a terrain map (mandatory)
motionState	the motion state of the target (mandatory if available)
velocity	the velocity of the target (mandatory if available)
locationSource	the source(s) of the reported location (mandatory if available)

This parameter enables the server to calibrate the barometric sensor for the target and/or estimate its accuracy and stability. This parameter is compiled from historic pressure and location data stored in the target prior to reporting an atmospheric pressure measurement to the server. The parameter SHALL be included when calibration points are available. If possible, one calibration point should be reported for each of the last 10 days starting with the current day and should each correspond to the 3D location with minimum uncertainty volume obtained each day which may be approximated by the product of the X, Y and Z uncertainty values. A target that is unable to report 10 calibration points over a 10 day period should report up to 10 calibration points over a shorter or longer period in the same manner. If possible, a target that is environmentally aware (e.g. via use of other sensor data) should not report calibration points that appear to correspond to indoor or in vehicle locations when other calibration points are available that appear to correspond to outdoor locations.

## OMA-LPPe-PressureMeasurement

The OMA-LPPe-PressureMeasurement is used to define an atmospheric pressure measurement.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-PressureMeasurement ::= S	EQUENCE {	
sensorMeasurement	INTEGER (30000115000),	
adjustment	INTEGER (-50005000)	OPTIONAL,
uncertainty	SEQUENCE {	
	range INTEGER (01000),	
	confidence INTEGER (1100)	
	}	OPTIONAL,
temperature	INTEGER (-100150)	OPTIONAL,
}		

-- ASN1STOP

### **OMA-LPPe-PressureMeasurement** field descriptions

### sensorMeasurement

This field specifies the measured atmospheric pressure in units of Pa (corresponding to a numerical altitude resolution of about 0.1m at sea level). This field SHALL be obtained from the measured atmospheric pressure output of one or more sensors on the target prior to any adjustment made externally to the sensor(s).

### **OMA-LPPe-PressureMeasurement** field descriptions

### adjustment

This field specifies any adjustment in units of Pa applied by a target to the output of the sensor(s) to produce a more accurate atmospheric pressure. The adjustment may be enabled by previous calibration by the target of the sensor output using a known reference atmospheric pressure for a known location and altitude, by more accurate temperature related calibration data from the vendor of the sensor or by other means. The more accurate atmospheric pressure is obtained as follows and is not reported directly but only via the measurement and adjustment components:

accurate atmospheric pressure = sensorMeasurement + adjustment

The adjustment SHALL be provided whenever applied. If there is no adjustment, a target may omit the adjustment field. When omitted, a server SHALL assume a value of zero for the adjustment.

### uncertainty

This field provides the expected range for the pressure measurement and the confidence as a percentage that the true pressure lies in a range of (measurement + adjustment - range) to (measurement + adjustment + range). This field is optional and SHALL be provided if available.

### temperature

This field provides the temperature in degrees Celsius associated with the sensor(s) used for the pressure measurement and SHALL be provided if available. Note that the sensor temperature is internal to the target and may differ from the temperature outside the target if a different sensor is used to measure outside temperature.

# 6.5.10.7 Sensor Location Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestLocationInformation is used to request location information for sensor-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
    motionStateReq OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateRequest OPTIONAL, --Cond MotionSateReq
    ...,
    atmosphericPressureReq OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureRequest OPTIONAL --Cond AtmosphericPressureReq
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
MotionStateReq	The field is mandatory present if the server requests for primary motion state measurements;
	otherwise it is not present.
AtmosphericPressureReq	The field is mandatory present if the server requests for atmospheric pressure measurements;
	otherwise it is not present.

OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

# motionStateReq

This field is used to request the motion state of the target. The motion state may indicate e.g. that the target is stationary or that it is moving in a car.

# 6.5.10.8 Sensor Location Information Request Elements

# OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateRequest

The OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateRequest is used to request motion state information.

```
-- ASN1START
```

OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateRequest ::= SEQUENCE {

```
secondaryMotionStateRequest NULL OPTIONAL,
...
```

-- ASN1STOP

}

### OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateRequest field descriptions

*secondaryMotionStateRequest* This field is used to request the secondary motion state of the target.

# OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureRequest

The OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureRequest is used to request atmospheric pressure (as measured by the target) information.

-- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-AtmosphericPressureRequest ::= SEQUENCE { ...

-- ASN1STOP

}

# 6.5.10.9 Sensor Capability Information

# OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideCapabilities is used to provide capabilities for sensor-based methods.

ASN1START		
OMA-LPPe-Sensor-ProvideCapabilities motionStateSupport secondarySupport	= SEQUENCE { NULL OPTIONAL,Cond MotionStateSuppo: NULL OPTIONAL,Cond SecondarySupport	rt
<pre>atmosphericPressureADSupport atmosphericPressureSupport }</pre>	NULL OPTIONAL,Cond AtmosphericPress NULL OPTIONALCond AtmosphericPress	

<sup>--</sup> ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation	
MotionStateSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports motion state measurements; otherwise it	
	is not present.	
SecondarySupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports secondary motion state measurements;	
	otherwise it is not present.	
AtmosphericPressureAD	The field is mandatory present if the target supports atmospheric pressure assistance data;	
Support	otherwise it is not present.	
AtmosphericPressureSup	The field is mandatory present if the target supports atmospheric pressure measurements;	
port	otherwise it is not present.	

# 6.5.10.10 Sensor Capability Information Elements

Void.

# 6.5.10.11 Sensor Capability Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestCapabilities is used to provide capabilities for sensor-based methods.

-- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-Sensor-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.5.10.12 Sensor Error Elements

# – OMA-LPPe-Sensor-Error

The OMA-LPPe-Sensor-Error is used to provide Sensor Error Reasons to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-Sensor-Error ::= CHOICE {
   targetError OMA-LPPe-Sensor-TargetError,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-Sensor-TargetError ::= SEQUENCE {
   motionStateError ENUMERATED { primaryMotionStateNotAvailable,
                                    primaryMotionStateNotSupported,
                                     ... } OPTIONAL,
   secondaryMotionStateError ENUMERATED { secondaryMotionStateNotAvailable,
                                            secondaryMotionStateNotSupported,
                                    ... } OPTIONAL,
    . . . ,
   atmosphericPressureError ENUMERATED {pressureNotAvailable, pressureNotSupported,
                                           OPTIONAL
                                   ...}
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

**OMA-LPPe-Sensor-Error** field descriptions

 targetError

 This field is used to provide target error information to the server.

 motionStateError

 This field is used to provide error information on the motion state measurement to the server.

# 6.5.10.13 Common Sensor Information Elements

```
Void.
```

# 6.5.11 Short Range Node Positioning

This section defines support for positioning using measurements related to a Short Range Nodes (SRNs).

# 6.5.11.1 Short Range Node Assistance Data

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance data for SRN (Short Range Node) UE-based and UE-assisted positioning.

### OMA-TS-LPPe-V2\_0-20141202-C

-- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE { srnGroup CHOICE { srnGroupList OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupList, srnGroupUpdateResponse OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateResponse, } OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPattern antennaPattern --Cond AntennaPattReq OMA-LPPe-SRN-Error OPTIONAL, srnError -- version 2.0 extension elements ver2-0-server-tracking NULL OPTIONAL } -- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
AntennaPattReq	The field is mandatory present if the target device requests for antenna pattern information, otherwise the field is not present.

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideAssistanceData field descriptions

### *srnGroupList*

This field is used to provide information on the relative locations and optionally orientations of the SRNs. This choice SHALL be included, if the target device requests for SRN group information and this information is available at the server.

### *srnGroupUpdateResponse*

This field is used to provide response to the target's SRN group information update request. This choice SHALL be included if the target device requests for SRN group information update and this information is available at the server.

antennaResponse

This field is used to provide the spatial response for a certain SRN antenna type.

srnError

This field is used to provide SRN error causes related to the assistance data requests.

### ver2-0-server-tracking

This parameter indicates whether the server tracks SRN assistance data sent to a target. A target need not indicate to a server its possession of any assistance data received previously for SRN APs that is tracked when sending an LPPe Request Assistance Data for SRN. This parameter is optional and encoded as a null value. Inclusion of the parameter indicates the server tracks data for SRN APs and omission indicates the server does not.

### 6.5.11.2 Short Range Node Assistance Data Elements

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupList

The IE *OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupList* is used to provide assistance data for one or more groups of positioning SRNs in the local area. For example, one SRN group might consist of all the SRNs located in one floor of a building. Up to 64 groups can be provided in the same IE.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupList ::= SEQUENCE {
    incompleteFlag BOOLEAN,
defaultReferencePoint OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint OPTIONAL,
groupList SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroup,
                                                                                 OPTIONAL, --Cond IfNoRefPoint
     . . .
OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroup ::= SEQUENCE {
    srnGroupID
                                          OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUniqueID
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    defaultSRNtype
                                          OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNtype
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL.
    referencePoint
                                          OMA-LPPe-ReferencePoint
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    globalOrientation
                                          NULL
                                                                                                         OPTIONAL,
```

<pre>srnsInGroupList,</pre>	SEQUENCE (SIZE (11024)) (	OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNinfo,	
version 2.0 extension elements			
ver2-0-referenceGrid	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ReferenceG	rid	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-location-area	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-LocationAre	aData	OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-srn-properties	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Transmitter		OPTIONAL
}		riopereteb	OFFFORME
J			
OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNinfo ::= SEQUENCE	1		
	PPe-SRN-SRNid,		
	PPe-SRN-SRNtype	OPTIONAL,Cond Not	DofaultTurno
	Pe-RelativeLocation,	OPTIONAL,CONd NOL	Delaultiype
	Pe-Orientation	ODUT ON A I	
orientation OMA-LE	Pe-orientation	OPTIONAL,	
····,			
version 2.0 extension elements			
ver2-0-propagation OMA-LF		OPTIONAL,	
ver2-0-locationSource OMA-LF		OPTIONAL, ver2-0	-rf-heatmap
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap	OPTIONAL		
}			
ASN1STOP			

```
Conditional presenceExplanationNotDefaultTypeThe field is mandatory present, if the SRN is of different type than the defaultSRNtype IE,<br/>otherwise the field is not present.IfNoRefPointThe field is mandatory present, if any of the groups is missing a reference point. Otherwise it<br/>is not present.
```

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupList field descriptions

### *incompleteFlag*

This field specifes, if the server was able to provide all the groups to the target the server would have wanted to (TRUE) or not (FALSE). For example, it might happen that when the target requests for groups near to a geographic position, there are more groups nearby than can be carried in a single message if AD segmentation is not supported.

### defaultReferencePoint

This field specifies the default reference location for the location of all SRNs in the *groupList* IE, if the *groupList* IE does not contain any reference point. If this field is absent, the default reference location is provided by the default reference point in LPPe common IEs.

### groupList

This field specifies the assistance data for one or more SRN goups.

### srnGroupID

This field identifies the SRN group.

### defaultSRNType

This field, if present, specifies the type of all SRNs in srnsInGroupList IE.

### *referencePoint*

This field, if present, specifies the reference point for this SRN group. If this field is absent, the *defaultReferencePoint* IE in *OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupList* defines the reference point.

### globalOrientation

This field, if present, indicates that the orientation given in the field orientation (in *OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNInfo*) is with respect to the global coordinate system (see Appendix C.9.2). Otherwise, if this field is absent, the orientation information in *OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNinfo* (if any) can only be used to deduce the relative orientation information of the SRNs.

### srnsInGroupList

This field is used to provide the relative positions and optionally orientations of the SRNs in the group.

### ver2-0-referenceGrid

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides a default reference grid applicable to RF heat maps for all SRNs APs in the SRN group.

### ver2-0-location-area

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides common location characteristics for all SRN APs in the SRN group.

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupList field descriptions

### ver2-0-srn-properties

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2,.0 and provides common properties for all SRN APs in the SRN group.

### srnID

This field identifies the SRN.

## srnType

This field specifies the type of the SRNs.

### *relativePosition*

This field specifies the relative position of the SRN relative to the reference point.

### orientation

This field, if present, specifies the orientations of the SRN.

In case the *orientation* field is missing in all the records of the *srnsInGroupList* sequence, the orientation is assumed to be the same for all the SRNs, or no orienation information is provided.

In case *globalOrientation* is included and only the first item in the *srnsInGroupList* sequence includes the orientation, all the SRNs are assumed to have the same global orientation.

### ver2-0-propagation

This field applies only to LPPe 2.0 and indicates the radio propagation characteristics of the SRN AP.

### ver2-0-locationSource

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides the source of the SRN AP location and an indication of its reliability and accuracy.

### ver2-0-rf-heatmap

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides RF heat map data for the SRN AP in the form of signal strength and/or RTT data. This parameter is optional. A target that receives new RSSI or RTT heat map data for an SRN AP SHALL delete any previously received RSSI or RTT heat map data, respectively, for this AP.

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateResponse

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateResponse is used only as a response to the SRN group data update request.

ASN1S	TART					
OMA-LPPe	-SRN-SRNgroupUpo	lateResponse ::= S	EQUENCE (SIZE		RNgroupUpdateResponseElement	
srnG	roupID	targe	roupUniqueID tDataValid, tDataInValidAnd	{ dUpdatedDataWil tServerWillNotP		
upda  }	tedSRNgroup	OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNg	roup OPTIONAL,	Cond Invalid	AndNewDataAvailable	

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
InvalidAndNewDataAvailabl	The field is mandatory present if the target data is out-of-date and the server provides
e	updated data, otherwise the field is not present.

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateResponse field descriptions

### *srnGroupID*

This field specifies the group ID of which validity data is being provided. The group ID SHALL match with that in the request.

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateResponse field descriptions

### srnGroupID

This field specifies the group ID of which validity data is being provided. The group ID SHALL match with that in the request.

### targetDataValidity

This field indicates if the target data is valid (value 0) or that the data is out-of-date and new data will be provided (value 1). Value 2 indicates that data is invalid but no new data will be provided – this may be due to the server not having the new data or because in the request the target indicated that the target only wishes to receive an indication that the data is invalid (*provideIndicationOnly*-field in the *IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNGroupUpdateRequest*).

### updatedSRNgroup

This field provides the latest SRN group information in the case the target's current SRN group information is not valid and the server can provide up-to-date information. The updated group information overrides the previous group data. This may include replacing the previous *srnGroupID* parameter in the *OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroup* with a new parameter (i.e. new group ID).

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPattern

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPattern is used for providing the target with the complex-valued antenna response. The coordinate system definition is SRN-specific.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPattern ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPatternElement
OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPatternElement::= SEOUENCE {
    identification
                        SEQUENCE {
                                     vendor0r0perator
                                                            OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID.
                                    antennaPatternID
                                                            INTEGER(0..65535),
                                     . . .
                                 },
    antennaData
                        CHOICE {
                                                       OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPatternForChannels,
                                    antennaPattern
                                    antennaContainer
                                                        OCTET STRING,
                                     . . .
                                 },
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPatternForChannels ::= SEQUENCE {
                       SEQUENCE {
    evenGrid
                                                    INTEGER(1..200),
                                     inAzimuth
                                    inElevation
                                                     INTEGER(1..150)
                                } OPTIONAL, --Cond EvenGrid
    patternList
                        SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxChannels)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-ChannelResponse,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SRN-ChannelResponse ::= SEQUENCE {
   channelNumber INTEGER(1..maxChannels),
responseInElevation SEQUENCE (SIZE (7..901)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-ResponseInElevation,
}
OMA-LPPe-SRN-ResponseInElevation ::= SEQUENCE {
                INTEGER(0..900) OPTIONAL,
                                                    --Cond NotEven
    elevation
    responseInAzimuth SEQUENCE (SIZE (18..3601)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-ResponseInAzimuth,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SRN-ResponseInAzimuth: = SEQUENCE {
    azimuth INTEGER(0..3599) OPTIONAL, --Cond NotEven
             OMA-LPPe-ComplexNumber,
    response
```

-- ASN1STOP

. . .

Conditional presence	Explanation
EvenGrid	The field is mandatory present if the antenna response grid spacing is even, otherwise the field
	is not present.
NotEven	The field is mandatory present if the antenna response grid spacing is not even, otherwise the
	field is not present.

**OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaResponse** field descriptions

### identification

This field specifies for which SRN or group of SRNs the antenna pattern is given. It specifies the vendor specific unique antenna response ID. If the *OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaResponse* is provided as a response to a request, the identification SHALL match with the identification in the request.

### antennaData

This field specifies the antenna data for the given *identification* IE.

### evenGrid

This field defines the antenna response grid in the case that an evenly-spaced grid is used for providind the spatial response.

### inAzimuth

This field defines the grid resolution in azimuth in case the antenna response is given in an evenly-spaced grid.

# Scale factor 0.1 degrees.

### inElevation

This field defines the grid resolution in elevation in case the antenna response is given in an evenly-spaced grid.

# Scale factor is 0.1 degrees.

# patternList

This field specifies the spatial antenna response.

# channelNumber

This field indicates the channel for which the response is given.

### *responseInElevation*

This field specifies the response at a given elevation angle.

### elevation

In the case of a non-even grid, this field defines the elevation angle of the antenna response. Scale factor 0.1 degrees.

In case the field is not present, the first item in the *responseInElevation* sequence corresponds to the elevation angle zero with respect to the SRN axis. The second item corresponds to zero plus the elevation resolution defined in *inElevation* in *evenGrid*.

### *responseInAzimuth*

This field specifies the response at a given azimuth.

### azimuth

In the case of a non-even grid, this field defines the azimuth angle of the antenna response. Scale factor 0.1 degrees.

In case the field is not present, the first item in the *responseInAzimuth* sequence corresponds to the azimuth angle zero with respect to the SRN axis. The second item corresponds to zero plus the azimuth resolution defined in *inAzimuth* in *evenGrid*.

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaResponse field descriptions

### response

This field defines the complex-valued antenna response at the defined azimuth and elevation angles.

### amplitude

This field specifies the gain in the linear scale. Normalized so that the highest amplitude is 1000 over all the channels and spatial directions.

# phase

This field specifies the phase. The phase is normalized so that phase zero occurs coincides with the amplitude response of 1000 - all the other phase response values over all the channels and spatial directions are relative to this reference value. Scale factor 0.1 degrees.

# 6.5.11.3 Short Range Node Assistance Data Request

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestAssistanceData

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for SRN-based positioning.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    srnGroup CHOICE {
        srnGroupRequest
                                 OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupRequest,
        srnGroupUpdateRequest OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateRequest,
        . . .
    }
       OPTIONAL,
    antennaPatternRequest OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPatternRequest
                                                                        OPTIONAL,
   version 2.0 extension elements
    ver2-0-requestedAD BIT STRING { ver2-0-propagation
                                                                             (0),
                                                                             (1),
                                              ver2-0-rssiHeatMap
                                                                             (2) } (SIZE(1..16)),
                                              ver2-0-rttHeatMap
    ver2-0-propModel OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-PropagationTypes OPTIONAL,
    ver2-0-visible-SRN-APs SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxVisibleAPs)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid OPTIONAL,
    ver2-0-SRN-DataSEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxKnownAPs)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid OPTIONAL,ver2-0-SRN-HeatMapsSEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxHeatMaps)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Heat
                                        (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxHeatMaps)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID
    OPTIONAL,
    ver2-0-SRN-HeatMapUpdateReq SEQUENCE
                                              {
                                  heatMap-ID
updatingIndex
targetHeading
                                                       OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap-ID,
                                                       INTEGER (1..16777216),
                                                      OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dvelocity
                                                                                             OPTIONAL,
        OPTIONAL
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

### srnGroup

This parameter indicates the type of SRN data request which can either be to receive new SRN group data or to verify and optionally update previously received SRN group data.

### antennaPatternRequest

This parameter indicates a request for SRN antenna data.

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestAssistanceData field descriptions

### srnGroup

This parameter indicates the type of SRN data request which can either be to receive new SRN group data or to verify and optionally update previously received SRN group data.

### antennaPatternRequest

This parameter indicates a request for SRN antenna data.

### ver2-0-requestedAD

This parameter only applies only to LPPe 2.0. It specifies the SRN assistance data requested. This is represented by a bit string, with a one-value at the bit position means the particular assistance data is requested; a zero-value means not requested. The following assistance data types are included:

ver2-0-propagation: include propagation estimation for each SRN AP if available

ver2-0-rssiHeatMap: include an RSSI heat map for each SRN AP if available.

ver2-0-rttHeatMap: include an RTT heat map for each SRN AP if available.

### ver2-0-propModel

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and specifies the propagation estimation model required, when propagation estimation is requested.

### ver2-0-visible-SRN-APs

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and enables a target to indicate to a server the identities of up to 16 currently visible SRN APs. This may assist a server to provide assistance data for SRN APs nearby to the target. A target SHALL provide visible SRN APs in order of received signal strength with the SRN AP with the highest signal strength provided first. This parameter is optional.

### ver2-0-SRN-Data

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and enables a target to indicate to a server the identities of SRN APs for which the target has assistance data received previously from this server. This may enable a server to avoid resending data for the same APs. This parameter is optional. A target need not include this parameter if a server included the ver2-0-server-tracking field in the OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideAssistanceData data type for all SRN AP data provided by this server. Otherwise, a target should include this parameter for any SRN APs for which data was previously received and indicated as not tracked by the server if the target is requesting data for additional APs.

### ver2-0-SRN-HeatMaps

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and enables a target to indicate to a server the identities of all RF heap maps previously received from this server for SRN APs. This may enable a server to avoid resending the same heat maps. This parameter is optional. A target need not include this parameter if a server included the ver2-0-server-tracking field in the OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideAssistanceData data type for all RF heat maps provided by this server for SRN APs. Otherwise, a target should include this parameter for any previously received RSSI or RTT heat maps for SRN APs that were indicated as not tracked by the server if the target is requesting additional RSSI or RTT heatmaps, respectively, from the server for SRN APs.

### ver2-0-SRN-HeatMapUpdateReq

This parameter applies only to LPPe 2.0 and provides the ID of a heat map and an index of a reference grid point within the heat map that has triggered an update request for new assistance data when the target estimates its position at or near to this grid point. The heat map and the reference grid point would have been provided earlier to the target via the *updateReqGridPoints* parameter in the *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-HeatMap* IE. Appendix G.5 contains more information on this update request. Optionally, the target may also send its heading and velocity information. This parameter is optional.

# 6.5.11.4 Short Range Node Assistance Data Request Elements

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupRequest

The *OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupRequest* is used to request the relative positions and optionally orientations of the SRNs in the local SRN group. For the assistance data request purposes the target may (a) provide its approximate location to the server in either the *OMA-LPPe-CommonIEsRequestAssistanceData* parameter or in a separatethe Provide Location Information –message or (b) provide a list of observed SRN IDs in a Provide Location Information message. In case both the location and the observed SRN IDs are provided, the server SHALL primarily consider the SRN IDs. Note that it is

recommended to provide the server information on the target SRN capabilities prior to the SRN assistance data request especially, if SRN assistance data is requested based on target position information.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
    doNotProvideList OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNProvideList OPTIONAL,
    doProvideList OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNProvideList OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNProvideList ::= SEQUENCE {
    groupList SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..256)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUniqueID OPTIONAL,
    categoryList SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

**OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupRequest** field descriptions

### doNotProvideList

This field specifies the list of SRN group IDs and/or SRN categories for which the target does not wish to receive assistance data. If this field and the *doProvideList* IE are both absent, the request is applicable to all groups available at the target location.

### doProvideList

This field specifies the list of SRN group IDs and/or SRN categories for which the target requests assistance data. If this field and the *doNotProvideList* IE are both absent, the request is applicable to all groups available at the target location.

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateRequest

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateRequest is used for checking if the target's current SRN group information is valid.

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUpdateRequest field descriptions

### *srnGroupID*

This field specifies the SRN group of interest.

### *provideIndicationOnly*

This field indicates, if included, that in case the target has out-of-date data, the target only wishes to receive an indication that the current target data is out-of-date, not updated data.

### inTheGroup

This field specifies a subset of the SRN IDs within the group. The field can be used in the server end to check that the group ID definitions in the target and server match.

# - OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPatternRequest

The OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPatternRequest is used to request the complex-valued antenna response information.

OMA-LPPe-SRN-AntennaPatternRequest field descriptions

### antennaPatternID

This field specifies the ID of the antenna pattern requested.

# 6.5.11.5 Short Range Node Location Information

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideLocationInformation is used to provide positioning SRN measurements. Measurements can be provided for up to 64 SRNs.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {

srnMeasurementList SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementElement OPTIONAL,

srnError OMA-LPPe-SRN-Error OPTIONAL,

...

}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

### srnMeasurementList

This field provides the SRN measurements at the current time and/or for historic times.

### srnError

This field provides the SRN measurement error information when not all requested SRN measurements can be reported. This field should be included when some but not all requested measurements are reported and SHALL be included when no requested measurements are reported.

# 6.5.11.6 Short Range Node Location Information Elements

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementElement

The *OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementElement* is used to provide the server with the SRN measurements made by the target. Target may provide up to 64 sets of data per SRN. The target may decide the number of sets, for example, based on the movement information.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementElement ::= SEQUENCE {
                  OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid,
    srnID
    srnCategoryOMA-LPPe-SRN-CategoryOPTIONAL, --Cond IfKnownsrnGroupIDOMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUniqueIDOPTIONAL, --Cond IfKnownmeasurementListSEQUENCE (SIZE (1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-srnMeasurementElement
                                                                                                              OPTIONAL,
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SRN-srnMeasurementElement ::= SEQUENCE {
    relativeTimeStamp INTEGER(0..1000) OPTIONAL,
                                                                           --Cond IfNotFirst
                             INTEGER(-128..127)
    rssi
                                                           OPTIONAL,
    rtd
                           OMA-LPPe-WLAN-RTD
                                                         OPTIONAL,
     . . .
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
IfKnown	The field is mandatory present if the target has the information; otherwise the field is not
	present.
<i>IfNotFirst</i>	The field is mandatory present if the measurement is not the first of the sequence; otherwise
	the field is not present.

**OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementElement** field descriptions

### srnID

This field identifies the SRN.

srnCategory

This field specifies the category of the SRN being measured.

srnGroupID

This field specifies the group of the SRN being measured.

measurementList

This field includes up to 64 measurement sets.

### *relativeTimeStamp*

This parameter SHALL be included for historic SRN measurements and provides the time of the historic measurements relative to current time in units of 0.01 seconds. If absent, current time is implied which is equivalent to a relativeTimeStamp of zero.

rssi

This field provides the Received Signal Strength Indicator. The interpretation and the scale are SRN-type specific.

rtd

This field provides the measured round trip delay between the target and SRN, and optionally the accuracy expressed as the standard deviation of the delay.

# 6.5.11.7 Short Range Node Location Information Request

### \_

OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestLocationInformation is used to request SRN measurements.

```
historicMeasurementsRequested NULL OPTIONAL,
....}
} -- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions requestInfo This field specifies the requested measurement information, e.g., allowed SRN categories. category This field specifies the SRN category. multipleMeasurements This field specifies if the target is forbidded, allowed, or requested to provide multiple measurement sets per SRN. allowedMeasurements This field specifies the allowed SRN measurements. historicMeasurements This field indicates, if the target should return historic SRN measurements.

# 6.5.11.8 Short Range Node Location Information Request Elements

Void.

# 6.5.11.9 Short Range Node Capability Information

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideCapabilities is used by the target to provide its LPPe SRN positioning capabilities to the server. Inclusion of an empty OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideCapabilities indicates the target does not support SRN positioning for either target assisted or target based mode.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   capabilitiesPerSRNCategory SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF
                                                OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideCapabilitiesElement OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideCapabilitiesElement::= SEQUENCE {
                           OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category,
   srnCategory
   supportedMeasurements
                                   OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementMask
                                                                                        OPTIONAL.
   supportedAssistanceData
                                   BIT STRING {
                                       srnGroup (0),
                                       antennaPattern (1),
                                                                            (2),
                                       ver2-0-propagation
                                       ver2-0-rssiHeatMap
                                                                           (3),
                                       ver2-0-rttHeatMap
                                                                           (4),
                                       ver2-0-jpeg
                                                                            (5),
                                       ver2-0-reorientation
                                                                            (6),
                                       ver2-0-run-lengths
                                                                           (7),
                                       ver2-0-update-required-grid-points (8),
                                       ver2-0-locationAreaData
                                                                            (9),
                                       ver2-0-transmitterProperties
                                                                           (10)
 { (SIZE(1..16)),
   historicMeasurementsSupported
                                   NULL
                                           OPTIONAL,
 - version 2.0 extension elements
    ver2-0-propModel-Capability
                                    OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-RF-Propagation-Capability
                                                                                    OPTIONAL
}
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideCapabilitiesElement field descriptions

# capabilities PerSRNC ategory

This field specifies the target capabilities for each supported SRN category.

### srnCategory

This field specifies the supported SRN category. When capabilities are provided for two SRN categories A and B where B is a subset of A (e.g. A defines SRN technology only and B defines the same SRN technology and a vendor ID), the capabilities for B prevail over those for A in the case of B.

### supportedMeasurements

This field specifies the SRN measurements the target can provide. The field SHALL be included in case target-assisted mode is supported for the SRN category.

### supportedAssistanceData

This field specifies the SRN assistance data types supported by the target device for target based mode. This is represented by a bit string, with a one value at the bit position means the particular assistance data type is supported; a zero value means not supported. The following bits are assigned for the indicated assistance data.

srnGoup: SRN group data

antennaPattern: SRN antenna pattern data

ver2-0-propagation: propagation estimation for each SRN AP. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

ver2-0-rssiHeatMap: RSSI heat map for an SRN AP and default reference grid. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

ver2-0-rttHeatMap: RTT heat map for an SRN AP and default reference grid. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

ver2-0-jpeg: compression of a heat map using JPEG. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

ver2-0-reorientation: reorientation of a heat map as in Appendix G.4.1. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

- ver2-0-run-lengths: heat maps with arbitrary shape via run lengths as in Appendix G.4.2. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.
- ver2-0-update-required-grid-points: heat maps containing grid points that trigger a target request for new assistance data when a target is near such a grid point. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

ver2-0-locationAreaData: location area data for SRN APs. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0

ver2-0-transmitterProperties: transmitter properties for SRN APs. This bit only applies to LPPe 2.0.

### historicMeasurementsSupported

This field, if included, indicates support for reporting historic measurements.

### ver2-0-propModel-Capability

This parameter only applies to LPPe 2.0 and defines the types of RF propagation model supported by the target for SRN APs.

# 6.5.11.10 Short Range Node Capability Information Elements

### Void.

# 6.5.11.11 Short Range Node Capability Information Request

# - OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestCapabilities is used to request LPPe SRN capabilities information from the target.

-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
 capabilitiesRequestedFor SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category OPTIONAL,
 ...
}
-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-RequestCapabilitiesElement field descriptions

### capabilitiesRequestedFor

This field specifies the SRN categories for which the target capabilities are requested. If this field is absent, the capabilities for all SRN categories supported by the target are requested.

# 6.5.11.12 Short Range Node Error Elements

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-Error

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-Error is used by the target or server to provide SRN Error Reasons.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-SRN-Error ::= CHOICE {
    srnLocationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-SRN-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    srnTargetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-SRN-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-SRN-Error field descriptions

*srnLocationServerErrorCause* This field specifies the server error cause.

srnLocationTargetDeviceErrorCauses

This field specifies the target error cause.

### \_

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the server to provide SRN Error Reasons to the target in the IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideAssistanceData.

```
-- ASN1START
```

ОМ	A-LPPe-SRN-LocationSe	erverErrorCauses	::= SEOUENCE {		
	groupErrors	ENUMERATED {	undefined,		
				egoryOrSRNidUnknownOrUnsupported,	
			noSRNgroupsNear	goryOrSRNidUnknownOrUnsupported,	
			}		OPTIONAL,
	groupUpdateErrors	ENUMERATED {	undefined,		
			allSRNgroupIDsU		
				nownButSomeSRNgroupVersionsUnknown,	
			someSRNgroupIDsk	nownAndAllSRNgroupVersionsUnknown,	
			J 1	sionsUnknownAndAllSRNGroupVersionsUr	known
				AndSomeSRNgroupVersionsUnknown,	
				mationDoesNotMatchWithGroupID,	
			}		OPTIONAL,
	srnAntennaErrors	ENUMERATED {	undefined,		
			someAntennaPatt	,	
			allAntennaPatte	ernIDsUnknown,	ODUTONAT
			•••• }		OPTIONAL,
	version 2.0 extension	on elements			
	ver2-0-propagationM	IodelUnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,	
	ver2-0-rssiHeatMaps	Unavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL,	
	ver2-0-rttHeatMapsU	Jnavailable	NULL	OPTIONAL	
}					
	ASN1STOP				
	TOTATOTOL				

OMA-LPPe-SRN- LocationServerErrorCauses field descriptions				
groupErrors				
This field specifies the server error causes related to the SRN group request.				
groupUpdateErrors				
This field specifies the server error causes related to the SRN group update request.				
srnAntennaErrors				
This field specifies the server error causes related to the SRN antenna pattern assistance.				
ver2-0-propagationModelUnavailable				
This field applies to LPPe 2.0 only. When present it indicates that a propagation model for SRNs is not available				
ver2-0-rssiHeatMapsUnavailable				
This field applies to LPPe 2.0 only. When present it indicates that an RSSI Heat Map for SRNs is not available.				
ver2-0-rttHeatMapsUnavailable				
This field applies to LPPe 2.0 only. When present it indicates that an RTT Heat Map for SRNs is not available.				

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target to provide SRN Error Reasons to the server in the IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-ProvideLocationInformation.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-SRN-TargetDeviceErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {
   srnErrorsPerCategory
                               SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-TargetDeviceError,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-SRN-TargetDeviceError ::= SEQUENCE {
   category OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category,
   srnErrors
                   ENUMERATED{ undefined,
                                requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable,
                                notAllrequestedMeasurementsPossible,
                                categoryNotSupported,
                                 ...},
   rssiNotAvailable
                                        NULL
                                               OPTIONAL,
   rtdNotAvailable
                                        NULL
                                               OPTIONAL,
   multipleSetsNotAvailable
                                        NULL
                                                OPTIONAL,
   historicMeasurementsNotAvailable
                                        NULL
                                                OPTIONAL,
    . . .
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-SRN-LocationServerErrorCauses field descriptions

### srnErrors

This field specifies the target error cause. If the *srnErrors* value is '*requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable*', none of the requested measurements could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the *srnErrors* value is '*notAllrequestedMeasurementsPossible*', the target device was able to provide some but not all requested SRN measurements. In this case, the target device should indicate those measurements that could not be obtained.

# 6.5.11.13 Short Range Node Common Elements

Specifies SRN common elements.

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUniqueID

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUniqueID provides a unique ID for a SRN group.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUniqueID ::= SEQUENCE {
    providerID OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,
    providerAssignedID OCTET STRING,
    srnDataVersion INTEGER (0..4294967295) OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUniqueID field descriptions

providerID

This field identifies the vendor or operator or other service provider for the SRN group.

*providerAssignedID* 

This field provides a unique ID relative to the particular provider.

### srnDataVersion

This field identifies the version of the SRN group data. The change in the version indicates the change in the group (removed SRNs, added SRNs, moved SRNs, modified SRNs).

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNtype

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNtype provides information about a particular SRN category and can be considered to be a specific instance of an SRN category.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNtype ::= S srnCategory srnERP srnAntennaInfo	OMA-LPP	e-SRN-Category, (-300500) E { antennaPatternID switchingPatternID	INTEGER(065535), INTEGER(065535)	OPTIONAL,	OPTIONAL,
		···· }		OPTIONAL,	
}					
AGN1GTOD					

OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNtype field descriptions		
srnCategory		
This field identifies the SRN category.		
srnERP		
This field specifies the effective radiated power.		
Scale factor 0.1 dB ref 1 mW.		
srnAntennaInfo		
This field provides information about the SRN antenna type.		
antennaPatternID		
This field provides a unique ID relative to the <i>srnVendorInformation</i> for the antenna pattern.		
switchingPatternID		
This field provides a unique ID relative to the <i>srnVendorInformation</i> for the antenna switching pattern.		

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category identifies a particular SRN technology and where relevant an associated vendor. Vendors associated information can be used to further qualify the SRN technology type (e.g. in the case of "other") or indicate a

specific SRN technology type supported in SRNs supplied by a particular vendor.

ASN1START				
OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category ::= SI srnTechnologyType srnVendorInformation	EQUENCE { OMA-LPPe-SRN-Technologi SEQUENCE {	les,		
	vendor	OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOpera	torID,	
	vendorInfo	OCTET STRING	OPTIONAL,	
	}		OPTIONAL,	Cond other
}				
ASN1STOP				

Conditional presence	Explanation
other	The field is mandatory present if <i>srnTechnologyType</i> IE is set to value 'other'. Otherwise it
	may optionally be present.

OMA-LPPe-OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNtype field descriptions	
srnTechnologyType	
This field identifies the SRN RF technology.	
srnVendorInformation	
This field provides information about an associated SRN vendor.	

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid provides an identidity for a particular SRN.

ASN1START			
OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid ::= SF srn-id CHOICE {	EQUENCE {		
· ·	mac nfc	BIT STRING(SIZE(48)), SEQUENCE {	
	112.0	manufacturer uniqueNumber	<pre>BIT STRING(SIZE(8)), BIT STRING(SIZE(48)),</pre>
		;;; ;;	
	mobileCode	SEQUENCE { registryID remainingPart	<pre>BIT STRING(SIZE(12)), OCTET STRING(SIZE(116)),</pre>
		resolutionIdentifier	OCTET STRING(SIZE(118)),
	other	), OCTET STRING,	
	···· },		
}			
ASN1STOP			

OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid field descriptions		
srn-id		
This field defines the SRN ID for a particular SRN.		
mac		
This field defines the MAC address of the SRN for BT and BT LE as per [IEEE 802.15.1]		

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### OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid field descriptions

*nfc* This field defines the Manufacturer and Unique Number of the SRN for NFC as per [NFC1] and [NFC2]. *mobileCode* 

This field defines the Mobile Code Identifier (ICI) of the SRN for OMA Mobile Codes as defined in [OMA-MC]. *other* 

This field defines a vendor or operator specific SRN ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the SRN group ID (*OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNgroupUniqueID*) and/or the SRN category (*OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category*).

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-Technologies

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-Technologies defines a particular SRN technology type.

-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-SRN-Technologies ::= SEQUENCE {
 srnTechnologies ENUMERATED{ bt, btle, nfc, mobileCode, other, ... },
 ...
}
-- ASN1STOP

### **OMA-LPPe-SRN-Technologies** field descriptions

srnTechnologies

This field spefies the particular SRN technology: bt: specifies the SRN technology is Bluetooth [IEEE 802.15.1]; btle: specifies the SRN technology is Bluetooth Low Energy [IEEE 802.15.1]; nfc: specifies the SRN technology is Near Field Communications [NFC1], [NFC2]; mobileCode: specifies the SRN technology is OMA Mobile Codes [OMA-MC]. other: specifies an vendor or operator specific SRN type that can be further defined in *OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category* 

# OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementMask

The IE OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementMask defines SRN measurement types.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementMask ::= SEQUENCE {
    srnMeasurements BIT STRING { rssi(0),
        rtd (1) } (SIZE(1..16)),
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-SRN-MeasurementMask field descriptions

srnMeasurements

This field specifies a particular SRN measurement type. This is represented by a bit string, with a one value at the bit position means the particular measurement type is addressed (e.g., requested or supported); a zero value means not addressed (e.g., not requested or not supported).

# 6.5.12 Pedestrian Dead Reckoning Positioning

This section defines support for positioning using assistance data and measurements related to Pedestrian Dead Reckoning Positioning (PDR).

### 6.5.12.1 PDR Assistance Data

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR -ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for PDR-based methods.

-- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {ver2-0-stepLengthEstimationModelAD SEQUENCE (SIZE(1.. maxStepLengthEstimationModelSets)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepLengthEstimationModelList OPTIONAL. ver2-0-pdrError OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Error OPTIONAL. maxStepLengthEstimationModelSets INTEGER ::= 16 -- ASN1STOP

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideAssistanceData field descriptions

ver2-0-stepLengthEstimationModelAD

This field is used to provide step length estimation model list to the target. The list can consist of up to 16 model lists. ver2-0-pdrError

This field provides the step length estimation model error information when not all requested step length estimation models can be reported. This field should be included when some but not all requested step length estimation models are reported and SHALL be included when no requested step length estimation models are reported.

### 6.5.12.2 PDR Assistance Data Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepLengthEstimationModelList

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepLengthEstimationModelList is used by the location server to provide parameters to model the step length estimation. The step frequency-user's height model is supported with the fields for the parameters which relate variables to step length. This model is simple and appropriate for the target at which the step frequency information is only available.

The linear sensor combination model, on the other hand, is supported with the fields with the coefficients and nominal value of various sensors which related to step length. Proper use of this model allows the target to provide more accurate step length if the various sensors is supported.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepLengthEstimationModelList ::= CHOICE {
                        OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepFrequencyHeightModelList,
    sfHeightModel
    linearSensorCombiModel OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-LinearSensorCombinationModelList,
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepFrequencyHeightModelList

The *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepFrequencyHeightModelList* consists of each step length estimation model. Each step length estimation model set includes pedestrian state and associated step length estimation parameters. For instance, three subsequent models, each with different pedestrian state, would result in totally three different pedestrian applicable step length estimation models. For more detail, see the Appendix C.10

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepFrequencyHeightModelList ::= SEQUENCE {
    pedestrianMotionState OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateElement,
    modelParams SEQUENCE {
        alpha INTEGER (-128..127),
        beta INTEGER (-128..127),
        gamma INTEGER (-128..127),
        ...
    },
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepFrequencyHeightModelList field descriptions

pedestrianMotionState

This field specifies the pedestrian motion state for which the step length estimation models are applicable.

alpha

This field specifies the coefficient of step frequency times user's height which linearly relates the change of step frequency to the change of step length-user's height in the given pedestrian state. Scale factor  $10^{-2}$  1/Hz. Range [-1.28, 1.28) 1/Hz.

# beta

This field specifies the coefficient of step frequency which linearly relates the change of step frequency to the change of step length in the given pedestrian state.

Scale factor  $10^{-2}$  m/Hz. Range [-1.28, 1.28) m/Hz.

gamma

This field specifies the coefficient of bias in the given pedestrian state. Scale factor  $10^{-2}$  m. Range [-1.28, 1.28) m.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-LinearSensorCombinationModelList

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-LinearSensorCombinationModelList consists of each step length estimation model. Each step length estimation model set includes pedestrian state and its assoicated step length estimation parameters. For instance, three subsequent models, each with different pedestrian state, would result in totally three different pedestrian applicable step length estimation models. For more detail, see the Appendix C.10.

#### -- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-LinearSensorCombinationModelList ::= SEQUENCE {
    pedestrianMotionState OMA-LPPe-Sensor-MotionStateElement,
    modelParams SEQUENCE {
        stepfreqCoeff INTEGER (0..127),
        stepfreqNominalVal INTEGER (0..251),
        peakdiffAccelCoeff INTEGER (0..255) OPTIONAL,
        varAccelCoeff INTEGER (0..255) OPTIONAL,
```

varAccelNominalVal peakGyroCoeff peakGyroNominalVal varGyroCoeff varGyroNominalVal	INTEGER (0255) INTEGER (04095) INTEGER (0511) INTEGER (01022) INTEGER (01022)	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,
 },  axStepLengthEstimationModelSet	s INTEGER ::= 8	
axsteplengtinstimationModelSet	S INTEGER ···= 0	

-- ASN1STOP

} ma

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-LineareSensorCombinationModelList field descriptions

#### pedestrianMotionState

This field specifies the pedestrian motion state for which the step length estimation models are applicable.

#### stepfreqCoeff

This field specifies the step frequency coefficient which linearly relates the change of step frequency to the change of step length from the nominal value of step frequency in the given pedestrian state.

Scale factor  $10^{-2}$  m/Hz. Range [0, 1.28) m/Hz.

### stepfreqNominalVal

This field specifies the nominal value of step frequency in the given pedestrian state.

Scale factor  $10^{-2}$  Hz. Range [0, 5.12) Hz.

# peakdiffAccelCoeff

This field specifies the peak difference of 3-axis acceleration norm coefficient which linearly relates the change of peak difference of 3-axis acceleration norm to the change of step length from the nominal value of peak difference of 3-axis acceleration norm in the given pedestrian state. The peak difference of 3-axis acceleration norm means the difference between maximum and minimum 3-axis acceleration norm values during each step.

Scale factor  $10^{-3}$  m/(m/s<sup>2</sup>). Range [0, 0.256) m/(m/s<sup>2</sup>).

### peak diff Accel Nominal Val

This field specifies the nominal value of peak difference of 3-axis acceleration norm in the given pedestrian state.

#### Scale factor $10^{-1}$ m/s<sup>2</sup>. Range [0, 25.6) m/s<sup>2</sup>.

#### varAccelCoeff

This field specifies the variance of 3-axis acceleration norm coefficient which linearly relates the change of the variance of 3-axis acceleration norm to the change of step length from the nominal value of the variance of 3-axis acceleration norm in the given pedestrian state.

Scale factor  $10^{-3}$  m/(m/s<sup>2</sup>)<sup>2</sup>. Range [0, 0.256) m/(m/s<sup>2</sup>)<sup>2</sup>.

### varAccelNominalVal

This field specifies the nominal value of the variance of 3-axis acceleration norm in the given pedestrian state. Scale factor 1  $(m/s^2)^2$ . Range [0, 256)  $(m/s^2)^2$ .

#### peakGyroCoeff

This field specifies the peak of 3-axis gyro norm coefficient which linearly relates the change of peak of 3-axis gyro norm to the change of step length from the nominal value of peak of 3-axis gyro norm in the given pedestrian state. Scale factor  $10^{-3}$  m/(rad/s). Range [0, 4.096) m/(rad/s).

# peakGyroNominalVal

This field specifies the nominal value of peak of 3-axis gyro norm in the given pedestrian state.

Scale factor  $10^{-2}$  rad/s. Range [0, 5.12) rad/s.

### varGyroCoeff

This field specifies the variance of 3-axis gyro norm coefficient which linearly relates the change of the variance of 3-axis gyro norm to the change of step length from the nominal value of the variance of 3-axis gyro norm in the given pedestrian state.

#### Scale factor $10^{-1}$ m/(rad/s)<sup>2</sup>. Range [0, 102.3) m/(rad/s)<sup>2</sup>.

### varGyroNominalVal

This field specifies the nominal value of the variance of 3-axis gyro norm in the given pedestrian state. Scale factor  $10^{-2}$  (rad/s)<sup>2</sup>. Range [0, 10.23) (rad/s)<sup>2</sup>.

# 6.5.12.3 PDR Assistance Data Request

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance for PDR-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
```

ver2-0-stepLengthEstimationModelReq OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepLengthEstimationModelAD OPTIONAL,
...

-- ASN1STOP

}

# 6.5.12.4 PDR Assistance Data Request Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepLengthEstimationModeIAD

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepLengthEstimationModelAD is used by the target to request for the step length estimation model which is available in the target.

```
-- ASN1START
```

- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR -StepLengthEstimationModelAD field descriptions

#### genderreq

This parameter defines the gender of a UE user. Possible values are male and female.

#### weightreq

This parameter provides the weight of a UE user. The weight is encoded as integers in the range 1 to 256 in units of 1 kilogram.

#### agereq

This parameter provides the age of a UE user. The age is encoded as integers in the range 1 to 128 in units of 1 year.

#### stepLengthEstModelreq

This field specifies, which step length estimation models are being requested for.

If bit 0 is set, the step frequency-user's height model, as specified in OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-StepFrequencyHeightModelList, is requested.

If bit 1 is set, the linear sensor combination model, as specified in *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-LinearSensorCombinationModelList*, is requested.

# 6.5.12.5 PDR Location Information

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideLocationInformation

The *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideLocationInformation* is used to provide location information for UE-assisted motion sub-state positioning and UE-assisted PDR.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE {

```
ver2-0-pdrMeasurementList SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-MeasurementList OPTIONAL,
ver2-0-pdrMeasurementError OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Error OPTIONAL,
...
- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

#### ver2-0-pdrMeasurementList

}

This field provides the sensor measurements for UE-assisted motion sub-state positioning and UE-assisted PDR at the current time and/or for historic times.

#### ver2-0-pdrMeasurementError

This field provides the sensor measurement error information for UE-assisted motion sub-state positioning and UEassisted PDR when not all requested sensor measurements can be reported. This field should be included when some but not all requested measurements are reported and SHALL be included when no requested measurements are reported.

# 6.5.12.6 PDR Location Information Elements

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-MeasurementList

The *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-MeasurementList* is used to provide the server with the list of sensor measurements for UE-assisted motion sub-state positioning and UE-assisted PDR, made by the target. Target may provide up to 8 sets of each sensor data according to its axis (the combination of 3-axis).

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-MeasurementList ::= SEQUENCE {

      Interver2 of FDK MeasurementEllst :-- SEQUENCE (

      sensorID
      OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Sensorid
      OPTIONAL, --Cond IfKnown

      sensorCategory
      OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory
      OPTIONAL, --Cond IfKnown

      sensorMeasurement
      SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..64)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementElement

    OPTIONAL,
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementElement ::= SEQUENCE {
                   INTEGER(0..63)
                                          OPTIONAL, --Cond IfStep
     stepFreq
                   SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                         --Cond
    accelVal
IfAccel
    gyroVal
                   SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                          --Cond
IfGyro
    magVal
                   SEQUENCE
                               (SIZE(1..8)) OF
                                                    OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                         --Cond
IfMagneto
                   SEQUENCE
                               (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue OPTIONAL,
    baroVal
                                                                                                                         --Cond
IfBaro
    inclVal
                   SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..8)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                                         --Cond
IfInclino
    proxVal
                   BOOLEAN
                                  OPTIONAL, --Cond IfProx
     . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue ::= SEQUENCE {
    relativeTimeStamp INTEGER(0..1000)
                                                          OPTIONAL.
                                   x (0),
    usedAxis BIT STRING {
                                            (1),
                                       У
                                       z (2),
                                       xy (3),
                                       yz
                                            (4),
                                       zx (5),
                                       xyz (6) }
                                                      (SIZE(1..8 ))
                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
    maxValue
                   INTEGER(0..4095)
INTEGER(0..4095)
                                           OPTIONAL,
    minValue
                                            OPTIONAL,
    meanValue INTEGER(0..4095) OPTIONAL,
    stdValue INTEGER(0..4095) OPTIONAL,
```

• • •

}

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
IfKnown	The field is mandatory present if the target has the information; otherwise the field is not present.
IfStep	The field is mandatory present if the sensorTechnologies in <i>OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory</i> is accel or step and has the information on the step frequency; otherwise the field is not present.
IfAccel	The field is mandatory present if the sensorTechnologies in <i>OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory</i> is accel and has the information on accelerometer; otherwise the field is not present.
IfGyro	The field is mandatory present if the sensorTechnologies in <i>OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory</i> is gyro and has the information on gyroscope; otherwise the field is not present.
IfMagneto	The field is mandatory present if the sensorTechnologies in <i>OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory</i> is magneto and has the information on magnetometer; otherwise the field is not present.
IfBaro	The field is mandatory present if the sensorTechnologies in <i>OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory</i> is baro and has the information on barometer; otherwise the field is not present.
IfInclino	The field is mandatory present if the sensorTechnologies in <i>OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory</i> is inclino and has the information on inclinometer; otherwise the field is not present.
IfProx	The field is mandatory present if the sensorTechnologies in <i>OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory</i> is prox and has the information on proximity sensor; otherwise the field is not present.

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-MeasurementList field descriptions

#### sensorID

### This field identifies the sensor.

### sensorCategory

This field specifies the category of the sensor being measured.

#### *sensorMeasurement*

This field includes up to 64 sensor measurement sets.

#### stepFreq

This field includes the step frequency of the target device's user. The value indicates the step frequency from multi-axis accelerometer and/or step sensor each sampling time between last successive steps at the current time. Scale factor: $10^{-1}$  Hz. Range: [0, 6.4) Hz.

#### accelVal

This field includes up to 8 measurement sets of multiple-axis accelerometer. Multiple-axis means one axis or any combination of up to 3-axis. The value indicates the norm of specific force from multiple-axis accelerometer each sampling time between last successive pedestrian steps at the current time. The statistic field of value sets is defined in the sensor measurement value (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue). Scale factor and range of each field are described as follows.

maxValue : the maximum of all accelerometer values [Scale factor:  $5x10^{-2}$ . Bias: 0.Range: [-102.4, 102.4) (unit: m/s<sup>2</sup>)]

minValue : the minimum of all accelerometer values [Scale factor:  $5x10^{-2}$ . Bias: 0. Range: [-102.4, 102.4) (unit: m/s<sup>2</sup>)]

meanValue : the mean of all accelerometer values [Scale factor:  $5x10^{-2}$ . Bias: 0. Range: [-102.4, 102.4) (unit: m/s<sup>2</sup>)] stdValue : the standard deviation of all accelerometer values [Scale factor:  $2.5x10^{-2}$ . Bias: 0. Range: [0, 102.4) (unit: m/s<sup>2</sup>)]

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-MeasurementList field descriptions

# gyroVal

This field includes up to 8 measurement sets of multiple-axis gyroscope. Multiple-axis means one axis or any combination of up to 3-axis. The value indicates the norm of angular rate from multiple-axis gyroscope each sampling time between last successive pedestrian steps at the current time. A positive value of particular axis indicates that the device rotates in the counter-clockwise direction of the axis. The statistic field of value sets is defined in the sensor measurement value (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue). Scale factor and range of each field are described as follows.

maxValue : the maximum of all gyroscope values [Scale factor: 2.5x10<sup>-3</sup>.Bias:-5.12.Range: [-5.12, 5.12) (unit: rad/s)]

minValue : the minimum of all gyroscope values [Scale factor: 2.5x10<sup>-3</sup>.Bias:-5.12. Range: [-5.12,5.12) (unit: rad/s)]

meanValue : the mean of all gyroscope values [Scale factor:  $2.5 \times 10^{-3}$ .Bias:-5.12. Range: [-5.12, 5.12) (unit: rad/s)] stdValue : the standard deviation of all gyroscope values [Scale factor:  $1.25 \times 10^{-3}$ . Bias: 0. Range: [0, 5.12) (unit: rad/s)]

#### magVal

This field includes up to 8 measurement sets of multiple-axis magnetometer. Multiple-axis means one axis or any combination of up to 3-axis. The value indicates the norm of magnetic field from multiple-axis magnetometer each sampling time between last successive pedestrian steps at the current time. A positive value of particular axis indicates that the device rotates in the counter-clockwiare direction of the axis. The statistic field of value sets is defined in the sensor measurement value (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue). Scale factor and range of each field are described as follows.

maxValue : the maximum of all magnetometer values [Scale factor: $5x10^{-2}$ .Bias:-102.4. Range: [-102.4,102.4) (unit:  $\mu$ T)] minValue : the minimum of all magnetometer values [Scale factor: $5x10^{-2}$ .Bias:-102.4.Range: [-102.4, 102.4) (unit:  $\mu$ T)] meanValue : the mean of all magnetometer values [Scale factor: $5x10^{-2}$ , Bias:-102.4. Range: [-102.4, 102.4) (unit:  $\mu$ T)] stdValue : the standard deviation of all magnetometer values [Scale factor:  $2.5x10^{-2}$ . Bias: 0. Range: [0, 102.4) (unit:  $\mu$ T)]

Informational Note: Magnetometer senses the Earth's magnetic field intensity and it can be used to estimate the orientation (roll, pitch and heading) of the target. If the magnetometer is aligned with the local horizontal plane (roll and pitch are zeros), the heading would be calculated as follows.

heading = arctan (magY/magX)

where magX and magY represent the horizontal magnetic field component of the Earth

#### baroVal

This field includes up to 8 measurement sets of multiple-axis barometer. Multiple-axis means one axis or any combination of up to 3-axis. The value indicates the target's atmospheric pressure from multiple-axis barometer each sampling time between last successive pedestrian steps at the current time. The statistic field of value sets is defined in the sensor measurement value (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue). Scale factor and range of each field are described as follows.

maxValue : the maximum of all barometer values [Scale factor:  $1.25 \times 10^{-1}$ . Bias: 588. Range: [588, 1100) (unit: hPa)]

minValue : the minimum of all barometer values [Scale factor :  $1.25 \times 10^{-1}$ . Bias: 588. Range : [588, 1100) (unit: hPa)]

meanValue : the mean of all barometer values [Scale factor :  $1.25 \times 10^{-1}$ . Bias: 588. Range : [588, 1100) (unit: hPa)] stdValue : the standard deviation of all barometer values [Scale factor 6.25 \times 10^{-2}. Bias: 0. Bange: [0.256) (unit: hPa)]

stdValue : the standard deviation of all barometer values [Scale factor:6.25x10<sup>-2</sup>. Bias:0. Range:[0,256) (unit: hPa)]

Informational Note: Standard atmospheric pressure at sea level is 1013.25 hPa. The highest atmospheric pressure recorded was 1084 hPa in Siberia. The lowest atmospheric pressure, 870 hPa, was recorded in a typhoon in the Pacific Ocean. Also the atmospheric pressure range from 588 hPa to 1100 hPa approximately covers altitude range from 0 to 4000m above mean sea level.

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-MeasurementList field descriptions inclVal This field includes up to 8 measurement sets of multiple-axis inclinometer. Multiple-axis means one axis or any combination of up to 3-axis. The value indicates the pedestrian's inclination angle from multiple-axis inclinometer each sampling time between last successive pedestrian steps at the current time. A positive value of particular axis indicates that the device goes up the incline toward its positive direction of the axis. The statistic field of value sets is defined in the sensor measurement value (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-sensorMeasurementValue). Scale factor and range of each field are described as follows. maxValue : the maximum of all inclinometer values [Scale factor: 2.5x10<sup>-3</sup>. Bias: 0.Range: [-5.12, 5.12) (unit: rad)] minValue : the minimum of all inclinometer values [Scale factor : 2.5x10<sup>-3</sup>. Bias: 0.Range : [-5.12, 5.12) (unit: rad)] meanValue : the mean of all inclinometer values [Scale factor : $2.5 \times 10^{-3}$ . Bias: 0.Range : [-5.12, 5.12) (unit: rad)] stdValue : the standard deviation of all inclinometer values [Scale factor: 1.25x10<sup>-3</sup>. Bias: 0. Range:[0, 5.12) (unit: rad)] prox Val This field is set to true if the proximity sensor detects the presence of a nearby target without any physical contact. If false, the presence of target is not detected. Informational Note: the proximity sensor measures the proximity of an object in cm relative to the view screen of a device. This sensor is typically used to determine whether a device is being held up to a user's ear. *relativeTimeStamp* This parameter SHALL be included for historic sensor measurements and provides the time of the historic measurements relative to current time in units of 0.01 seconds. If absent, current time is implied which is equivalent to a relativeTimeStamp of zero. usedAxis This field specifies one used axes from which sensor measurements are measured. A used axis is present if the associated bit is set to one and absent if set to zero. maxValue This field specifies the maximum value of sensor measurements. The scale factor, bias and range of values depend on the sensor type. minValue This field specifies the minimum value of sensor measurements. The scale factor, bias and range of values depend on the sensor type. meanValue This field specifies the mean of sensor measurements. The scale factor, bias and range of values depend on the sensor type. stdValue This field specifies the standard deviation of sensor measurements. The scale factor, bias and range of values depend on the sensor type. 6.5.12.7 PDR Location Information Request OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestLocationInformation The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestLocationInformation is used to request location information for UE-assisted motion sub-state positioning and UE-assisted PDR. -- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestLocationInformation ::= SEQUENCE { sensorMeasurementReq SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorMeasurementRequest OPTIONAL, --Cond SensorMeasurementReq . . . }

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorMeasurementRequest ::= SEQUENCE {

requestedUsedAxis	BIT STRING {	х	(0),
		У	(1),
		z	(2),
		xy	(3),
		уz	(4),
		zx	(5),
		xyz	(6)
} (SIZE(18)),		2	
( )IZE( I 0 / ) ,			
}			
ASN1STOP			
1.51.1.51.01			

Conditional presence	Explanation		
SensorMeasurementReq	The field is mandatory present if the server requests for sensor measurements; otherwise it is		
	not present		

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

#### sensorMeasurementReq

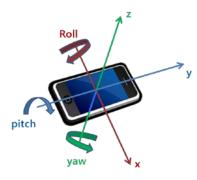
This field specifies the requested sensor measurement information.

category

This field specifies the sensor category.

#### *requestedUsedAxis*

This field specifies a list of one or more used axes requested. A used axis is present if the associated bit is set to one and absent if set to zero. The following figure shows the positive direction of x, y and z axes. Also the positive rotation around the x, y and z axes are respectively referred to as roll, pitch and yaw in UE.



# 6.5.12.8 PDR Capability Information

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideCapabilities is used to provide capabilities for PDR-based methods.

ASN1START							
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideCapabilities	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {						
stepLengthEsimtationModelSupport	NULL	OPTIONAL,Cond StepLengthEstimationModelSupport,					
accelMeasSupport	NULL	OPTIONAL,Cond AccelMeasSupport					
gyroMeasSupport	NULL	OPTIONAL,Cond GyroMeasSupport					
magnetoMeasSupport	NULL	OPTIONAL,Cond MagnetoMeasSupport					
baroMeasSupport	NULL	OPTIONAL,Cond BaroMeasSupport					
stepMeasSupport	NULL	OPTIONAL,Cond StepMeasSupport					
inclinoMeasSupport	NULL	OPTIONAL,Cond InclinoMeasSupport					
proxMeasSupport	NULL	OPTIONAL,Cond ProxMeasSupport					
}							

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
StepLengthEstimationMo	The field is mandatory present if the target supports step length estimation model assistance
delSupport	data; otherwise it is not present.
AccelMeasSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports accelerometer measurements; otherwise it
	is not present.
GyroMeasSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports gyroscope measurements; otherwise it is
	not present.
MagnetoMeasSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports magnetometer measurements; otherwise it
	is not present.
BaroMeasSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports barometer measurements; otherwise it is
	not present.
StepMeasSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports step sensor measurements; otherwise it is
	not present.
InclinoMeasSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports inclinometer measurements; otherwise it
	is not present.
ProxMeasSupport	The field is mandatory present if the target supports proximity sensor measurements;
	otherwise it is not present.

# 6.5.12.9 PDR Capability Information Elements

Void.

# 6.5.12.10 PDR Capability Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestCapabilities is used to provide capabilities for PDR-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# 6.5.12.11 PDR Error Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Error

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Error is used to provide PDR Error Reasons to the server.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Error ::= CHOICE {

locationServerError OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-LocationServerError,

targetError OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-TargetError,

...

}

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-LocationServerError ::= SEQUENCE {

stepLengthModelErrors ENUMERATED {undefined,

someStepLengthModelUnknown,

allStepLengthModelUnknown,

... } OPTIONAL,

...
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-TargetError ::= SEQUENCE {
   ver2-0-sensorErrorsPerCategory SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16))
                                      OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-TargetDeviceError
                                                                             OPTIONAL,
                              OF
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-TargetDeviceError ::= SEQUENCE {
   category OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory,
                 ENUMERATED{ undefined,
   sensorErrors
                                  requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable,
                                  notAllrequestedMeasurementsPossible,
                                  categoryNotSupported,
                                  · · · } ,
   historicMeasurementsNotAvailable NULL
                                            OPTIONAL.
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Error field descriptions

# stepLengthModelErrors

This field specifies the server error causes related to the step length estimation model assistance.

### ver2-0-sensorErrorsPerCategory

This field is used to provide error information on the sensor measurement per sensor category to the server.

```
sensor Errors
```

This field specifies the target's sensor error cause. If the *sensorErrors* value is '*requestedMeasurementsNotAvailable*', none of the requested measurements could be provided and no further information needs to be included. If the *sensorErrors* value is '*notAllrequestedMeasurementsPossible*', the target device was able to provide some but not all requested sensor measurements. In this case, the target device should indicate those measurements that could not be obtained.

# 6.5.12.12 Common PDR Information Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory* identifies a particular Sensor technology and where relevant an associated vendor. Vendors associated information can be used to further qualify the Sensor technology type (e.g. in the case of "other") or indicate a specific Sensor technology type supported in Sensors supplied by a particular vendor.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory ::= SEQUENCE {

sensorTechnologyType OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorTechnologies,

sensorVendorInformation SEQUENCE {

vendor OMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorID,

vendorInfo OCTET STRING OPTIONAL,

...

}

-- ASN1STOP
```

```
        Conditional presence
        Explanation

        other
        The field is mandatory present if sensorTechnologyType IE is set to value 'other'. Otherwise it may optionally be present.
```

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Category field descriptions

*sensorTechnologyType* This field identifies the Sensor technology.

#### **OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Category** field descriptions

sensorVendorInformation

This field provides information about an associated Sensor vendor.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Sensorid

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Sensorid provides an identity for a particular Sensor.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Sensorid ::= SEQUENCE {
                   CHOICE {
   sensor-id
                                                OCTET STRING,
                            accelerometer
                                               OCTET STRING,
                            gyroscope
                            magnetometer
                                               OCTET STRING,
                                                OCTET STRING,
                            barometer
                            stepsensor
                                                OCTET STRING,
                            inclinometer
                                               OCTET STRING,
                                                OCTET STRING,
                            proximity
                            other
                                                OCTET STRING,
                            . . .
                        },
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-Sensorid field descriptions sensor-id This field defines the Sensor ID for a particular Sensor. accelerometer This field defines a vendor or operator specific accelerometer ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the Sensor category (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory). gyroscope This field defines a vendor or operator specific gyroscope ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the Sensor category (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory). magnetometer This field defines a vendor or operator specific magnetometer ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the Sensor category (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory). barometer This field defines a vendor or operator specific barometer ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the Sensor category (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory). stepsensor This field defines a vendor or operator specific step sensor ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the Sensor category (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory). inclinometer This field defines a vendor or operator specific inclinometer ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the Sensor category (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory). proximity This field defines a vendor or operator specific proximity sensor ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the Sensor category (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory). other This field defines a vendor or operator specific other Sensor ID. The meaning of this field may be inferred from the Sensor category (OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory).

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorTechnologies

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorTechnologies defines a particular Sensor technology type.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorTechnologies ::= SEQUENCE {
    sensorTechnologies ENUMERATED{ accel, gyro, magneto, baro, step, inclino, prox, other, ... },
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorTechnologies field descriptions

#### sensorTechnologies

This field specifies the particular Sensor technology: accel: specifies the Sensor technology is accelerometer; gyro: specifies the Sensor technology is gyroscope; magneto: specifies the Sensor technology is magnetometer; baro: specifies the Sensor technology is barometer; step: specifies the Sensor technology is step sensor; inclino: specifies the Sensor technology is inclinometer; prox: specifies the Sensor technology is proximity; other: specifies an vendor or operator specific Sensor type that can be further defined in OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-PDR-SensorCategory

# 6.5.13 Image Recognition Based Positioning (Version 2.0)

This section defines the functional messaging format for positioning using measurements related to Image Recognition Based Positioning (IRB).

# 6.5.13.1 IRB Assistance Data

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideAssistanceData is used to provide assistance for IRB-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
....
```

# 6.5.13.2 IRB Assistance Data Request

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestAssistanceData

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestAssistanceData is used to request assistance data for IRB UE-assisted method.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# 6.5.13.3 IRB Location Information

### – OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideLocationInformation

The *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideLocationInformation* is used to provide IRB measurements (UE-assisted) at current and historic times. Assuming that the target device supports IRB measurement reporting, the target device uses LPPe to report IRB measurements to the server. As an option, the target can transmit the whole picture compressed according to jpeg standard, video mode compression and/or differential picture encoding schemas are FFS.

Note: IRB measurements can be a sequence of image key points that the target sends to the server. Images are taken in a photo mode, or video-shooting mode. Key points are tracked frame by frame, and image features from stable key points tracked in several frames are selected and sent to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions
```

irb-MeasurementList

This field provides the IRB measurements at the current time and/or for historic times.

Irb-JpFile

This field provides the image to be processed in the server for IRB positioning, compressed according to the jpeg file format [JPEG]

irb-Error

This field provides the IRB measurement error information when not all requested IRB measurements can be reported. This field should be included when some but not all requested measurements are reported and SHALL be included when no requested measurements are reported.

# 6.5.13.4 IRB Location Information Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-MeasurementElement

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-MeasurementElement is used to provide the server with the IRB measurements made by the target. The target may decide the number of sets, for example, based on the movement information or camera resolution.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-MeasurementElement ::= SEQUENCE {
              OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-IRBid,
    irbID
   xCoordinate
yCoordinate
irbTechnology
                      INTEGER(0..4095),
                        INTEGER(0..4095),
                        OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-TransferTechnology,
    relativeTimeStamp INTEGER(0..1000)
                                                     OPTIONAL,
                        BOOLEAN,
    vectorIndicator
                        BIT STRING (SIZE (512))
    irbFeatureVector
                                                     OPTIONAL.
    . . .
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-MeasurementElement field descriptions

This field identifies the IRB Feature Point.

#### xCoordinate

irhID

This field specifies x coordinate of the feature point in the image (this coordinate is relative to top-left origin and is in pixels).

#### yCoordinate

This field specifies y coordinate of the feature point in the image (this coordinate is relative to top-left origin and is in pixels).

#### irbTechnology

This field specifies the IRB technology being used for measurements.

#### *relativeTimeStamp*

This parameter SHALL be included for historic IRB measurements and provides the time of the historic measurements relative to current time in units of 0.01 seconds. If absent, current time is implied which is equivalent to a relativeTimeStamp of zero.

#### vectorIndicator

This field is set to true if a feature vector is present in this measurement. If false, there is no feature vector associated with this feature point.

#### *irbFeatureVector*

This field provides a feature vector (Data Measurements) of 512-bit (64 Byte data consisting of 512 binary elements for BRIEF or ORB).

# 6.5.13.5 IRB Location Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestLocationInformation is used to request location information for IRB UE-assisted method.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestLocationInformation ::= CHOICE {
    featuresExtractionApproach OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-FeaturesExtractionParameter,
                                    OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-CompressingParameter,
    imageCompressionApproach
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-FeaturesExtractionParameter ::= SEQUENCE {
                                    ENUMERATED {orb, brief, mpeg7_cdvs, ...},
    featuresType
    mode
                                    ENUMERATED {complete, difference, common, ...},
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-CompressingParameter ::= SEQUENCE {
                                    ENUMERATED { jpeg, jpeg2000, ... },
    compressionStd
    dimPixelX
                                     INTEGER(1..3000),
    dimPixelY
                                     INTEGER(1..3000),
    . . .
}
 - ASN1STOP
```

	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions
featuresExtract	ionApproach
This field is pre (photo or video)	sent when the features extraction on the target approach is selected: the features technology and the mod are specified
feature	<i>sType</i> defines the technology used for features extraction. The following algorithms are defined:
•	ORB, BRIEF, MDECT CDVS
<i>mode</i> simages	<i>MPEG7-CDVS</i> pecifies if image features are transmitted as a set, difference of features or common features of sequence
•	if mode is set to 'complete' for an image, the whole set of features of that image is transmitted to the server, if mode is set to 'difference, for an image, image n, only features (descriptors and coordinates) not present in an earlier image, image n-1, are transmitted,
•	if mode is set to 'common', for common features in images n and n-1 only coordinates of common features are transmitted
imageCompress	
This field is pr JPEG2000 stand	resent when the server requests from the target the whole image compressed according to JPEG ollard
compre	essionStd specifies if the image has to be compressed with JPEG or JPEG2000 standard,
•	JPEG JPEG2000
dimPix	elX this field represents the reference number of pixels in the horizontal axis
dimPix	elY this field represents the reference number of pixel in the vertical axis
the reference DI	imension of the image provide information to the target how to compress the image, as the resolution of 3 image and the query image MUST be the same for optimal in image processing. The application will bridth availability and requested resolution and will set compressing parameter for the required approact 2000).

# 6.5.13.6 IRB Capability

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideCapabilities is used to provide capabilities for IRB-based methods.

ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {         irb-transferMode       OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-TransferTechnology,         irb-featureExtractionMode       OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-CameraModes OPTIONAL,         irb-cameraParameters       OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-CameraParameters OPTIONAL,         irb-minFeaturePerFrame       INTEGER (1300)       OPTIONAL,         irb-maxFeaturePerFrame       INTEGER (1300)       OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-TransferTechnology ::= SEQUENCE {
features-mode BIT STRING {     brief (0),     orb (1),     mpeg-7 (2) } (SIZE (18)) OPTIONAL,
compressing-mode BIT STRING { jpeg (0), jpeg2000 (1) } (SIZE (18)) OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-CameraModes ::= SEQUENCE {

mode BIT STRING { photo-mode (0), (1) } (SIZE (1..8)), video-mode . . . } ::= SEQUENCE { OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-CameraParameters sensor-param SEQUENCE { nPixelX nPixelY pixelSizeX pixelSizeY INTEGER(1..10000), INTEGER(1..10000), INTEGER(1..2000), INTEGER(1..2000), OPTIONAL, } principal-distance INTEGER(1..10000) OPTIONAL, principal-point-coordinates SEQUENCE { xCoordinate INTEGER(0..10000), yCoordinate INTEGER(0..10000), } OPTIONAL, perspective-distortion ENUMERATED wide-angle-distortion, narrow-angle-distortion}, distortion-parameters OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-Camera-Distortion-Parameters OPTIONAL, . . . } OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-Camera-Distortion-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE { . . . } -- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-ProvideCapabilities field descriptions

#### irb-transferMode

This field specifies the image processing technology supported to transfer information from the target to the server.

features-mode: for feature extraction, Orb, Brief, MPEG7 CDVS technologies can be used.

*compressing-mode*: for whole image compression JPEG [JPEG] and JPEG2000 [JP2000] can be supported by the target.

### irb-feature Extraction Mode

This parameter indicates which feature extraction mode the target supports. The bit map indicates the supported mode (photo, or video). '1' value at the bit position indicates support and a '0' value no support. This field is present only if *irb-transferMode* field is present.

#### irb-cameraParameters

This parameter is needed to use a correct scale to correct object size on an image. The size depends on the characteristics of the lens used. Object sizes on a screen become small for wide-angle lenses and large for narrow-angle lenses. The size of objects is normalized by using the scale parameter so that the size becomes the same when the distance between cameras and objects are the same.

- sensor-parameters
  - *nPixelX*, *nPixelY* represent the number of pixels of the sensor for each dimension respectively;
  - *pixelSizeX, pixelSizeY*, represent the dimension of each pixel of the sensor expressed in hundredth of micron
- principal-distance represents the distance between the centre of view and the sensor plane. It is
  expressed in micron
- principal-point-coordinates
  - *xCoordinate*, *yCoordinate* represent the position of the Principal Point, that is the projection of the centre of view on the sensor plane, in the sensor coordinates system (coordinates are relative to top-left origin of the sensor). The coordinates are expressed in pixels with a resolution of a tenth of pixel.
- *perspective-distortion* (PD): is determined by the relative distances at which the image is captured and viewed, and is due to the angle of view of the image (as captured) being either wider or narrower than the angle of view at which the image is viewed, hence the apparent relative distances differing from what is expected. The choices are wide-angle-distortion (with an angle of view wider than a normal lens) and narrow-angle-distortion (with an angle of view narrower than a normal lens).

• *distortion-parameters* (DP): it is a parameter that represents the image distortion.

#### irb-minFeaturePerFrame

This field represents the minimum number of feature points in a frame.

#### *irb-maxFeaturePerFrame*

This field represents the maximum number of feature points in a frame.

# 6.5.13.7 IRB Capability Request

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestCapabilities

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestCapabilities is used to request capabilities for IRB-based methods.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   featureSupportedReq NULL OPTIONAL,
   featureExtractionModeReq NULL OPTIONAL,
   cameraParametersReq NULL OPTIONAL,
   minMaxFeaturePerFrameReq NULL OPTIONAL,
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-RequestCapabilities field descriptions

*featureSupportedReq* 

This field is used to request the image processing approach available on the terminal, features extraction.

featureExtractionModeReq

This field is used to request the supported mode.

cameraParametersReq

This field is used to request camera parameters.

*minMaxFeaturePerFrameReq* 

This field is used to request the minimum-maximum number of frame feature.

#### 6.5.13.8 IRB Error Elements

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-Error

The OMA-LPPe-IRB-Error is used to provide IRB Error causes to the server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-Error ::= CHOICE {
    locationServerErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-LocationServerErrorCauses,
    targetDeviceErrorCauses OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-TargetDeviceErrorCauses,
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-LocationServerErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-IRB-LocationServerErrorCauses is used by the location server to provide IRB Positioning error reasons to the target device.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-LocationServerErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {
   cause ENUMERATED {undefined, queryImageWithInadequateNumberOfFeatures, refImageNotFound,
   refDbImageWithLowLevelOfSimilarity, three-DSpatialInfoNotReliable, ...},
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-TargetDeviceErrorCauses

The IE OMA-LPPe-IRB-TargetDeviceErrorCauses is used by the target device to provide IRB error reasons to the location server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-IRB-TargetDeviceErrorCauses ::= SEQUENCE {
    cause ENUMERATED {undefined,imageNotAvailable,queryImageWithInadequateNumberOfFeatures, ...},
    ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

-- ASN1START

# 6.5.14 Crowdsourcing (version 2.0)

This section defines support for crowdsourcing of location measurements from a target to a server and is applicable only to LPPe version 2.0.

# 6.5.14.1 Crowdsourcing Location Information

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideLocationInformation

The OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideLocationInformation is used by a target to confirm or reject a request from a server to provide crowdsourcing measurements, to provide the status of crowdsourcing following a query from a server and to provide crowdsourcing measurements to a server.

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideLocationInformation ::= CHOICE {
    crowdsourcingConfirm
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingConfirm,
    crowdsourcingReject.
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingReject
    crowdsourcingData
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingData,
    crowdsourcingStatus
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingStatus,
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingConfirm ::= SEQUENCE {
    sessionID-Confirm
                                            OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingSessionID,
    crowdsourcingControlParameters
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingControlParameters,
                                            CHOICE {
        surementParameters CHOICE {
basicCrowdsourcingParameters OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-BasicCrowdsourcingParameters,
advancedCrowdsourcingParameters OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AdvancedCrowdsourcingParameters
    measurementParameters
        - } ,
    proprietaryCrowdsourcingParameters
                                             OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer
                                                                                            OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingReject ::= SEQUENCE {
   rejectCause
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-TargetCause,
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingData ::= SEQUENCE {
   crowdsourcingMeasurements
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingSessionID,
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements OPTIONAL,
   proprietaryCrowdsourcingMeasurements OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer
                                                                                          OPTIONAL.
    crowdsourcingTermination
                                            OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingTermination OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingStatus ::= CHOICE {
    sessionActive SEQUENCE {
    sessionID-Status OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingSessionID,
        controlServer OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ServerAddress,
        dataServer
                            OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ServerAddress
                                                                  OPTIONAL,
                                                                                   --Cond NotControlServer
                                                 OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingControlParameters,
        controlParameters
        measurements
                                                 CHOICE {
            basicCrowdsourcingMeasurements
                                                 OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-BasicCrowdsourcingParameters,
            advancedCrowdsourcingMeasurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AdvancedCrowdsourcingParameters
            }.
        proprietaryCrowdsourcing
                                                  OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer
                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
        statistics
                             SEQUENCE {
                                                          UTCTime
                                                                                   OPTIONAL.
                             startTime
                             numberOfMeasurementSets
                                                         INTEGER (0..16777215)
                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
                             numberOfReports
                                                          INTEGER (0..16777215)
                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
                             }
                                     OPTIONAL
    sessionNotActive
                             SEQUENCE {
        },
```

. . .

```
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ServerAddress ::= CHOICE {
    ipv4Address OCTET STRING (SIZE (4)),
    ipv6Address
                              OCTET STRING (SIZE (16)),
                               VisibleString (FROM ("a".."z" | "A".."Z" | "0".."9" |".-")) (SIZE (1..256)),
    fqdn
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingTermination ::= SEQUENCE {
    terminationCause
                                                OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-TargetCause,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingSessionID ::= SEQUENCE {
    provider-IDOMA-LPPe-VendorOrOperatorIDserver-IDOCTET STRING (SIZE(1..4))session-codeOCTET STRING (SIZE(4)),
                                                                   OPTIONAL,
                                                                   OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation		
NotControlServer	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included only when the data server for crowdsourcing is not the same as the control server.		

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

#### crowdsourcingConfirm

This parameter provides a confirmation by a target of a request for crowdsourcing from a control server.

#### *crowdsourcingReject*

This parameter indicates a rejection by a target of a request for crowdsourcing from a control server.

#### crowdsourcingData

This parameter provides crowdsourcing measurements and/or an indication of the termination of crowdsourcing from a target to a data server.

#### crowdsourcingStatus

This parameter provides the status of a crowdsourcing session in reply to a query from a control server or data server.

#### sessionID-Confirm

This parameter provides the session ID for a confirmed crowdsourcing session and comprises an optional provider ID, an optional server ID and a mandatory session code. The sessionID-Confirm SHALL either contain the same session ID received from the control server in a crowdsourcing request or indicate anonymous crowdsourcing by omitting the provider and server IDs and setting the session code to a binary value of all zeroes.

#### crowdsourcingControlParameters

This parameter provides the control parameters agreed to by a target. The control parameters SHALL either be the same as those requested by the control server or a subset. In the case of a subset, requested parameters may be omitted or may be set to values that reduce either the duration or the frequency of deactivation, measurement and/or reporting of crowdsourcing.

#### *measurementParameters*

This parameter indicates the measurements the target agrees to provide for crowdsourcing. The measurements SHALL either be the same as those requested by the control server or a subset.

#### basicCrowdsourcingParameters

This parameter indicates the measurements for basic crowdsourcing that the target agrees to provide. The granularity of agreement is on a position method basis - i.e. the target can indicate for which position methods basic crowdsourcing measurements will be provided but cannot indicate the specific measurements.

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideLocationInformation field descriptions

#### advancedCrowdsourcingParameters

This parameter indicates the measurements for advanced crowdsourcing that the target agrees to provide.

#### *proprietaryCrowdsourcingParameters*

This parameter provides proprietary control parameters agreed to by the target.

#### rejectCause

This parameter provides the reason for a crowdsourcing rejection.

#### sessionID-Data

This parameter provides the crowdsourcing session ID associated with reported crowdsourcing measurements.

#### *crowdsourcingMeasurements*

This parameter provides crowdsourcing measurement data obtained by the target.

#### *proprietaryCrowdsourcingMeasurements*

This parameter provides proprietary crowdsourcing measurements.

#### crowdsourcingTermination

This parameter may be included to indicate termination of a crowdsourcing session.

#### sessionActive

This parameter is included when the target is able to verify an active crowdsourcing session with a control server in response to a query.

#### sessionID-Status

This parameter provides the session ID for an active crowdsourcing session.

#### controlServer

This parameter provides the address of the control server for an active crowdsourcing session. The control server address can be an IP4v address, an IPv6 address or a fully qualified domain name.

#### dataServer

This parameter provides the address of the data server for an active crowdsourcing session. The data server address can be an IP4v address, an IPv6 address or a fully qualified domain name, This parameter is optional and is included only when the data and control servers are different.

#### *controlParameters*

This parameter provides the control parameters previously agreed by a target for an active crowdsourcing session.

#### measurements

This parameter provides the measurement parameters previously agreed by a target for an active crowdsourcing session.

# proprietary Crowdsourcing

This parameter provides any proprietary control parameters previously agreed by a target for an active crowdsourcing session.

#### statistics

This parameter provides statistics for an active crowdsourcing session comprising the start time, the number of separate measurement sets that have been obtained (where the occurrence of any trigger event for crowdsourcing measurements is counted as producing one measurement set if at least some measurements were obtained and reported to the data server) and the number of separate measurement reports that have been sent (where a single measurement report includes all Provide Location Information messages sent to a server within the same LPP transaction). This parameter and its sub-fields are optional and SHALL be included if available.

#### sessionNotActive

This parameter is included when the target is not able to verify an active crowdsourcing session with a control server or data server in response to a query.

### terminationCause

This parameter provides the reason for terminating crowdsourcing at a target.

# 6.5.14.2 Crowdsourcing Location Information Request

```
_
```

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-RequestLocationInformation

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-RequestLocationInformation is used by a server to request or query crowdsourcing at a target and to provide measurement indications and control parameters related to obtaining and reporting measurements.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-RequestLocationInformation ::= CHOICE {
    crowdsourcingRequest
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingRequest,
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingQuery,
    crowdsourcingOuerv
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingRequest ::= SEQUENCE {
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingSessionID,
    sessionID-Request
                                                                                               --Cond
    dataServer
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-ServerAddress
                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
NotControlServer
   crowdsourcingControlParameters
advancedCrowdsourcingParameters
    crowdsourcingControlParameters
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingControlParameters,
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AdvancedCrowdsourcingParameters OPTIONAL,
    --Cond AdvancedCrowdsourcing
   proprietaryCrowdsourcingParameters
                                             OMA-LPPe-LocationInformationContainer
                                                                                               OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingQuery ::= SEQUENCE {
   sessionID-Query
                                             OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingSessionID OPTIONAL,
    . . .
```

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation		
NotControlServer	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included only when the data server for crowdsourcing is not the same as the control server.		
AdvancedCrowdsourcing	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included when and only when advanced crowdsourcing is requested.		

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

*crowdsourcingRequest* 

This parameter is included by a control server to indicate a request for crowdsourcing at a target.

crowdsourcingQuery

This parameter is included by a control server or data server to indicate a query for crowdsourcing at a target.

#### sessionID-Request

This parameter provides the crowdsourcing session ID assigned by a control server.

#### dataServer

This parameter provides the address of the data server for a crowdsourcing session. This parameter is optional and is only included when the control and data servers are different.

#### *crowdsourcingControlParameters*

This parameter provides the control parameters requested by a control server for a new crowdsourcing session.

#### advancedCrowdsourcingParameters

This parameter provides measurement related parameters applicable to advanced crowdsourcing requested by a control server. This parameter is optional and SHALL be provided only for advanced crowdsourcing.

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-RequestLocationInformation field descriptions

#### *proprietaryCrowdsourcingParameters*

This parameter provides proprietary crowdsourcing parameters and is optional. A target device may ignore this parameter if not recognized.

#### serviceID-Query

This parameter provides the session ID for a crowdsourcing session whose status is queried by a control server or data server. This parameter is optional and SHALL NOT be included if the control server or data server is not aware of an active crowdsourcing session with the target.

# 6.5.14.3 Crowdsourcing Location Information Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingControlParameters

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingControlParameters* is used by a server to define required measurement and reporting characteristics for crowdsourcing and by a target to define accepted measurement and reporting characteristics for crowdsourcing.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingControlParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    activationTriggersOMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingActivationTriggersmeasurementTriggersOMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingMeasurementTriggersdurationParametersOMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingReportingTriggers
                                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
                                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
    reportingTriggers
durationParameters
                                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
                                        OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingDurationParameters
                                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
    locationPrecision
                                       INTEGER (1..1024) OPTIONAL,
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingActivationTriggers ::= SEQUENCE {
    geographicArea
                                   SEQUENCE {
                                    activationArea
                                                               SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF Polygon OPTIONAL,
                                    deactivationArea
                                                            SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..16)) OF Polygon OPTIONAL,
                                                                        OPTIONAL,
                                   BIT STRING {
    country-network
                                    inCoverageOfHomeNetwork
                                                                             (0),
                                                                             (1),
                                    inHomeCountryOutsideHomeNetwork
                                                                             (2) } (SIZE (1..8)) OPTIONAL,
                                    notInHomeCountry
    minimumdetectedTransmitters INTEGER (1..20)
                                                                        OPTIONAL,
    targetMotionState
                                   BIT STRING {
                                    unknown
                                                  (0),
                                    stationary (1),
                                    walking
                                                  (2),
                                    running
                                                 (3),
                                    cycling
                                                 (4),
                                                 (5),
                                    car
                                    train
                                                 (6),
                                    boat
                                                 (7),
                                    otherState (8)}
                                                           (SIZE (1..16))
                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
    environment
                                    BIT STRING {
                                    unknown
                                                 (0),
                                    indoors
                                                  (1),
    Inducts(1,)<br/>outdoorsOPTIONAL,logicalTriggerCombinationENUMERATED {or, and, ...}OPTIONAL,activationDelayINTEGER (1..256)OPTIONAL,deactivationDelayINTEGER (1..256)OPTIONAL,
    activationDelay INTEGER (1..250)
INTEGER (1..256)
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingMeasurementTriggers ::= SEQUENCE {
                                          INTEGER (1..512),
    measurementPeriodicity
    measurementMovement
                                                      INTEGER (1..256)
                                                                                      OPTIONAL,
    measurementFloorChange
                                                     NULL
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    measurementChangeOfServingCellOrAP
                                                     NULL
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
    logicalMeasurementCombination
                                                      ENUMERATED {or, and, ...} OPTIONAL,
```

```
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingReportingTriggers ::= CHOICE {
    realTime OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingRealTimeParameters,
quasiRealTime OMA-LPPe-ver2-0 crowdsourcingRealTimeParameters,
                              OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingQuasiRealTimeParameters,
    batch
                              OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingBatchParameters,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingRealTimeParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingQuasiRealTimeParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingBatchParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
                                  INTEGER (1..672),
    batchReportPeriodicity
    batchReportMovement
                                                INTEGER (1..256)
                                                                                OPTIONAL,
    batchReportOnChangeOfServingNetwork NULL
                                                                                OPTIONAL,
    batchAccessNetworkRestriction BIT STRING {
                                                                                (0),
                                       homeCellularNetwork
                                        otherCellularNetworkInHomeCountry
                                                                                (1),
                                        cellularNetworkInForeignCountry
                                                                                (2),
                                        wlanNetwork
                                                                                 (3),
                                        srnNetwork
                                                                                (4).
                                        userSpecified
                                                                                (5)} (SIZE (1..16))
    OPTIONAL,
    batchStorageOverflow SEQUENCE {
        send ENUMERATED {send, doNotSend, ...},
discard ENUMERATED {discardNewMeasurements, discardOldestMeasurements, ...}
        },
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-crowdsourcingDurationParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    crowdsourcingStartTime INTEGER (1..672) OPTIONAL,
crowdsourcingDuration INTEGER (1..2880) OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

#### activation Triggers

This parameter indicates the trigger conditions for activating and deactivating crowdsourcing. If crowdsourcing has been activated, a target obtains measurements according to the measurementTriggers parameter and reports them according to the reportingTriggers parameter. While crowdsourcing is deactivated, a target ceases measurements but continues to report any previous measurements not yet sent according to the reportingTriggers parameter. Crowdsourcing is activated by the dectection of required activation trigger conditions and is deacticated either when required activation trigger conditions are no longer detected or when any deactivation trigger condition is detected regardless of activation trigger conditions. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates (as a default) that crowdsourcing is always activated.

#### *measurementTriggers*

This parameter indicates the trigger conditions for obtaining a new set of measurements. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates (as a default) that measurements should be obtained at periodic intervals of 15 minutes.

#### *reportingTriggers*

This parameter indicates the trigger conditions for reporting each new set of measurements to the data server. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates (as a default) that quasi-real time reporting SHALL be used where a target is allowed to decide when to send reports to the server (either in real time or in batches).

### *durationParameters*

This parameter indicates the duration of crowdsourcing. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates (as a default) an unlimited duration starting immediately. Note that an unlimited duration may later be terminated by the server or target.

#### *locationPrecision*

This parameter provides the maximum distance in meters that a target may move while performing consecutive crowdsourcing measurements that will be included in the same measurement subset. For advanced crowdsourcing, each measurement subset is defined by the advanced-measurement-subsets parameter in the OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-AdvancedMeasurements data type. For basic crowdsourcing, each measurement subset is contained in a separate LPP Provide Location Information message. When performing measurements, a target should monitor its location (e.g. using sensors) and divide measurements into subsets that satisfy this requirement. The parameter may be used by a server to control the location precision for crowdsourcing measurements within each subset. This parameter is optional and when omitted indicates that a target may determine any location precision itself – although it is recommended that a target attempt to employ a high precision if possible.

#### geographicArea

This parameter provides a set of geographic areas within which crowdsourcing should be activated or deactivated. This parameter is optional and if omitted indicates that there are no geographic area conditions.

#### activationArea

This parameter provides one or more geographic areas within which crowdsourcing should be activated by a target.

#### deactivationArea

This parameter provides one or more geographic areas within which crowdsourcing SHALL be deactivated by a target.

#### country-network

This parameter indicates whether a target needs to be within certain network coverage or within a particular country in order for crowdsourcing to be activated. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each network or country condition represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that crowdsourcing should be activated when the corresponding network or country condition is detected. A bit is set to zero to indicate that crowdsourcing SHALL be deactivated for the corresponding network or country condition. A bit that is not included indicates that the associated network or country condition can be ignored. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that network and country conditions do not affect crowdsourcing.

#### *detectedTransmitters*

This parameter provides a count of the minimum number of transmitters visible to a target at the same time that are needed to activate crowdsourcing. The parameter is not used to explicitly deactivate crowdsourcing when the minimum number of transmitters is not detected. The transmitters SHALL only include transmitters for which crowdsourcing measurements have been requested. For example, if a target receives signals from 5 WiFi APs, 3 LTE eNode Bs and 4 UTRA node Bs and crowdsourcing was requested for WiFi and LTE but not for UTRA, the number of detected transmitters would be 8. This parameter is optional and if omitted indicates that the number of detected transmitters is not a condition for crowdsourcing.

#### *targetMotionState*

This parameter provides a set of target motion states that may activate crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each motion state represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that crowdsourcing should be activated when the corresponding motion state is detected. A bit is set to zero to indicate that crowdsourcing SHALL be deactivated for the corresponding motion state. A bit that is not included indicates that the associated motion state can be ignored. The parameter may be used to help ensure high target location accuracy during crowdsourcing by restricting target motion states to those with low velocity. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that the target motion state does not affect crowdsourcing.

#### environment

This parameter indicates a set of environments that may activate crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each environment represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that crowdsourcing should be activated when the corresponding environment is detected. A bit is set to zero to indicate that crowdsourcing SHALL be deactivated when the corresponding environment is detected. A bit that is not included indicates that the associated environment can be ignored. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that the environment does not affect crowdsourcing.

### logicalTriggerCombination

This parameter indicates how the other activation triggers are to be combined. If set to the value "or", triggers are combined via logical OR such that crowdsourcing is activated if and only if at least one condition for activation is detected and provided no condition for deactivation is detected. If set to the value "and", triggers are combined via logical AND such that crowdsourcing is activated if and only if any parameters that are included for activation (from among geographicArea, country-network, detectedTransmitters, targetMotionState and environment) all indicate activation and provided no condition for deactivation is detected. This parameter is optional and if not included has the default value "and". Note that deactivation triggers take precedence over activation triggers such that crowdsourcing is detected. Furthermore, crowdsourcing SHALL be deactivated when activation triggers (as combined using OR or AND) are no longer detected.

#### activationDelay

This parameter provides the minimum duration in units of 5 seconds for which trigger conditions that activate crowdsourcing MUST continuously persist before crowdsourcing is activated by a target. This parameter can help avoid unnecessary transient crowdsourcing when a target is at a location where crowdsourcing is generally not needed. This parameter is optional and has the default value zero when not included.

#### *deactivationDelay*

This parameter provides the minimum duration in units of 5 seconds for which trigger conditions that deactivate crowdsourcing MUST continuously persist before crowdsourcing is deactivated by a target. This parameter can help avoid unnecessary transient deactivation of crowdsourcing when a target is at a location where crowdsourcing is generally needed. This parameter is optional and has the default value zero when not included.

#### *measurementPeriodicity*

This parameter provides the periodicity in units of 10 seconds for obtaining new sets of crowdsourcing measurements when crowdsourcing is activated. A periodicity condition is detected once the period since the last set of crowdsourcing measurements attains or exceeds the measurementPeriodicity value.

### *measurementMovement*

This parameter provides the minimum distance in units of 5 meters that a target MUST move before a new set of measurements may be obtained. Movement should equate to the distance (or an estimate of the distance) between a previous and new target location. This parameter is optional and when omitted indicates target movement is not a factor in determining measurements.

#### measurementFloorChange

This parameter when present indicates that a target should make a new set of measurements when the target can determine that it is indoors and has changed floor level. To guard against transient floor levels (e.g. for a target inside an elevator), a target should wait until its floor level appears stable before making new measurements. This parameter is optional and when omitted indicates that change of floor level is not a direct factor in determining measurements. As an option, a target may wait for some short random period (e.g. 0 to 30 seconds) before obtaining measurements due to this trigger in order to avoid measurements being made at the same locations by all targets (e.g. at the entrance to an elevator or escalator).

#### measurementChangeOfServingCellOrAP

This parameter when present indicates that a new set of measurements should be obtained whenever a target changes its current serving cell or serving access point or changes to or from cellular access (e.g. from or to a WLAN AP or SRN AP). This parameter is optional and if not present indicates that change of serving cell or AP is not a factor in determining measurements.

#### *logicalMeasurementCombination*

This parameter indicates how other measurement triggers are to be combined. If set to the value "or", triggers are combined via logical OR such that a new set of crowdsourcing measurements is obtained if and only if at least one condition for obtaining measurements is detected. If set to the value "and", triggers are combined via logical AND such that a new set of crowdsourcing measurements is obtained if and only if all conditions that are included for measurements are detected at the same time. For the "and" value, conditions MUST be concurrently detected (e.g. a condition that was previously detected but no longer applies counts as not being detected). This parameter is optional and if not included has the default value "or".

### realTime

The presence of this parameter indicates that reporting of crowdsourcing measurements to a data server SHALL occur in real time. In this case, a target SHALL attempt to send each new set of crowdsourcing measurements to the data server as soon the complete set has been obtained. If this is not possible (e.g. a connection to the server cannot be established or is inhibited by a user preference to use only certain access networks to reduce billing) then the measurements SHALL be discarded. A target may vertify some of the conditions for being able to access the data server (e.g. the availability of a suitable access network) before making crowdsourcing measurements to avoid wasting resources in unnecessary measurement.

#### quasiRealTime

The presence of this parameter indicates that reporting of crowdsourcing measurements to a data server SHALL occur in quasi-real time. In this case, a target SHALL attempt to send each new set of crowdsourcing measurements to the data server as soon as the complete set has been obtained. If this is not possible (e.g. a connection to the server cannot be established or is inhibited by a user preference to use only certain access network to reduce billing) then the measurements SHALL be stored and sent at a later time (e.g. along with other deferred measurement sets) when a connection to the data server is again possible. If storage for measurements is completely filled before the measurements can be reported, the oldest measurements SHALL be discarded in order to store new measurements.

#### batch

The presence of this parameter indicates that reporting of crowdsourcing measurements to a data server SHALL occur only at certain times indicated by a set of reporting triggers. In this case, a target SHALL store each set of crowdsourcing measurements and send all stored sets only when allowed by the reporting triggers. The reporting triggers are combined by a logical "OR" operation except for the accessNetwork restriction. Once a batch report is sent, the initial conditions for each reporting trigger are reset – e.g. any periodicity or determination of target movement begins again.

#### *batchReportPeriodicity*

This parameter indicates the periodicity of batch reporting in units of 15 minutes and in the range of 15 minutes to 7 days. Batch reports SHALL be sent with at least this periodicity except when precluded by the accessNetwork condition.

#### batchReportMovement

This parameter provides the maximum distance in units of 1 kilometer that a target may move before a new batch report should be sent. Movement should equate to the distance (or an estimate of the distance) between a previous and new target location. This parameter is optional and when omitted indicates target movement is not a factor in determining reporting.

#### batchReportOnChangeOfServingNetwork

The inclusion of this parameter indicates that a batch report should be sent each time that a target changes from one cellular serving network to another. Changes to and from WLAN or SRN networks are not counted but a change from one cellular network to another with some WLAN or SRN access in between is counted.

#### batchAccessNetworkRestriction

This parameter provides restrictions on batch reporting associated with the access network via which batch reports would be sent. This parameter is encoded as a bit string with each type of access network represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that batch reporting is not allowed via the corresponding access network. A bit is set to zero or is omitted to indicate that batch reporting is allowed via the corresponding access network. The userSpecified bit indicates whether the user may or may not define certain allowed and/or disallowed networks that, in the case of a conflict, would override any server preferences. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that any access network may be used for reporting.

#### *batchStorageOverflow*

This parameter indicates whether a target should send or not send a batch report when storage for crowdsourcing measurements would otherwise overflow. The parameter also indicates whether the target SHALL discard new measurements or the oldest measurements when storage overflow does occur due to a requirement not to send or an inability to send. This parameter is optional and if omitted indicates that a target may employ an implementation specific preference.

#### *crowdsourcingStartTime*

This parameter indicates when crowdsourcing SHALL begin relative to the time of receipt of a crowdsourcing request in units of 15 minutes. This parameter is optional and if omitted indicates a start time at the current time.

#### crowdsourcingDuration

This parameter provides the duration of crowdsourcing in units of 15 minutes. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates an unlimited duration.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-BasicCrowdsourcingParameters

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-BasicCrowdsourcingParameters* is used by a target to define accepted measurement types for basic crowdsourcing. The granularity of acceptance is on an LPP and LPPe position method basis with individual measurements for each accepted position method not being indicated. LPP and LPPe position methods are represented using a bit string with one bit corresponding to each position method. A bit is set to one to indicate that measurements for the corresponding position method will be provided and is set to zero or omitted when they will not.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-BasicCrowdsourcingParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
                              BIT STRING {
    measuremnent-types
                              lpp-otdoa
                                           (0),
                              lpp-ecid
                                           (1),
                              otdoa
                                           (2),
                                           (3),
                              eotd
                              otdoa-utra
                                           (4),
                              lte-ecid
                                           (5),
                              gsm-ecid
                                           (6),
                              utra-ecid
                                           (7),
                              wlan-ap
                                           (8),
                              wimax
                                           (9),
                                           (10).
                              sensor
                                           (11),
                              srn
                              pdr
                                           (12),
                                           (13)} (SIZE (1..32)),
                              irb
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

\_

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AdvancedCrowdsourcingParameters

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AdvancedCrowdsourcingParameters is used by a server to define required measurement types for advanced crowdsourcing and by a target to define accepted measurement types for advanced crowdsourcing. Measurement types are indicated using bit strings with one bit assigned to each measurement type where a one value indicates a measurement is requested by a server or agreed by a target and a zero value or omission of a bit indicates a measurement is not requested by a server or not agreed by a target.

ASN1START				
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AdvancedCrow	vdsourcingParameters ::= SEQUENCE {			
wlan-ap-measurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Parameters	OPTIONAL,		
lte-measurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Parameters	OPTIONAL,		
utra-measurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Parameters	OPTIONAL,		
gsm-measurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Parameters	OPTIONAL,		
srn-measurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-Parameters	OPTIONAL,		
sensor-measurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-Parameters	OPTIONAL,		
}				
	,			
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE {				
frequency INTI	EGER (1256) OPTIONAL,			
measurements BIT	STRING {			

		apSSID operatingClass apDeviceType apReportedLocation apEstimatedLocation	(0), (1), (2), (3),	
		apChannel	(4), (5),	
		apAntennaGain	(6),	
		ueAntennaGain apTransmitPower	(7), (8),	
		apSignaltoNoise	(9),	
		apSignalStrength	(10),	
		apRoundTripDelay	(11),	
		ueTransmitPower ueSignaltoNoise	(12), (13),	
		ueSignalStrength		(SIZE (132)),
}				
OMA-		urcing-LTE-Parameters		•
	frequency measurements	INTEGER (1256) BIT STRING {	OPTIO	NAL,
		eNBestimatedLocation	ı (	0),
		rsrp		1),
		rsrq		2), 3),
		ueRxTx non-serving-cell		4),
		non-serving-plmn		5)} (SIZE (116)),
ı				
}				
OMA-	-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdso	urcing-UTRA-Parameter	s ::=	SEQUENCE {
	frequency	INTEGER (1256)	OPTIO	DNAL,
	measurements	BIT STRING {	,	0.)
		nBestimatedLocation utra-carrier-RSSI		0), 1),
		fdd-cpich-Ec-N0		2),
		fdd-cpich-RSCP		3),
		fdd-pathloss		4),
		tdd-primary-ccpch-RS tdd-pathloss		5), 6),
		tdd-timing-advance		7),
		non-serving-cell		8),
		non-serving-plmn	(	9) } SIZE (116),
}				
OMA-	-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdso frequency measurements	urcing-GSM-Parameters INTEGER (1256) BIT STRING {	S ::= OPTIC	
	cubur ciliciteb	bts-estimatedLocatio	on (	0),
		rxLevel	(	1),
		timingAvance		2),
		non-serving-cell non-serving-plmn		3), 4)} (SIZE (18)),
			(	
}				
OMD.	-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdeo	urcing-SRN-Parameters	::=	SEQUENCE {
01111	frequency	INTEGER (1256)	OPTIO	•
	srn-Categories	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1)	6)) O	OF OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category,
	measurements	BIT STRING { apReportedLocation	,	0)
		apReportedLocation		0), 1),
		rssi		2),
		rtd	(	3)} (SIZE (116)),
1				
1				
OMA		urcing-Sensor-Paramet		
	frequency	INTEGER (1256)	OPTIO	NAL,
	measurements	BIT STRING { motionState	(	0),
		,	(	-,,,

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atmosphericPressure	(1),
temperature	(2),
humidity	(3),
soundLevel	(4),
illuminance	(5)} (SIZE (116)),

- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AdvancedCrowdsourcingParameters field descriptions

### frequency

The frequency parameter for each measurement type defines for which measurement sets the measurement type is requested by a server or accepted by a target. A value of N for the frequency field indicates that measurements SHALL only be obtained by a target for measurement sets N, 2N, 3N, 4N etc. where measurement set 1 is the first measurement set triggered for a particular crowdsourcing session, 2 is the second, 3 is the third etc. A frequency of more than one allows measurements to be reduced for a particular measurement type by skipping measurement sets. Use of a frequency N1 for one type of measurement and a frequency of N2 for another type of measurement where N1 and N2 are coprime also minimizes the number of measurement sets for which both measurement types are obtained. The frequency parameter may be used to reduce resource usage for sending and receiving crowdsourcing measurements. The parameter is optional and has the default value of one when not included. Note that when all measurements for a particular measurement set are skipped, no information regarding the measurement set should be provided to the server.

#### wlan-ap-measurements

This parameter defines the requested or accepted WLAN AP related measurements. Requested or accepted measurements are defined using a bit string with one bit corresponding to each type of measurement. A bit setting of one indicates that a measurement is requested by a server or accepted by a target and a bit setting of zero or omission of a bit indicates a measurement is not requested or not accepted.

#### *lte-measurements*

This parameter defines the requested or accepted LTE related measurements. Requested or accepted measurements are defined using a bit string with one bit corresponding to each type of measurement. A bit setting of one indicates that a measurement is requested by a server or accepted by a target and a bit setting of zero or omission of a bit indicates a measurement is not requested or not accepted.

#### utra-measurements

This parameter defines the requested or accepted UTRA related measurements. Requested or accepted measurements are defined using a bit string with one bit corresponding to each type of measurement. A bit setting of one indicates that a measurement is requested by a server or accepted by a target and a bit setting of zero or omission of a bit indicates a measurement is not requested or not accepted.

#### gsm-measurements

This parameter defines the requested or accepted GSM related measurements. Requested or accepted measurements are defined using a bit string with one bit corresponding to each type of measurement. A bit setting of one indicates that a measurement is requested by a server or accepted by a target and a bit setting of zero or omission of a bit indicates a measurement is not requested or not accepted.

#### srn-measurements

This parameter defines the requested or accepted SRN related measurements. Requested or accepted measurements are defined using a bit string with one bit corresponding to each type of measurement. A bit setting of one indicates that a measurement is requested by a server or accepted by a target and a bit setting of zero or omission of a bit indicates a measurement is not requested or not accepted.

#### srn-Categories

Thie parameter defines the SRN technologies and/or SRN vendors for which SRN measurements are requested by a server or accepted by a target.

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-AdvancedCrowdsourcingParameters field descriptions

#### sensor-measurements

This parameter defines the requested or accepted sensor related measurements. Requested or accepted measurements are defined using a bit string with one bit corresponding to each type of measurement. A bit setting of one indicates that a measurement is requested by a server or accepted by a target and a bit setting of zero or omission of a bit indicates a measurement is not requested or not accepted. Sensor measurements may be used to help determine environmental conditions associated with other crowdsourcing measurements such as being indoors, outdoors, in a subway, tall building etc.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements

The IE *OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements* is used by a target to report crowdsourcing measurements to a server. The IE applies to both basic crowdsourcing and advanced crowdsourcing.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {
   crowdsourcingCommonData OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-CommonData
                                                                           OPTIONAL.
                                                                                                   -Cond
FirstMessage
                           INTEGER (0..255)
                                                                   -- Cond MoreThanOneMessage
   sequence-number
                                                       OPTIONAL,
   measurements CHOICE {
                       basicMeasurements
                                              OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-BasicMeasurements,
                       advancedMeasurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-AdvancedMeasurements,
                       OPTIONAL,
                   OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-TargetCause
    error
                                                                           OPTIONAL.
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-BasicMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {
   basicMeasurementSubset
                              OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-MeasurementSubset,
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-AdvancedMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {
   advanced-measurement-subsets
                                   SEQUENCE
                                             (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxMeasurements))
                                                                                   OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-
Crowdsourcing-MeasurementSubset,
   wlan-ap-measurements
                               OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Measurements OPTIONAL,
                               OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Measurements
   lte-measurements
                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
   utra-measurements
                               OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Measurements
                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
   gsm-measurements
                               OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Measurements
                                                                                  OPTIONAL.
   srn-measurements
                               OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-Measurements
                                                                                   OPTIONAL,
   sensor-measurements
                               OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-Measurements
                                                                                  OPTIONAL,
}
-- Temporary Editorial Note: the LTE, UTRA and GSM crowdsourcing support will be added in a later CR
ver2-0-maxMeasurements INTEGER ::= 512
-- ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
FirstMessage	This parameter is conditional and may only be included in the first or only LPP Provide Location Information sent as part of a single LPP transaction to provide crowdsourcing measurements to a data server.
MoreThanOneMessage	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included when more then one LPP Provide Location Information message is sent as part of a single LPP transaction to provide crowdsourcing measurements to a data server.

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements

#### crowdsourcingCommonData

This parameter is used to provide data that is common to all basic or advanced crowdsourcing measurements reported by the target.

#### sequence-number

This parameter provides a sequence number for each LPP Provide Location Information message sent as part of the same LPP transaction to report crowdsourcing measurements. The sequence number starts at 0 and is incremented by 1 modulo 256 in each succeeding message. A server may use the sequence-number to detect message loss and in some cases message duplication.

#### measurements

This parameter indicates whether basic or advanced crowdsourcing measurements are provided and provides common data for each case and, in the case of advanced crowdsourcing, the measurements themselves. This parameter is optional and may be excluded when no measurements were obtained - e.g. in order to report an error condition to the server.

#### *basicMeasurements*

This parameter provides common data for a basic crowdsourcing measurement subset. The basic measurements themselves for the subset are provided in separate LPP and LPPe position method containers within the same LPP message in the same way as measurements for target positioning. Each LPP Provide Location Information message is restricted to providing one subset of measurements which will be part of or all of one measurement set (instigated by one instance of measurement triggers).

#### advancedMeasurements

This parameter provides one or more subsets of advanced measurements.

#### error

This parameter may be included to report error information concerning a target inability to obtain or report certain measurements. This parameter may be included with or without measurements, although it is suggested to only sparingly send an error without any measurements to reduce load on the server. The inclusion of this parameter does not indicate the termination of a crowdsourcing session.

#### *basicMeasurementSubset*

This parameter provides common data for one basic measurement subset.

#### advanced-measurement-subsets

This parameter references up to 512 successive measurement subsets for advanced crowdsourcing. The measurement subsets may belong either to the same measurement set (comprising measurements obtained due to one measurement trigger event) or to more than one measurement set. The measurement subsets SHALL be included and referenced in the order they were obtained and are indexed from 1 for the first subset to N (N  $\leq$  512) for the last subset where the index for any measurement subset corresponds to its position in the SEQUENCE OF data type.

#### wlan-ap-measurements

This parameter contains advanced crowdsourcing measurements for WLAN APs. The measurements are contained in measurement subsets that are referred to using the measurement subset indices defined for the advanced-measurement-subsets parameter,

#### *lte-measurements*

This parameter contains advanced crowdsourcing measurements for LTE. The measurements are contained in measurement subsets that are referred to using the measurement subset indices defined for the advanced-measurement-subsets parameter.

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements

#### utra-measurements

This parameter contains advanced crowdsourcing measurements for UTRA. The measurements are contained in measurement subsets that are referred to using the measurement subset indices defined for the advanced-measurementsubsets parameter.

#### gsm-measurements

This parameter contains advanced crowdsourcing measurements for GSMN. The measurements are contained in measurement subsets that are referred to using the measurement subset indices defined for the advanced-measurementsubsets parameter.

#### srn-measurements

This parameter contains advanced crowdsourcing measurements for SRN. The measurements are contained in measurement subsets that are referred to using the measurement subset indices defined for the advanced-measurementsubsets parameter.

#### sensor-measurements

This parameter contains advanced crowdsourcing measurements for sensors. The measurements are contained in measurement subsets that are referred to using the measurement subset indices defined for the advanced-measurementsubsets parameter.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-MeasurementSubset

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-MeasurementSubset is used by a target to provide common data for a measurement subset for either basic crowdsourcing or advanced crowdsourcing. Each measurement subset should contain measurements obtained for the same (or almost the same) target location. Measurements in a measurement set (triggered by one instance of measurement triggers in crowdsourcing control parameters) may all be included in one measurement subset if all the measurements were obtained at the same (or nearly the same) target location but should be included in multiple measurement subsets if the target location changed while the measurements were being made. A server may control the precision of location for each measurement subset using the locationPrecision parameter in the OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingControlParameters data type.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-MeasurementSubset ::= SEQUENCE {
   measurementLocation OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Location
                                                                         OPTIONAL,
    measurementTime
                            OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Time
    endOfMeasurementSet
                            NULL
    anchorPoint.
                            NITIT.T.
    . . .
```

- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-MeasurementSubset

OPTIONAL,

OPTIONAL,

OPTIONAL.

#### measurementLocation

This parameter provides an absolute and/or a relative target location at which the measurements reported for this measurement subset were obtained. This parameter is optional and SHALL be included if available. If the parameter is not included, the target location is considered to be unknown.

#### measurementTime

This parameter provides an absolute or a relative time at which the measurements reported for this measurement subset were obtained. This parameter is optional and SHALL be included if available. If the parameter is not included, the time is considered to be unknown.

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-MeasurementSubset

### endOfMeasurementSet

This parameter is included to indicate the end of a measurement set and enables different measurement sets to be distinguished and the measurement subsets belonging to each measurement set to be identified. By convention, a new measurement set is assumed to begin in the first measurement subset reported by a target as part of one LPP transaction and a measurement set is assumed to end in the last measurement subset reported by a target as part of one LPP transaction.

#### anchorPoint

This presence of this optional parameter indicates that the target location for this measurement subset may be used as an anchor point to define a relative target location for one or more subsequent measurement subsets. Even if the absolute target location for an anchor point is unknown, target locations relative to the anchor point may still be usefully provided to enable a server to infer some information about the transmitters being reported such as their locations relative to one another. It is recommended that whenever absolute location is available for some measurement subsets, that anchor points only be defined for the measurement subsets for which absolute location is explicitly provided. This can increase the accuracy of absolute location derivation for the measurement subsets whose locations are defined relative to an anchor point by avoiding the need to chain a sequence of two or more relative location is combined with a previous location, to obtain the cumulative location estimate, the errors expressed by any location uncertainty and confidence need to be combined, resulting in a greater uncertainty and greater corresponding error. Minimizing the number of relative and absolute locations that need to be combined can thereby reduce error.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Location

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Location is used by a target to report the absolute and/or relative target location corresponding to one subset of measurements for either advanced or basic crowdsourcing.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Location ::= SEQUENCE {
    absoluteLocation
                       SEOUENCE {
                         geodeticLocation CHOICE {
                             location2D EllipsoidPointWithUncertaintyEllipse,
location3D EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertai
                                                  EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid,
                             highaccuracy3D OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition,
                              },
                         relativeAltitude
                                                   OMA-LPPe-RelativeAltitude
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                         absoluteLocationSource OMA-LPPe-LocationSource
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                         . . .
                                      OPTIONAL.
    relativeLocation
                         SEQUENCE {
                         location
                                                  OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation.
                         relativeLocationSource OMA-LPPe-LocationSource
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
                                      OPTIONAL,
                                                       --Cond NotFirstSubset
    locationPrecision
                         INTEGER (1..1024)
                                                   OPTIONAL,
    . . .
}
 - ASN1STOP
```

Conditional presence	Explanation
NotFirstSubset	This parameter is conditional and may be included for any measurement subset except the first
	subset reported by a target in any LPP transaction.

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Location

#### absoluteLocation

This parameter provides the absolute location of the target corresponding to one measurement subset. This parameter is optional and SHALL be provided for the first measurement subset reported by a target in any LPP transaction for which an absolute location is available. Thereafter, a target should report subsequent absolute locations if this will provide better absolute location accuracy than that inferred using the relativeLocation parameter. When absolute location accuracy for the absoluteLocation parameter would be roughly comparable to the absolute location accuracy inferred from one or more instances of the relativeLocation parameter, a target should report only the relativeLocation parameter to reduce signaling. The uncertainty and confidence for an absolute location SHALL be as precise as possible and refer to the target location at some point during the measurement subset.

#### geodeticLocation

This parameter provides an absolute geodetic location for the target for one measurement subset. The geodetic location can be provided as a 2-D, 3-D or high accuracy 3-D absolute location with uncertainty and confidence.

#### relativeAltitude

This parameter provides the target altitude relative to ground level. This parameter and a 3-D geodeticLocation, if both are present, refer to the same altitude. This parameter is optional and SHALL be included when available.

#### absoluteLocationSource

This parameter indicates the source or sources of an absolute location. This parameter is optional and SHALL be included when available.

#### relativeLocation

This parameter provides the target location relative to a previous target location (whether known or unknown) for a previous measurement subset that is either the most recent measurement subset marked as an anchor point or the immediately preceding measurement subset if no anchor points were defined. The previous target location SHALL coincide with any absolute and/or relative location that was provided for the previous measurement subset that is referenced in order that the relative location can be accurately combined with the previous relative or absolute location (e.g. to infer an accurate absolute location for the current measurement subset). The accuracy of the relativeLocation SHALL be the accuracy of the relative location estimate itself, i.e. not including any uncertainty attributable to the point to which the relativeLocation is relative. This means that the accuracy and confidence for the relativeLocation MUST be combined with those for the referenced location when obtaining either an absolute location or a location relative to an earlier measurement subset for the current measurement subset. It should be noted that the relativeLocation parameter may have a higher or lower location accuracy than the absoluteLocation parameter. As an example of higher location accuracy, the absolute location of a target may be known with an expected error of 100 meters (e.g. based on A-GNSS) while the relative location of the target with respect to its location 5 minutes earlier may have an expected error of only 2 meters (e.g. if sensors detected the user was nearly stationary). As an example of lower location accuracy, a very precise absolute location may be obtained after a target has moved by a distance with a high level of uncertainty. It should be noted that relativeLocation for some measurement subset A given relative to the location for a previous measurement subset B may be used to infer the absolute location for either measurement subset A or measurement subset B depending on whether absolute location is provided or can be inferred (e.g. using additional relativeLocation values) for measurement subset B or measurement subset A, respectively. This enables later as well as earlier absolute locations to be used to infer absolute location for measurement subsets for which an absolute location is not provided.

A target SHALL provide relativeLocation when available either when the absoluteLocation parameter is not provided or when absoluteLocation is provided and a relative location may be needed to infer the location of one or more previous measurement subsets. When both a relative and an absolute location type are reported for the same measurement subset, they SHALL both refer to the same target location and be obtained at the same time.

#### *relativeLocationSource*

This parameter indicates the source or sources of a relative location. This parameter is optional and SHALL be included when available

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Location

#### locationPrecision

This parameter provides the maximum straight line distance that the target may have moved while obtaining measurements for the reported measurement subset. The parameter may be approximated by the distance between the target locations for the first and last measurements reported. The parameter may also be measured using sensors. The distance D moved by the target is encoded as an integer N in the range 1 to 1024 where:

 $D \le N$  meters for N < 1024

and D > 1023 meters for N = 1024

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Time

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Location is used by a target to report the absolute and/or relative target location corresponding to one subset of measurements for either advanced or basic crowdsourcing.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Time ::= SEQUENCE {
    time CHOICE {
        absoluteTime UTCTime,
        relativeTime INTEGER (0..86400)
        },
      duration INTEGER (1..1024) OPTIONAL,
        locationTime INTEGER (0..1023) OPTIONAL,
        ...
    }
    -- ASN1STOP
```

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Time

#### absoluteTime

This parameter provides the absolute UTC time corresponding to one measurement subset in seconds if available and otherwise in minutes. This parameter SHALL be provided for the first measurement subset reported by a target in one LPP transaction for which absolute time is available. Thereafter, a target may report time using the relativeTime parameter. The absolute time should preferably refer to the midpoint of a measurement subset.

#### relativeTime

This parameter provides the time in seconds for a measurement subset relative to the time for the last measurement subset.

#### duration

This parameter provides the duration of a measurement subset in seconds rounded up to the nearest second except for a value of 1024 which indicates a duration of more than 1023 seconds. Duration is measured from the time of the first measurement in a measurement subset to the time the last measurement in the measurement subset is obtained. This parameter is optional and SHALL be provided if available.

### *locationTime*

This parameter provides the time in seconds at which an absolute location and/or a relative location was/were obtained for the measurement subset relative to the start of (i.e. first measurement for) the measurement subset. This parameter is optional and SHALL be provided if available.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-CommonData

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-CommonData is used by a target to provide common data for crowdsourcing.

OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,

OPTIONAL,

-- ASN1START

-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-CommonData

### deviceType

This optional parameter identifies the oem vendor and optionally the oem model and version for the target device. The parameter may also identify the vendor, model and version for each wireless baseband chip in the target device. This parameter should be included when available.

#### reportNumber

This optional parameter provides the report number which SHALL start at one for the first crowdsourcing report and increase by one for each successive report. Should the maximum value be reached, all successive reports SHALL indicate the maximum number. This parameter is optional and may be omitted for anonymous crowdsourcing to help protect user privacy.

#### *lastReportingTime*

This optional parameter provides the time of the last crowdsourcing measurement report to the data server. This may be used by a server to compile statistics on the frequency of reporting by a particular target or by all targets. This parameter is optional and may be omitted for anonymous crowdsourcing to help protect user privacy.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Measurements

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Measurements is used by a target to report advanced crowdsourcing measurements for WLAN APs. The measurements for each AP are compressed by including measurements only for measurement subsets where measurements for the particular AP were obtained. The measurement subsets for which such measurements were obtained are referred to using the measurement subset index defined for the parameter advanced-measurement-subsets for the OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements data type.

```
-- ASN1START
```

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxAPs)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-Single-AP-Measurements

ver2-0-maxAPs INTEGER := 1024

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowd	sourcing-WLAN-Single-AP-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE {	
apMACAddress	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-ID,	
startIndex	INTEGER (1ver2-0-maxMeasurements) OPTIONAL,	
apMeasurements	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-maxMeasurements)) OF CHOICE {	
	notPresent NULL,	
	arePresent SEQUENCE {	
	static-ap-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-	
StaticMeasurements	OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP	
	dynamic-ap-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-	
DynamicMeasurements	OPTIONAL	
	}	
	},	
}		
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowd	sourcing-WLAN-AP-StaticMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {	
apSSID	OCTET STRING (SIZE (132)) OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP	
operatingClass	INTEGER (0255) OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP	
operacriigerass		

	apDeviceType apReportedLocation apEstimatedLocation apChannel apAntennaGain ueAntennaGain	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-AP-Type OMA-LPPe-WLAN-ReportedLocation OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation INTEGER (0256) INTEGER (-127128) INTEGER (-127128)	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL,	Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP
	apTransmitPower	INTEGER (-127128)	OPTIONAL,	Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP
}			011101111,	
OMA	-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourci	ng-WLAN-AP-DynamicMeasurements :	:= SEQUENCE {	
	apSignaltoNoise	INTEGER (0255)	OPTIONAL,	
	apSignalStrength	INTEGER (0255)	OPTIONAL,	
	apRoundTripDelay	OMA-LPPe-WLAN-RTD	OPTIONAL,	
	ueTransmitPower	INTEGER (-127128)	OPTIONAL,	
	ueSignaltoNoise	INTEGER (0255)	OPTIONAL,	
	ueSignalStrength	INTEGER (0255)	OPTIONAL,	
			,	
}				
,				
	ASN1STOP			

Conditional presence	Explanation
OnlyIfDiferentPerAP	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included for the first measurement subset in which measurements for each WLAN AP are included and for any subsequent measurement subset for the same WLAN AP for which the parameter content has changed. The parameter SHALL NOT be included for any subsequent measurement subset for the same WLAN AP for which the parameter content is unchanged.

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Measurements

## apMACAddress

This parameter provides the MAC address for a WLAN AP for which crowdsourcing measurements are provided.

### startIndex

This parameter provides the index in the range 1-512 of the first measurement subset for which measurements for the AP are provided. If omitted, this parameter has the default value of 1.

### apMeasurements

This parameter provides measurements for the WLAN AP for a sequence of consecutive measurement subsets starting with the measurement subset with index given by startIndex. The number of measurement subsets for which measurements are provided plus (startIndex -1) SHALL NOT exceed 512. The AP measurements for each measurement subset are provided as a CHOICE, where the parameter notPresent indicates that no measurements for the AP are present for this subset and the parameter arePresent indicates that measurements are present.

#### static-ap-measurements

This parameter provides static measurements for the WLAN AP for one measurement subset. Static measurements refer to measurements that seldom or never change. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available for the first measurement subset and for any subsequent measurement subset in which one or more of the contained measurements have changed.

#### dynamic-ap-measurements

This parameter provides dynamic measurements for the WLAN AP for one measurement subset. Dynamic measurements refer to measurements that normally change. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available for each measurement subset.

### apSSID

This parameter provides the SSID of the wireless network served by the AP.

#### operating Class

This parameter defines the Operating Class as defined in [IEEE 802.11].

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Measurements

# apDeviceType

This parameter provides the AP device type – 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, 802.11ac or 802.11ad. The AP device type refers to the device type being used for signalling as opposed to the capability of the AP (for instance an 802.11n capable AP in e.g., 802.11a signalling mode).

1 0	
APReportedLocation	
	es the reported location of the AP in the form of the Location Configuration Information (LCI) 1][RFC 3825] and includes the following subfields:
latitudeResolution:	6-bits indicating the number of valid bits in the fixed-point value of <i>latitude</i> . (This value is the number of high-order Latitude bits that should be considered valid. Any bits entered to the righ of this limit should not be considered valid. Values above decimal 34 are undefined and reserved.)
latitude:	A 34-bits fixed point value consisting of 9-bits of integer and 25-bits of fraction indicating the Latitude (+/- 90 degrees) of the AP.
longitudeResolution:	6-bits indicating the number of valid bits in the fixed-point value of <i>longitude</i> . (This value is the number of high-order Longitude bits that should be considered valid. Any bits entered to the right of this limit should not be considered valid. Values above decimal 34 are undefined and reserved.)
longitude:	A 34-bits fixed point value consisting of 9-bits of integer and 25-bits of fraction indicating the Longitude (+/- 180 degrees) of the AP.
altitudeType:	Defines the altitude type. Codes defined are:
	1: Meters of altitude.
	2: Building floors of altitude.
altitude value	0.0 represents the floor level associated with ground level.
altitudeResolution:	6-bits indicating the number of valid bits in the <i>altitude</i> . (This value is the number of high-order Altitude bits that should be considered valid. Any bits entered to the right of this limit should not be considered valid. Values above decimal 30 are undefined and reserved.)
altitude:	A 30-bit fixed point value consisting of 22-bits of integer and 8-bits of fraction indicating the Altitude of the AP in units defined by <i>altitudeType</i> .
datum:	Defines the map datum used for the coordinates. Codes defined are:
	1: World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS-84)
	2: North American Datum 1983 (NAD-83) with North American Vertica Datum 1988 (NAVD-88)
	3: North American Datum 1983 (NAD-83) with Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW) vertical datum.

# apEstimatedLocation

This parameter provides the estimated location of the AP as estimated by the target based on measurements of the AP. The location is expressed as a location relative to the target location for either (a) the most recent measurement subset (including the current subset) that is marked as an anchor point or (b) the current measurement subset if no anchor points were defined. The accuracy of the estimated location refers only to the accuracy of the relative location estimate itself, i.e. not including any uncertainty attributable to the reference location for the point to which the estimated location is relative. This means that the accuracy and confidence for the estimated location MUST be combined with those for the reference location when obtaining either an absolute location for the AP or a relative location for the AP relative to an earlier measurement subset. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

# apChannel

This parameter provides the AP channel number identification of the reported WLAN AP.

# apAntennaGain

This parameter provides the antenna gain of the AP in dBi.

# ueAntennaGain

This parameter provides the antenna gain of the target in dBi for transmission to the WLAN AP.

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### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-Measurements

# apTransmitPower

This parameter provides the power the AP transmits on a beacon, probe response or measurement pilot frame in dBm.

#### *apSignaltoNoise*

This parameter provides the AP signal to noise ratio (S/N) of a beacon, probe response or measurement pilot frame in dB as measured at the target. The encoded value in the range 0-255 provides the S/N in the range -10 to 117.5 dB as follows:

S/N = (encoded value / 2) - 10

The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

# apSignalStrength

This parameter provides the AP signal strength (RCPI – Received Channel Power Indicator) of a beacon frame, probe response frame or measurement pilot frame measured at the target in dBm on the channel indicated by the *apChannel* parameter. The encoded value in the range 0-255 provides the RCPI in the range -112.5 to 15 dBm as follows:

RCPI = (encoded value / 2) - 112.5

The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

## apRoundTripDelay

This parameter provides the measured round trip delay between the target and WLAN AP and optionally the accuracy expressed as the standard deviation of the delay. Units for each of these are 1000ns, 100ns, 10ns, 1ns or 0.1ns. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

### *ueTransmitPower*

This parameter provides the transmit power used by the target to access the WLAN AP in dBm. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

# ueSignaltoNoise

This parameter provides the target's signal to noise ratio (S/N) measured at the AP in dB. The encoded value in the range 0-255 provides the S/N in the range -10 to 117.5 dB as follows:

S/N = (encoded value / 2) - 10

The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

## ueSignalStrength

This field provides the target's signal strength (RCPI – Received Channel Power Indicator) measured at the AP on the channel indicated by the *apChannel* field in dBm. The encoded value in the range 0-255 provides the RCPI in the range - 112.5 to 15 dBm as follows:

RCPI = (encoded value / 2) - 112.5

The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Measurements

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Measurements is used by a target to report advanced crowdsourcing measurements for LTE cells. The measurements for each cell are compressed by including measurements only for measurement subsets where measurements for the particular cell were obtained. The measurement subsets for which such measurements were obtained are referred to using the measurement subset index defined for the parameter advanced-measurement-subsets for the OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements data type.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxLTECells)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Single-Cell-Measurements
```

ver2-0-maxLTECells INTEGER ::= 1024

	<pre>mcc SEQUENCE (SIZE (3)) OF INTEGER (09), mnc SEQUENCE (SIZE (23)) OF INTEGER (09),</pre>	
	},	
multiple-PLMNs	BOOLEAN	
	} OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerReport	
physCellId	INTEGER (0503),	
cellId	BIT STRING (SIZE (28)),	
startIndex lteMeasurements	INTEGER (1ver2-0-maxMeasurements) OPTIONAL, SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-maxMeasurements)) OF CHOICE {	
Itemeasurements	notPresent NULL,	
	arePresent SEQUENCE {	
	static-LTE-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-	
StaticMeasurements	OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerCell	
StaticMeasurements	dynamic-LTE-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-	
DynamicMeasurements	OPTIONAL	
Dynami encabai emerreb		
	},	
}		
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdso	purcing-LTE-StaticMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {	
arfcnEUTRA	SEQUENCE {	
	arfcn ARFCN-ValueEUTRA,	
	arfcn-extension ARFCN-ValueEUTRA-v9a0 OPTIONALCond EARFCN-max	
	<pre>} OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerCe.</pre>	
eNBestimatedLocatio	on OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerCe	11
、 ···		
}		
ONA INDE seens? O descudes	<pre>purcing-LTE-DynamicMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {</pre>	
primaryCell	BOOLEAN,	
rsrp-Result	INTEGER (097) OPTIONAL,	
rsrq-Result	INTEGER (034) OPTIONAL,	
ue-RxTxTimeDiff	INTEGER (094) OPTIONAL,	
}		
,		

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
OnlyIfDifferentPerRepor t	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included only for the first reported cell in OMA- LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Measurements and for any subsequent reported cell where
	the parameter is different to that for the previous reported cell.
EARFCN-max	The field is mandatory present if the corresponding <i>arfcn</i> (i.e. without suffix) is set to <i>maxEARFCN</i> (65535). Otherwise the field is not present.
OnlyIfDiferentPerCell	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included for the first measurement subset in which measurements for each LTE cell are included and for any subsequent measurement subset for the same cell for which the parameter content has changed. The parameter SHALL NOT be included for any subsequent measurement subset for the same cell for which the parameter content is unchanged.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Measurements

# plmn-Information

This parameter provides the PLMN identity for an LTE cell and indicates whether the cell supports more than PLMN. For a cell that supports more than one PLMN, the PLMN identity is for the primary PLMN.

# physCellId

This field specifies the physical cell identity of the reported cell.

# cellId

This field specifies the cell ID of the reported LTE cell.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-Measurements

# startIndex

This parameter provides the index in the range 1-512 of the first measurement subset for which measurements for the LTE cell are provided. If omitted, this parameter has the default value of 1.

# *lteMeasurements*

This parameter provides measurements for the LTE cell for a sequence of consecutive measurement subsets starting with the measurement subset with index given by startIndex. The number of measurement subsets for which measurements are provided plus (startIndex – 1) SHALL NOT exceed 512. The LTE cell measurements for each measurement subset are provided as a CHOICE, where the parameter notPresent indicates that no measurements for the LTE cell are present for this subset and the parameter arePresent indicates that measurements are present.

## static-lte-measurements

This parameter provides static measurements for the LTE cell for one measurement subset. Static measurements refer to measurements that seldom or never change. This parameter SHALL be included for the first measurement subset and for any subsequent measurement subset in which one or more of the contained measurements have changed.

# dynamic-lte-measurements

This parameter provides dynamic measurements for the LTE cell for one measurement subset. Dynamic measurements refer to measurements that normally change. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available for each measurement subset.

# arfcnEUTRA

This field specifies the ARFCN of the measured E-UTRA carrier frequency, as used in [LPP].

# eNBestimatedLocation

This parameter provides the estimated location of the eNB antenna for the reported cell as estimated by the target based on measurements of the cell. The location is expressed as a location relative to the target location for either (a) the most recent measurement subset (including the current subset) that is marked as an anchor point or (b) the current measurement subset if no anchor points were defined. The accuracy of the estimated location refers only to the accuracy of the relative location estimate itself, i.e. not including any uncertainty attributable to the reference location MUST be combined with those for the reference location when obtaining either an absolute location for the eNB or a relative location for the eNB relative to an earlier measurement subset. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

# primaryCell

This parameter indicates if the reported cell is the primary serving cell for the target when the measurements are made.

# rsrp-Result

This field specifies the reference signal received power (RSRP) measurement, as defined in [36.331] and [36.214]. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

## rsrq-Result

This field specifies the reference signal received quality (RSRQ) measurement, as defined in [36.331] and [36.214]. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

# ue-RxTxTimeDiff

This field specifies the target Rx-Tx time difference measurement, as defined in [36.214]. It is provided only for measurements on the target's primary cell. Measurement report mapping is according to [36.133]. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

#### \_

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Measurements

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Measurements is used by a target to report advanced crowdsourcing measurements for UTRA cells. The measurements for each cell are compressed by including measurements only for measurement subsets where measurements for the particular cell were obtained. The measurement subsets for which such measurements were obtained are referred to using the measurement subset index defined for the parameter advanced-measurement-subsets for the OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements data type.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxUTRACells)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Single-Cell-Measurements ver2-0-maxUTRACells INTEGER ::= 512 OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Single-Cell-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE { plmn-Information SEQUENCE { plmn-Identity SEQUENCE SEQUENCE (SIZE (3)) OF INTEGER (0..9), mcc mnc SEQUENCE (SIZE (2..3)) OF INTEGER (0..9), . . . }, multiple-PLMNs BOOLEAN OPTIONAL, --Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerReport cellId BIT STRING (SIZE (32)), INTEGER (1...ver2-0-maxMeasurements) startIndex OPTIONAL. utraMeasurements SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxMeasurements)) OF CHOICE { notPresent NULL, SEQUENCE { arePresent static-UTRA-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-StaticMeasurements OPTIONAL, --Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerCell dynamic-UTRA-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-OPTIONAL DvnamicMeasurements } }, . . . } OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-StaticMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE { CHOICE { uarfcn fdd-DL ARFCN-ValueUTRA, tdd ARFCN-ValueUTRA OPTIONAL, --Cond OnlyifDifferentPerCell physicalID CHOICE { fdd OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-PrimaryScramblingCode, tdd OMA-LPPe-OTDOA-UTRA-CellParametersID OPTIONAL, --Cond OnlyifDifferentPerCell nBestimatedLocation OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation OPTIONAL, --Cond OnlyifDifferentPerCell . . . } OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-DynamicMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE { utra-CarrierRSSI OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CarrierRSSI OPTIONAL, --Cond FirstOnly BOOLEAN. servingCell modeSpecificInfo CHOICE { fdd SEQUENCE { cpich-Ec-N0 OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CPICH-Ec-N0 OPTIONAL, cpich-RSCP OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-CPICH-RSCP OPTIONAL, fdd-pathloss OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Pathloss OPTIONAL, . . . }, tdd SEQUENCE { primaryCCPCH-RSCP OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP OPTIONAL. tdd-pathloss OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-Pathloss OPTIONAL, utratimingAdvance OMA-LPPe-ECID-UTRA-UTRATimingAdvance OPTIONAL, . . . } }, . . . } -- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
OnlyIfDifferentPerRepor	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included only for the first reported cell in OMA-
t	LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Measurements and for any subsequent reported cell
	where the parameter is different to that for the previous reported cell.
FirstOnly	The parameter is conditional and SHALL be included if available only for the first reported cell in each measurement subset measured by the target using a particular UARFCN.
OnlyIfDiferentPerCell	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included for the first measurement subset for any UTRA cell in which measurements for the cell are included and for any subsequent measurement subset for the same cell for which the parameter content has changed. The parameter SHALL NOT be included for any subsequent measurement subset for the cell for which the parameter content is unchanged.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Measurements

# plmn-Information

This parameter provides the PLMN identity for an UTRA cell and indicates whether the cell supports more than PLMN. For a cell that supports more than one PLMN, the PLMN identity is for the primary PLMN.

## cellId

This field specifies cell ID of the reported UTRA cell.

## startIndex

This parameter provides the index in the range 1-512 of the first measurement subset for which measurements for the LTE cell are provided. If omitted, this parameter has the default value of 1.

# utraMeasurements

This parameter provides measurements for the UTRA cell for a sequence of consecutive measurement subsets starting with the measurement subset with index given by startIndex. The number of measurement subsets for which measurements are provided plus (startIndex - 1) SHALL NOT exceed 512. The UTRA cell measurements for each measurement subset are provided as a CHOICE, where the parameter notPresent indicates that no measurements for the UTRA cell are present for this subset and the parameter arePresent indicates that measurements are present.

## static-utra-measurements

This parameter provides static measurements for the UTRA cell for one measurement subset. Static measurements refer to measurements that seldom or never change. This parameter SHALL be included for the first measurement subset and for any subsequent measurement subset in which one or more of the contained measurements have changed.

## dynamic-utra-measurements

This parameter provides dynamic measurements for the UTRA cell for one measurement subset. Dynamic measurements refer to measurements that normally change. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available for each measurement subset.

# uarfcn

This field specifies the UARFCN for which measurements were made – either the downlink UARFCN for FDD as specified in [25.101] or the UARFCN for TDD as specified in [25.102].

## physicalID

For FDD, this field provides the scrambling code (0-511) for the primary CPICH. For TDD, this field provides the cell parameter ID (0-127).

## nBestimatedLocation

This parameter provides the estimated location of the Node B antenna for the reported cell as estimated by the target based on measurements of the cell. The location is expressed as a location relative to the target location for either (a) the most recent measurement subset (including the current subset) that is marked as an anchor point or (b) the current measurement subset if no anchor points were defined. The accuracy of the estimated location refers only to the accuracy of the relative location estimate itself, i.e. not including any uncertainty attributable to the reference location for the point to which the estimated location is relative. This means that the accuracy and confidence for the estimated location MUST be combined with those for the reference location when obtaining either an absolute location for the Node B or a relative location for the Node B relative to an earlier measurement subset. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Measurements

## utra-CarrierRSSI

This parameter provides the UTRA Carrier RSSI level for the UARFCN measured for the cell in the range 0-76 as defined and encoded in [25.133] for FDD and [25.123] for TDD. Values over 76 are spare (not used). This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available for the first reported cell for the UARFCN being measured.

# servingCell

This parameter indicates if the reported cell is a serving cell for the target when the measurements are made.

# cpich-Ec-N0

This parameter is applicable only to FDD and provides an encoded value for CPICH\_Ec/Io. This is the ratio of the received energy per PN chip for the CPICH to the total received power spectral density at the UE antenna connector. For a target that is able to simultaneously receive signals from more than 1 carrier, CPICH\_Ec/Io is defined for each carrier individually. The encoding is as defined in [25.133]. The value range for this field is 0-63, but values over 49 are not used. This parameter SHALL be provided if requested and available.

# cpich-RSCP

This parameter provides an encoded value for the CPICH RSCP. The encoding is based on [25.331] and [25.133] as follows:

cpich-RSCP = 123	CPICH RSCP < -120 dBm
cpich-RSCP = 124	$-120 \le CPICH RSCP < -119 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 125	$-119 \leq CPICH RSCP < -118 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 126	$-118 \le CPICH RSCP < -117 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 127	$-117 \le CPICH RSCP < -116 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 0	$-116 \le CPICH RSCP < -115 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 1	$-115 \le CPICH RSCP < -114 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 89	$-27 \le CPICH RSCP < -26 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 90	$-26 \le CPICH RSCP < -25 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 91	$-25 \le CPICH RSCP dB$

The value range of this parameter is 0-127 with values in the range 92-122 not used. This parameter SHALL be provided if requested and available.

# fdd-pathloss

The parameter provides the path loss for FDD in the range 46-158 dB. Values above 158 are spare. This parameter SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-Measurements

### primaryCCPCH-RSCP

This paremeter provides the encoded value for the primary CCPCH RSCP for TDD. Encoding is based on [25.331] and [25.123] as follows:

cpich-RSCP = 123	CPICH RSCP < -120 dBm
cpich-RSCP = 124	$-120 \le CPICH RSCP \le -119 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 125	$-119 \leq CPICH RSCP < -118 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 126	$-118 \leq CPICH RSCP < -117 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 127	$-117 \leq$ CPICH RSCP $< -116$ dBm
cpich-RSCP = 0	$-116 \leq CPICH RSCP < -115 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 1	$-115 \le CPICH RSCP < -114 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 89	$-27 \le CPICH RSCP < -26 dBm$
cpich-RSCP = 90	$-26 \le$ CPICH RSCP < $-25$ dBm
cpich-RSCP = 91	$-25 \le CPICH RSCP$ dB

The value range of this parameter is 0-127 with values in the range 92-122 not used. This parameter SHALL be provided if requested and available.

### tdd-pathloss

This parameter provides the path loss for TDD in the range 46-158 dB. Values above 158 are spare. This parameter SHALL be provided if requested and available.

# utraTimingAdvance

This parameter provides the timing advance for TDD. This is measured as defined in [25.225] for 1.28Mcps TDD (though applies also to 3.84 and 7.68 Mcps). Encoding uses the following fields:

tA: timing advance in the range 0-8191

tAResolution: units for tA res1-0chip: 1.0 chips res0-5chip: 0.5 chips res0-125chip: 0.125 chips (default value if absent) chipRate : chip rate tdd128: 1.28 Mcps (default if absent) tdd384: 3.84 Mcps tdd768: 7.68 Mcps

This parameter SHALL be provided for a serving cell if requested and available.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Measurements

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Measurements is used by a target to report advanced crowdsourcing measurements for GSM cells. The measurements for each cell are compressed by including measurements only for measurement subsets where measurements for the particular cell were obtained. The measurement subsets for which such measurements were obtained are referred to using the measurement subset index defined for the parameter advanced-measurement-subsets for the OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements data type.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxGSMCells)) OF OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Single-Cell-Measurements

ver2-0-maxGSMCells INTEGER ::= 256

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OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Single-Cell-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE {     plmn-Identity SEQUENCE {
mcc SEQUENCE (SIZE (3)) OF INTEGER (09),
mnc SEQUENCE (SIZE (23)) OF INTEGER (09),
} OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerReport
locationAreaCode BIT STRING (SIZE (16)) OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerReport
cellId BIT STRING (SIZE (16)),
bsic-bcch OMA-LPPe-CellNonUniqueIDGERAN,
startIndex INTEGER (1ver2-0-maxMeasurements) OPTIONAL,
gsmMeasurements SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-maxMeasurements)) OF CHOICE {
notPresent NULL,
arePresent SEQUENCE {
static-GSM-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-
StaticMeasurements OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerCell dynamic-GSM-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-
DynamicMeasurements OPTIONAL
},
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-StaticMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {
btsEstimatedLocation OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation OPTIONAL,Cond OnlyifDifferentPerCell
、 ····
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-DynamicMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {
servingCell BOOLEAN,
rxLevel INTEGER (063) OPTIONAL,
tA INTEGER (0255) OPTIONAL,
}
ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
OnlyIfDifferentPerRepor t	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included only for the first reported cell in OMA- LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Measurements and for any subsequent reported cell where the parameter is different to that for the previous reported cell.
OnlyIfDiferentPerCell	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included for the first measurement subset for any GSM cell in which measurements for the cell are included and for any subsequent measurement subset for the same cell for which the parameter content has changed. The parameter SHALL NOT be included for any subsequent measurement subset for the cell for which the parameter content is unchanged.

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Measurements
plmn-Identity
This parameter provides the PLMN identity for the reported GSM cell.
locationAreaCode
This parameter provides the location area code for the reported GSM cell.
cellId
This parameter provides the cell ID for the reported GSM cell.
bsic-bcch
This parameter provides the BSIC and BCCH ARFCN for the reported GSM cell.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-Measurements

# startIndex

This parameter provides the index in the range 1-512 of the first measurement subset for which measurements for the GSM cell are provided. If omitted, this parameter has the default value of 1.

### gsmMeasurements

This parameter provides measurements for the GSM cell for a sequence of consecutive measurement subsets starting with the measurement subset with index given by startIndex. The number of measurement subsets for which measurements are provided plus (startIndex - 1) SHALL NOT exceed 512. The GSM cell measurements for each measurement subset are provided as a CHOICE, where the parameter notPresent indicates that no measurements for the GSM cell are present for this subset and the parameter arePresent indicates that measurements are present.

### static-gsm-measurements

This parameter provides static measurements for the GSM cell for one measurement subset. Static measurements refer to measurements that seldom or never change. This parameter SHALL be included for the first measurement subset and for any subsequent measurement subset in which one or more of the contained measurements have changed.

### dynamic-gsm-measurements

This parameter provides dynamic measurements for the GSM cell for one measurement subset. Dynamic measurements refer to measurements that normally change. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available for each measurement subset.

## **btsEstimatedLocation**

This parameter provides the estimated location of the BTS antenna for the reported cell as estimated by the target based on measurements of the cell. The location is expressed as a location relative to the target location for either (a) the most recent measurement subset (including the current subset) that is marked as an anchor point or (b) the current measurement subset if no anchor points were defined. The accuracy of the estimated location refers only to the accuracy of the relative location estimate itself, i.e. not including any uncertainty attributable to the reference location MUST be combined with those for the reference location when obtaining either an absolute location for the BTS or a relative location for the BTS relative to an earlier measurement subset. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

## servingCell

This parameter indicates if the reported cell is the serving cell for the target when the measurements are made.

## rxLevel

This field specifies the received signal level for a measured cell. Rx-level is encoded according to [45.008] as:

0:	<		-110 dBm.
1:	-110 dBm	to	-109 dBm.
2:	-109 dBm	to	-108 dBm.
62:	-49 dBm	to	-48 dBm.
63:	>= -48 dBm.		
field SHA	I I be included if requested and available		

This field SHALL be included if requested and available.

# *tA*

This field specifies the timing advance of a serving cell in units of  $48/13\mu$ s (length of a GSM bit). This provides an approximation for the round trip propagation time between the target and the base station of the measured cell. This field SHALL be included if requested and available.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-Measurements

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-Measurements is used by a target to report advanced crowdsourcing measurements for SRN access points. The measurements for each SRN AP are compressed by including measurements only for measurement subsets where measurements for the particular AP were obtained. The measurement subsets for which such measurements were obtained are referred to using the measurement subset index defined for the parameter advanced-measurement-subsets for the OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements data type.

-- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxSRNAPs)) OF OMA-LPPe-
ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-AP-Measurements
ver2-0-maxSRNAPs
                        INTEGER ::= 1024
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-AP-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE {
                            OMA-LPPe-SRN-SRNid,
    srnID
                            OMA-LPPe-SRN-Category OPTIONAL, --Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerReport
   srnCategory
   startIndex
srnMeasurements
                            INTEGER (1..ver2-0-maxMeasurements)
                                                                             OPTIONAL,
                                SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..ver2-0-maxMeasurements)) OF CHOICE {
                                 notPresent
                                                     NULL,
                                                    SEQUENCE {
                                arePresent
                                   static-SRN-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-
                        OPTIONAL,
                                        --Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP
StaticMeasurements
                                    dynamic-SRN-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-
DynamicMeasurements
                        OPTIONAL
                                }
                             },
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-StaticMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {
   apReportedLocation OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-SRN-ReportedLocation OPTIONAL, --Cond OnlyIfDifferentPerAP
aPestimatedLocation OMA-LPPe-RelativeLocation OPTIONAL, --Cond
OnlyIfDifferentPerAP
   . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-SRN-ReportedLocation ::= CHOICE {
   coarse-3D
                           EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid,
                            OMA-LPPe-HighAccuracy3Dposition,
   fine-3D
    . . .
}
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-DynamicMeasurements ::= SEQUENCE {
              INTEGER(-128..127) OPTIONAL,
OMA-LPPe-WLAN-RTD OPTIONAL,
   rssi
                        OMA-LPPe-WLAN-RTD
   rtd
    . . .
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

Conditional presence	Explanation
OnlyIfDifferentPerRepor t	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included only for the first reported SRN AP in OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-Measurements and for any subsequent reported SRN AP where the parameter is different to that for the previous reported SRN AP.
OnlyIfDiferentPerAP	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included for the first measurement subset in which measurements for any SRN AP are included and for any subsequent measurement subset for the same AP for which the parameter content has changed. The parameter SHALL NOT be included for any subsequent measurement subset for the same AP for which the parameter content is unchanged.

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-Measurements	
srnID	
This field identifies the SRN AP.	
srnCategory	
This field identifies the SRN technology and may indicate an SRN vendor.	

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-Measurements

# startIndex

This parameter provides the index in the range 1-512 of the first measurement subset for which measurements for the SRN AP are provided. If omitted, this parameter has the default value of 1.

### srnMeasurements

This parameter provides measurements for the SRN AP for a sequence of consecutive measurement subsets starting with the measurement subset with index given by startIndex. The number of measurement subsets for which measurements are provided plus (startIndex - 1) SHALL NOT exceed 512. The SRN AP measurements for each measurement subset are provided as a CHOICE, where the parameter notPresent indicates that no measurements for the SRN AP are present for this subset and the parameter arePresent indicates that measurements are present.

### static-srn-measurements

This parameter provides static measurements for the SRN AP for one measurement subset. Static measurements refer to measurements that seldom or never change. This parameter SHALL be included for the first measurement subset and for any subsequent measurement subset in which one or more of the contained measurements have changed.

### dynamic-srn-measurements

This parameter provides dynamic measurements for the SRN AP for one measurement subset. Dynamic measurements refer to measurements that normally change. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available for each measurement subset.

## apReportedLocation

This parameter provides the location of the AP as reported by the AP. The target should report the location using a precision at least equal to that reported by the AP. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

### aPestimatedLocation

This parameter provides the estimated location of the SRN AP as estimated by the target based on measurements of the SRN AP. The location is expressed as a location relative to the target location for either (a) the most recent measurement subset (including the current subset) that is marked as an anchor point or (b) the current measurement subset if no anchor points were defined. The accuracy of the estimated location refers only to the accuracy of the relative location estimate itself, i.e. not including any uncertainty attributable to the reference location for the point to which the estimated location is relative. This means that the accuracy and confidence for the estimated location MUST be combined with those for the reference location when obtaining either an absolute location for the SRN AP or a relative location for the SRN AP relative to an earlier measurement subset. The parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

## rssi

This field provides the Received Signal Strength Indicator. The interpretation and the scale are SRN-type specific.

# rtd

This field provides the measured round trip delay between the target and the SRN AP, and optionally the accuracy expressed as the standard deviation of the delay.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-Measurements

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-Measurements is used by a target to report advanced crowdsourcing measurements derived from sensors. The measurements are compressed by including measurements only for measurement subsets where measurements were obtained. The measurement subsets for which such measurements were obtained are referred to using the measurement subset index defined for the parameter advanced-measurement-subsets for the OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingMeasurements data type.

-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourci	ng-Sensor-Measurements ::= SEQUENCE {
startIndex	INTEGER (1ver2-0-maxMeasurements) OPTIONAL,
sensorMeasurements	<pre>SEQUENCE (SIZE (1ver2-0-maxMeasurements)) OF CHOICE {</pre>
	notPresent NULL,
	arePresent SEQUENCE {
	static-Sensor-measurements OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-

StaticMeasurements	OPTIONAL,	Cond OnlyIfDifferent dynamic-Sensor-measurements C	MA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-
DynamicMeasurements	OPTIONAL		
	} },		
,			
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdso	ourcing-Senso	or-StaticMeasurements ::= SEQUE	ENCE {
}			
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdso	ourcing-Senso	or-DynamicMeasurements ::= SEQU	JENCE {
motionState	OMA-LPI	Pe-Sensor-MotionStateList	OPTIONAL,
atmosphericPressure	e INTEGEF	R (30000115000)	OPTIONAL,
temperature	INTEGER	R (-100100)	OPTIONAL,
humidity	INTEGER	R (0100)	OPTIONAL,
soundLevel	INTEGER	R (0200)	OPTIONAL,
illuminance	INTEGER	R (-100100)	OPTIONAL,
}			
ASN1STOP			

Conditional presence	Explanation
OnlyIfDiferent	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included for the first measurement subset in which static sensor measurements are available and for any subsequent measurement subset for which the parameter content has changed. The parameter SHALL NOT be included for any subsequent measurement subset for which the parameter content is unchanged.

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-Measurements

#### startIndex

This parameter provides the index in the range 1-512 of the first measurement subset for which sensor cmeasurements are provided. If omitted, this parameter has the default value of 1.

#### sensorMeasurements

This parameter provides sensor measurements for a sequence of consecutive measurement subsets starting with the measurement subset with index given by startIndex. The number of measurement subsets for which measurements are provided plus (startIndex - 1) SHALL NOT exceed 512. The sensor measurements for each measurement subset are provided as a CHOICE, where the parameter notPresent indicates that no sensor measurements are present for this subset and the parameter arePresent indicates that measurements are present.

#### static-sensor-measurements

This parameter provides static sensor measurements for one measurement subset. Static measurements refer to measurements that seldom or never change. In LPPe version 2.0, this parameter is a placeholder and SHALL NOT be included by a target.

### dynamic-sensor-measurements

This parameter provides dynamic sensor measurements for one measurement subset. Dynamic measurements refer to measurements that normally change. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available. The parameter need only be provided for one measurement subset for each measurement set.

### *motionState*

This parameter provides the motion state of the target during the measurement subset. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

## atmospheric Pressure

This parameter provides the atmospheric pressure in units of Pa. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-Measurements

### temperature

This parameter provides the temperature at the target in degrees Celsius. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

## humidity

This parameter provides the humidity as a percentage. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

### soundLevel

This parameter provides the average sound level during all or part of a measurement set in units of dB relative to a standard sound pressure of 20  $\mu$ Pa. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

### illuminance

This parameter provides the average illuminance at the target during all or part of a measurement set. The parameter is expressed as 10  $\text{Log}_{10}$  (I) rounded to the nearest integer where I is the average illuminance measured in lux. This parameter SHALL be included if requested and available.

# 6.5.14.4 Crowdsourcing Capability Information

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-Crowdsourcing-ProvideCapabilites is used by a target to provide its capabilities for crowdsourcing to a server. The IE is not included when a target does not support crowdsourcing.

-- ASN1START

basicCrowdsourcingCa	ameterCapabilities OMA-LPP	:= SEQUENCE { e-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Contr e-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Basic	
 } OPTIONAJ advancedCrowdsourcij advancedControlJ ControlParamaterCapabil	gCapabilities SEQUENC ParameterCapabilities OMA ities, mentCapabilities OMA-LPP	-	,
<pre> } OPTIONAL crowdsourcing-sessio }</pre>		urcingSessionID OPTIONA	L,Cond ActiveSession
	Ircing-ControlParamaterCapab BIT STRING { locationPrecision geographicArea country-network detectedTransmitters targetMotionState environment logicalTriggerCombination activationDelay deactivationDelay measurementPeriodicity measurementFloorChange measurementFloorChange measurementChangeOfServingC logicalMeasurementCombination realTimeReporting quasiRealTimeReporting batchReportPeriodicity batchReportMovement batchReportMovement	(0), (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (11), ellOrAP (12), on (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18),	

	cessNetworkRestriction	(20),		
	orageOverflow	(21),		
	ourcingStartTime	(22),		
crowasc	ourcingDuration	(23)}	(SIZE (132)),	
}				
OMA-I.PDe-ver2-0-Crowdsourging-E	asicMeasurementCapabilities ::=	SFOUENCE	Į	
basicPosMethods BIT STR	-	DIQUINCI	l	
lpp-otd	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
lpp-eci				
otdoa	(2),			
eotd	(3),			
otdoa-u	ıtra (4),			
lte-eci	.d. (5),			
gsm-eci	.d. (6),			
utra-ec	id (7),			
wlan-ap				
wimax	(9),			
sensor	(10),			
srn	(11),			
pdr	(12),			
irb	(13) (SIZE $(132)$ ),			
basicSupportedMeasurements		subsetOfP	ositioning,	
supersetOfPositioning, other, .	·· },			
}				
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-A	dvancedMeasurementCapabilities :	:= SEQUEN	) F	
wlan-ap-advancedMeasurement				lities
OPTIONAL,		5		
lte-advancedMeasurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-L	TE-Measur	ementCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
utra-advancedMeasurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-U	TRA-Measu	rementCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
gsm-advancedMeasurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-G	SM-Measur	ementCapabilities	OPTIONAL,
srn-advancedMeasurements	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-S			OPTIONAL,
	OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-S	ensor-Mea	surementCapabilitie	S
OPTIONAL,				
5				
ASN1STOP				

Conditional presence	Explanation
ActiveSession	This parameter is conditional and SHALL be included if and only if there is an ongoing crowdsourcing session with the target for which the server is the control server or data server (or both).

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideCapabilities field descriptions

basicCrowdsourcingCapabilities

This parameter specifies target capabilities for basic crowdsourcing. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that a target does not support basic crowdsourcing.

basic Control Parameter Capabilities

This parameter specifies the control parameters supported by a target for basic crowdsourcing.

*basicMeasurementCapabilities* 

This parameter specifies the measurements supported by a target for basic crowdsourcing.

advancedCrowdsourcingCapabilities

This parameter specifies target capabilities for advanced crowdsourcing. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that a target does not support advanced crowdsourcing.

advancedControlParameterCapabilities

This parameter specifies the control parameters supported by a target for advanced crowdsourcing.

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ProvideCapabilities field descriptions

# advancedMeasurementCapabilities

This parameter specifies the measurements supported by a target for advanced crowdsourcing.

#### crowdsourcing-session

This parameter provides the crowdsourcing session ID for any ongoing crowdsourcing session between the target and the server. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that there is no ongoing crowdsourcing session between the target and the server. A server may use the query procedure to discover the control parameters and measurements in use for any reported crowdsourcing session – e.g. if the server does not record these.

## *controlParameters*

This parameter indicates the control parameters supported by the target for either basic or advanced crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each control parameter represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that the corresponding control parameter is supported by the target. A bit is set to zero or omitted to indicate that the corresponding control parameter is not supported by the target. A target SHALL minimally support the default requirements for absence of control parameters for activation triggers, measurement triggers, reporting triggers and/or duration parameters in a crowdsourcing request from a control server. The enables a control server to set up default crowdsourcing in a target even when the target supports few or no control parameters.

# basicPosmethods

This parameter indicates the positioning methods for which a target supports basic crowdsourcing measurements. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each positioning method represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that crowdsourcing measurements for the corresponding positioning method are supported by the target. A bit is set to zero or omitted to indicate that crowdsourcing measurements for the corresponding positioning method are not supported by the target.

### basicSupportedMeasurements

This parameter indicates whether a target supports the same measurements for crowdsourcing for each positioning method for which basic crowdsourcing is supported as the target supports for positioning. The choices are an indication of the same measurements for all position methods, a subset of measurements for some or all position methods (where measurements may be the same for some position methods and a subset for others), a superset of measurements (where measurements may be the same for some position methods and a superset for others) or some other relationship (e.g. a mixture of subsets and supersets).

## wlan-ap-advancedMeasurements

This parameter indicates the WLAN AP advanced crowdsourcing measurements supported by a target. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that a target does not support advanced crowdsourcing for WLAN APs.

### *lte-advancedMeasurements*

This parameter indicates the LTE advanced crowdsourcing measurements supported by a target. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that a target does not support advanced crowdsourcing for LTE.

#### utra-advancedMeasurements

This parameter indicates the UTRA advanced crowdsourcing measurements supported by a target. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that a target does not support advanced crowdsourcing for UTRA.

# gsm-advancedMeasurements

This parameter indicates the GSM advanced crowdsourcing measurements supported by a target. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that a target does not support advanced crowdsourcing for GSM.

### srn-advancedMeasurements

This parameter indicates the SRN advanced crowdsourcing measurements supported by a target. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that a target does not support advanced crowdsourcing for SRN.

## sensor-advancedMeasurements

This parameter indicates the sensor advanced crowdsourcing measurements supported by a target. This parameter is optional and if not included indicates that a target does not support advanced crowdsourcing for sensors.

# 6.5.14.5 Crowdsourcing Capability Information Request

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-RequestCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-RequestCapabilities is used to request crowdsourcing capabilities information from the target.

-- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-RequestCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE { ...

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.5.14.6 Crowdsourcing Capability Information Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-MeasurementCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-MeasurementCapabilites is used by a target to provide its capabilities for advanced crowdsourcing of WLAN AP measurements to a server.

-- ASN1START OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-MeasurementCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE { BIT STRING { measurements (0), apSSID operatingClass (1), apDeviceType (2), apReportedLocation (3), apEstimatedLocation (4), (5), apChannel apAntennaGain (6), (7), ueAntennaGain (8), apTransmitPower apSignaltoNoise (9), apSignalStrength (10), apRoundTripDelay (11), ueTransmitPower (12),ueSignaltoNoise (13), (14)} (SIZE (1..32)), ueSignalStrength . . . }

-- ASN1STOP

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-WLAN-AP-MeasurementCapabilities field descriptions

#### measurements

This parameter specifies the WLAN AP measurements supported by a target for advanced crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each WLAN AP measurement represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that the corresponding WLAN AP measurement is supported by the target. A bit is set to zero or omitted to indicate that the corresponding WLAN AP measurement is not supported by the target.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-MeasurementCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-MeasurementCapabilites is used by a target to provide its capabilities for advanced crowdsourcing of LTE measurements to a server.

```
-- ASN1START
```

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-MeasurementCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
                       BIT STRING {
   measurements
                       eNBEstimatedLocation
                                                (0).
                       rsrp
                                                (1),
                                                (2),
                       rsrq
                                                (3),
                        ueRxTx
                       non-serving-cell
                                               (4),
                       non-serving-plmn
                                               (5)} (SIZE (1..16)),
    . . .
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-LTE-MeasurementCapabilities field descriptions

#### Measurements

This parameter specifies the LTE measurements supported by a target for advanced crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each LTE measurement capability represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that the corresponding LTE measurement capability is supported by the target. A bit is set to zero or omitted to indicate that the corresponding LTE measurement capability is not supported by the target.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-MeasurementCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-MeasurementCapabilites is used by a target to provide its capabilities for advanced crowdsourcing of UTRA measurements to a server.

#### -- ASN1START

```
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-MeasurementCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
   measurements
                       BIT STRING {
                       nBestimatedLocation
                                                (0),
                        utra-carrier-RSSI
                                                (1),
                       fdd-cpich-Ec-No
fdd-cpich-RSCP
                                                (2),
                                                (3),
                        fdd-pathloss
                                                (4),
                        tdd-primary-ccpch-RSCP (5),
                        tdd-pathloss
                                                (6),
                        tdd-timing-advance
                                                (7),
                        non-serving-cell
                                                (8),
                        non-serving-plmn
                                               (9)} (SIZE (1..16)),
    . . .
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-UTRA-MeasurementCapabilities field descriptions

## measurements

This parameter specifies the UTRA measurements supported by a target for advanced crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each UTRA measurement capability represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that the corresponding UTRA measurement capability is supported by the target. A bit is set to zero or omitted to indicate that the corresponding UTRA measurement capability is not supported by the target.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-MeasurementCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-MeasurementCapabilites is used by a target to provide its capabilities for advanced crowdsourcing of GSM measurements to a server.

-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-MeasurementCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
 measurements BIT STRING {
 bts-estimatedLocation (0),
 rxLevel (1),
 timingAdvance (2),
 non-serving-cell (3),
 non-serving-plmn (4) } (SIZE (1..8)),
 ...
}
-- ASN1STOP

#### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-GSM-MeasurementCapabilities field descriptions

#### Measurements

This parameter specifies the GSM measurements supported by a target for advanced crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each GSM measurement capability represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that the corresponding GSM measurement capability is supported by the target. A bit is set to zero or omitted to indicate that the corresponding GSM measurement capability is not supported by the target.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-MeasurementCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-MeasurementCapabilites is used by a target to provide its capabilities for advanced crowdsourcing of SRN measurements to a server.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-MeasurementCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {
    measurements BIT STRING {
         apReportedLocation (0),
         apEstimatedLocation (1),
         rssi (2),
         rtd (3) } (SIZE (1..16)),
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-SRN-MeasurementCapabilities field descriptions

#### Measurements

This parameter specifies the SRN measurements supported by a target for advanced crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each SRN measurement capability represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that the corresponding SRN measurement capability is supported by the target. A bit is set to zero or omitted to indicate that the corresponding SRN measurement capability is not supported by the target.

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-MeasurementCapabilities

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-MeasurementCapabilites is used by a target to provide its capabilities for advanced crowdsourcing of sensor measurements to a server.

```
-- ASN1START
```

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-MeasurementCapabilities ::= SEQUENCE {

measurements	BIT STRING {	
	motionState	(0),
	atmosphericPressure	(1),
	temperature	(2),
	humidity	(3),
	soundLevel	(4),
	illuminance	(5)} (SIZE (116)),
}		

```
-- ASN1STOP
```

## OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Sensor-MeasurementCapabilities field descriptions

# Measurements

This parameter specifies the sensor measurements supported by a target for advanced crowdsourcing. The parameter is encoded as a bit string with each sensor measurement capability represented by a different bit. A bit is set to one to indicate that the corresponding sensor measurement capability is supported by the target. A bit is set to zero or omitted to indicate that the corresponding sensor measurement capability is not supported by the target.

# 6.5.14.7 Crowdsourcing Abort

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Abort

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Abort is used by a control server or data server to abort a crowdsourcing session with a target device and to provide a reason for the abort.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Abort ::= SEQUENCE {
   sessionID OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-CrowdsourcingSessionID OPTIONAL,
   cause OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ServerCause,
   ...
}
-- ASN1STOP
```

### OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-Abort field descriptions

#### session-ID

This parameter specifies the session ID for the crowdsourcing session to be aborted. This parameter is optional and if omitted indicates that the target SHALL abort any crowdsourcing session that is currently ongoing with the server in the role of either a control server or data server.

# cause

This parameter provides the reason for the abort.

# 6.5.14.8 Crowdsourcing Cause Elements

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-TargetCause

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-TargetCause is used by the target device to provide cause information to the server related to termination of crowdsourcing or inability to provide certain measurements.

```
-- ASN1START

OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-TargetCause ::= SEQUENCE {

    cause ENUMERATED { undefined,

        normalTermination,

        crowdsourcingStoppedByUser,

        insufficientTargetResources.
```

	networkPrivacyRestriction,
	someRequestedMeasurementsNotObtainable,
	temporaryInabilityToConnectToDataServer,
	crowdsourcingNotAllowedByHomeOperator,
	crowdsourcingNotAllowedByUser,
	dataServerNotAuthorized,
	${\tt sessionAlreadyEstablishedToTheDataServer}$ ,
	${\tt crowdsourcingNotSupportedForTemporaryReasons}$ ,
	${\tt crowdsourcingNotSupportedForPermanentReasons}$ ,
	controlParametersNotAcceptible,
	controlParametersNotSupported,
	measurementsNotAcceptible,
	measurementsNotSupported,
	${\tt networkBandwidthRestrictedOrInsufficient}$ ,
	networkBandwidthTooCostly,
	targetControlInformationCorrupted,
	},
}	
ASN1STOP	

# OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ServerCause

The IE OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ServerCause is used by a server to provide cause information to a target related to termination of crowdsourcing.

```
-- ASN1START
OMA-LPPe-ver2-0-Crowdsourcing-ServerCause ::= SEQUENCE {
    cause ENUMERATED { undefined,
        terminatedByOperator,
        serverCongestion,
        serverShutDown,
        errorsInCrowdsourcingReports,
        sessionNoLongerNeeded,
        sessionNeedsToBeChanged,
        ...
    },
    ...
}
```

-- ASN1STOP

# 6.6 (End of ASN.1 definition)

# 6.6.1 End of LPPE-PDU-Definitions

```
-- ASNISTART
END
-- ASNISTOP
```

# Appendix A. Change History (Informative)

# A.1 Approved Version History

Reference	Date	Description
n/a	n/a	No prior version

# A.2 Draft/Candidate Version 2.0 History

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
Draft Versions	23 Jan 2013	All	First baseline
OMA-TS-LPPe-V2_0	26 Sep 2013	2.1, 6.3, 6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.5.8.2, 6.5.8.3, 6.5.8.5, 6.5.8.6, 6.5.8.7, 6.5.8.9, 6.5.10.6, 6.5.12, Appendix C.10, C11	Incorporated CRs: OMA-LOC-2013-0122R01- CR_LPPe_2.0_WLAN_AP_Location_Information_Corrections, OMA-LOC-2013-0123R02-CR_LPPe2 0_TS_step_length_estimation_model_AD_for_UE_base_PDR, OMA- LOC-2013-0124R02- CR_LPPe2.0_TS_UE_motion_sub_state_request_provision, OMA- LOC-2013-0148- CR_LPPe_2.0_Provide_Location_Information_Correction, OMA-LOC- 2013-0074R07-CR_LPPe_2.0_TS_Radio_Characteristic_Information
	25 Nov 2013	2.1, 2.2, 6.3.5, 6.3.6, 6.4.1, 6.5.8, 6.5.12, 6.5.13, Appendix G	Incorporated CRs: OMA-LOC-2013-0113R01- CR_LPPe_2.0_WLAN_AP_Heat_Maps_and_Group_Data OMA-LOC-2013-0176- CR_LPPe_2.0_Image_Recognition_Based_Positioning OMA-LOC-2013-0180R03- CR_LPPe2.0_TS_UE_assisted_motion_sub_state_positioning OMA-LOC-2013-0181-CR_LPPe2.0_TS_PDR_bugfix
	16 Jan 2014	6.4.1, 6.5.8.3, 6.5.8.7, Appendix G.4, Appendix G.5	Incorporated CRs: OMA-LOC-2014-0003-CR_LPPe_2.0_TS_Heatmaps_Extension
	27 Feb 2014	5.2.6, 6.2.1, 6.3, 6.5.14, Appendix H	Incorporated CRs: OMA-LOC-2013-0171R02-CR_LPPe_2 0_Crowdsourcing
	25 Mar 2014	6.2.2.1, 6.5.8.1, 6.5.8.2	Incorporated CRs: OMA-LOC-2014-0054-CR_LPPe_2.0_ASN.1_Corrections
	23 Apr 2014	5.2.1.1, 6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.5.2.3, 6.5.5.2	Incorporated CRs: OMA-LOC-2014-0070-CR_LPPe_V2.0_ASN.1_corrections, OMA-LOC-2014-0072-CR_LPPe_2.0_Corrections
	09 Jun 2014	6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.5.8.3, 6.5.14.3, Appendix G.6	Incorporated CRs: OMA-LOC-2014-0096- CR_LPPe_2.0_Heat_Maps_Source_and_Calibration OMA-LOC-2014-0098-CR_LPPe_2.0_ASN.1_Corrections
	28 Aug 2014	2.1, 5.2.6, 6.2.1, 6.4.1, 6.5.8, 6.5.10, 6.5.11, 6.5.14, Appendix G	Incorporated CRs: OMA-LOC-2014-0149R01-CR_LPPe_2.0_Pressure_Measurements OMA-LOC-2014-0150R01-CR_LPPe_2.0_Crowdsourcing OMA-LOC-2014-0069R05- CR_LPPe_V2_0_Addition_of_srns_to_rf_coverage_maps

Document Identifier	Date	Sections	Description
	06 Nov 2014	Throughout the document	As per comments received during consistency review and agreed proposed solutions documented in OMA-CONRR-LPPe-V2_0- 20141105-D
			Incorporated CRs:
			OMA-LOC-2014-0162-CR_LPPe_2.0_TS_ASN.1_Corrections
			OMA-LOC-2014-0163- CR_LPPe_2.0_TS_Static_Conformance_Requirements_Updates
			OMA-LOC-2014-0182- CR_LPPe_2.0_Correction_of_RF_Heat_Map_Reorientation
			OMA-LOC-2014-0185R02- CR_Resolution_of_review_comment_B041_of_LPPe_2.0_CONR_repo rt
			OMA-LOC-2014-0186-
			CR_LPPe_2.0_Barometric_andAtmospheric_Pressure OMA-LOC-2014-0187R01-
			CR_Resolution_of_NEC_s_technical_comments_for_LPPe_2.0_TS_sp ec
Candidate Version	02 Dec 2014	n/a	Status changed to Candidate by TP
OMA-TS-LPPe-V2_0			TP Ref # OMA-TP-2014-0269- INP_LPPe_V2_0_ERP_and_ETR_for_Candidate_Approval

(Normative)

# Appendix B. Static Conformance Requirements

The notation used in this appendix is specified in [SCRRULES].

# **B.1** SCR for LPPe Client

# B.1.1 LPPe messages

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-MSG-C-001-M	Support message extension header	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-002-M	Support version adaptation based on version and compatibility level	TS 4.4	
LPPe-MSG-C-003-M	Support of the extension to LPP Request Capabilities message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-004-M	Support of the extension to LPP Provide Capabilities message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-005-M	Support of the extension to LPP Request Assistance Data message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-006-M	Support of the extension to LPP Provide Assistance Data message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-007-M	Support of the extension to LPP Request Location Information message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-008-M	Support of the extension to LPP Provide Location Information message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-009-M	Support of the extension to LPP Error message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-010-M	Support of the extension to LPP Abort message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-C-011-M	Support reversed mode for Capability Exchange	TS 5.3	
LPPe-MSG-C-012-M	Support reversed mode for Location Information Exchange	TS 5.3	
LPPe-MSG-C-013-O	Support Broadcast Message Extensions	TS 6.2.2.2	

# B.1.2 LPPe procedures

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-PRO-C-001-O	Support of periodic	TS 5.2.1	
	assistance data	TS 5.2.1.1	
LPPe-PRO-C-002-O	Support target update of periodic assistance data delivery parameters	TS 5.2.1.2	LPPe-PRO-C-001-O

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-PRO-C-003-O	Support server update of periodic assistance data delivery parameters	TS 5.2.1.3	LPPe-PRO-C-001-O
LPPe-PRO-C-004-O	Support of periodic location information	TS 5.2.2 TS 5.2.2.1	
LPPe-PRO-C-005-O	Support target update of periodic location information reporting parameters	TS 5.2.2.3	LPPe-PRO-C-004-O
LPPe-PRO-C-006-O	Support server update of periodic location information reporting parameters	TS 5.2.2.2	LPPe-PRO-C-004-O
LPPe-PRO-C-007-O	Support assistance data segmentation procedures	TS 5.2.3	
LPPe-PRO-C-008-O	Support location information segmentation procedures	TS 5.2.4	
LPPe-PRO-C-009-O	Support broadcast of assistance data	TS 5.2.5	
LPPe-PRO-C-010-O	Support basic crowdsourcing	TS 5.2.6	
LPPe-PRO-C-011-O	Support advanced crowdsourcing	TS 5.2.6	

# B.1.3 LPPe Assistance Data

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-AD-C-001-O	Support of validity area	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-AD-C-002-O	Support of validity period	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-AD-C-003-O	Support of generic assistance container	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-AD-C-004-O	Support of geographical coverage areas	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-AD-C-005-O	Support of common	TS 6.5.1.1	
	AGNSS assistance data	TS 6.5.1.3	
LPPe-AD-C-006-O	Support of generic	TS 6.5.1.1	
	AGNSS assistance data	TS 6.5.1.3	
LPPe-AD-C-007-O	Support of local	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-C-001-O
	Klobuchar ionosphere model	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-C-002-O
LPPe-AD-C-008-O	Support of ionosphere	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-C-001-O
	storm indication	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-C-002-O
LPPe-AD-C-009-O	Support of wide area	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-C-001-O
	ionosphere surface	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-C-002-O
			LPPe-PRO-C-001-O
LPPe-AD-C-010-O	Support troposphere	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-C-001-O
	delay	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-C-002-O
			LPPe-AD-C-012-O

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-AD-C-011-O	Support of troposphere	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-C-001-O
	surface parameters	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-C-002-O
			LPPe-AD-C-012-O
LPPe-AD-C-012-O	Support of mapping	TS 6.5.1.2	
	function	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-C-013-O	Support of altitude	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-C-001-O
	assistance	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-C-002-O
LPPe-AD-C-014-O	Support of SV	TS 6.5.1.2	
	mechanics assistance	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-C-015-O	Support of SV	TS 6.5.1.2	
	differential code biases	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-C-016-O	Support of navigation	TS 6.5.1.2	
	model degradation models	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-C-017-O	Support CCP assistance	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-C-001-O
		TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-PRO-C-001-O
			LPPe-PRO-C-002-O
			LPPe-PRO-C-003-O
			LPPe-AD-C-019-O
LPPe-AD-C-018-O	Support change of CCP	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-C-017-O
	reference station	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-C-019-O	Support of antenna information	TS 6.5.1.13	
LPPe-AD-C-020-O	Support of coordinate-	TS 6.5.1.2	
	based navigation model	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-C-021-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.2.1	
	UE-based LTE OTDOA	TS 6.5.2.2	
		TS 6.5.2.3	
LPPe-AD-C-022-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.3.1	
	UE-based EOTD	TS 6.5.3.2	
		TS 6.5.3.3	
LPPe-AD-C-023-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.2.1	
	UE-assisted EOTD	TS 6.5.2.2	
		TS 6.5.2.3	
LPPe-AD-C-024-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.4.1	
	UE-based OTDOA-	TS 6.5.4.2	
	UTRA	TS 6.5.4.3	
LPPe-AD-C-025-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.4.1	
	UE-assisted OTDOA-	TS 6.5.4.2	
	UTRA	TS 6.5.4.3	
LPPe-AD-C-026-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.5.1	
	UE-based LTE ECID for	TS 6.5.5.2	
	eNodeBs	TS 6.5.5.3	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-AD-C-027-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.5.1	LPPe-AD-C-004-O
	UE-based LTE ECID for	TS 6.5.5.2	
	Home eNodeBs	TS 6.5.5.3	
LPPe-AD-C-028-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.6.1	
	UE-based GSM ECID	TS 6.5.6.2	
		TS 6.5.6.3	
LPPe-AD-C-029-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.7.1	LPPe-AD-C-004-O
	UE-based UTRA ECID	TS 6.5.7.2	
	for Node Bs	TS 6.5.7.3	
LPPe-AD-C-030-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.7.1	LPPe-AD-C-004-O
	UE-based UTRA ECID	TS 6.5.7.2	
	for Home Node Bs	TS 6.5.7.3	
LPPe-AD-C-031-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.8.1	LPPe-AD-C-004-O
	UE-based WLAN ECID	TS 6.5.8.2	
		TS 6.5.8.3	
LPPe-AD-C-032-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.11.1	
	UE-based BT (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.2	
		TS 6.5.11.3	
		TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-C-033-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.11.1	
	validity checking of	TS 6.5.11.2	
	assistance data for UE-	TS 6.5.11.3	
	based BT (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-C-034-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.11.1	
	UE-based BTLE (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.2	
		TS 6.5.11.3	
		TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-C-035-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.11.1	
	validity checking of	TS 6.5.11.2	
	assistance data for UE-	TS 6.5.11.3	
	based BTLE (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-C-036-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.11.1	
	UE-based NFC (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.2	
		TS 6.5.11.3	
		TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-C-037-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.11.1	
	validity checking of	TS 6.5.11.2	
	assistance data for UE-	TS 6.5.11.3	
	based NFC (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-C-038-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.10.1	
	for UE-based	TS 6.5.10.2	
	atmospheric pressure	TS 6.5.10.3	
	based altitude determination	TS 6.5.10.4	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-AD-C-039-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.10.1	
	for UE-assisted	TS 6.5.10.2	
	atmospheric pressure based altitude	TS 6.5.10.3	
	determination	TS 6.5.10.4	
LPPe-AD-C-040-O	Support of Assistance Data Broadcast	TS 6.4.1	LPPe-MSG-C-013-O
LPPe-AD-C-041-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.12.1	
	for UE-based PDR	TS 6.5.12.2	
		TS 6.5.12.3	
		TS 6.5.12.4	
LPPe-AD-C-042-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.12.1	
	for UE-assisted PDR	TS 6.5.12.2	
		TS 6.5.12.3	
		TS 6.5.12.4	
LPPe-AD-C-043-O	Support for UE-assisted	TS 6.5.13.1	
	IRB	TS 6.5.12.2	
LPPe-AD-C-044-O	Support for WLAN RF	TS 6.4.1	
	Heat Maps	TS 6.5.8.2	
		TS 6.5.8.3	
LPPe-AD-C-045-O	Support for SRN RF	TS 6.4.1	
	Heat Maps	TS 6.5.11.2	
		TS 6.5.11.3	
LPPe-AD-C-046-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.13.1	
	for UE-assisted IRB	TS 6.5.13.2	
LPPe-AD-C-047-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.12.1	
	for UE-assisted PDR	TS 6.5.12.2	
		TS 6.5.12.3	
		TS 6.5.12.4	
LPPe-AD-C-048-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.12.1	
	for UE-based PDR	TS 6.5.12.2	
		TS 6.5.12.3	
		TS 6.5.12.4	
LPPe-AD-C-049-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.8.1	
	for RF Propagation for WLAN	TS 6.5.8.2	
LPPe-AD-C-050-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.11.1	
	for RF Propagation for SRN	TS 6.5.11.2	

# **B.1.4 LPPe Location Information**

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-LOC-C-001-O	Support high accuracy position representation	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-LOC-C-002-O	Support high accuracy velocity representation	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-LOC-C-003-O	Support IP address reporting	TS 6.4.2	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-LOC-C-004-O	Support location	TS 6.4.2	
	information container		
LPPe-LOC-C-005-O	Support relative location change	TS 6.4.2	
LPPe-LOC-C-006-O	Support ionosphere	TS 6.5.1.6	
	observations	TS 6.5.1.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-007-O	Support surface	TS 6.5.1.6	
	observations	TS 6.5.1.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-008-O	Support HA GNSS	TS 6.5.1.5	LPPe-PRO-C-004-O
	measurements	TS 6.5.1.8	LPPe-PRO-C-005-O
			LPPe-PRO-C-006-O
			LPPe-AD-C-018-O
LPPe-LOC-C-009-O	Support UE-based high	TS 6.5.1.8	LPPe-LOC-C-001-O
	accuracy GNSS positioning		LPPe-LOC-C-002-O
			LPPe-AD-C-017-O
LPPe-LOC-C-010-O	Support UE-based LTE	TS 6.5.2.4	LPPe-AD-C-021-O
	OTDOA	TS 6.5.2.5	
		TS 6.5.2.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-011-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.3.4	LPPe-AD-C-022-O
	EOTD	TS 6.5.3.5	
		TS 6.5.3.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-012-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.3.4	LPPe-AD-C-023-O
	EOTD	TS 6.5.3.5	
		TS 6.5.3.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-013-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.4.4	LPPe-AD-C-024-O
	OTDOA-UTRA	TS 6.5.4.5	
		TS 6.5.4.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-014-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.4.4	LPPe-AD-C-025-O
	OTDOA-UTRA	TS 6.5.4.5	
		TS 6.5.4.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-015-O	Support UE-based LTE	TS 6.5.5.4	LPPe-AD-C-026-O
	ECID	TS 6.5.5.5	LPPe-AD-C-027-O
		TS 6.5.5.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-016-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.5.4	
	reporting of LTE ECID	TS 6.5.5.5	
	measurements	TS 6.5.5.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-017-O	Support UE-based GSM	TS 6.5.6.4	LPPe-AD-C-028-O
	ECID	TS 6.5.6.5	
LPPe-LOC-C-018-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.6.4	
	GSM ECID	TS 6.5.6.5	
LPPe-LOC-C-019-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.6.4	
	reporting of GSM ECID measurements	TS 6.5.6.5	
LPPe-LOC-C-020-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.7.4	LPPe-AD-C-029-O
	UTRA ECID	TS 6.5.7.5	LPPe-AD-C-030-O
		TS 6.5.7.6	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-LOC-C-021-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.7.4	
	UTRA ECID	TS 6.5.7.5	
		TS 6.5.7.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-022-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.7.4	
	reporting of UTRA	TS 6.5.7.5	
	ECID measurements	TS 6.5.7.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-023-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.8.4	LPPe-AD-C-031-O
	WLAN ECID	TS 6.5.8.5	
		TS 6.5.8.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-024-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.8.4	
	WLAN ECID	TS 6.5.8.5	
		TS 6.5.8.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-025-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.8.4	
	reporting of WLAN	TS 6.5.8.5	
	ECID measurements	TS 6.5.8.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-026-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.7.1	
	WiMax ECID	TS 6.5.7.2	
		TS 6.5.7.3	
LPPe-LOC-C-027-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.7.4	
	reporting of WiMax	TS 6.5.7.5	
	ECID measurements	TS 6.5.7.6	
LPPe-LOC-C-028-O	Support motion state	TS 6.5.10.5	
	Support motion state	TS 6.5.10.6	
		TS 6.5.10.7	
LPPe-LOC-C-029-O	Support UE-based BT	TS 6.5.11.5	LPPe-AD-C-032-O
	(E)CID	TS 6.5.11.6	LPPe-AD-C-033-O
		TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-030-O	Support UE-assisted BT	TS 6.5.11.5	
	(E)CID	TS 6.5.11.6	
		TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-031-O	Support UE-based BTLE	TS 6.5.11.5	LPPe-AD-C-034-O
Life Loe e usi o	(E)CID	TS 6.5.11.6	LPPe-AD-C-035-O
		TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-032-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.11.5	
	BTLE (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.6	
		TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-033-O	Support UE-based NFC	TS 6.5.11.5	LPPe-AD-C-036-O
	(E)CID	TS 6.5.11.6	LPPe-AD-C-037-O
		TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.7 TS 6.5.11.8	
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Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-LOC-C-034-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.11.5	-
	NFC (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.6	
		TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-035-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.11.5	
	Mobile Code –based	TS 6.5.11.6	
	positioning	TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-036-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.11.5	
	measurement reporting	TS 6.5.11.6	
	for BT (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-037-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.11.5	
	measurement reporting	TS 6.5.11.6	
	for BTLE (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-038-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.11.5	
	measurement reporting	TS 6.5.11.6	
	for NFC (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-039-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.11.5	
LITC-LOC-C-039-0	measurement reporting	TS 6.5.11.6	
	for Mobile Codes	TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.11.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-040-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.10.5	
LITC-LOC-C-040-0	atmospheric pressure	TS 6.5.10.6	
	altitude determination	TS 6.5.10.7	
		TS 6.5.10.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-041-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.10.5	
LITC-LOC-C-041-0	atmospheric pressure	TS 6.5.10.6	
	altitude determination	TS 6.5.10.7	
		TS 6.5.10.8	
LPPe-LOC-C-042-O	Support Atmospheric	TS 6.5.10.6	LPPe-LOC-C-040-O
LFFC-LOC-C-042-0	Pressure measurements	TS 6.5.10.7	LFFE-LOC-C-040-0
LPPe-LOC-C-043-O	Support Sensor Motion	TS 6.5.10.6	
LFFE-LOC-C-045-0	State measurements	TS 6.5.10.7	
LPPe-LOC-C-044-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.12.5	
LFFC-LOC-C-044-0	PDR	TS 6.5.12.6	
	TDR	TS 6.5.12.0	
LPPe-LOC-C-045-O	Support PDR	TS 6.5.12.7 TS 6.5.12.5	LPPe-LOC-C-044-O
LFFC-LUC-C-U43-U	measurements	TS 6.5.12.5 TS 6.5.12.6	LI I C-LUC-C-U44-U
LPPe-LOC-C-046-O		TS 6.5.12.5	
	Support UE-based PDR	TS 6.5.12.5 TS 6.5.12.6	
		TS 6.5.12.6 TS 6.5.12.7	
	Cumport LIE and the LIDD		
LPPe-LOC-C-047-O	Support UE-assisted IRB	TS 6.5.13.3	
		TS 6.5.13.4	
		TS 6.5.13.5	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-LOC-C-048-O	Support IRB	TS 6.5.13.3	LPPe-LOC-C-047-O
	measurements	TS 6.5.13.4	
LPPe-LOC-C-049-O	Support Crowdsourcing Basic Measurements	TS 6.5.14	LPPe-PRO-C-010-O
LPPe-LOC-C-050-O	Support Crowdsourcing Advanced Measurements	TS 6.5.14	LPPe-PRO-C-011-O
LPPe-LOC-C-051-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-C-049-O OR
	of WLAN AP	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-C-050-O
	Measurements		
LPPe-LOC-C-052-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-C-049-O OR
	of LTE Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-C-050-O
LPPe-LOC-C-053-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-C-049-O OR
	of UTRA Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-C-050-O
LPPe-LOC-C-054-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-C-049-O OR
	of GSM Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-C-050-O
LPPe-LOC-C-055-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-C-049-O OR
	of SRN Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-C-050-O
LPPe-LOC-C-056-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-C-049-O OR
	of Sensor Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-C-050-O

# B.2 SCR for LPPe Server

# B.2.1 LPPe messages

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-MSG-S-001-M	Support message extension header	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-S-002-M	Support version adaptation based on version and compatibility level	TS 4.4	
LPPe-MSG-S-003-M	Support of the extension to LPP Request Capabilities message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-S-004-M	Support of the extension to LPP Provide Capabilities message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-S-005-M	Support of the extension to LPP Request Assistance Data message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-S-006-M	Support of the extension to LPP Provide Assistance Data message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-S-007-M	Support of the extension to Request Location Information message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-S-008-M	Support of the extension to Provide Location Information message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-S-009-M	Support of the extension to LPP Error message	TS 6.2.2	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-MSG-S-010-M	Support of the extension to LPP Abort message	TS 6.2.2	
LPPe-MSG-S-011-M	Support reversed mode for Capability Exchange	TS 5.3	
LPPe-MSG-S-012-M	Support reversed mode for Location Information Exchange	TS 5.3	
LPPe-MSG-S-013-O	Support Broadcast Message Extensions	TS 6.2.2.2	

# **B.2.2** LPPe procedures

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-PRO-S-001-O	Support of periodic assistance	TS 5.2.1 TS 5.2.1.1	
LPPe-PRO-S-002-O	Support target update of periodic assistance parameters	TS 5.2.1.2	LPPe-PRO-S-001-O
LPPe-PRO-S-003-O	Support server update of periodic assistance parameters	TS 5.2.1.3	LPPe-PRO-S-001-O
LPPe-PRO-S-004-O	Support of periodic measurements	TS 5.2.2 TS 5.2.2.1	
LPPe-PRO-S-005-O	Support target update of periodic measurement parameters	TS 5.2.2.3	LPPe-PRO-S-004-O
LPPe-PRO-S-006-O	Support server update of periodic measurement parameters	TS 5.2.2.2	LPPe-PRO-S-004-O
LPP-PRO-S-007-O	Support assistance data segmentation procedures	TS 5.2.3	
LPPe-PRO-S-008-O	Support location information segmentation procedures	TS 5.2.4	
LPPe-PRO-S-009-O	Support broadcast of assistance data	TS 5.2.5	
LPPe-PRO-S-010-O	Support basic crowdsourcing	TS 5.2.6	
LPPe-PRO-S-011-O	Support advanced crowdsourcing	TS 5.2.6	

# **B.2.3** LPPe assistance data

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-AD-S-001-O	Support of validity area	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-AD-S-002-O	Support of validity period	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-AD-S-003-O	Support of generic assistance container	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-AD-S-004-O	Support of geographical coverage areas	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-AD-S-005-O	Support of common	TS 6.5.1.1	
	AGNSS assistance data	TS 6.5.1.3	
LPPe-AD-S-006-O	Support of generic	TS 6.5.1.1	
	AGNSS assistance data	TS 6.5.1.3	
LPPe-AD-S-007-O	Support of local	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-S-001-O
	Klobuchar ionosphere model	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-S-002-O
LPPe-AD-S-008-O	Support of ionosphere	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-S-001-O
	storm indication	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-S-002-O
LPPe-AD-S-009-O	Support of wide area	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-S-001-O
	ionosphere surface	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-S-002-O

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
			LPPe-PRO-S-001-O
			LPPe-PRO-S-002-O
			LPPe-PRO-S-003-O
LPPe-AD-S-010-O	Support troposphere	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-S-001-O
	delay	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-S-002-O
			LPPe-AD-S-012-O
LPPe-AD-S-011-O	Support of troposphere	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-S-001-O
	surface parameters	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-S-002-O
			LPPe-AD-S-012-O
LPPe-AD-S-012-O	Support of mapping	TS 6.5.1.2	
	function	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-S-013-O	Support of altitude	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-S-001-O
	assistance	TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-AD-S-002-O
LPPe-AD-S-014-O	Support of SV	TS 6.5.1.2	
	mechanics assistance	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-S-015-O	Support of SV	TS 6.5.1.2	
	differential code biases	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-S-016-O	Support of navigation	TS 6.5.1.2	
	model degradation	TS 6.5.1.4	
	models		
LPPe-AD-S-017-O	Support CCP assistance	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-S-001-O
		TS 6.5.1.4	LPPe-PRO-S-001-O
			LPPe-PRO-S-002-O
			LPPe-PRO-S-003-O
			LPPe-AD-S-019-O
LPPe-AD-S-018-O	Support change of CCP	TS 6.5.1.2	LPPe-AD-S-017-O
	reference station	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-S-019-O	Support of antenna information	TS 6.5.1.13	
LPPe-AD-S-020-O	Support of coordinate-	TS 6.5.1.2	
	based navigation model	TS 6.5.1.4	
LPPe-AD-S-021-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.2.1	
	UE-based LTE OTDOA	TS 6.5.2.2	
		TS 6.5.2.3	
LPPe-AD-S-022-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.3.1	
	UE-based EOTD	TS 6.5.3.2	
		TS 6.5.3.3	
LPPe-AD-S-023-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.2.1	
	UE-assisted EOTD	TS 6.5.2.2	
		TS 6.5.2.3	
LPPe-AD-S-024-O	Support assistance for UE-based OTDOA- UTRA	TS 6.5.4.1	
		TS 6.5.4.2	
		TS 6.5.4.3	
LPPe-AD-S-025-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.4.1	
	UE-assisted OTDOA-	TS 6.5.4.2	
	UTRA	TS 6.5.4.3	
LPPe-AD-S-026-O	Support assistance for UE-based LTE ECID for	TS 6.5.5.1	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
	eNodeBs	TS 6.5.5.2	
		TS 6.5.5.3	
LPPe-AD-S-027-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.5.1	LPPe-AD-S-004-O
	UE-based LTE ECID for	TS 6.5.5.2	
	Home eNodeBs	TS 6.5.5.3	
LPPe-AD-S-028-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.6.1	
	UE-based GSM ECID	TS 6.5.6.2	
		TS 6.5.6.3	
LPPe-AD-S-029-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.7.1	LPPe-AD-S-004-O
	UE-based UTRA ECID	TS 6.5.7.2	
	for Node Bs	TS 6.5.7.3	
LPPe-AD-S-030-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.7.1	LPPe-AD-S-004-O
	UE-based UTRA ECID	TS 6.5.7.2	
	for Home Node Bs	TS 6.5.7.3	
LPPe-AD-S-031-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.8.1	LPPe-AD-S-004-O
	UE-based WLAN ECID	TS 6.5.8.2	
		TS 6.5.8.3	
LPPe-AD-S-032-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.11.1	
	UE-based BT (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.2	
		TS 6.5.11.3	
		TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-S-033-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.11.1	
	validity checking of	TS 6.5.11.2	
	assistance data for UE-	TS 6.5.11.3	
	based BT (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-S-034-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.11.1	
	UE-based BTLE (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.2	
		TS 6.5.11.3	
		TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-S-035-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.11.1	
	validity checking of	TS 6.5.11.2	
	assistance data for UE-	TS 6.5.11.3	
	based BTLE (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-S-036-O	Support assistance for	TS 6.5.11.1	
	UE-based NFC (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.2	
		TS 6.5.11.3	
		TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-S-037-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.11.1	
· -	validity checking of	TS 6.5.11.2	
	assistance data for UE- based NFC (E)CID	TS 6.5.11.3	
		TS 6.5.11.4	
LPPe-AD-S-038-O	Support assistance data for UE-based	TS 6.5.10.1	
		TS 6.5.10.2	
	atmospheric pressure	TS 6.5.10.3	
	based altitude	TS 6.5.10.4	
	determination		
LPPe-AD-S-039-O	Support assistance data for UE-assisted	TS 6.5.10.1	
	IOI UE-assisted	TS 6.5.10.2	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
	atmospheric pressure	TS 6.5.10.3	
	based altitude determination	TS 6.5.10.4	
LPPe-AD-S-040-O	Support of Assistance Data Broadcast	TS 6.4.1	LPPe-MSG-S-013-O
LPPe-AD-S-041-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.12.1	
	for UE-based PDR	TS 6.5.12.2	
		TS 6.5.12.3	
		TS 6.5.12.4	
LPPe-AD-S-042-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.12.1	
	for UE-assisted PDR	TS 6.5.12.2	
		TS 6.5.12.3	
		TS 6.5.12.4	
LPPe-AD-S-043-O	Support for UE-assisted	TS 6.5.13.1	
	IRB	TS 6.5.12.2	
LPPe-AD-S-044-O	Support for WLAN RF	TS 6.4.1	
	Heat Maps	TS 6.5.8.2	
		TS 6.5.8.3	
LPPe-AD-S-045-O	Support for SRN RF	TS 6.4.1	
	Heat Maps	TS 6.5.11.2	
		TS 6.5.11.3	
LPPe-AD-S-046-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.13.1	
	for UE-assisted IRB	TS 6.5.13.2	
LPPe-AD-S-047-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.12.1	
	for UE-assisted PDR	TS 6.5.12.2	
		TS 6.5.12.3	
		TS 6.5.12.4	
LPPe-AD-S-048-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.12.1	
	for UE-based PDR	TS 6.5.12.2	
		TS 6.5.12.3	
		TS 6.5.12.4	
LPPe-AD-S-049-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.8.1	
	for RF Propagation for WLAN	TS 6.5.8.2	
LPPe-AD-S-050-O	Support assistance data	TS 6.5.11.1	
	for RF Propagation for SRN	TS 6.5.11.2	

# **B.2.4** LPPe location information

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-LOC-S-001-O	Support high accuracy position representation	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-LOC-S-002-O	Support high accuracy velocity representation	TS 6.4.1	
LPPe-LOC-S-003-O	Support IP address reporting	TS 6.4.2	
LPPe-LOC-S-004-O	Support location information container	TS 6.4.2	

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-LOC-S-005-O	Support relative location change	TS 6.4.2	
LPPe-LOC-S-006-O	Support ionosphere	TS 6.5.1.6	
	observations	TS 6.5.1.8	
LPPe-LOC-S-007-O	Support surface	TS 6.5.1.6	
	observations	TS 6.5.1.8	
LPPe-LOC-S-008-O	Support HA GNSS	TS 6.5.1.5	LPPe-PRO-S-004-O
	measurements	TS 6.5.1.8	LPPe-PRO-S-005-O
			LPPe-PRO-S-006-O
			LPPe-AD-S-018-O
LPPe-LOC-S-009-O	Support UE-based high	TS 6.5.1.8	LPPe-LOC-S-001-O
	accuracy GNSS		LPPe-LOC-S-002-O
	positioning		LPPe-AD-S-017-O
LPPe-LOC-S-010-O	Support UE-based LTE	TS 6.5.2.4	LPPe-AD-S-021-O
	OTDOA	TS 6.5.2.5	
		TS 6.5.2.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-011-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.3.4	LPPe-AD-S-022-O
	EOTD	TS 6.5.3.5	
		TS 6.5.3.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-012-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.3.4	LPPe-AD-S-023-O
	EOTD	TS 6.5.3.5	
		TS 6.5.3.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-013-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.4.4	LPPe-AD-S-024-O
	OTDOA-UTRA	TS 6.5.4.5	
		TS 6.5.4.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-014-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.4.4	LPPe-AD-S-025-O
	OTDOA-UTRA	TS 6.5.4.5	
		TS 6.5.4.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-015-O	Support UE-based LTE	TS 6.5.5.4	LPPe-AD-S-026-O
	ECID	TS 6.5.5.5	LPPe-AD-S-027-O
		TS 6.5.5.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-016-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.5.4	
	reporting of LTE ECID	TS 6.5.5.5	
	measurements	TS 6.5.5.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-017-O	Support UE-based GSM	TS 6.5.6.4	LPPe-AD-S-028-O
	ECID	TS 6.5.6.5	
LPPe-LOC-S-018-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.6.4	
	GSM ECID	TS 6.5.6.5	
LPPe-LOC-S-019-O	Support historic	TS 6.5.6.4	
	reporting of GSM ECID measurements	TS 6.5.6.5	
LPPe-LOC-S-020-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.7.4	LPPe-AD-S-029-O
	UTRA ECID	TS 6.5.7.5	LPPe-AD-S-030-O
		TS 6.5.7.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-021-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.7.4	
	UTRA ECID	TS 6.5.7.5	
		TS 6.5.7.6	

TS 6.5.7.4           RA         TS 6.5.7.5           ents         TS 6.5.7.6           ed         TS 6.5.8.4           TS 6.5.8.5         TS 6.5.8.6           sted         TS 6.5.8.4           TS 6.5.8.6         TS 6.5.8.6           sted         TS 6.5.8.5           TS 6.5.8.6         TS 6.5.8.6	LPPe-AD-S-031-O
ents         TS 6.5.7.6           ed         TS 6.5.8.4           TS 6.5.8.5         TS 6.5.8.6           sted         TS 6.5.8.4           TS 6.5.8.6         TS 6.5.8.4           TS 6.5.8.6         TS 6.5.8.4	LPPe-AD-S-031-O
TS 0.5.7.0           ed         TS 6.5.8.4           TS 6.5.8.5           TS 6.5.8.6           sted         TS 6.5.8.4           TS 6.5.8.6           TS 6.5.8.5           TS 6.5.8.6	LPPe-AD-S-031-O
TS 6.5.8.5 TS 6.5.8.6 sted TS 6.5.8.4 TS 6.5.8.5 TS 6.5.8.6	LPPe-AD-S-031-O
TS 6.5.8.6 sted TS 6.5.8.4 TS 6.5.8.5 TS 6.5.8.6	
sted TS 6.5.8.4 TS 6.5.8.5 TS 6.5.8.6	
TS 6.5.8.5 TS 6.5.8.6	
TS 6.5.8.6	
TS 6.5.8.4	
ents TS 6.5.8.6	
sted TS 6.5.7.1	
TS 6.5.7.2	
TS 6.5.7.3	
TS 6.5.7.4	
ents TS 6.5.7.6	
state TS 6.5.10.5	
TS 6.5.10.6	
TS 6.5.10.7	
ed BT TS 6.5.11.5	LPPe-AD-S-032-O
	LPPe-AD-S-033-O
sted BT TS 6.5.11.5	
TS 6.5.11.6	
TS 6.5.11.7	
TS 6.5.	
ed BTLE TS 6.5.11.5	LPPe-AD-S-034-O
TS 6.5.11.6	LPPe-AD-S-035-O
TS 6.5.11.7	
TS 6.5.	
sted TS 6.5.11.5	
TS 6.5.11.6	
TS 6.5.11.7	
TS 6.5.	
ed NFC TS 6.5.11.5	LPPe-AD-S-036-O
TS 6.5.11.6	LPPe-AD-S-037-O
TS 6.5.11.7	
TS 6.5.	
TS 6.5.11.6	
TS 6.5.11.7	
TS 6.5.	
	TS 6.5.8.4           AN         TS 6.5.8.5           nents         TS 6.5.8.5           sted         TS 6.5.7.1           TS 6.5.7.2         TS 6.5.7.2           TS 6.5.7.3         TS 6.5.7.3           Max         TS 6.5.7.4           Max         TS 6.5.7.5           nents         TS 6.5.7.6           state         TS 6.5.7.6           state         TS 6.5.10.5           TS 6.5.10.6         TS 6.5.10.6           TS 6.5.10.7         TS 6.5.10.7           ed BT         TS 6.5.11.5           TS 6.5.11.6         TS 6.5.11.7           TS 6.5.11.7         TS 6.5.11.6           TS 6.5.11.7         TS 6.5.11.6           TS 6.5.11.7         TS 6.5.11.7           TS 6.5.11.7         TS 6.5.11.7           TS 6.5.11.6         TS 6.5.11.7           TS 6.5.11.7         TS 6.5.11.7

Item	Function	Reference	Requirement
LPPe-LOC-S-035-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.11.5	
	Mobile Code based	TS 6.5.11.6	
	positioning	TS 6.5.11.7	
		TS 6.5.	
LPPe-LOC-S-036-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.10.5	
	atmospheric pressure	TS 6.5.10.6	
	altitude determination	TS 6.5.10.7	
		TS 6.5.10.8	
LPPe-LOC-S-037-O	Support UE-based	TS 6.5.10.5	
	atmospheric pressure	TS 6.5.10.6	
	altitude determination	TS 6.5.10.7	
		TS 6.5.10.8	
LPPe-LOC-S-038-O	Support Atmospheric	TS 6.5.10.6	LPPe-LOC-S-036-O
	Pressure measurements	TS 6.5.10.7	
LPPe-LOC-S-039-O	Support Sensor Motion	TS 6.5.10.6	
	State measurements	TS 6.5.10.7	
LPPe-LOC-S-040-O	Support UE-assisted	TS 6.5.12.5	
	PDR	TS 6.5.12.6	
		TS 6.5.12.7	
LPPe-LOC-S-041-O	Support PDR	TS 6.5.12.5	LPPe-LOC-S-040-O
	measurements	TS 6.5.12.6	
LPPe-LOC-S-042-O	Support UE-based PDR	TS 6.5.12.5	
		TS 6.5.12.6	
		TS 6.5.12.7	
LPPe-LOC-S-043-O	Support UE-assisted IRB	TS 6.5.13.3	
		TS 6.5.13.4	
		TS 6.5.13.5	
LPPe-LOC-S-044-O	Support IRB	TS 6.5.13.3	LPPe-LOC-S-043-O
	measurements	TS 6.5.13.4	
LPPe-LOC-S-045-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14	LPPe-PRO-S-010-O
	Basic Measurements	15 0.5.11	
LPPe-LOC-S-046-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14	LPPe-PRO-S-011-O
	Advanced Measurements	TS ( 5 14 2	
LPPe-LOC-S-047-O	Support Crowdsourcing of WLAN AP	TS 6.5.14.2 TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-S-045-O OR
	Measurements	15 0.3.14.5	LPPe-LOC-S-046-O
LPPe-LOC-S-048-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-S-045-O OR
	of LTE Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-S-046-O
LPPe-LOC-S-049-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-S-045-O OR
	of UTRA Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-S-046-O
LPPe-LOC-S-050-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-S-045-O OR
	of GSM Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-S-046-O
LPPe-LOC-S-051-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-S-045-O OR
	of SRN Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-S-046-O
LPPe-LOC-S-052-O	Support Crowdsourcing	TS 6.5.14.2	LPPe-LOC-S-045-O OR
	of Sensor Measurements	TS 6.5.14.3	LPPe-LOC-S-046-O
L		10 0.3.14.3	

# Appendix C. Use of Information Elements (Informative)

# C.1 Use of Validity Area Parameters

RLE (Run-Length Encoding) is an efficient method to encode areas. The building element of the area definition is a region of the grid. The size of the region, i.e. the number of degrees on each side of the region, is defined by 10/*RegionSizeInv*, where *RegionSizeInv* is given in the ValidityArea IE. Regions are rectangular in spherical coordinates, i.e. as many degrees in the north-south direction as in the east-west direction. A single region is described as a red box Figure 17.

The area to be described is fixed in the global coordinate system by expressing the coordinates of the north-west corner of the area. Let RS be the size of the grid region in degrees. Then

regionSizeInv = 10 / RS

And

North-West corner latitude in degrees = RS \* *codedLatOfNWCorner* – 90 degrees

North-West corner longitude in degrees = RS \* codedLonOfNWCorner - 180 degrees

And vice versa

codedLatOfNWCorner = floor ( (North-West corner latitude in degrees + 90 degrees ) / RS )

codedLonOfNWCorner = floor ( (North-West corner longitude in degrees + 180 degrees ) / RS )

The latitude in degrees is expressed in range [-90, 90] degrees and longitude in range [-180, 180) degrees.

Further, the width of the area is expressed in terms of how many regions fit into the area, i.e.

areaWidth = Area Width in degrees / RS.

NOTE: This assumes that the area width has been chosen appropriately so that it is divisible by RS.

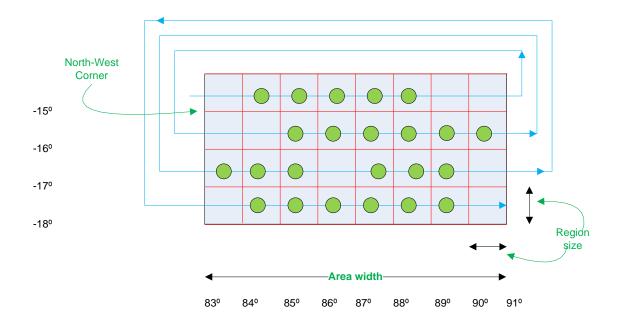


Figure 17: Run length encoding

In the example of Figure 17 RS = 1 degree, i.e. regionSizeInv = 10 / 1 = 10.

And the *areaWidth* = 8 degrees / RS = 8.

 $codedLatOfNWCorner = floor((-15^{\circ}+90^{\circ})/1^{\circ}) = 75. \ codedLonOfNWCorner = floor((83^{\circ}+180^{\circ})/1^{\circ}) = 263.$ 

The final aspect of the RLE encoding is to describe, in which regions the provided data is valid. In the case illustrated in Figure 17 the provided data is valid in regions marked with green dots. The blue line shows the order, in which the area is run through, i.e. always from left to right and starting from the upper left corner.

The *rleList* SHALL begin with the number of regions for which the data is not valid. Therefore, the first element in the *rleList* is "1". Note that if the data was valid in the first region (the region in the left upper corner), the first element would be "0".

Next, there are five regions for which the data is valid. Hence, the second element is "5". Next, there are four regions for which the data is not valid. Thus the next element is "4". Note that the knowing the width of the area in regions allows changing the line at the correct place. After this there are nine regions for which data is valid and the next element is "9".

The full *rleList*, therefore, is: 1; 5; 4; 9; 1; 3; 2; 6; 1.

In case there are more than 255 regions for which data is valid/non-valid, one can present this by "255; 0; x" denoting that there are 255+x regions for which data is valid/non-valid.

Finally, Figure 18 shows another example for which the *rleList* reads 0; 6; 4; 6; 1; 2; 1; 3; 2; 6; 1.

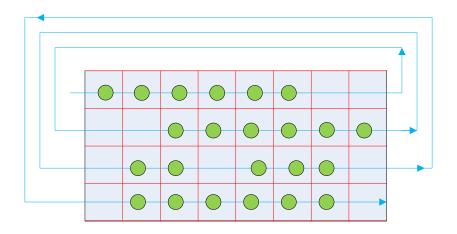


Figure 18: Run length encoding –example 2

# C.2 Use of lonospheric storm indications

The ionospheric storm indications are used for alerting the user on possible performance degradation due to high ionospheric activity. The storms tend to have high dynamics, and thus, the prediction may need to be divided in short validity periods, e.g. one hour periods. The prediction periods for the same area are listed in the IE StormList. The elements of StormList, OMA-*LPPe-AGNSS-StormElement*, comprise of the validity period and the *rleListIono* that indicates the ionospheric activity during the validity period, in each region in the area.

The area coding is carried out using a RLE list as above with the validity area. In this case, however, each region is assigned with an ionospheric index instead of Boolean valid/non-valid values. For example, if the first *rleIonoElement* in the *rleListIono* has the *ionoIndex* value G2 and *regionCount* value 11, it means that in the 11 first regions in the area, starting from the North-West corner as explained above, the ionospheric activity level is G2, which means negligible effect on satellite navigation.

The NOAA ionospheric storm grading is as follows: G5 is an "extreme" storm, G4 "severe" and G3 "strong". There are also G1 (minor) and G2 (moderate). Storms G3-G5 affect satellite navigation. G1 and G2 have negligible effect on satellite navigation. The values "unknown" and "none" describe the cases when there is no ionospheric data available or there is no activity, respectively. The NOAA storm definitions are available at <u>http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/NOAAscales/</u> and from American Geophysical Union's Eos (weekly newspaper of geophysics) Vol. 81, No. 29, July 18, 2000, Pages 322-328.

As an example, consider the case in Figure 19. In this scenario, the field *rleListIono* in the IE *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-StormElement* would read  $\{1,G3\}$ ;  $\{4,G4\}$ ;  $\{2,unknown\}$ ;  $\{1,G4\}$ ;  $\{2,G5\}$ ;  $\{1,G4\}$ ;  $\{2,G3\}$ ;  $\{1,G4\}$ ;  $\{1,G5\}$ ;  $\{6,G4\}$ ;  $\{2,G3\}$ ;  $\{1,none\}$ .

70°							
60º	G3	G4	G4	G4	G4	unknown	
	unknown	G4	G5	G5	G4	G3	
50°	G3	G4	G5	G4	G4	G4	
40°	G4	G4	G4	G3	G3	none	
-20° -10° 0° 10° 20° 30° 40°							

#### Figure 19: Ionosphere storm region

## C.3 Use of periodic wide area ionosphere corrections

The ionosphere slant delay  $D^i$  in the units of TECU ( $10^{16} \text{ e}^2/\text{m}^2$ ) for the SV *i* at the target location can be given by

 $D^{i} = a_{0} + e_{1} \cdot \Delta e + n_{1} \cdot \Delta n + e_{2} \cdot (\Delta e)^{2} + n_{2} \cdot (\Delta n)^{2} + en \cdot \Delta e \cdot \Delta n ,$ 

where  $a_0$ ,  $e_1$ ,  $n_1$ ,  $e_2$ ,  $n_2$  and en are the model coefficients. Further,  $\Delta e$  and  $\Delta n$  are the distances from the model reference position to the target position in the east and north directions expressed in kilometres, respectively. The distances are calculated along the surface of the geoid.

# C.4 Troposphere Delay Model

The tropospheric delay is divided into two components, hydrostatic (dry) and non-hydrostatic (wet). Atmospheric gases that are in hydrostatic equilibrium cause the hydrostatic delay. This is usually the case for the dry gases and part of the water vapour. The wet delay, caused by water vapour that is not in hydrostatic equilibrium, varies widely, both spatially and temporally. Although the wet component is much smaller than the hydrostatic component, the uncertainties in the wet tropospheric delay modelling limit the achievable performance of the high precision GNSS applications given that carrier phase measurements themselves have an accuracy of a few millimeters.

Each of these components can be expressed as the product of the delay experienced by the radio signals in the zenith direction, the zenith delay, and a mapping function, which models the elevation angle dependence of the tropospheric delay:

$$\Delta(\varepsilon, h_{user}) = \Delta_{z,h} (h_{user}) \cdot m_{h} (\varepsilon) + \Delta_{z,w} (h_{user}) \cdot m_{w} (\varepsilon)$$

where  $\Delta(\varepsilon, h_{user})$  is the tropospheric delay at a given SV elevation angle  $\varepsilon$  and user altitude  $h_{user}$ ,  $\Delta_{z,h}(h_{user})$  and  $\Delta_{z,w}(h_{user})$  are, respectively, the hydrostatic and wet zenith delays at the user altitude, and  $m_h(\varepsilon)$  and  $m_w(\varepsilon)$  are the hydrostatic and wet mapping functions, respectively.

#### C.4.1 Mapping Zenith Delays to Target Altitude

The hydrostatic and wet zenith delays can be determined based on numerical weather predictions or some other meteorological data. Parameters for the troposphere zenith delay model are then determined by e.g. least-squares-fit of the computed zenith delay profiles. The model parameters are referred to the reference altitude  $h_{ref}$ . The zenith delays can be scaled to the user altitude as follows:

$$\Delta_{h,z}(h_{user}) = zh_0(h_{ref}) \cdot exp(-e_h \cdot (h_{user} - h_{ref}))$$
$$\Delta_{w,z}(h_{user}) = zw_0(h_{ref}) \cdot exp(-e_w \cdot (h_{user} - h_{ref}))$$

where  $\Delta_{h,z}(h_{user})$  is hydrostatic and  $\Delta_{w,z}(h_{user})$  wet zenith delays in meters at the user altitude  $h_{user}$ . The user altitude  $h_{user}$  is calculated with respect to the nominal sea level EGM96. The terms  $zh_0(h_{ref})$  and  $zw_0(h_{ref})$  are the hydrostatic and wet zenith delays at the reference altitude given in the IE *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayTimeElement*. Finally, the terms  $e_h$  and  $e_w$  are the exponential fit parameters for the hydrostatic and wet zenith delays.

#### C.4.1.1 Gradient Parameters

The total tropospheric slant delay can be considered as a combination of the azimuthally symmetric and asymmetric parts.

Consequently, the notation for the neutral delay becomes

$$\Delta(\varepsilon,\phi,h_{user}) = \Delta_{z,h}(h_{user})m_h(\varepsilon) + \Delta_{z,w}(h_{user})m_w(\varepsilon) + m_a(\varepsilon)\cot\varepsilon[G_N\cos\phi + G_E\sin\phi]$$

where the tropospheric delay is first modelled into zenith direction and then projected into the direction of the satellite using a mapping function that is not only a function of the elevation angle, but also of azimuth angle  $\phi$ , the angle counted clockwise from the true north. The  $m_a$ , which is a specific mapping function for the gradient terms can be chosen equal to  $m_h$ . The asymmetric components are determined by a horizontal gradient model, where  $G_N$  and  $G_E$  are the path delay gradient parameters in the North and East direction, respectively, from the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelayTimeElement. These terms describe the total horizontal gradients, including both hydrostatic and wet components.

Horizontal gradients in the refractivity field result from pressure, temperature, and humidity gradients. Path delay exhibits thus both hydrostatic and wet gradients, though of different spatial scales and temporal correlation. Gradient parameters can be modelled either deterministically or stochastically as random walks in the estimation algorithm. Typically gradients are smaller than 1mm in zenith direction, which translates to a delay of a few centimeters at 10 degrees elevation. The importance of accounting for the azimuthal asymmetry increases, when the satellite elevation angle mask, i.e. the minimum elevation angle from which the measurements are accepted, decreases. This is because then the distance travelled in the troposphere increases.

#### C.4.2 Mapping Function

The tropospheric delay in the direction of zenith is scaled to lower elevation angles by using a mapping function defined by:

$$m(\varepsilon) = \frac{\Delta(\varepsilon)}{\Delta_z},$$

where  $\varepsilon$  is the elevation angle of the observed satellite from the horizon,  $m(\varepsilon)$  is the mapping function,  $\Delta_z$  is the zenith delay and  $\Delta(\varepsilon)$  the slant delay.  $\Delta_z$  is either computed from the surface parameters in the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalSurfaceParameterList or given as a parameter in the IE OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-LocalTroposphereDelay.

The approach taken here assumes a horizontally stratified atmosphere with separated mapping functions for the hydrostatic and the wet part. The total slant delay thus becomes:

$$\Delta(\varepsilon, h_{user}) = \Delta_{z,h}(h_{user}) \cdot m_h(\varepsilon) + \Delta_{z,w}(h_{user}) \cdot m_w(\varepsilon)$$

where the mapping functions are presented in the continued fraction expansion form proposed by Herring (Herring, T.A. 1992. Modeling Atmospheric Delays in the Analysis of Space Geodetic Data. In proceedings of the Symposium: Refraction of the Transatmospheric Signals in Geodesy, Hague, The Netherlands):

$$m(\varepsilon) = \frac{1 + \frac{a}{1 + \frac{b}{1 + c}}}{\sin(\varepsilon) + \frac{a}{\sin(\varepsilon) + \frac{b}{\sin(\varepsilon) + c}}}$$

Three coefficients a, b, and c are enough to map zenith delays down to elevations of 3 degrees. The values for the hydrostatic and wet mapping functions can be derived from numerical weather prediction (NWP) models. The mapping function is independent of the target altitude.

The mapping function  $m_h$  is obtained using the mapping function parameters *ah*, *bh* and *ch* from the IE *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MappingFunctionParameters*. Likewise,  $m_w$  is obtained using the mapping function parameters *aw*, *bw* and *cw* from the IE *OMA-LPPe-AGNSS-MappingFunctionParameters*.

## C.5 Satellite body-fixed coordinate frame

The satellite body fixed coordinate frame is defined as follows:

$$e_{z} = -\frac{\underline{r_{sat}}}{\left\|\underline{r_{sat}}\right\|}, \ \underline{e_{y}} = \frac{\underline{e_{z} \times \underline{e_{sun}}}}{\left\|\underline{e_{z} \times \underline{e_{sun}}}\right\|}, \ \underline{e_{x}} = \frac{\underline{e_{y} \times \underline{e_{z}}}}{\left\|\underline{e_{y} \times \underline{e_{z}}}\right\|},$$

where  $\underline{e_{sun}} = \frac{\underline{r_{sun}} - \underline{r_{sat}}}{\|\underline{r_{sun}} - \underline{r_{sat}}\|}$  is the unit vector from the satellite to the sun. The vectors  $\underline{r_{sun}}$  and  $\underline{r_{sat}}$  are the sun and satellite

positions in Earth-centered reference frame.

Figure 20 shows the resulting Satellite-fixed coordinate system. The unit vector  $e_z$  points from the satellite center of mass to the center of the Earth. The unit vector  $\underline{e_y}$  is perpendicular to both  $e_z$  and  $\underline{e_{sun}}$ . The  $\underline{e_y}$  thus (righ-hand convention) points away from the plane. Finally,  $e_x$  is perpendicular to both  $e_y$  and  $e_z$  and thus lies in the plane.

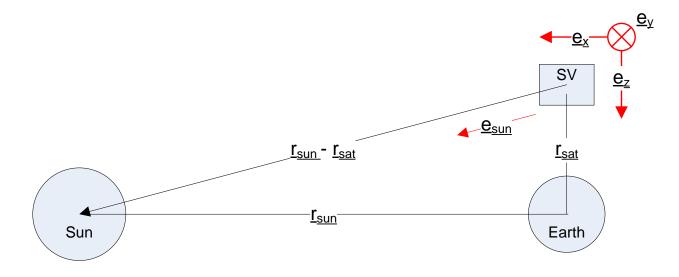


Figure 20: Satellite-fixed coordinate system

# C.6 Navigation Degradation Models

#### C.6.1 Clock model Degradation Model

The clock model degradation at time t is modelled with the first-order polynomial

$$RMS_{CLOCK}(t) = cRMS_0 + cRMS_1(t - t_{oe}),$$

where  $t_{oe}$  is the time of ephemeris given in the Navigation Model parameters.

#### C.6.2 Orbit Model Degradation Model

The orbit model degradation at time t is modelled with the first-order polynomial

$$RMS_{ORBIT}(t) = oRMS_0 + oRMS_1(t - t_{oe}),$$

where  $t_{oe}$  is the time of ephemeris given in the Navigation Model parameters.

## C.7 Solar radiation pressure

The acceleration  $a_{solar}$  due to the solar radiation experienced by the SV can be computed from

$$a_{solar} \sim P_{solar} \cdot (eA)_{eff} \cdot \frac{1}{m},$$

where  $P_{solar}$  is the solar radiation intensity at the Earth orbit, and  $(eA)_{eff}$  the effective combined reflectivity and area. Lastly, *m* is the SV mass.

# C.8 CRC16-IBM

The CRC16-IBM is calculated from an array of bytes using the polynomial  $x^{16}+x^{15}+x^2+1$ . The following code (in C) shows the reference implementation for calculating the CRC16-IBM.

#define WIDTH 16 /\* Width of polynomial \*/
#define POLY 0x8005 /\* Polynomial Bit #16 is set and hidden \*/
#define BYTE\_BITS 8 /\* Number of bits in byte \*/
#define TABLE\_SIZE (1 << BYTE\_BITS) /\* Size of table \*/
#define MSB\_MASK (1 << (WIDTH - 1)) /\* Mask for high order bit in a word \*/</pre>

/\* Table generated by 'crc16init()' \*/

typedef uint16 Crc16;

```
static Crc16 table[TABLE_SIZE];
```

/\* Initializes the table. Should be called once before the first call to 'crc16()' \*/

void crc16init(void)

{ Crc16 i; int j;

```
for(i = 0; i < TABLE_SIZE; ++i)</pre>
                   {
                   Crc16 val = i \ll (WIDTH - BYTE_BITS);
                   for (j = 0; j < BYTE_BITS; ++j)
                                      val = (val << 1) ^ ((val & MSB_MASK) ? POLY : 0);
                   table[i] = val;
                   }
                   }
/* Calculates CRC16 of 'cnt' bytes from 'src' and returns result */
/* Initial value of CRC16 is supplied by caller in 'crc' */
 Crc16 crc16(Crc16 crc, void const* src, int cnt)
                   {
                   unsigned char const* s = (unsigned char const*)src;
                   while(cnt--)
                      crc = (crc << BYTE_BITS)^ table[(crc >> (WIDTH - BYTE_BITS)) ^ *s++];
                   return crc;
                   }
```

# C.9 Antenna information

LPPe allows for defining the antenna orientation with respect to the Earth-Fixed system with Euler Angles ( $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ ).

### C.9.1 Antenna reference frame

Figure 21 shows the reference coordinate system associated with the antenna. The coordinate system is defined so that the Z-axis co-incidences with the Antenna Plane normal vector and the Y-axis co-incidences with the Antenna Reference Direction. The X-axis is chosen so that the resulting X-Y-Z system is right-handed.

The plane and reference direction definitions are antenna vendor-specific.

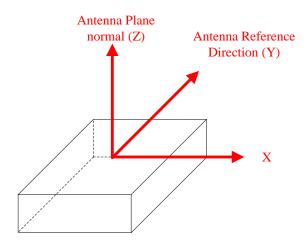


Figure 21: Antenna reference frame

### C.9.2 Euler angles

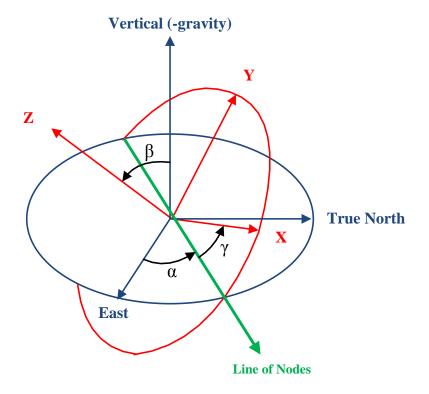
Figure 22 shows the Euler Angles  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  and their positive counter clock-wise directions (right-hand convention) with respect to the Earth-fixed East-North-Up right-handed coordinate system (blue axes).

The  $\beta$  denotes the counter-clockwise angle between the vertical direction and the antenna plane normal vector (Z). The  $\beta$  ranges from 0° (Vertical and Z parallel) to 180° (Vertical and Z anti-parallel).

The  $\alpha$  denotes the counter-clockwise angle between East and Line of Nodes. The  $\alpha$  ranges from 0° (East and Line of Nodes parallel) to 359°.

The  $\gamma$  denotes the counter-clockwise angle between X and Line of Nodes. The  $\gamma$  ranges from 0° (X and Line of Nodes parallel) to 359°.

Line of Nodes is shown in Figure 22 as being the line of intersection for the horizontal and antenna planes. Line of Nodes is perpendicular to both Vertical and Z axes.



**Figure 22: Euler Angles** 

Going from global coordinate system (East, True North, Vertical) to XYZ system in Figure 22 (extrinsic rotations):

- Rotate XYZ system about Vertical by  $\gamma$ . The X axis now makes angle  $\gamma$  with the East axis
- Rotate XYZ system about the East axis by  $\beta$ . The Z-axis now makes angle  $\beta$  with the Vertical
- Rotate XYZ system about the Vertical by  $\alpha$ .

Alternatively, going from global coordinate system (East, True North, Vertical) to XYZ system in Figure 22 (intrinsic rotations):

- Rotate XYZ system about the Z-axis b  $\alpha$ . The X-axis now lies on the Line of Nodes.
- Rotate XYZ system about the now-rotated X-axis b  $\beta$ . The Z-axis is now in its final direction. The X-axis is still on the Line of Node.
- Rotate the XYZ system about the new Z-axis by  $\gamma$ .

Note that in the gimbal lock situation (Z parallel or anti-parallel to  $\beta$ ) the values of  $\alpha$  and  $\gamma$  are not meaningful (nonunique) by themselves, but one considers the value of  $\alpha + \gamma$  (when Z parallel to  $\beta$ ) or  $\alpha - \gamma$  (when Z anti-parallel to  $\beta$ ), which are uniquely defined, respectively.

# C.10 Use of step length estimation models

One exemplary step frequency-user's height model in the units of meter for the i-th motion state at the target can be given by

$$SL^{i}(k) = h \cdot (\alpha_{i} \cdot SF(k) + \beta_{i}) + \gamma_{i}$$

where *h* is the user's height, SF(k) is the step frequency at time *k* and  $\{\alpha_i, \beta_i, \gamma_i\}$  is a set of model parameters according to the i-th motion state. This step length estimation model can be used not only to provide immediate step length at the arbitrary target but also to give a first approximation for any calibration filter that would offer tuning functionality of these model parameters.

The linear sensor combination model is modelled with the linear combination of one or more walking characteristics such as step frequency, peak difference of accelerometer, variance of accelerometer, peak of gyroscope, variance of gyroscope etc. One exemplary step length estimation model using three walking characteristics inputs from both 3-axis accelerometer and 3-axis gyroscope can be expressed as follows.

$$SL^{i}(k) = SL_{0} + \frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^{3} WF_{i}} \{ \alpha^{i} \cdot (SF(k) - SF_{n}^{i}) \cdot WF_{1} + \beta^{i} \cdot (PA(k) - PA_{n}^{i}) \cdot WF_{2} + \gamma^{i} \cdot (PG(k) - PG_{n}^{i}) \cdot WF_{3} \} = 0$$

where  $SL^{i}(k)$  is the step length at time k for the i-th motion state,  $SL_{0}$  is the initial step length and  $SF_{n}^{i}$ ,  $PA_{n}^{i}$ ,  $PG_{n}^{i}$  are, respectively, the nominal value of step frequency, peak difference of 3-axis acceleration norm and peak difference of 3-axis gyroscope for the i-th motion state. SF(k), PA(k), PG(k) are, respectively, the measurement of step frequency, peak difference of 3-axis gyroscope at time k.  $\alpha^{i}$ ,  $\beta^{i}$ ,  $\gamma^{i}$  are, respectively, the coefficients of step frequency, peak difference of 3-axis acceleration norm and peak difference of 3-axis gyroscope for the i-th weight factor of all available walking characteristics and  $\sum_{i=1}^{3} WF_{i} = 1$ . Note that the combination of available walking characteristics is dependent on the available sensors at the target.

# C.11 Propagation model descriptions

### C.11.1 Circular Contour with Applicability area

The relationship between a circular contour propagation model and area of applicability is exemplified in Figure 23.

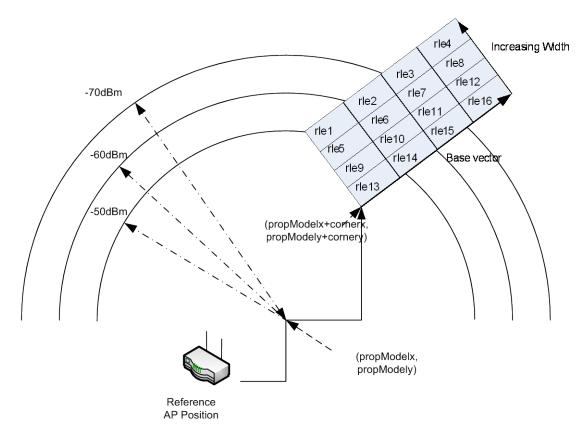


Figure 23 Usage of Propagation and applicability area parameters

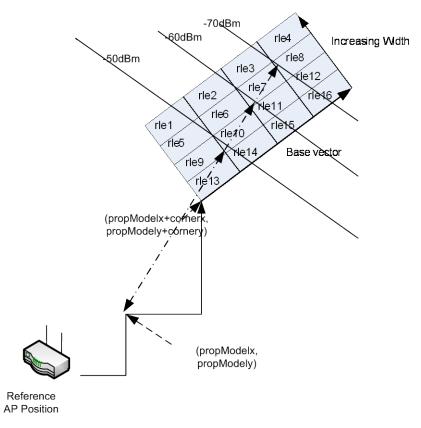
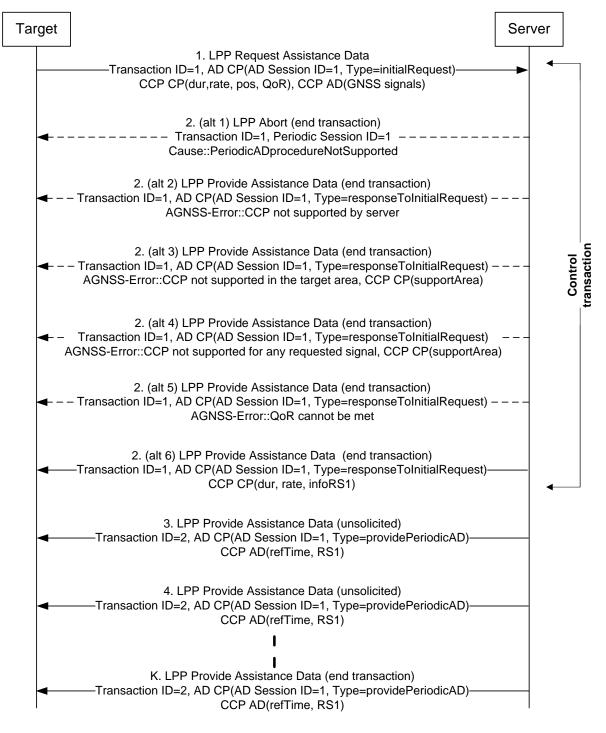


Figure 24 Usage of Propagation and applicability area parameters (corner x,y values defining direction only)

# Appendix D. Example flows (informative)

# D.1 Exemplary periodic data flows

# D.1.1 CCP Assistance Data Transfer procedure – nominal case





1. The target requests for the periodic AD and within that CCP assistance. The request contains the Periodic AD session ID in the AD control parameters (AD CP) and the requested duration, rate, QoR (quality-of-reference-station) and the target position in the CCP-specific control parameters (CCP CP). Furthermore, the generic part of the AGNSS AD request carries the information for which GNSS signals the CCP AD is being requested.

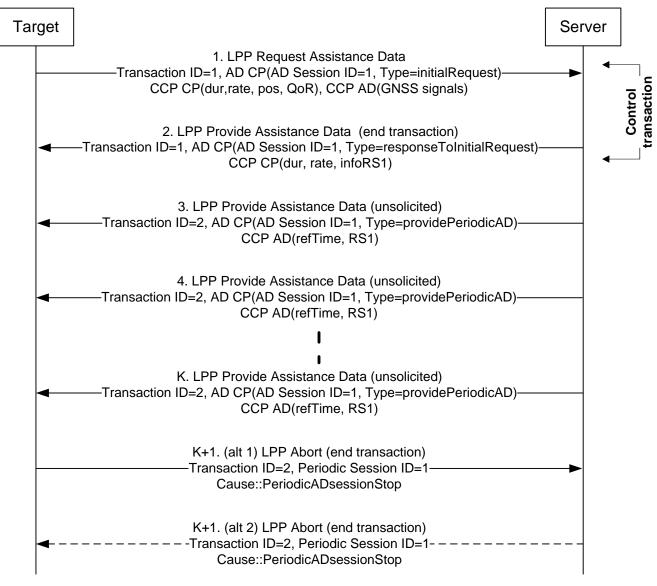
The Periodic AD session ID (1 in this flow) in the AD CP allows for modifying the periodic AD session parameters (stopping, changing duration and rate of delivery) as well as changing reference stations within the CCP assistance session. The Periodic AD session ID binds the messaging associated with the single Periodic AD session together by making the Periodic AD session-related message exchange independent of the LPP transaction handling.

- 2. (alternative 1) In case the server does not support periodic AD, the server shall abort the ongoing procedure.
- 3. (alternative 2) In case the server does not support CCP assistance, the server shall send back LPP Provide Assistance Data with AGNSS error code "CCP not supported by server". The transaction gets terminated.
- 4. (alternative 3) In case the server does not support CCP assistance for the target area, the server shall send back LPP Provide Assistance Data with AGNSS error code "CCP not supported in the target area" as well as the CCP support area assistance. The transaction gets terminated.
- 5. (alternative 4) In case the server cannot provide the target with a CCP assistance for any requested GNSS signal, the server shall send back LPP Provide Assistance Data with AGNSS error code "CCP not supported for any requested signal". The transaction gets terminated.
- 6. (alternative 5) In case the server cannot provide the target with a CCP assistance at the requested QoR, the server shall send back LPP Provide Assistance Data with AGNSS error code "QoR cannot be met". The transaction gets terminated.
- 7. (alternative 6) The server sends LPP Provide AD message with the AD CP as well as the CCP-specific control parameters (CCP CP) in the common part of the AGNSS AD. The AD CP carries the periodic AD session ID. In the CCP CP the server provides back at least the duration, rate and information on the reference station RS1 for which CCP AD will be provided. The duration and rate may or may not be the same as requested. In case multi-reference support is indicated (in the capabilities), the server may provide CCP AD also for multiple reference stations.
- 8. Server starts to provide periodic CCP AD to the target for RS1. The common CCP AD carries the reference time and the generic CCP AD the assistance for the GNSS signals and for the reference stations in use.

The actual CCP AD is provided to the target in a new transaction (ID=2). The AD session ID stays at ID=1.

- 9. The server continues to provide the target with periodic CCP AD.
- K. Periodic session terminates, when the duration of the session expires.

# D.1.2 CCP Assistance Data Transfer procedure – session abort by target/server



#### Figure 26: CCP assistance data transfer – session stop

- 1 4. As in the previous flow.
- K. The server continues to provide the target with periodic CCP AD.
- K+1. (alt 1) The target aborts the session prematurely.
- K+1. (alt 2) The server aborts the session prematurely.

# D.1.3 CCP Assistance Data Transfer procedure - session modification (target)

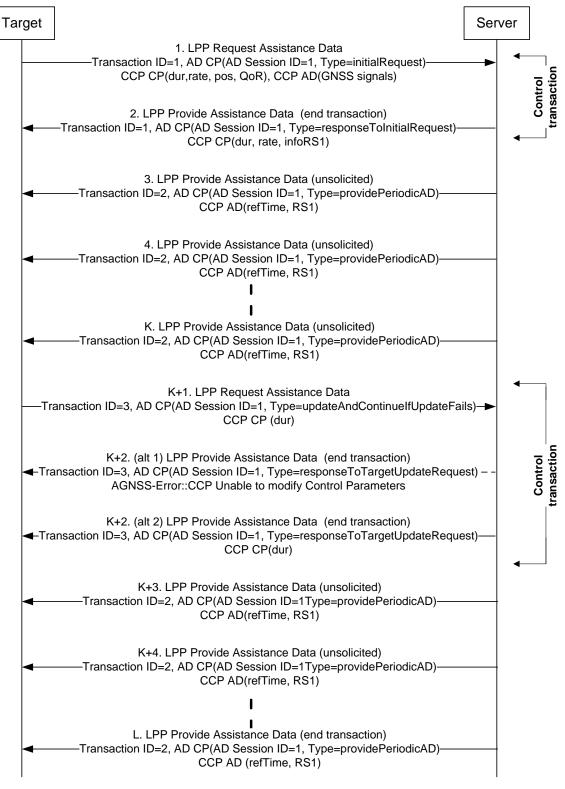


Figure 27: CCP assistance data transfer – session parameter modification (target)

- 1 K. As in the previous flow.
- K+1. The target requests the modification of the CCP CP (duration in this example). The request launches a new LPP transaction (ID=3), but the period AD session ID does not change (ID=1).
- K+2. (alt 1) In case the server is unable to modify the CCP CP, the server shall return the error code "Unable to modify control parameters".

Note that in case the target had indicated "updateAndAbortIfUpdateFails" the provision of AD would have been aborted by server without any further Provide AD (or Abort/Error) messages.

- K+2. (alt 2) The server sends LPP Provide AD message with the modified CCP Control Parameter (duration). The modified duration may or may not be the same as requested by the target.
- K+3. The server continues to provide the target with periodic CCP AD in the transaction with ID=2 and periodic session ID=1.
- K+4. The server continues to provide the target with periodic CCP AD in the transaction with ID=2 and periodic session ID=1.
- L. The session terminates, when the duration expires.

# D.1.4 CCP Assistance Data Transfer procedure - session modification (server)

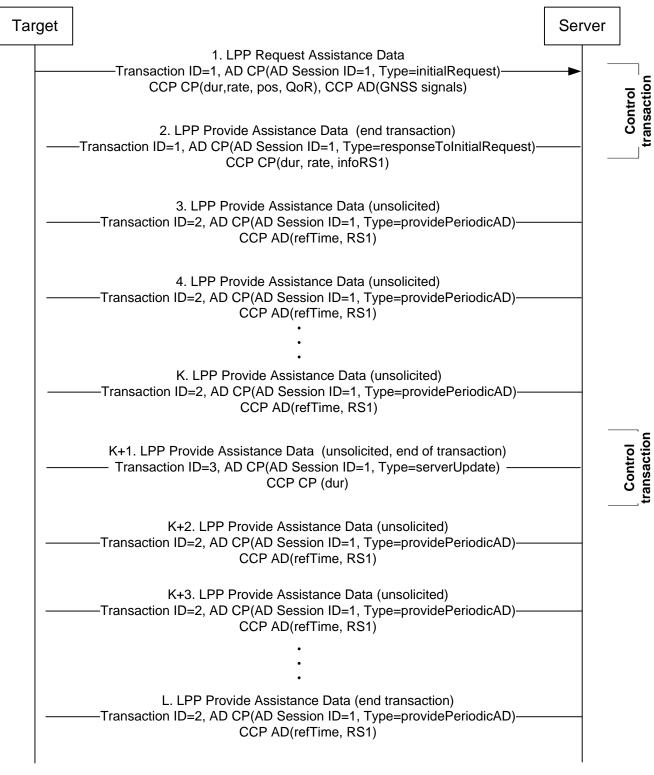


Figure 28: CCP assistance data transfer – session parameter modification (server)

1 - K. As in the previous flow.

K+1. The server sends LPP Provide AD message with the new CCP Control Parameters (duration in this example). The new duration overrides the previous duration.

The new duration is provided in a new LPP transaction (ID=3), but the periodic AD session ID does not change (ID=1).

- K+2. The server continues to provide the target with periodic CCP AD in the transaction with ID=2 and periodic AD session ID=1.
- K+3. The server continues to provide the target with periodic CCP AD in the transaction with ID=2 and periodic AD session ID=1.
- L. The session terminates, when the duration expires.

# D.1.5 CCP Assistance Data Transfer procedure - change of reference station

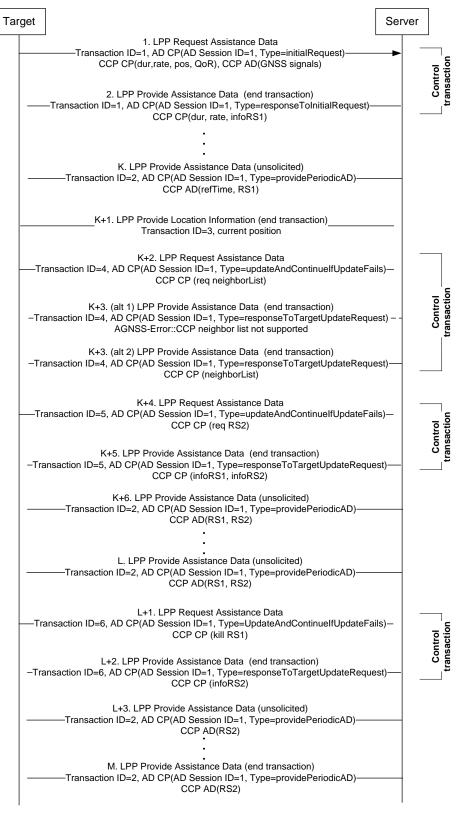


Figure 29: CCP assistance data transfer - change of reference station

- 1 K. As in the previous flow
- K+1. The target provides its current location to the server in the new transaction with ID=3
- K+2. The target request for the neighbor list in the new transaction with ID=4
- K+3. (alternative 1) The server indicates that the neighbor list is not supported. The session continues, but the target does not obtain the neighbor list. Note that in the further steps shown it is assumed that the target did receive the neighbor list, i.e. the rest of the call flow assumes alternative 2 in the step K+3.

Note that in case the target had indicated "updateAndAbortIfUpdateFails" the provision of AD would have been aborted by server without any further Provide AD (or Abort/Error) messages.

- K+3. (alternative 2) The server provides the neighbor list
- K+4. The target request for CCP AD for the RS2 in the new transaction with ID=5
- K+5. The server provides the reference station information for the RS1 and RS2. This indicates that the server starts provide AD for the both reference stations.

Note that the call flow assumes that the AD update request is a successful one. See D.1.6 for a failure case.

K+6. The server provides CCP AD for RS1 and RS2

(target performs operations required to change the reference station)

- L. The server provides CCP AD for RS1 and RS2
- L+1. The target request for killing the CCP AD delivery for the RS1 in the new transaction with ID=6
- L+2. The server confirms the change by providing the RS information only for the RS2 in the CCP CP
- L+3. The server provides CCP AD for RS2 in the transaction with ID=2. The periodic AD session ID has stayed the same throughout the session.
- M. The periodic AD assistance session terminates, when the duration expires.

# D.1.6 CCP Assistance Data Transfer procedure - change of reference station (fail)

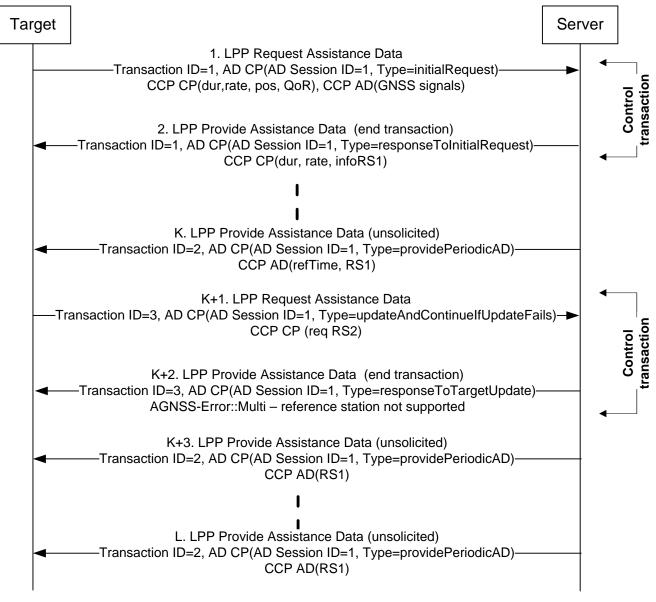


Figure 30: CCP assistance data transfer – failure in the change of reference station

- 1 K. As in the previous flow
- K+1. The target request for CCP AD for RS2 in the new transaction with ID=3

Note that the target might have requested for the neighbor list as in the previous case prior to this step.

In case the neighbor list is empty, the target may still request for another reference station based on position, i.e. the empty neighbor list does not indicate that the server is not capable of providing CPP AD for multiple reference stations.

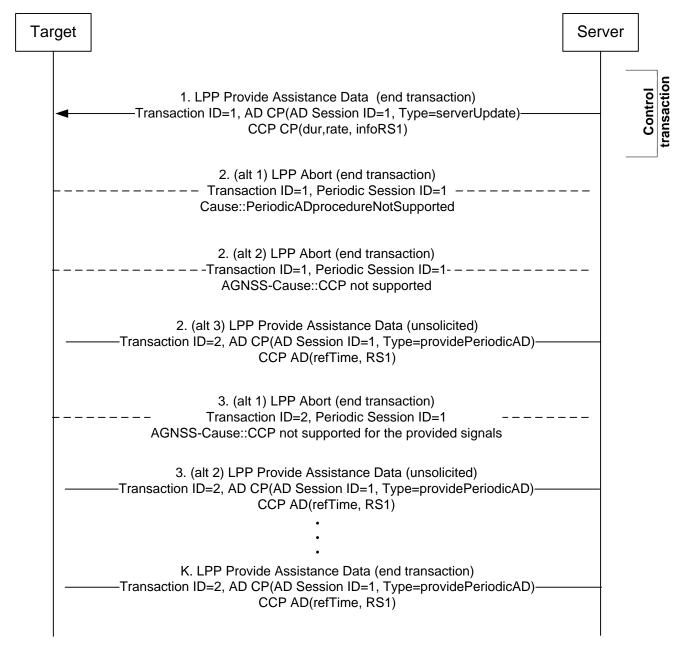
K+2. The server responds with the AGNSS-Error "multi-reference station not supported" in LPP Provide AD indicating that the server cannot provide CCP AD for multiple reference stations at the same time.

Note that in case the target requested for the neighbor list and it was returned non-empty, the server may still be unable to provide CPP AD for multiple reference stations (see next step). In this case the target might decide to continue with the current reference station. Alternatively the target may abort the current session and start another CCP AD session based on the knowledge (from the neighbor list) that there are potential reference stations nearby.

Note that in case the target had indicated "updateAndAbortIfUpdateFails" the provision of AD would have been aborted by server without any further Provide AD (or Abort/Error) messages.

- K+3. The server continues to provide CCP AD for RS1 in the transaction with ID=1 and periodic AD session ID=1
- L. The periodic AD assistance session terminates, when the duration expires.

### D.1.7 CCP Assistance Data Transfer procedure – unsolicited



#### Figure 31: CCP assistance data transfer – unsolicited

- 1. The server sends LPP Provide AD message with the Periodic AD control parameters (AD CP) as well as the CCP-specific control parameters (CCP CP).
- 2. (alternative 1) The target aborts the session, because the target does not support periodic AD procedure.
- 3. (alternative 2) The target aborts the session, because the target does not support CCP AD.
- 4. (alternative 3) Server starts to provide periodic CCP AD to the target for RS1.
- 5. (alternative 1) The target aborts the session, because the target does not support CCP AD for the provided GNSSs/signals

- 6. (alternative 2) Server provides periodic CCP AD to the target for RS1
- K. Periodic session terminates, when the duration of the session expires.

# D.2 Periodic High Accuracy GNSS examples

### D.2.1 Nominal case

Target	Server	
1. LPP Request Location Information Transaction ID=1, LocInfo CP(session ID=1, Type=initialRequest) HAgnss Request CP(dur, rate, antennaInfoReq, pressureInfoReq, signalReq)		
2. (alt 1) LPP Abort (end transaction) Transaction ID=1, Periodic Session ID=1 Cause::PeriodicLocInfoProcedureNotSupported		
2. (alt 2) LPP Provide Location Information (end transaction) – – – – – – Transaction ID=1, LocInfo CP(session ID=1, Type=responseToInitialRequest)- – – AGNSS-Error::HAgnssNotSupportedByTarget		Control transaction
2. (alt 3) LPP Provide Location Information (end transaction) – – – – – – Transaction ID=1, LocInfo CP(session ID=1, Type=responseToInitialRequest)- – – AGNSS-Error::HAgnssUnavailableForAllRequestedSignals		4
2. (alt 4) LPP Provide Location Information (end transaction) ————————————————————————————————————		
3. LPP Provide Location Information (unsolicited) ————————————————————————————————————		
K. LPP Provide Location Information (end transaction) Transaction ID=2, LocInfo CP(session ID=1, Type=providePeriodicLocInfo) HAgnss Provide Meas(pos, refTime, pressure, AntennaOrientation, signalMeas)		

Figure 32: Periodic HA GNSS – nominal case

1. The server requests the periodic HA GNSS measurements from the target. The common part of the Location Information request carries the periodic session ID, which stays the same throughout the HA GNSS session.

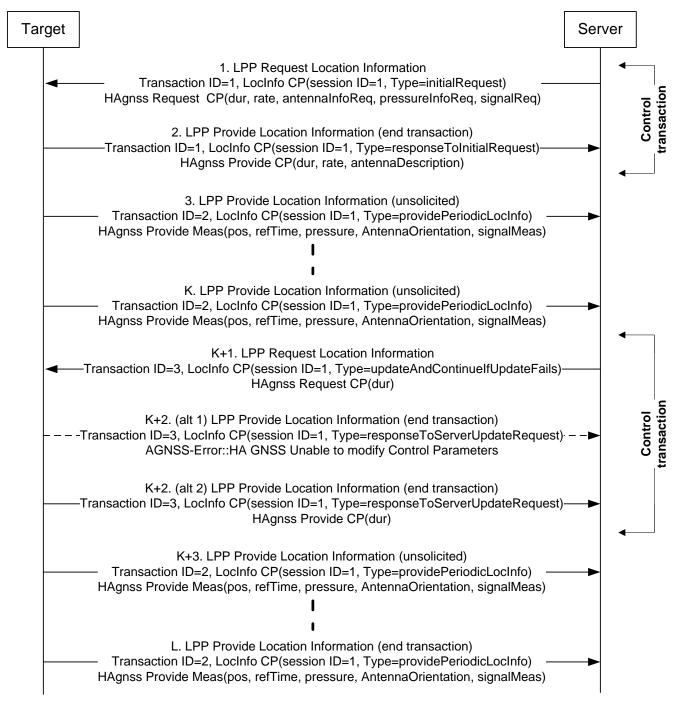
The HA GNSS CP (Control Parameter) request carries the requested duration of the session, rate of the measurement deliveries, information if pressure information is to be provided and GNSS signals requested. Moreover, the request also defines if the antenna information is to be provided.

- 2. (alternative 1) In case the target does not support periodic Location Information delivery, the target shall abort the session by the cause "Periodic Location Information Procedure Not Supported".
- 3. (alternative 2) In case the target does not support HA GNSS, the target shall reply with the AGNSS Error "HA

GNSS Not Supported By Target". The session gets terminated without further message exchange.

- 4. (alternative 3) In case the target does not support HA GNSS for any requested GNSS signal, the target shall reply with AGNSS Error "HA GNSS not unavailable for all requested signals". The session gets terminated without further message exchange.
- 5. (alternative 4) In case the target can support the request the HA GNSS CP provide IE carries the confirmation for the duration of the session and the rate of the message deliveries. The duration and rate may or may not be the same as requested. In case antenna description was requested and supported, it shall be provided in the provide CP.
- 6. The target starts to provide Periodic Location Information messages from the server to the target in a new (unsolicited) transaction with ID=2. The provide message carry at least the signal measurements. The pressure information is carried, if requested and supported. The position and reference time information is carried unless forbidden by the LPP proper AGNSS measurement control. The antenna orientation information is provided, if requested and supported.
- K. The session terminates, when the duration expires.

## D.2.2 Server-side session modification



#### Figure 33: Periodic HA GNSS – nominal case

- 1 3. As in the previous flow.
- K. The target continues to provide periodic HA GNSS measurements to the server according to the control parameters.
- K+1. The server requests for a new duration for the periodic HA GNSS in HA GNSS CP Request. The request launches a new transaction with ID=3.
- K+2. (alternative 1) In case the target cannot update the HA GNSS CP, the target shall reply with the error code

"Unable to Modify Control Parameters". The session continues without abruption, because the server indicated in the request "Continue If Update Fails". In case, however, the server indicated "Abort If Update Fails" then the target would have aborted the session without further messages to the server.

- K+2. (alternative 2) The target confirms the new duration in the HA GNSS CP Provide. The duration may or may not be the same as requested by the server.
- K+3. The target continues to provide HA GNSS measurements to the server in the transaction with ID=2 according to the updated control parameters.
- L. The session terminates, when the duration expires.

#### D.2.3 Target/server-side abort

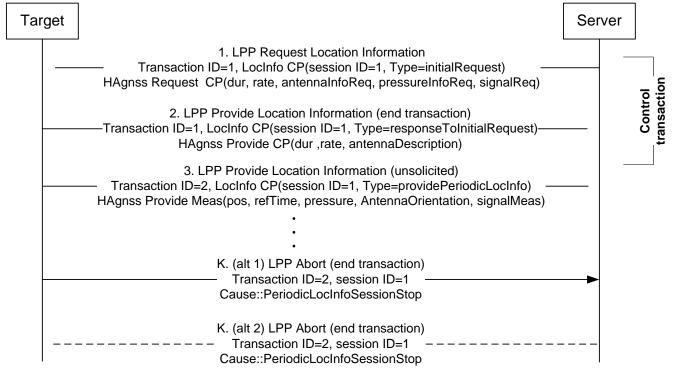


Figure 34: Periodic HA GNSS – abort

- 1 3. As in the previous flow.
- K. (alternative 1) The target aborts the session with the cause Periodic Location Information Session Stop
- K. (alternative 2) The server aborts the session with the cause Periodic Location Information Session Stop

# D.3 Periodic wide area ionosphere corrections procedure

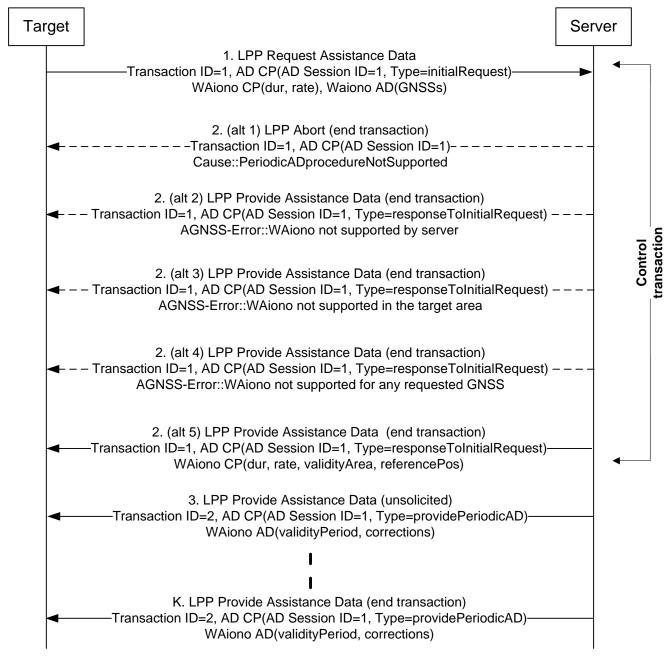


Figure 35: Periodic procedure in the context of wide area ionosphere surface corrections

- 1. The target requests for the periodic AD for WA Ionosphere Surface AD. The request contains the requested WA Iono Control Parameters (duration, rate) and the list of GNSSs for which the corrections are being requested for.
- 2. (alternative 1) In case the server does not support periodic AD, the server shall abort the ongoing procedure.
- 3. (alternative 2) In case the server does not support WA Ionosphere Surface assistance, the server shall send back LPPe Provide Assistance Data with AGNSS error code "WA iono not supported by server". The transaction gets terminated.
- 4. (alternative 3) In case the server does not support WA Ionosphere Surface assistance for the target area, the server

shall send back LPPe Provide Assistance Data with AGNSS error code "WA iono not supported in the target area". The transaction gets terminated.

- 5. (alternative 4) In case the server cannot provide the target with WA Ionosphere Surface assistance for any requested GNSS, the server shall send back LPP Provide Assistance Data with AGNSS error code "WA iono not supported for any requested GNSS". The transaction gets terminated.
- 6. (alternative 5) The server sends LPP Provide AD message with the WA Iono Control. The first message carries the duration, rate, validity area and the model reference position. Note that the duration and/or rate may or may not be the same as requested by the target.

All the control parameters may be updated in a later phase either unsolicited by server or based on the target request using the periodic AD update procedure.

- 7. Server starts to provide periodic WA Ionosphere Surface AD to the target. The actual WA Ionosphere Surface AD is provided to the target in a new transaction (ID=2). The AD session ID stays at ID=1.
- K. Periodic session terminates, when the duration of the session expires.

# Appendix E. Broadcast Restrictions and Labelling (Normative) – version 1.1

This appendix defines restrictions applicable to the content of broadcast assistance data and limitations on the areas within which certain types of assistance data may be broadcast. This appendix also provides a means of labelling different types of assistance data. The labels may be used both within LPPe and by a broadcast system to advertise support for particular types of assistance data and/or to provide broadcast scheduling information. The precise use of the labels by particular broadcast systems is outside the scope of this specification.

### E.1 LPP Restrictions and Labels

Table 7 shows the different types of assistance data for LPP that may be broadcast where each assistance data type is referred to using its ASN.1 parameter name. For each assistance data type, an area limitation is shown if the assistance data is only valid within a restricted area. A server may broadcast assistance data outside the area limitation if it is preferred to provide target devices with assistance data for a wider geographic area although there is no guarantee that the data will always be usable in that case. Other restrictions for assistance data are also shown where these exist – e.g. any restrictions on content. It is assumed that assistance data that is time sensitive (e.g. GNSS time, GNSS real time integrity, GNSS acquisition assistance) will be updated as needed by the server and that stale data will be removed. For assistance data that includes an explicit validity area, broadcast outside the validity area is allowed and a target is assumed to verify presence within the validity area before using the data.

The table also shows labels that may be used within LPPe and by a broadcast system to refer to particular types of assistance data – e.g. when indicating broadcast support for different types of assistance data within LPPe or when indicating which assistance data types are being broadcast by a broadcast system. A label is specified as a sequence of n (n = 1 to 4) numerical elements separated by periods – e.g. 2, 2.1, 2.1.3, 2.1.3.5 – where n is the nesting level of the labelled data item.

In the table, the nesting level of any assistance data type is indicated using a ">" symbol where the number of concatened ">" symbols m shown for any data item and its associated label indicates that its nesting level is m+1 where m is in the range 0 to 3. The order of data items in the table follows the ASN.1 definition which means that the parent data item for any nested data item at level n is the closest preceding data item in the table at level n-1. Labels are shown in column 1 and show only the final elements, since preceding elements can be inferred from the final elements for the parent data items. As an example, the assistance data type otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData has a nesting level of 1 and label of 2; the data type otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo (which is nested within and one level deeper than otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData) has a nesting level of 2 and a label of 2.2; and the assistance data type gnss-DataBitAssistance has a nesting level of 4 and a label of 3.2.N.5 where N (N = 1 to 9) indicates the particular GNSS or SBAS system to which it applies.

Label	ASN.1 Assistance Data Type	Area Limitation	Other Restrictions
1	commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	None	None (Note 1)
2	otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData		
> 1	> otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	Limited to the area served by the provided neighbor cells and reference cell	

> 2	> otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	Limited to the area served by the provided neighbor cells and reference cell	expectedRSTD SHALL refer to a target at the midpoint between the reference cell and neighbor cell eNodeB antenna locations. expectedRSTD-Uncertainty SHALL allow for a target at any location where the neighbor and reference cells can both be measured.
3	a-gnss-ProvideAssistanceData		
> 1	> gnss-CommonAssistData		
>> 1	>> gnss-ReferenceTime	Limited to the area served by the provided cells (up to 16) if GNSS-cell time is included. No restriction otherwise.	GNSS-cell time association, if provided for any cell, applies to the antenna location for the cell
>> 2	>> gnss-ReferenceLocation	None	The location uncertainty ellipsoid should encompass the area within which this assistance data is broadcast
>> 3	>> gnss-IonosphericModel	None	None
>> 4	>> gnss-EarthOrientationParameters	None	None
> 2	> gnss-GenericAssistData		
>> N	>> gnss-ID / sbas-ID		The label N indicates the GNSS or SBAS system as follow:
			N=1: GPS
			N=2: QZSS
			N=3: Galileo
			N=4: Glonass
			N=5: WAAS
			N=6: EGNOS
			N=7: MSAS
			N=8: GAGAN
>>> 1	>>> gnss-TimeModels	None	None
>>> 2	>>> gnss-DifferentialCorrections	None	None
>>> 3	>>> gnss-NavigationModel	None	None
>>> 4	>>> gnss-RealTimeIntegrity	None	None
>>> 5	>>> gnss-DataBitAssistance	None	None

>>> 6	>>> gnss-AcquisitionAssistance	It is recommended to limit this data type to an area of 100 miles across or less	The server should ensure that the data is valid for all locations at which it may be received (e.g. by providing suitable values for Doppler uncertainty and Code Phase search window).
>>>7	>>> gnss-Almanac	None	None
>>> 8	>>> gnss-UTC-Model	None	None
>>> 9	>>> gnss-AuxiliaryInformation	None	None

#### Table 7: LPP Assistance Data Restrictions and Labels

Note 1: this AD parameter is empty in LPP Rel-9 through Rel-11 but is included as a placeholder for possible use in a later release of LPP.

### E.2 LPPe Restrictions and Labels

Table 8 shows the different types of assistance data for LPPe 1.1 that may be broadcast, with associated area limitations and other restrictions, where each data type is referred to using using its ASN.1 parameter name. The conventions used to define nesting levels and labels are as described for LPP in section E.1.

Label	ASN.1 Assistance Data Type	Area Limitation	Other Restrictions	
1	commonIEsProvideAssistanceData	None	None	
>1	> assistanceContainerList	Any area limitation is specific to the type of proprietary assistance data	checkOrUpdateOrError SHALL NOT be included dataResult SHALL contain OMA- LPPe-AssistanceContainerData	
> 2	> providePeriodicADwithUpdate	Any area limitation is specific to the type of assistance data	A server SHALL follow the procedure defined in section 5.2.1.4 when including this parameter.	
> 3	> segmentedADTransfer		Not used in this version of LPPe. A target SHALL ignore this parameter if included by a server.	
>4	> default-reference-point	None	None	
> 5	> localCellInformation	Limited to the area served by the provided cells.	GNSS-cell time association, if provided for any cell, applies to the antenna location for the cell	
2	agnss-ProvideAssistanceData			
> 1	> commonAssistData			
>> 1	>> ionosphericModel	None	None	
>> 2	>> troposphereModel	None	None	

>> 3	>> altitudeAssistance	None	None
>> 4	>> solarRadiation	None	None
>> 5	>> ccpAssistCommonProvide	Limited to a geographic area supported by the provided reference stations.	ccpProvideControlParameters SHALL be included in ccpAssistCommonProvide only in the messages corresponding to steps 1 and 4 of the procedure in section 5.2.1.4.
> 2	> genericAssistData		
>> N	>> gnss-ID		The label N indicates the GNSS or SBAS system as follow: N=1: GPS N=2: QZSS N=3: Galileo N=4: Glonass
>>> 1	>>> wideAreaIonoSurfacePerSVlist	None	None
>>> 2	>>> mechanicsForAllSVs	None	None
>>> 3	>>> dcbsForAllSVs	None	None
>>> 4	>>> navModelDegradationModel	None	None
>>> 5	>>> ccpAssistProvide	Limited to a geographic area supported by the provided reference stations.	This paramater SHALL be included only in messages corresponding to steps 2 and 3 in the procedure in section 5.2.1.4.
>>> 6	>>> navModelList	None	None
3	otdoa-ProvideAssistanceData		
> 1	> otdoa-ReferenceCellInfo	Limited to the area served by the neighbor cells and reference cell	None
> 2	> otdoa-NeighbourCellInfo	Limited to the area served by the neighbor cells and reference cell	expectedRSTD SHALL refer to a target at the midpoint between the reference cell and neighbor cell eNodeB antenna locations. expectedRSTD-Uncertainty SHALL allow for a target at any location where the neighbor and reference cells can both be measured.
4	eotd-ProvideAssistanceData		

> 1	> referenceBTS	Limited to the area served by the provided neighbor cells and reference cell	None
> 2	> msrAssistDataList	Limited to the area served by the provided neighbor cells and reference cell	expectedOTD SHALL refer to a target at the midpoint between the reference BTS and neighbor BTS antenna locations.
			expOTDUncertainty SHALL allow for a target at any location where the neighbor and reference BTSs can both be measured.
> 3	> systemInfoAssistDataList	Limited to the area served by the provided neighbor cells and reference cell	expectedOTD SHALL refer to a target at the midpoint between the reference BTS and neighbor BTS antenna locations.
			expOTDUncertainty SHALL allow for a target at any location where the neighbor and reference BTSs can both be measured.
5	otdoa-utra-ProvideAssistanceData		
> 1	> referenceCellInfo	Limited to the area served by the provided neighbor cells and reference cell	roundTripTime and roundTripTimeExtension SHALL NOT be included and SHALL be ignored by a target if included.
> 2	> neigborCellList	Limited to the area served by the provided neighbor cells and reference cell	searchWindowSize SHALL allow for a target at any location where the reference and neighbor cells can both be measured.
			roundTripTime and roundTripTimeExtension SHALL NOT be included and SHALL be ignored by a target if included.
6	ecid-lte-ProvideAssistanceData		
> 1	> ecid-LTE-NetworkData	Limited to the area served by the provided eNBs and HeNBs	None
7	ecid-gsm-ProvideAssistanceData		
>1	> ecid-gsm-NetworkData	Limited to the area served by the provided BTSs	
8	ecid-utra-ProvideAssistanceData		
> 1	> ecid-UTRA-NetworkData	Limited to the area served by the provided Node Bs and HNBs	None

9	wlan-ap-ProvideAssistanceData		
>1	> wlan-DataSet	Limited to the area served by the provided WLAN APs	None
10	sensor-ProvideAssistanceData	None	None (Note 2)
11	srn-ProvideAssistanceData		
>1	> srnGroup	Limited to the area served by the provided SRNs	Shall provide srnGroupList and SHALL NOT provide srnGroupUpdateResponse
> 2	> antennaPattern	Limited to the area served by the referenced SRNs	None

#### Table 8: LPPe Assistance Data Restrictions and Labels

Note 2: this assistance data parameter is empty in LPPe 1.1 but is included as a placeholder for possible use in a later version of LPPe.

## Appendix F. Broadcast Ciphering (Informative) – version 1.1

This appendix provides an informative level description of the algorithm use to cipher and decipher LPPe 1.1 broadcast assistance data messages. For a normative definition, refer to to [AES] and [NIST-800-38A].

The algorithm uses AES ciphering with counter mode. AES is a block mode cipher algorithm that ciphers blocks of 128 bits at a time. However, Counter mode enables usage for a bit string that is not an exact multiple of 128 bits. Further, Counter mode enables a target (or a server) to perform most of the deciphering (or ciphering) processing independently of receipt of the data to be deciphered (or ciphered) which may enable more efficient processing. Provided counters are chosen in a non-repeating manner by the server (which is a requirement for Counter mode), every block of data will be ciphered in a unique manner.

The algorithm makes user of a sequence of counters <C1, C2, C3, ...> each containing 128 bits, where C1 is specified by the server and each subsequent counter (C2, C3 etc.) is obtained from the previous counter by adding one modulo 2\*\*128. Each counter Ci is ciphered using the AES algorithm with a common 128 bit key to produce an output block Oi of 128 bits. To perform ciphering of a broadcast message, the LPP/LPPe message is divided into blocks B1, B2, ... Bn of 128 bits each, except for the last block Bn which may contain fewer than 128 bits. The ciphered message is obtained as a sequence of n blocks containing 128 bits each (except possibly for the last block) given by (O1 XOR B1), (O2 XOR B2), ... (On XOR Bn), where XOR denotes bitwise exclusive OR. In the case of the last block, if Bn contains m bits (m<128), then the m most significant bits of On would be used for the exclusive OR. Deciphering is performed in the same way except that the blocks B1, B2, ... Bn are now obtained from the ciphered message and the result of the exclusive OR operations yields the original unciphered message. Figure 36 provides an illustration of Counter mode for the generic case of an arbitrary block cipher algorithm CIPH<sub>k</sub>

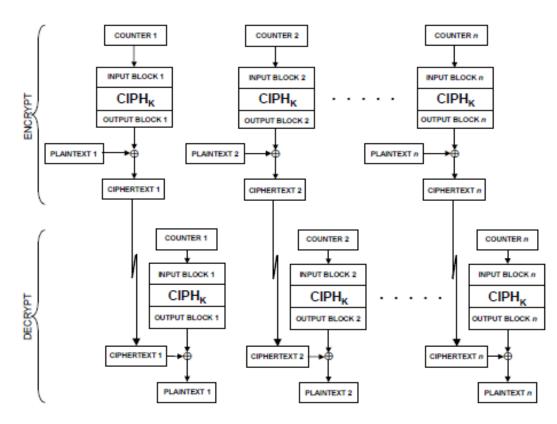


Figure 36: Illustration of Block Ciphering with Counter Mode

## Appendix G. Encoding of RF Heat Maps (Normative) – version 2.0

This appendix applies only to LPPe 2.0 and defines how RF heat maps are encoded for a transmitter (e.g. an WLAN AP or SRN AP) using an octet string and with optional compression.

#### G.1 Reference Grid and Heat Map Area

RF heat maps are defined relative to a reference grid which comprises a two dimensional horizontal X,Y coordinate system with a given origin, orientation and grid point spacing as shown in Figure 37.

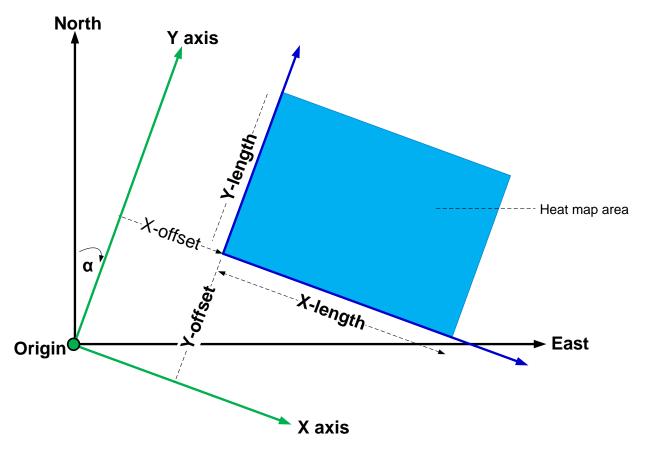
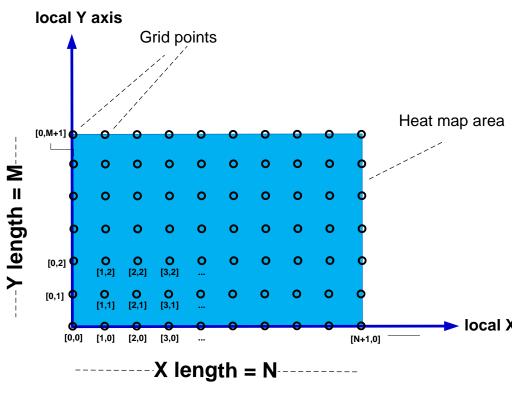


Figure 37: Reference Grid with an RF Heat Map Area

The origin of the X,Y coordinate system is defined relative to an LPPe reference point. The orientation  $\alpha$  gives the clockwise angle between North and the Y axis in units of degrees. X and Y coordinates are restricted to integers based on a common unit of X and Y length known as the grid spacing. The area for any heat map is always a rectangle with sides parallel to the X and Y axes. The location of the heat map is defined by the X and Y offsets of the corner of the rectangle with minimum X and Y coordinates and its size is defined by the length of each side in units of the common grid spacing. Figure 38 shows more details of a heat map area including the grid points that it contains.





In Figure 38, the X and Y lengths are N and M, respectively, meaning that the heap map area contains (N+1)\*(M+1) grid points. Grid points align with integer X and Y coordinates in the reference grid and may be given local X,Y coordinates as shown in Figure 38 relative to the corner of the rectangle with minimum X,Y coordinates in the reference grid. Heat map data (e.g. mean RSSI, mean RTT) are specified for each separate grid point.

#### G.2 Encoding of heat map values without Compression

Heat map values are each encoded using a single octet encoding an integer value between 0 and 255. The relationship of each encoded value to some RF related statistic (e.g. mean RSSI or mean RTT) is defined as part of the ASN.1 previously. Encoded values are provided as an octet string for successive grid points using the scanning order shown in Figure 39.

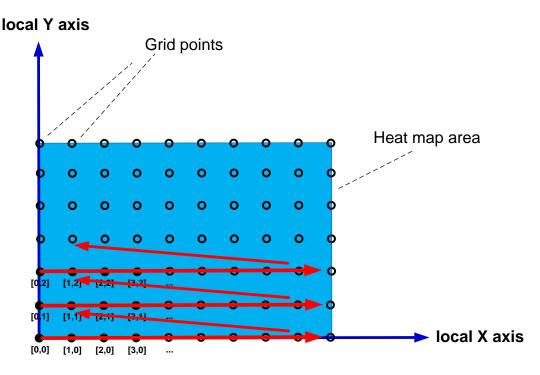


Figure 39: Scanning order of grid points within a Heat Map Area

Scanning begins at the grid point with minimum X and Y coordinates in the reference grid and proceeds to subsequent grid points along the local X axis. When the last grid point within the heat map area along the local X axis is reached, scanning resumes again from low X to high X for grid points with Y coordinate one greater than the previous set. This continues until grid points with maximum Y coordinate have been scanned from low X to high X. Scanning at each grid point involves encoding the RF statistic of interest as a single octet and adding the encoded value to the octet string. As an example, Figure 40 shows a heat map area of size 4 by 4 units, where the letter within each square represents the encoded value of one particular signal statistic (e.g. mean RSSI or mean RTT) at a grid point centered within the square. The octet string that would be produced following scanning of this particular grid area would be the alphabetic sequence A, B, C, D, ... X, Y.

U	V	W	Х	Y
Ρ	Q	R	S	Т
К	L	М	Ν	0
F	G	Н	I	J
А	В	С	D	Е

Figure 40: Example Heat map Encoding

#### G.3 Encoding of a Heat Map with Compression

A heat map is first encoded as an octet string as defined in G.2. In the case of JPEG compression, a standard JPEG compression library is used to compress the octet string using the known X and Y lengths of the heat map area, The resulting compressed octet string is then used. Decompression at a receiver also uses standard JPEG routines. There may be some loss (small errors) resulting from this so the compressing side is advised to limit the amount of compression.

### G.4 Non-Rectangular Heat Maps

Non-rectangular heat maps may be used to more efficiently overlay areas that have arbitrary shapes and/or are not oriented with fixed X and Y directions for a rectangular grid. Two types of non-rectangular heat maps are supported in LPPe 2.0. One type enables reorientation of a rectangular area and the other type supports arbitrary shapes within a rectangular area. Both types enable use of a common reference grid with a common grid point spacing thereby avoiding multiple non-overlapping reference grids. Both types can be used separately or in combination and may be combined with compression of a heat map using JPEG.

#### G.4.1 Reorientation of a Heat Map

To support arbitrary reorientation of a heat map, an initial heat map area composed of a rectangular array of equally spaced grids points is first defined as before and as shown in Figure 38. Then a straight line through the local origin at a clockwise angle  $\theta$  to the local Y axis is defined with  $-90^{\circ} \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}$ . Note that the straight line includes both a portion above the X axis and a portion below the X axis. Grid point rows (parallel to the local X axis) in the initial heat map area are then shifted in the positive X direction when  $\theta$  is positive and in the negative X direction when  $\theta$  is negative by an integer number of inter-grid points units of distance so that each row starts at a grid point that is either exactly on the line or just to the positive Y direction when  $\theta$  is positive and in the negative by an integer number of inter-grid point of it. As an alternative, grid point columns (parallel to the local Y axis) may be shifted in the positive Y direction when  $\theta$  is negative by an integer number of distance so that each column starts at a grid point that is either exactly on the line or just to the positive Y direction when  $\theta$  is negative by an integer number of inter-grid points units of distance so that each column starts at a grid point that is either exactly on the line or just to the positive Y direction when  $\theta$  is negative by an are illustrated in Figure 41 and Figure 42. The new heat map area in each case is roughly a parallelogram and, while based on the original grid point array, has an orientation  $\theta$  to the Y axis that may allow a better fit with areas with a similar orientation (e.g. such as a room or corridor in a building with the same orientation  $\theta$ ).

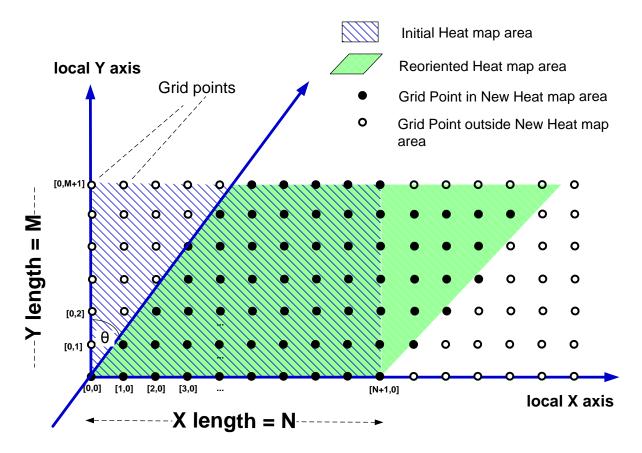


Figure 41: Reorientation of a Heat Map Area with Rows shifted in the Positive X Direction

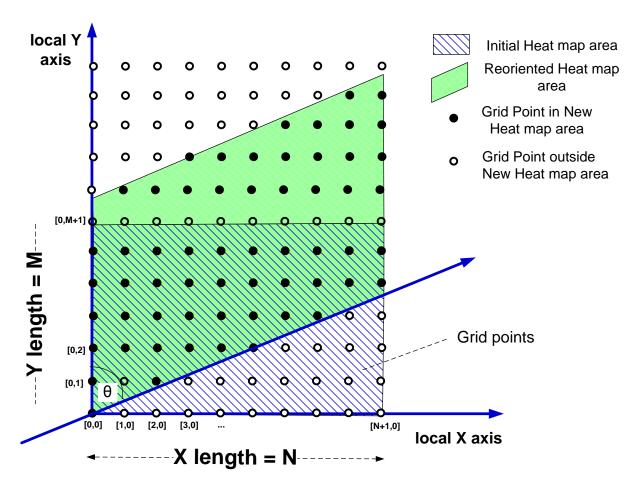


Figure 42: Reorientation of a Heat Map Area with Columns shifted in the Positive Y Direction

Heat map values (e.g. for RSSI) are assigned to each grid point in the new (reoriented) heat map area using a single octet to encode values between 0 and 255 as before. Heat map values (i.e. octets) may then be assembled into an uncompressed octet string by first shifting rows or columns of grid points in the new heat map area back into the initial rectangular heat map area (i.e. using a reverse transformation to that shown in Figure 41 and Figure 42). This transformed heat map is then scanned in the order described in section G.2 and illustrated in Figure 39 to provide an octet string of heat map values which may then be transferred to a target using LPPe. When JPEG compression is used as described in section G.3, the reoriented heat map area is again transformed into the initial rectangular heat map area which is then compressed using JPEG. To achieve high compression when JPEG is used without significant error, it is recommended that for values of  $\theta$  from -45° to 45°, the variant in which rows of grid points are shifted in the positive or negative X direction is used and that for values of  $\theta$  from -90° to -45° and from 45° to 90°, the variant in which columns of grid are shifted in the positive or negative Y direction is used. This will keep neighbouring grid points close together after the shifting operation and thereby retain a high correlation of heat map values in the rectangular array to be compressed.

#### G.4.2 Arbitrary Shaped Heat Maps using Run Length Encoding

To support heat maps with arbitrary shape, alternating run lengths of consecutive excluded and included grid points are used. A rectangular heat map area is first defined as described in section G.1 and illustrated in Figure 38. The grid points in the rectangular heat map area are then scanned in the order described in section G.2 and illustrated in Figure 39. Based on this scan order, an alternating set of integer values V1, V2, V3, V4, V5 etc., is defined where odd numbered values (V1, V3, V5 etc.) define a consecutive number of excluded grid points from the scan order and even numbered values (V2, V4 etc.) define a consecutive number of included grid points from the scan order. A new heat map area is thereby created that contains just the included grid points. The values V1, V2, V3 etc. are each encoded as a single octet with a value in the range 0-255. To encode values greater than 255, values of 255 (or less than 255) can be alternated with values of 0 (e.g. to encode a value of 522, the sequence could be 255, 0, 255, 0, 12).

Application of run length encoding to an irregular area is illustrated in Figure 43. Here the initial rectangular heat map area contains 99 grid points which is reduced to the 42 grid points (shown in red) that are contained in the yellow shaded area. To define the 42 grid points, the alternating sequence of run length values would be: 24, 9, 2, 9, 2, 9, 4, 4, 7, 5, 6, 4, 8, 2, 4. This sequence of values would be provided to a target using LPPe in addition to the parameters defining the initial rectangular heat map area and the heat map values themselves.

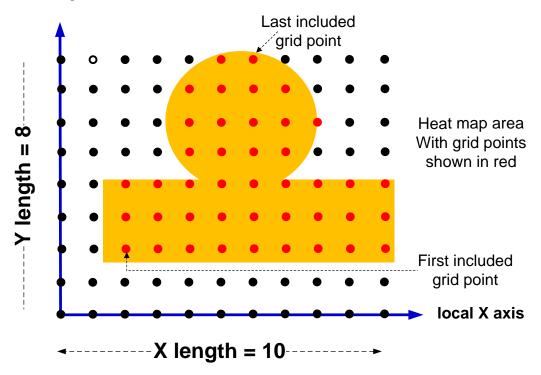


Figure 43: Application of Run Length Encoding to an Arbitrary Area

When Run Length Encoding is used without compression or reorientation, heat map values (e.g. RSSI, RTT) are provided only for included grid points in the scan order of grid points for the initial rectangular heat map area. For example, in Figure 43, heat map values would be provided for the 42 included grid points starting with the grid point at the bottom left of the shaded area and ending with the grid point at the top right of the shaded area.

When run length encoding is used with reorientation but without compression, the reoriented (parallelogram shaped) area is first transformed back into the original rectangular heat map area as described in section G.4.1 and then run length encoding is applied to this area to define which grid points are to be included and excluded.

When run length encoding is used with compression and with or without reorientation, heat map values are provided for both included and excluded grid points to allow two dimensional JPEG compression of a complete rectangular array of heat map values. However, dummy values are assigned to all excluded grid points (e.g. constant values that will compress well). These dummy values are then removed at a receiver.

#### G.5 Encoding of Update-required Points of a Heat Map

The update-required points refer to a set of grid points where the heat map (or other assistance data) needs to be updated, for example, at or nearby to stairs in the given heat map coverage area or at a corridor at the edge of the given heat map where a target may be about to enter an area for which the target does not have assistance data. When a target locates itself at or nearby to such a grid point, the target is triggered to request new assistance data (e.g. a new RF heat map). To define which grid points should trigger a target request for new assistance data, a rectangular heat map area is used. This rectangular area is either (i) the heat map area defined in section G.1 and shown in Figure 38 when reorientation is not used or (ii) is the initial rectangular area into which a reoriented heat map area is transformed prior to scanning and encoding as described in section G.4.1 and as shown by the rectangular blue striped areas in Figure 41 and Figure 42 when reorientation is used. Use of run length encoding to create arbitrary non-rectangular shapes as described in Appendix G.4.2 may or may not be used but does

not impact the definition and use of update-required grid points. Grid points in the rectangular heat map area are scanned in the order shown in Figure 39 and Figure 44 and the update-required grid points are defined using Run Length Encoding (RLE) whereby a sequence of integer values V1, V2, V3, V4,. V5 etc. each between 0 and 255 is defined where odd numbered values (V1, V3, V5) etc., define a consecutive sequence of grid points in the scan order that are not update-required points and even numbered values (V2, V4 etc.) define a consecutive sequence of grid points in the scan order that are update-required grid points. As an example, consider the case in Figure 44. Here, the shaded boxes indicate the update-required grid points of the heat map area and, based on the RLE encoding, the sequence of values to define these would be 0:1:1:2:1:1:3:2:3:1:3:1:2:1:3.

Grid points are also identified by indices with the index of each grid point given by its position in the scanning order - e.g. as illustrated by the indices shown for the rectangular heat map area in Figure 44.

When the target needs to send a request for updating assistance data due to being located at or nearby to an update-required grid point, the target sends the ID of the heat map area and the index of the update required grid point to the server. For instance, if the target is located at or nearby to the grid point that is labelled 15 in Figure 44, the target sends an assistance data request for updating assistance data with 15 as the index of the grid point.

21	22	23	24	25
16	17	18	19	20
11	12	13	14	15
6	7	8	9	4
1	2	3	4	5

Figure 44: Example Heat Map Update Required Point Encoding

#### G.6 RSSI Calibration Model

The RSSI calibration function which transforms RSSI values measured by a target device into corresponding RSSI values for a reference device associated with a heat map for RSSI is expressed by the following linear function.

$$RSSI_{ref} = c_{1,i} \cdot RSSI_{t \arg et, i} - c_{2,i}$$

Here  $c_{1,i}$  and  $c_{2,i}$  are the slope and constant, respectively, of a linear function which transforms an RSSI value measured by a target device i into a RSSI value that would be measured by a reference device. A reference device can be any vendor or operator chosen device which includes a WLAN basedband chipset, e.g. notebook, table PC, smartphone, etc. A  $(c_{1,i}, c_{2,i})$  pairs are uniquely defined according to the relationship between the reference device and/or a baseband chipset in the reference device using information about the respective OEM and/or chipset vendors. The following table shows exemplary mappings from a reference device to a series of target devices in the case of WLAN baseband chipsets.

index	Device Vendor	Device model	WLAN baseband chipset Vendor	WLAN baseband chipset Model	<i>c</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>c</i> <sub>2</sub>
0	Lenovo	ThinkPad	Intel	5300	1	0
(Ref device)		X200				
1	Motorola	RAZR	Texas Instrument	WiLink7.0	0.81	-20.69
2	Samsung	GalaxyS1	Broadcom	BCM4329	0.72	-8.23
100	Sony	Xperia Z	Qualcomm Atheros	WCN3660	1.27	-10.13

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200	HTC	One	Broadcom	BCM4335	1.14	-7.12

Assume a target device and a sourcing device with index numbers i and j, respectively, where the sourcing device is used to generate an RSSI heat map and is not the same as the reference device for which calibration parameters are known (e.g. as in the above table). The following calculation shows how to derive the RSSI calibration model parameter pairs ( $c_{1\_calib}$ ,  $c_{2\_calib}$ ) which transform an RSSI value measured by the target device into an RSSI value measured by the sourcing device according to the RSSI heat map.

$$RSSI_{sourcing} = c_{1\_calib} \cdot RSSI_{t \, \text{arg} \, et} - c_{2\_calib}$$

To obtain the calibration parameters above which relate RSSI values for the target and sourcing devices, the calibration for the reference device can be used (e.g. from the above table) as follows.

$$RSSI_{ref} = c_{1,i} \cdot RSSI_{t \arg et, i} - c_{2,i} = c_{1,i} \cdot RSSI_{t \arg et} - c_{2,i}$$
$$= c_{1,j} \cdot RSSI_{t \arg et, j} - c_{2,j} = c_{1,j} \cdot RSSI_{sourcing} - c_{2,j}$$

By rearranging the above expression, the RSSI calibration model parameters are expressed as follows.

$$RSSI_{sourcing} = \frac{c_{1,i}}{c_{1,j}} \cdot RSSI_{t \arg et} - \left(\frac{c_{2,i} - c_{2,j}}{c_{1,j}}\right)$$
  
$$\therefore \quad c_{1\_calib} = \frac{c_{1,i}}{c_{1,j}}, \quad c_{2\_calib} = \frac{c_{2,i} - c_{2,j}}{c_{1,j}}$$

# Appendix H. Crowdsourcing with SUPL 2.x (Informative) – version 2.0

This appendix provides a brief informative level description of how crowdsourcing may be supported using SUPL 2.x (e.g. SUPL 2.0 or SUPL 2.1).

In order to request crowdsourcing from a target (e.g. perform steps 1 and 2 in Figure 14), a control server may initiate a new SUPL session to the target or make use of an existing session with the target and may first request the crowdsourcing capabilities of the target if not already known. The server may then send an LPP Request Location Information message within a SUPL POS message to the target to request crowdsourcing. The target may return a confirmation of crowdsourcing in an LPP Provide Location Information message in a SUPL POS message. The SUPL session may then be terminated by the server by sending of a SUPL END or may be continued to perform positioning and/or provide the target with assistance data.

In order to query crowdsourcing (e.g. perform steps 7 and 8 in Figure 14), a control server or data server may initiate a new SUPL session or make use of an existing session and may first request the crowdsourcing capabilities of the target (if not already known) which may indicate to the server whether there is already an ongoing crowdsourcing session between the server and the target. The server may then send an LPP Request Location Information message within a SUPL POS message to the target to query the status of crowdsourcing between the server and the target. The target may return any status response in an LPP Provide Location Information message in a SUPL POS message. The server may terminate the session if needed by sending an LPP Abort message to the target in a SUPL POS message. The SUPL session may then be terminated by the server by sending of a SUPL END or may be continued to perform positioning and/or provide the target with assistance data.

In order to report crowdsourcing measurements to a data server (e.g. perform steps 3 and 4 in Figure 14), a target may initiate a new SET initiated SUPL session to the data server or may make use of an existing session. If a new session is initiated, a target may indicate to the server that the purpose of the session is to transfer crowdsourcing measurements (see Editor's Note). A target may send each LPP Provide Location Information message containing crowdsourcing measurements that are to be reported at the same time (and that thus form part of the same LPP transaction) in one or more SUPL POS messages to the data server. After the last LPP Provide Location Information message has been sent (which will terminate the LPP transaction), the data server may end the SUPL session by sending a SUPL END to the target, may query the status of the session by sending an LPP Request Location Information message to the target in a SUPL POS message and/or may terminate the session by sending an LPP Abort message to the target in a SUPL POS message.

Editor's Note: A new parameter, field or parameter value could be added to a SUPL START message to indicate crowdsourcing (e.g. a new field in the QoP parameter) or the first LPP Provide Location Information message containing crowdsourcing measurements could be included within a SUPL POS message in the SUPL POS INIT message. This may need to be evaluated within the context of SUPL rather than LPPe.